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BEOWULF

EDITED

WITH TEXTUAL FOOT-NOTES, INDEX OF PROPER NAMES,
AND ALPHABETICAL GLOSSARY,

BY

A. J. WYATT,

M.A. (CANTAB. ET LONDIN.).

SOMETIME SCHOLAR OF CHRIST'S COLLEGE.

STEREOTYPED EDITION

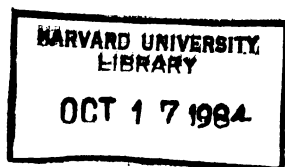
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PREFACE.

A LENGTHY apology for preparing an English edition of the "Beowulf" is perhaps hardly necessary. The earlier English editions are long since out of print, and the poem has therefore been almost unobtainable, except in the German editions of Heyne and Holder. Excellent as these may be in several ways, they are ill adapted for the average English student, besides having one or more very marked defects. Holder's foot-notes are as unreliable as his text is reliable. Heyne's glossary, like that of most German editions, stands self-condemned, in that he frequently forgets the absurd, artificial order of letters on which it is based. Furthermore, his glossary amounts to a translation; and this of itself tends to rob the work of much of its educative value for the serious student.

It has been felt therefore that an English edition was needed—for after all the "Beowulf" is essentially an English poem—which should give the readings of the MS. in foot-notes wherever they were departed from in the

text, should provide an alphabetical glossary, and should furnish a due amount of help in difficult passages and no more. This need I have attempted to supply. I have of course made abundant use of the labours of my predecessors. The debt of an editor of "Beowulf" to the glossaries of Grein and Heyne is necessarily great. At the same time nothing has been accepted on mere authority. A glance at the glossary will suffice to show that it is no translation from the German. Of the text, in the same way, every line, every stop, almost every word, has been carefully considered. The genealogical tables and the index of proper names give, in a concise form, information that in many cases has hitherto had to be sought from various sources¹.

The Manuscript. The excellent edition, with autotypes and transliteration of every folio of the MS., prepared for the Early English Text Society by Prof. Zupitza, is almost of equal authority with the MS. itself, and is therefore quite invaluable to the editor, the autotypes being above criticism. Upon these the present work is based. The transliteration of a few lines here will serve to show some of the more marked characteristics of the unique extant MS. (Cott. Vitellius A. xv. in the British Museum), and to make apparent how far and in what particulars, besides those indicated in the foot-notes, the edited text differs from the MS. :—

¹ For details connected with the literary history of the poem, the student is referred to Ten Brink's *Early English Literature* (Bell); Morley's *English Writers*, Vol. I. (Cassell); Brooke's *Early English Literature*, Vol. I. (Macmillan); and Ten Brink's monograph in *Quellen und Forschungen*, LXII. Complete bibliographies are given in Wülcker's *Grundriss* (1885), and Garnett's *Translation of Beowulf* (1892).

- 489¹ duguðe þe þa deað fornam *site nu to
 490 symle 7 on sæl meoto *sige hreð secgū
 491 swa þin sefa hwette. *þawæs geat
 492 mægum geador ætsom ne *on beor
 493 sele benc gerymed *þær swið ferhþe
 494 sittan eodon *þryðum dealle þegn
 495 nytte be heold *seþe on handa bær
 496 hroden ealo wæge *scencte scir wered
 497 scop hwilum sang *hador on heorote
 498 þær wæs hæleða dream *duguð un lytel
 'dena 7 wedera.
- 946 947 *bearn gebyrdo nu ic beowulf þec *secg betsta
 948 me for sunu wylle *freogan on ferhþe heald
 949 forð tela. *niwe sibbe nebið þe ænigre gad
 950 951 *worolde wilna þe icge weald hæbbe *ful
 952 oft ic for læs san lean teoh hode *hord
 953 weorþunge hnahran rince *sæmran æt
 954 sæcce þu þe self hafast. *dæ dum gefremed
 955 956 ƿ þin lyfað *awa to aldre alwal da þec *gode
 957 for gylde swa he nu gyt dyde. *beowulf
 958 maþelode bearn ec þeo wes *we ƿ ellen weorc
 959 estum miclum *feohtan fremedon frecne
 960 961 ge neð don. *eafod uncupes uþe ic swiþor *ƿ
 962 ðu hine selfne geseon moste *feond on
 963 frætewum fyl werigue. *ic him hrædllice
 964 heardan clam mū *on wæl bedde wriþan
 965 þohte *ƿ he for hand gripe minum scolde

Here I have followed Zupitza in the division of the words, but a mere glance at the autotypes suffices to show the

¹ The asterisks mark the beginnings of the verse-lines, the numbers of which are given in the margin.

truth of what he himself says: "It is often very difficult, if not impossible, to decide whether the scribe intended one or more words."

Several things are obvious from a perusal of the above passages:—

(1) That the lines of the MS. do not correspond with the verse-lines of the poem.

(2) That the punctuation of the MS. is meagre and unreliable.

(3) That proper names are not written with capital letters. On the other hand, the first word after a full-stop is not infrequently written with a capital.

(4) That vowel-length is not marked as a rule.

(5) That one word is sometimes written as two or even three words, and that two words are sometimes written as one word.

(6) That hyphens are unknown to the scribes.

(7) It would seem that the scribes were mere copyists, not writing from memory nor from dictation, and that sometimes at least they did not understand what they were copying.

It is impossible to illustrate, by the quotation of passages like the above, the divergences of the MS. in the method of writing and spelling the same word. One or two illustrations must suffice. The word *ond*, "and," is written in full only three times, in ll. 600, 1148, 2040. Elsewhere it is represented by the symbol ȝ. The word *ondlong* occurs in the form "ȝlangne" (*acc. m.*) in l. 2115, "andlongne" (*acc. m.*) in l. 2695, "ondlonge" (*acc. f.*) in l. 2938. The word *mon-cynn* occurs as "mancynne" (*dat.*) in l. 110, "moncynnes" (*gen.*) in l. 196, "mon cynnes" (*gen.*) in l. 1955. These are only a few examples of the inconsistencies with which the MS. teems.

Marks of length. The following vowels are the only ones marked long in the MS. :—

at, 33; an, 100; wát, 123; wóp, 128; wát, 210; bát, 211; bád, 264; hál, 300; bád, 301; ár, 336; hár, 357; hát, gán, 386; an, 449; sâ, 507; gâr, 537; sâ, 564, 579; môt, 603; gád, 660; nât, 681; sâ, 690; bát, 742; stôd, 759; ábeag, 775; bán, 780; wíc, 821; sâ, 895; hát, 897; sâr, 975; fâh, 1038; bán, dôn, 1116; blôd, 1121; sâ, 1149; wín, 1162; môd, 1167; ár, 1168; brúc, 1177; ár, 1187; räd, 1201; sâ, 1223; wín, 1233; wát, 1274; wíc, 1275; häd, 1297; hár, 1307; bád, 1313; rân, 1325; wát, 1331; ár, 1388; áris, 1390; gâ, 1394; hám, 1407; bán, 1445; dôm, 1491, 1528; brún, 1546; gôd, 1562; ár, 1587; sâ, 1652; bád, 1720; sâ, 1850; lác, wát, 1863; gôd, 1870; sâ, 1882; räd, 1883; scár, 1895; sâ, 1896, 1924; scán, 1965; fús, 1966; hwíl, 2002; líc, 2080; rôf, 2084; dôn, 2090; côm, 2103; líc, 2109; dôm, 2147; Hróðgar, 2155; stôl, 2196; an, 2210 (see note); fâr, 2230 (see note); bád, 2258; an, 2280; wóc, 2287; bád, 2302; fôr, 2308; gôd, 2342; wíd, 2346; dôm, 2376; sâr, 2468; mân, 2514; hárne stán, 2553; swát, 2558; swáf, 2559; bád, 2568; wác, 2577; swác, 2584; gôd, 2586; wíc, 2607; Wigláf, 2631; gâr, 2641; fâne, 2655; dôm, 2666; stôd, 2679; swác, 2681; fyr, 2689, 2701; wís, 2716; bád, 2736; líf, 2743, 2751; stôd, 2769; dôm, 2820, 2858; räd, 2898; côm, 2944, 2992; ád, 3010; fús, 3025; rôf, 3063; Wigláf, 3076; bád, 3116; fús, 3119; hróf, 3123; ád, 3138; rác, 3144; bán-hús, 3147.

Hyphens. It will have been seen that the MS. gives no help in one of the most difficult problems that beset the editor of O. E. poems, the question of the use of hyphens. Grein and Sweet discard them altogether. I cannot but question whether this is not to shirk one's duty. At least it is a method that I have not been able at present to bring myself to adopt, tempting as it is. The difficulty of course is as to "where to draw the line"—where to use a hyphen or to write as one word, where to use a hyphen or write as two words. The former is the chief difficulty, and here as elsewhere I have endeavoured to find the path "of least resistance." Prepositional prefixes in my text are not marked off by a hyphen from the following word;

on the other hand, adverbial prefixes, such as *ūp* in *ūp-lang*, *ūt* in *ūt-weard*, are so marked off. This then is where I have, not without misgivings, "drawn the line." Where the two parts of a compound seem to preserve their full notional force I have used a hyphen; where the force of one part seems to be quite subordinate to that of the other, I have written them as one word. It is the familiar distinction of compounds and derivatives over again, but at a stage of the language when some compounds were in course of becoming derivatives. Doubtless there are mistakes and inconsistencies. I need hardly say I shall be glad to have them pointed out.

Punctuation. The punctuation of "Beowulf" has hitherto been largely traditional, as it were, and largely German, and German punctuation of course differs in some respects from English. Some editors have shown daring originality in the substitution of colons for the semi-colons, and marks of exclamation for the full-stops, of previous editors. Periods have usually been held too sacred to question. I may say at once, that although I have been extremely conservative in my handling of the text, I have felt and have shown scant courtesy for much of the traditional punctuation. Let me state here the principles, right or wrong, upon which I have acted. First, I have made the punctuation as *simple* as possible. I have therefore done away with the somewhat fine distinction between the colon and the semicolon, and have restricted the use of the former to marking the opening of an *oratio recta*, and to a very few similar *loci*, such as ll. 801, 1392, 1476. In the same way, I have, wherever possible, done away with parentheses, and with our modern meretricious marks of exclamation. If the reader's sense or emotions

do not tell him where he ought to feel exclamatory, he must suffer the consequences. Secondly, I have attempted to make the punctuation *logical*, especially by the use of *pairs of commas* wherever the sequence of a sentence is interrupted by parallelisms. This may be made clearer by a reference to ll. 1235-7, 1283-4, 3051-2. But, on the other hand, I have as far as possible avoided breaking up the metrical unit of the half line with a comma.

Foot-notes. The chief peculiarity of the foot-notes is that, unlike Wülcker's (to which I am greatly indebted), they are not intended to be read by the next "Beowulf" editor only. Therefore they are not lumbered with a mass of antiquated and impossible emendations, which no one but a "painful and studious" literary *chiffonnier* would think of collecting and perpetuating. Their main intention has been already referred to—to call attention to every departure in the text from the readings of the MS. If they have any influence towards making readers intolerant of the shameless, silent alterations of MS. readings which disfigure some O. E. texts—alterations such as have been banished from the best editions of the Latin and Greek classics—great indeed will be my reward.

A word or two of explanation must be added. "A" and "B" refer to the transcripts or copies of the poem, which the Danish scholar Thorkelin made (one himself, the other by a scribe ignorant of O. E.) in 1786, and which are of great value for parts now defective. "Grein 1" is Grein's *Bibliothek der A. S. Poesie*; "Grein 2" is his separate edition of *Beowulf*. "Grein-Wülcker" and "Wülcker" refer to the latter's new edition of the *Bibliothek*, which very rarely departs from Grein's own readings. "Heyne 5" and "Heyne and Socin" refer to the 5th edition of Heyne's

Beowulf. "Zupitza" is the E. E. T. S. edition already mentioned. A, B, Wülcker, and Zupitza, do not mark vowel-length. The names of the proposers of the chief emendations adopted in the text are given for credit's sake. Rejected emendations are quoted but sparsely; only when they are backed by considerable authority, or when I was in doubt as to the true reading. Points of grammar are discussed in the notes only in so far as they affect the question of readings. I have indulged but sparingly in the luxury of personal emendations, because they are obviously the greatest disqualification for discharging duly the functions of an editor.

Glossary. The plan on which the glossary is arranged must be tested by experience. Some decisions which had to be taken when I began to work on it may prove to have been mistaken; certainly I am not concerned to defend them here. I have endeavoured to furnish the requisite amount of help and no more. Every passage that struck me as really difficult I have translated under what appeared to me to be the crucial word, but I wish it to be distinctly understood that my renderings are meant to be suggestive and not authoritative.

Acknowledgments. It can but be a pleasure for me to make this public acknowledgment of the ready, willing, and efficient help which I have received, and without which the date of publication would have been seriously delayed. Mr C. Sapsworth, M.A., gave me his notes on the grammar of the poem, which have been of use in several ways. The labour of collating every line of the autotypes of the MS. with the texts of all the principal editions was done almost entirely by my wife, Mr D. Johnson, B.A., and other friends; and in the preparation of

the glossary I have had the invaluable cooperation of my friends, Mr H. C. Notcutt, B.A., and Mr D. Johnson. I can only say that their help is as warmly appreciated as it was cordially given. One debt demands separate mention. The Rev. Prof. Skeat, Litt. D., has kindly spared time, from very great pressure of other work, to read the proof-sheets, and has made many valuable suggestions which are embodied in the book with no other acknowledgment than this. I should ask him to allow me to dedicate this edition to him, as a small token of my gratitude, were I not of opinion that I should thereby be conferring far greater honour on my book than any that such a dedication could bring to his name.

I have but to add that I alone am responsible for the work as it stands; that I shall be grateful for criticisms and suggestions, especially from teachers and students; and that Mr William Morris has taken the text of this edition as the basis of his modern metrical rendering of the lay.

A. J. WYATT.

CAMBRIDGE, *March*, 1894.

PREFACE TO THE SECOND EDITION.

IN this edition I have corrected the mistakes that are inevitable, and removed the crudities that I hope are not unpardonable, in a first edition. To the reviewers and correspondents who have helped me to do this, I tender sincere thanks.

A. J. W.

CAMBRIDGE, *October*, 1898.

ARGUMENT.

HROTHGAR, king of the Danes, with whose ancestry the poem opens, in the pride of his success in war builds a great hall, Heorot, for feasting and the giving of treasure (ll. 1—85). But a monster named Grendel, enraged by the daily sounds of revelry, attacks the hall, makes a meal of fifteen thanes, and carries off fifteen more, returning with similar intent the next night. Thus Heorot is deserted, and remains so for twelve years (ll. 86—193). Then Beowulf, a mighty warrior of the Geats famous for the strength of his grip, hearing of Grendel's ravages crosses the sea with fourteen comrades, keeps watch in Heorot, and, after seeing one of his men killed and eaten, grapples with the monster and pulls off his whole arm. Grendel escapes to his haunts, and dies (ll. 194—852). The following night, when the Danes are again in possession of the hall and Beowulf is lodged elsewhere, Grendel's mother breaks in, and revenges the death of her son by slaying Aeschere, a noble Dane (ll. 853—1309). Beowulf undertakes the pursuit and revenge; he tracks the she-monster to her lair in the bottom of a mere, and slays her there. Seeing Grendel's corpse, he severs the head from the body, and bears it back with him in triumph to Hrothgar's court (ll. 1310—1798).

Loaded with rich gifts, the hero returns to his own land, and recites his adventures to Hygelac, his uncle, the king of the Geats (ll. 1799—2199). On the death of the latter, Beowulf refuses the throne for himself, and acts as guardian and adviser to the young king Heardred, who is, however, slain in battle.

Then Beowulf becomes king of the Geats, whom he rules wisely for fifty years, until a dragon begins to lay waste the land (ll. 2200—

2400). The old hero's spirit is undaunted as ever, but deserted by all his chosen warriors save one, although he succeeds in quelling the fiery "drake", he himself meets with his death in the terrible encounter (ll. 2401—2820). With the burning of his body the poem ends (ll. 2821—3182).

Of the several episodes, the chief are the swimming-match with Breca (ll. 506 ff.), Sigemund and the dragon (ll. 874 ff.), and the Finn-episode (ll. 1068 ff.).

For the connexion between "The Fight at Finnsburg" (Appendix) and the Finn-episode in "Beowulf" see Finn in the index of Persons and Places.

BEOWULF.

- Hwæt! wē Gār-Dena in gēar-dagum Fol. 129^a.
þēod-cyninga þrym gefrūnon,
hū ðā æþelingas ellen fremedon.
Oft Scyld Scēfing sceapena þrēatum,
5 monegum mægþum, meodo-setla oftēah.
Egsode eorl, syððan ærest wearð
fēa-sceaft funden; hē þæs frōfre gebād,
wēox under wolcnum, weorð-myndum þāh,
oð þæt him æghwylc þāra ymb-sittendra
10 ofer hron-rāde hýran scolde,
gomban gyldan; þæt wæs gōd cyning.
Ðāem eafera wæs æfter cenned
geong in geardum, þone God sende
folce tō frōfre; fyren-ðearfe ongeat,
15 þæt hie ær drugon aldor-[lē]ase

Letters supplied in the text, but found neither in the MS. nor in Thorkelin's transcripts, are printed within square brackets. All other deviations from the MS. are indicated in the text by the use of italics, and the reading of the MS. is given in a footnote.

15. MS. 'þ,' as usual. Zupitza says: "þ generally means *þæt*, but sometimes, it would seem, *þā*." If *þā* be adopted, it must refer to *fyren-ðearfe*. In latter half of same line the MS. is defective.

- lange hwile. Him þæs Líf-frēa,
 wuldres Wealdend, worold-āre forgeaf;
 Bēowulf wæs brēme (blæd wide sprang),
 Scyldes eafera Scede-landum in.
 20 Swā sceal [geong g]uma gōde gewyrcean,
 fromum feoh-giftum, on fæder *[wi]ne, Fol. 129^b.
 þæt hine on ylde eft gewunigen
 wil-gesīþas, þonne wīg cume,
 lēode gelæsten; lof-dædum sceal
 25 in mægþa gehwære man geþēon.
 Him ðā Scyld gewāt tō gescæp-hwile
 fela-hrōr fēran on Frēan wære;
 hī hyne þā ætbæron tō brimes faroðe,
 swæse gesīþas, swā hē selfa bæd,
 30 þenden wordum wēold wine Scyldinga;
 lēof land-fruma lange āhte.
 þær æt hýðe stōd hringed-stefna
 isig ond ūt-fūs, æþelinges fær;
 ālēdon þā lēofne þēoden,
 35 bēaga bryttan on bearm scipes,
 mārne be mæste. þær wæs mādma fela,
 of feor-wegum frætwa gelæded.
 Ne hýrde ic cymlicor cēol gegyrwan
 hilde-wæpnum ond heaðo-wædum,
 40 billum ond byrnum; him on bearme læg

18, 19. In Heyne and Socin's edition, these lines stand :

Bēowulf wæs brēme, blæd wide sprang
 Scyldes eafera[n] Scede-landum in.

20. MS. defective. Grein's reading adopted in text.

21. MS. defective at corner. Zupitza transliterates "... rme," following Conybeare and Kemble, but it is evident from his note that it should be 'rne.' Grundtvig 'wine' (adopted by Wülcker and Heyne 5); Grein 1 'ærne' (house); Thorpe 'bearme' (bosom).

- mādma mænigo, þā him mid scoldon
 on flōdes æht feor gewitan.
 Nalæs hī hine lāssan lācum tēodan,
 þēod-gestrēonum, þon[ne] þā dydon,
 45 þe hine sæt frum-sceafte forð onsendon
 ænne ofer yðe umbor-we*sende. Fol. 130^a
 þā gyt hīe him āsetton segen g[yl]denne
 hēah ofer hēafod, lēton holm beran,
 gēafon on gār-secg; him wæs gēomor sefa,
 50 murnende mōd. Men ne cunnon
 secgan tō sōðe, sele-rædende,
 hæleð under heofenum, hwā þām hlæste onfēng.

I.

- Ðā wæs on burgum Bēowulf Scyldinga,
 lēof lēod-cyning, longe þrāge
 55 folcum gefræge (fæder ellor hwearf,
 aldor of earde), oþ þæt him eft onwōc
 hēah Healfdene; hēold þenden lifde,
 gamol ond gūð-rēow, glæde Scyldingas.
 Ðām fēower bearn forð gerimed
 60 in worold wōcun, weoroda ræswa
 Heorogār, ond Hrōðgār ond Hālgā til;
 hýrde ic, þæt Elan cwēn [Ongenþēowes wæs]

47. MS. defective at corner.

51. MS. 'sele rædenne.' The emendation is Kemble's, following l. 1346.

62. MS. 'hýrde ic þ elan cwen,' without any lacuna. Grundtvig suggested that *elan* is the last two syllables of *Onelan*, Onela being the son of Ongenþeow, and that the name of the princess is lost. The emendation in the text is Ettmüller's.

- Heaðo-Scilfingas heals-gebedda.
 þā wæs Hrōðgāre here-spēd gyfen,
 65 wiges weorð-mynd, þæt him his wine-māgas
 georne hȳrdon, oðð þæt sēo geogoð gewēox,
 mago-driht micel. Him on mōd bearn,
 þæt heal-reced hātan wolde,
 *medo-ærn micel, men gewyrcean, Fol. 130^b.
 70 þon[n]e ylðo bearn æfre gefrūnon,
 ond þær on innan eall gedælan
 geongum ond ealdum, swylc him God sealde,
 būton folc-scare ond fēorum gumena.
 Ðā ic wīde gefrægn weorc gebannan
 75 manigre mægþe geond þisne middan-geard,
 folc-stede frætwan. Him on fyrste gelomp
 ædre mid yldum, þæt hit wearð eal gearo,
 heal-ærna mæst; scōp him Heort naman.
 sē þe his wordes geweald wīde hæfde.
 80 Hē bēot ne ālēh, bēagas dælde,
 sinc æt symle. Sele hlifade
 hēah ond horn-gēap; heaðo-wylma bād
 lāðan liges. Ne wæs hit lenge þā gōn,
 þæt se *ecg*-hete āþum-swerian
 85 æfter wæl-nīðe wæcnan scolde.

63. See note on l. 2453. For the form *gebedda* applied to a woman Heyne compares *foregenga*, applied to Judith's female attendant, "Judith" 127. See Sievers' O. E. Grammar, § 278, Note.

68. Kemble 'þæt [hē] heal-reced.'

84. MS. 'secg hete'; Grein 'ecg-heta.' Cf. l. 1738, and *Seafarer* 70.

MS. 'āþum swerian': *āþum*=son-in-law, and Bugge suggested that *āðum-swerian* is a compound belonging to the same class as the *suhter-gefæderan* of l. 1164, and meaning 'son-in-law and father-in-law.' This makes excellent sense of an otherwise difficult passage, the reference being to Ingeld, who married Hrothgar's daughter Freawaru (l. 2022), and to the events referred to in ll. 2020—69.

- Ðā se ellen-gæst earfoðlice
 þrāge geþolode, sē þe in þýstrum bād,
 þæt hē dōgora gehwām drēam gehýrde
 hlūdne in healle; þær wæs hearpan swēg,
 90 swutol sang scopes. Sægde sē þe cūpe
 frumsceaft fira feorran reccan,
 *cwæð þæt se Ælmihtiga eorðan worh[te], Fol. 132^a.
 wlite-beorhtne wang, swā wæter bebūgeð;
 gesette sige-hrēþig sunnan ond mōnan
 95 lēoman tō lēohte land-būendum,
 ond gefræt Wade foldan scēatas
 leomum ond lēafum; lif ēac gescēop
 cynna gehwylcum, þāra ðe cwise hwyrfaþ.
 Swā ðā driht-guman drēamum lifdon
 100 ēadiglice, oð ðæt ān ongan
 fyrene fre[m]man, fēond on helle;
 wæs se grimma gæst Grendel hāten,
 mære mearc-stapa, sē þe mōras hēold,
 fen ond fæsten; fifel-cynnes eard
 105 won-sæli wer weardode hwile,
 siþðan him Scyppend forscifen hæfde.
 In Caines cynne þone cwealm gewræc
 ēce Drihten, þæs þe hē Ābel slōg.

86. Rieger 'ellor-gæst,' adopted by Earle; cf. ll. 807, 1617, &c.

92. MS. defective at corner.

101. MS. defective at edge. Earle adopts Bugge's emendation of *healle* for *helle*, because it is "so simple, and gives so much relief"! On the other hand, in l. 142 he adopts Ettmüller's *hel-ðegnes* for *heal-ðegnes*. Both changes are needless.

105. Almost all editions adopt the usual form *won-sælig*.

106—8. Sievers: forscifen hæfde
 in Caines cynne (þon[n]e cwealm gewræc
 ēce Drihten),

- Ne gefeah hē þære fæhðe, ac hē hine feor forwræc,
 110 Metod for þy mǣne, man-cynne fram.
 Ðanon untýdras ealle onwōcon,
 eotenas ond ylfe ond orcnēas,
 swylce gī* gantas, þā wið Gode wunnon Fol. 132^b.
 lange þrāge; hē him ðæs lēan forgeald.

II.

- 115 Gewāt ðā nēosian, syþðan niht becōm,
 hēan hūses, hū hit Hring-Dene
 æfter bēor-þege gebūn hæfdon.
 Fand þā ðær inne æþelinga gedriht
 swefan æfter symble; sorge ne cūðon,
 120 wonsceaft wera. Wiht unhælo,
 grim ond grædig, gearo sōna wæs,
 rēoc ond rēþe, ond on ræste genam
 þritig þegna; þanon eft gewāt
 hūðe hrēmig tō hām faran,
 125 mid þære wæl-fylle wīca nēosan.
 Ða wæs on ūhtan mid ær-dæge
 Grendles gūð-cræft gumum undyrne;
 þā wæs æfter wiste wōp ūp āhafen,
 micel morgen-swēg. Mære þeoden,
 130 æþeling ær-gōd, unbliðe sæt,
 þolode ðryð-swýð, þegn-sorge drēah,
 syððan hīe þæs lāðan lāst scēawedon
 wergan gāstes; wæs þæt gewin tō strang,
 lāð ond longsum. Næs hit lengra *fyrst, Fol. 133^a.

120. Sievers 'wera[s].'

- 135 ac ymb āne niht eft gefremede
 morð-beala māre ond nō mearn fore
 fæhðe ond fyrene; wæs tō fæst on þām.
 þā wæs ēað-fynde, þe him elles hwær
 gerūmlicor ræste [sōhte],
- 140 bed æfter būrum, ðā him gebēacnod wæs,
 gesægd sōðlice, sweotolan tæcne
 heal-ðegnes hete; hēold hyne syðþan
 fyr ond fæstor, sē þām fēonde ætwand.
 Swā rixode ond wið rihte wan
- 145 āna wið eallum, oð þæt idel stōd
 hūsa sēlest. Wæs sēo hwil micel;
 twelf wintra tid torn gepolode
 wiife Scyldinga, wēana gehwelcne,
 sidra sorga; forðam [syðþan] wearð
- 150 ylda bearnum undyrne cūð,
 gyddum gēomore, þætte Grendel wan
 hwile wið Hrōþgār, hete-niðas wæg,
 fyrene ond fæhðe fela missera,
 singale sæce; sibbe ne wolde
- 155 wið manna hwone mægenes Deniga
 feorh-bealo feorran, fēo þingian,
 ne þær nāenig witena wēnan þorfte
 beorhtre bōte tō banan folmum.

139. Grein '[sōhte]'; Wülcker '[rȳmde].' No gap in MS.

146—7. Sievers: hūsa sēlest (wæs sēo hwil micel)
 twelf wintra tid:

147. MS. '·xii·.'

148. MS. 'scyldenda'; Thorpe 'Scyldinga.'

149. Kemble's emendation, required for the alliteration; no gap
 in MS.

156. MS. 'fea'; Kemble 'fēo.'

158. MS. 'banū'; Kemble 'banan.'

- *[Atol] æglæca ēhtende wæs,
 160 deorc dēap-scūa, duguþe ond geogoþe,
 seomade ond syrede, sin-nihte hēold
 mistige mōras; men ne cunnon,
 hwyder hel-rūnan hwyrftum scrīþað.
 Swā fela fyrena fēond man-cynnes,
 165 atol ān-gengea, oft gefremede,
 heardra hȳnða; Heorot eardode,
 sinc-fāge sel sweartum nihtum;
 nō hē þone gif-stōl grētan mōste,
 mǣþðum for Metode, ne his myne wisse.
 170 þæt wæs wræc micel wine Scyldinga,
 mōdes brecða. Monig oft gesæt
 rīce tō rūne, ræd eahtedon,
 hwæt swið-ferhðum sēlest wære
 wið fæer-gryrum tō gefremmanne.
 175 Hwylum hie gehēton æt hærg-trafum
 wīg-weorþunga, wordum bædon,
 þæt him gāst-bona gēoce gefremede
 wið þeod-þrēaum. Swylc wæs þēaw hyra,
 hāþenra hyht; helle gemundon
 180 in mōd-sefan, Metod hie ne cūþon,
 dæda Dēmend, ne wiston hie Drihten God,
 *ne hie hūru heofena Helm herian ne cūþon, Fol.
 wuldres Waldend. Wā bið þām ðe sceal 134^a.
 þurh slīðne nið sǣwle bescūfan

159. MS. defective at corner. Thorpe '[Atol]'; Rieger '[ac se],' without a period.

167—9. Heyne punctuates :

sweartum nihtum
 (nō hē þone gif-stōl grētan mōste,
 mǣþðum for metode, ne his myne wisse);

175. MS. 'hrærg'; Grundtvig 'hærg-.'

- 185 in fýres fæþm, frōfre ne wēnan,
 wihte gewendan; wel bið þāem þe mōt
 æfter dēað-dæge Drihten sēcean,
 ond tō Fæder fæþmum freoðo wilnian.

III.

- Swā ðā mæl-ceare maga Healfdenes
 190 singala sēað; ne mihte snotor hæleð
 wēan onwendan; wæs þæt gewin tō swyð,
 lāp ond longsum, þe on ðā lēode becōm,
 nýd-wracu niþ-grim, niht-bealwa mæst.
 þæt fram hām gefrægn Higelāces þegn,
 195 gōd mid Gēatum, Grendles dāda;
 sē wæs mon-cynnes mægenes strengest
 on þāem dæge þysses lifes,
 æpele ond ēacen. Hēt him yð-lidan
 gōdne gegyrwan; cwæð, hē gūð-cyning
 200 ofer swan-rāde sēcean wolde,
 mārne þēoden, þā him wæs manna þearf.
 Ðone sið-fæt him snotere ceorlas
 lýt-hwōn lōgon, *þeah hē him lēof wære; Fol. 134^b.
 hwetton hige-[r]ōfne, hæl scēawedon.
 205 Hæfde se gōða Gēata lēoda
 cempa gecorone, þāra þe hē cēnoste
 findan mihte; fiftēna sum
 sund-wudu sōhte; secg wísade,
 lagu-cræftig mon, land-gemyrcu.

204. MS. defective. Zupitza says: "*rofne*—only the lower part of the first letter left, which may have been *r*, *b*, *f*, *s*, or *w*."

207. MS. '·xvth·'

- 210 Fyrst forð gewāt; flota wæs on yðum,
 bāt under beorge. Beornas gearwe
 on stefn stigon; strēamas wundon
 sund wið sande; secgas bāeron
 on bearm nacan beorhte frætwe,
- 215 gūð-searo geatolic; guman ūt scufon,
 weras on wil-sið, wudu bundenne.
 Gewāt þā ofer wæg-holm winde gefýsed
 flota fāmi-heals fugle gelicost,
 oð þæt ymb an-tīd oþres dōgores
- 220 wunden-stefna gewaden hæfde,
 þæt ðā liðende land gesāwon,
 brim-clifu blican, beorgas stēape,
 sīde sǣ-næssas; þā wæs sund liden
 eoletes æt ende. þanon ūp hraðe
- 225 Wedera lēode on wang stigon,
 sǣ-wudu sǣldon; syrcan hrysedon,
 gūð-gewādo; Gode þancedon,
 þæs þe him yþ-lāde ēaðe wurdon.
- *þā of wealle geseah weard Scildinga, Fol. 135^a.
- 230 sē þe holm-clifu healdan scolde,
 beran ofer bolcan beorhte randas,
 fyrð-searu fūslicu; hine fyrwyrt bræc
 mōd-gehygdum, hwæt þā men wǣron.
 Gewāt him þā tō waroðe wicge rīdan

218. Almost all editors read *fāmig-heals*, but the MS. form must be of significance for the pronunciation.

219. MS. 'an tid.' Grein's Glossary gives: "*ān-tīd f. hora prima?*" Cosijn contends for *an-tīd*=*and-tīd* or *ond-tīd*, 'corresponding time, the same time,' so that the phrase would mean 'about the same hour of the second day.' So Heyne and Socin. Earle thinks "we ought to look rather at the phrase than at the words" (!), and objects to the hyphen. But without it we should expect 'ymb āne tīd.'

- 235 þegn Hrōðgāres, þrymmum cwehte
 mægen-wudu mundum, meþel-wordum frægn:
 "Hwæt syndon gē searo-hæbbendra
 byrnum werede, þe þus brontne cēol
 ofer lagu-stræte lædan cwōmon,
 240 hider ofer holmas [hringed-stefnan]?
Ic wæs ende-sæta, æg-wearde hēold,
 þē on land Dena lāðra nænig
 mid scip-herge sceðþan ne meahhte.
 Nō hēr cūðlicor cuman ongunnon
 245 lind-hæbbende; ne gē lēafnes-word
 gūð-fremmendra gearwe ne wisson,
 māga gemēdu. Næfre ic mārān geseah
 eorla ofer eorþan, ðonne is ēower sum,
 secg on searwum; nis þæt seld-guma
 250 wæpnum geweorðad, næfne him his wlite lēoge,
 ænlic an-sýn. Nū ic ēower sceal
 frum-cyn witan, ær gē fyr *heonan, Fol. 135^b.
 lēas[e] scēaweras, on land Dena
 furþur fēran. Nū gē feor-būend,
 255 mere-liðende, mīn[n]e gehýrað
 ān-fealdne geþōht; ofost is sēlest
 tō gecýðanne, hwanan ēowre cyme syndon."

240—1. MS. 'hider ofer holmas le wæs' &c., without gap. Thorkelin and Wülcker read *Ic* for *le*, but Zupitza says: "*le* no doubt, not *Ic*." Various suggestions have been made for the missing half-line. That in the text is Wülcker's. Heyne adopts Ettmüller's 'helmas bāron,' but this is hardly felicitous after *holmas*. Bugge's emendation is ingenious:

hider ofer holmas? [Hwile ic on weal]le
 wæs ende-sæta.

250. MS. 'næfre'; Kemble 'næfne.'

253. MS. 'leas'; Ettmüller 'lēase.'

255. MS. 'mine'; Kemble 'mīnne.'

IV.

- Him se yldesta ondsvarode,
werodes wisa, word-hord onlēac:
260 " Wē synt gum-cynnes Gēata lēode
ond Higelāces heorð-genēatas.
Wæs mīn fæder folcum gecyþed,
æpele ord-fruma Ecgþēow hāten;
gebād wintra worn, ær hē on weg hwurfe
265 gamol of geardum; hine gearwe geman
witena wel-hwylc wīde geond eorþan.
Wē þurh holdne hige hlāford þinne,
sunu Healfdenes, sēcean cwōmon,
lēod-gebyrgēan; wes þū ūs lārena gōd.
270 Habbað wē tō þæm mæran micel ærende
Deniga frēan; ne sceal þær dyrne sum
wesān, þæs ic wēne. þū wāst gif hit is,
swā wē sōþlice *secgan hýrdon, Fol. 136.
þæt mid Scyldingum sceaðona ic nāt hwylc,
275 dēogol dæd-hata, deorcum nihtum
ēaweð þurh egsan uncūðne nið,
hýnðu ond hrā-fyl. Ic þæs Hrōðgār mæg
þurh rūmne sefan rād gelæran,
hū hē frōd ond gōd fēond oferswýðeþ,
280 gyf him ed-wendæn æfre scolde
bealuwa bisigu, bōt eft cuman,
ond þā cear-wylmas cōlran wurðap;
oððe ā syþðan earfoð-þrāge,

274. Zupitza says: "now only *scea* left." Only Thorkelin's first transcript has *sceaðona*.

275. Grein's Glossary gives: "*dæd-hata m. der durch Thaten hasst oder verfolgt? oder dæd-hāta facinora spondens vel moliens?*" Earle adopts the latter reading, and translates 'author of deeds.'

- þrēa-nȳd þolað, þenden þær wunað
 285 on hēah-stede hūsa sēlest."
 Weard maþelode, ðær on wicge sæt,
 ombeht unforht: "Æghwæþres sceal
 scearp scyld-wiga gescād witan,
 worda ond worca, sē þe wel þenceð.
 290 Ic þæt gehȳre, þæt þis is hold weorod
 frēan Scyldinga. Gewitaþ forð beran
 wæpen ond gewædu, ic ēow wisiġe;
 swylce ic magu-þegnas mīne hāte
 wið fēonda gehwone flotan ēowerne,
 295 nīw-tyrwydne nacan on sande,
 ārum healdan, oþ þæt eft byreð
 ofer lagu-strēa*mas lēofne mannan Fol. 136^b.
 wudu wunden-hals tō Weder-mearce.
 Gōd-fremmendra swylcum gifeþe bið,
 300 þæt þone hilde-ræs hāl gedigeð."
 Gewiton him þā fēran; flota stille bād,
 seomode on sǣle sīd-fæþmed scip,
 on ancre fæst. Eofor-līc scionon

299. Grundtvig's needless emendation *gūð-fremmendra* is followed by some editors and by Earle.

301—3. Heyne puts "flota.....fæst" in a parenthesis, with a semi-colon at the close.

302. MS. 'sole.' For the emendation cf. ll. 226, 1906, and 1917, and mod. "riding on a hawser." The MS. reading is not impossible. It is from *sol*, mod. Kent. *sole*, a muddy pool.

303—5. These lines have given rise to much discussion and many suggestions. Bugge takes *eofor* as the subject of *hēold*, *ferh-* (for *feorh-*) *wearde*, "life-guard," as the object, and *līc-scionon*, "of handsome form," as the dat. sing. of an adj. referring to Beowulf.

303. Grein's Glossary gives *scionon* as a second form of *scinon*, pret. pl. of *scīnan*, "shine," but adds: "wenn letzteres nicht zu einem redupl. Verbum *scānan* *scēon* gehört." This supposition is quite needless; in

- ofer hlēor-ber[g]an, gehroden golde,
 305 fāh ond fȳr-heard; ferh wearde hēold.
 Gūþmōd grummon, guman ōnetton,
 sigon ætsomne, oþ þæt hȳ [s]æl timbred,
 geatolic ond gold-fāh, ongyton mihton;
 þæt wæs fore-māerost fold-būendum
 310 receda under roderum, on þāem se rīca bād;
 lixte se lēoma ofer landa fela.
 Him þā hilde-dēor [h]of mōdigra
 torht getæhte, þæt hīe him tō mihton
 gegnum gangan; gūð-beorna sum
 315 wicg gewende, word æfter cwæð:
 "Mæl is mē tō fēran; Fæder al-walda
 mid ār-stafum ēowic gehealde
 siða gesunde! Ic tō sǣ wille
 wið *wrāð werod wearde healdan." Fol. 137^a.

V.

- 320 Stræt wæs stān-fāh, stīg wīode
 gumum ætgædere. Gūð-byrne scān
 heard hond-locen, hring-iren scīr
 song in searwum, þā hīe tō sele furðum
 in hyra gryre-geatwum gangan cwōmon.

1. 3170 we find a pret. pl. *riodan*=*ridon*, "rode," of the same ablaut-class, showing the same effect of *u*-umlaut. Sievers § 376.

304. MS. 'hleor beran'; Grein 'hlēor-beran,' dat. sg., *visor*?; Gering 'hlēor-ber[g]an,' acc. pl., *cheek-guards*.

306. Kemble 'gūð-mōd[e].'

307. MS. 'æltimbred'; Grein 'sæl timbred.'

312. MS. 'of,' in spite of the alliteration.

- 325 Setton sǣ-mēpe sīde scyldas,
 rondas regn-hearde, wið þæs recedes weal,
 bugon þā tō bence; byrnan hringdon,
 gūð-searo gumena; gāras stōdon,
 sǣ-manna searo, samod ætgædere,
- 330 æsc-holt ufan græg; wæs se iren-þrēat
 wæpnum gewurþad. þā ðær wlonc hæleð
 ðret-mecgas æfter æþelum frægn:
 “Hwanon ferigeað gē fætte scyldas,
 græge syrcan ond grīm-helmas,
- 335 here-sceafta hēap? Ic eom Hrōðgāres
 ār ond ombiht. Ne seah ic el-þeodige
 þus manige men mōdiglicran.
 Wēn ic þæt gē for wlenco, nalles for wræc-siðum
 ac for hige-þrymmum, Hrōðgār sōhton.” Fol. 137^b.
- 340 Him þā ellen-rōf andswarode,
 wlanc Wedera lēod word æfter spræc,
 heard under helme: “Wē synt Higelāces
 bēod-genēatas; Bēowulf is mīn nama.
 Wille ic āsecgan sunu Healfdenes,
- 345 mærum þeodne, mīn ærende,
 aldre þinum, gif hē ūs geunnan wile,
 þæt wē hine swā gōdne grētan mōton.”
 Wulfgār mapelode. (þæt wæs Wendla lēod,
 wæs his mōd-sefa manegum gecyðed,
- 350 wīg ond wīs-dōm): “Ic þæs wine Deniga,
 frēan Scildinga, frīnan wille,

332. MS. ‘hæleþum’—evidently a scribal blunder due to the *hæleð* of the previous line. Grein ‘æþelum’; cf. l. 392, and for the sense ll. 251—2. For *ðret*- see Sievers § 43, N. 4.

338. Heyne reads *Wēn* for *Wene*. Cf. ll. 442 and 525.

344. The editors from Kemble downwards have adopted the more usual form of the dat., *sunu*; but see Sievers § 270.

- bēaga bryttan, swā þū bēna eart,
 þēoden mārne, ymb þinne sið,
 ond þē þā ondsware ædre gecyðan,
 355 ðe mē se gōda āgifuþ þenceð.”
 Hwearf þā hrædlice, þær Hrōðgār sæt
 eald ond unhār mid his eorla gedriht;
 ēode ellen-rōf, þæt hē for eaxlum gestōd
 Deniga frēan; cūpe hē duguðe þēaw.
 360 Wulfgār maðelode *tō his wine-drihtne: Fol. 138^a.
 “Hēr syndon geferede, feorran cumene
 ofer geofenes begang, Gēata lēode;
 þone yldestan ōret-mecgas
 Bēowulf nemnað. Hȳ bēnan synt,
 365 þæt hīe, þēoden mīn, wið þē mōton
 wordum wrixlan; nō ðū him wearne getēoh
 ðinra gegn-cwida, glædman Hrōðgār.
 Hȳ on wīg-getāwum wyrðe þinceað
 eorla gæhtlan; hūru se aldor dēah,
 370 sē þæm heaðo-rincum hider wīsade.”

VI.

Hrōðgār maðelode, helm Scyldinga:
 “Ic hine cūðe cniht-wesende;
 wæs his eald fæder Ecgpēo hāten,

367. Thorkelin (B) and Rieger ‘glædnian’; Grein and Wülker ‘glædman.’ Kemble and Thorpe took *glædman* to be the oblique case of a noun *glædma*, ‘gladness.’ Bugge supports the reading of the MS., and practically decides the sense in which it is to be taken, by quoting the gloss “*Hilaris glædman*” (Somner p. 74, col. 2, l. 21).

373. MS. ‘ealdfæder.’ This compound meaning ‘grandfather, ancestor,’ occurs in the forms *ealdfæder*, *ealdefæder*; but its use here is

- ðæm tō hām forgeaf Hræpel Gēata
 375 āngan dohtor; is his eafora nū
 heard hēr cumen, sōhte holdne wine.
 Donne sægdon þæt sǣ-liþende,
 þā ðe gif-sceattas Gēata fyredon
 þyder tō þance, þæt hē þrit*tiges Fol. 138^b.
 380 manna mægen-cræft on his mund-gripe
 heaþo-rōf hæbbe. Hine hālig God
 for ār-stafum ūs onsende,
 tō West-Denum, þæs ic wēn hæbbe,
 wið Grendles gryre; ic þæm gōðan sceal
 385 for his mōd-þræce mādmas bēodan.
 Bēo ðū on ofeste, hāt in gān
 sēon sibbe-gedriht samod ætgædere;
 gesaga him ēac wordum, þæt hīe sint wil-cuman
 Deniga lēodum." [þā wið duru healle
 390 Wulfgār ēode,] word inne ābēad;
 "Ēow hēt secgan sige-drihten mīn,
 aldor Ēast-Dena, þæt hē ēower æþelu can,

a strain to the meaning of the passage, and we may safely assume that the scribe has run two words into one, as in numerous other instances. *Eald fæder* makes excellent sense.

375. MS. 'eaforan'; Kemble 'eafora.'

378. Thorpe 'Gēatum,' adopted by Bugge and Earle. The change is not absolutely necessary, because the genitive can have the same meaning, "for the Geats."

379. MS. '·xxx tiges.'

386. Heyne reads 'hāt [hig] in gān' for metrical reasons (but see "Beiträge" x. 268), and takes *sibbe-gedriht* (i.e. the Danes) as the object of *sēon*. But *sibbe-gedriht* ~~certainly~~ refers to Beowulf's company, as in l. 729, and is the accus.-subject of *in gān sēon*. The whole phrase may be rendered "bid the band of warrior-kinsmen go into the presence." Cf. ll. 396, 347, 365. Wm

389—90. No gap in MS., though the lack of alliteration seems conclusive as to a defect in the text. The emendation is Grein's.

- ond gē him syndon ofer sǣ-wylmas,
 heard-hicgende, hider wil-cuman.
- 395 Nū gē mōton gangan in ēowrum gūð-geatawum,
 under here-grīman, Hrōðgār gesēon;
 lætað hilde-bord hēr onbīdan,
 wudu, wæl-sceaftas, worda geþinges.”
 Ārās þā se rīca, ymb hine rinc manig,
- 400 prýðlic þegna hēap; sume þær bidon,
 heaðo-rēaf hēoldon, swā him se *hearda bebēad. Fol.
 Snyredon ætsomne, þā secg wīsoðe, 139^a.
 under Heorotes hrōf; [hyge-rōf ēode,]
 heard under helme, þæt hē on hēoðe gestōd.
- 405 Bēowulf maðelode (on him byrne scān,
 searo-net sēowed smipes or-þancum):
 “Wæs þū, Hrōðgār, hāl! Ic eom Higelāces
 mæg ond mago-ðegn; hæbbe ic mæra fela
 ongunnen on geogoþe. Mē wearð Grendles þing
- 410 on mīnre ēpel-tyrf undyrne cūð;
 secgað sǣ-liðend, þæt þes sele stande,
 reced sēlesta, rinca gehwylcum
 idel ond unnyt, siððan æfen-lēoht
 under heofenes hador beholen weorþeð.
- 415 þā mē þæt gelærdon lēode mīne,

395. Ettmüller ‘gūð-getāwum’; cf. ll. 2636, 368. See also Sievers § 43, N. 4, and § 260, N.

403. No gap in MS.; Grein’s emendation adopted.

404. Thorpe ‘heo[r]ðe.’

407. Editors substitute W.S. *wes* for North. *was*.

411. MS ‘þæs.’

414. Heyne and Socin ‘haðor.’ The length of the *a* is uncertain. *Hādor* would mean ‘brightness, serenity.’ Grein’s Glossary has: “heaðor, heador, hador (*oder ā, ēa?*) *n. receptaculum*; *dat. hafað mec on headre Rā. 66³.*”

- þā sēlestan, snotere ceorlas,
 þēoden Hrōðgār, þæt ic þē sōhte,
 forþan hie mægenes cræft mīn[n]e cūþon;
 selfe ofersāwon, ðā ic of searwum cwōm,
 420 fāh from fēondum, þær ic fife geband,
 yðde eotena cyn, ond on yðum slōg
 niceras nihtes, nearo-þearfe drēah,
 wræc *Wedera nīð (wēan āhsodon), Fol. 139^b.
 forgrand gramum; ond nū wið Grendel sceal,
 425 wið þām āglācan, āna gehēgan
 ðing wið þyrse. Ic þē nū ðā,
 brego Beorht-Dena, biddan wille,
 eodor Scyldinga, ānre bēne,
 þæt ðū mē ne forwyrne, wīgendra hlēo,
 430 frēo-wine folca, nū ic þus feorran cōm,
 þæt ic mōte āna [ond] mīnra eorla gedryht,
 þes hearda hēap, Heorot fælsian.
 Hæbbe ic ēac geāhsod, þæt se æglāca
 for his won-hȳdum wæpna ne recceð;
 435 ic þæt þonne forhicge, swā mē Higelāc sīe,
 mīn mon-drihten, mōdes bliþe,
 þæt ic sweord bere oþðe sīdne scyld,
 geolo-rand tō gūþe; ac ic mid grāpe sceal
 fōn wið fēonde, ond ymb feorh sacan
 440 lāð wið lāþum; ðær gelyfan sceal
 Dryhtnes dōme sē þe hine dēað nimeð.
 Wēn ic þæt hē wille, gif hē wealdan mōt,
 in þæm gūð-sele Gēatena lēode

418. Grein 'mīn[n]e'; cf. l. 255.

431—2. MS. 'ana mīnra eorla gedryht 7 þes' &c. Grein transposed the 7 (ond) from before þes to before mīnra.

443. MS. 'geotena.'

- etan unforhte, swa hē *oft dyde Fol. 140^a.
 445 mægen Hrēð-manna. Nā þū mīnne þearft
 hafalan hȳdan, ac hē mē habban wile
 d[r]ēore fāhne, gif mec dēað nimeð;
 byreð blōdig wæl, byrgean þenceð,
 eteð ān-genga unmunlice,
 450 mearcað mōr-hopu; nō ðū ymb mīnes ne þearft
 lices feorme lēng sorgian.
 Onsend Higelāce, gif mec hild nime,
 beadu-scrūda betst, þæt mīne brēost wereð,
 hrægla sēlest; þæt is Hrēðlan lāf,
 455 Welandes geweorc. Gæð ā wyrd swā hīo scel.”

VII.

- Hrōðgār mapelode, helm Scyldinga:
 “F[or w]ere-fyhtum þū, wine mīn Bēowulf,
 ond for ār-stafum ūsic sōhtest.
 Geslōh þin fæder fæhðe mæste,
 460 wearþ hē Heapolāfe tō hand-bonan
 mid Wilfingum; ðā hine Wēdera cyn
 for here-brōgan habban ne mihte.
 þanon hē gesōhte Sūð-Dena folc
 ofer yða gewealc, Ār-*Scyldinga; Fol. 140^b.
 465 ðā ic furþum wēold folce Deniga,
 ond on geogoðe hēold gimme-rice

454. MS. ‘hræðlan’; cf. l. 1485.

457. MS. ‘fere fyhtum.’ The reading in the text was suggested by Grundtvig.

461. MS. ‘gara’; Grundtvig ‘Wēdera.’ See ll. 225, 423, &c.

465. MS. ‘deninga.’ See ll. 155, 271, &c.

- hord-burh hæleþa. Ðā wæs Heregār dēad,
 mīn yldra mæg unlifigende,
 bearn Healfdenes; sē wæs betera ðonne ic.
 470 Siððan þā fæhðe fēo þingode;
 sende ic Wylfingum ofer wæteres hrycg
 ealde mādmas; hē mē āþas swōr.
 Sorh is mē tō secganne on sefan mīnum
 gumena ængum, hwæt mē Grendel hafað
 475 hȳnðo on Heorote mid his hete-þancum,
 fīer-niða gefremed; is mīn flet-werod,
 wig-hēap, gewanod; hīe wyrd forswēop
 on Grendles gryre. God ēaþe mæg
 þone dol-sceaðan dæda getwæfan.
 480 Ful oft gebēotedon bēore druncne
 ofer ealo-wæge ðret-mecgas,
 þæt hīe in bēor-sele bīdan woldon
 Grendles gūþe mid gryrum ecga.
 Ðonne wæs þeos medo-heal on morgen tīd,
 485 driht-sele drēor-fāh, þonne dæg līxte,
 eal *benc-þelu blōde bestȳmed, Fol. 141.
 heall heoru-drēore; āhte ic holdra þȳ lās,
 dēorre duguðe, þē þā dēað fornam.
 Site nū tō symle ond onsæl meoto,
 490 sige-hrēð secgum, swā þīn sefa hwette."
 þā wæs Gēat-mæcgum geador ætsomne
 on bēor-sele benc gerȳmed;

479. MS. 'sc'aðan,' the *e* in a different hand.

489—90. MS. 'on sæl meoto sige hreð secgū.' This passage has given rise to much discussion; the conjectures are too numerous to be given here. *Meoto* is the chief difficulty. I have followed Heyne in adopting Müllenhoff's interpretation, taking *meoto* = *meotu* (with *u*-umlaut produced by inflectional *u*; Sievers § 106. 3) = *metu*, pl. of *met*, 'thought'; cf. *metian*, 'meditate upon,' Psalm 118. 174.

þær swið-ferhþe sittan ēodon,
 þrȳðum dealle. þegn nytte behēold,
 495 sē þe on handa bær hroden ealo-wæge,
 scencte scir wered. Scop hwilum sang
 hādor on Heorote; þær wæs hæleða drēam,
 duguð unlȳtel Dena ond Wedera.

VIII.

Unferð mapelode, Ecglāfes bearn,
 500 þe æt fōtum sæt frēan Scyldinga,
 onband beadu-rūne (wæs hīm Bēowulfes sið,
 mōdges mere-faran, micel æf-þunca,
 forþon þe hē ne ūþe, þæt ænig oðer man
 æfre *mærdða þon mā middan-geardes Fol. 141^b.
 505 gehēdde under heofenum þonne hē sylfa):
 “Eart þū se Bēowulf, sē þe wið Breca wunne,
 on sīdne sē ymb sund flite,
 ðær git for wlence wada cunnedon,
 ond for dol-gilpe on dēop wæter
 510 aldrum nēþdon? Ne inc ænig mon,
 ne lēof nē lāð, belēan mihte
 sorh-fullne sið, þā git on sund rēon;
 þær git ēagor-strēam earmum þehton,
 mæton mere-stræta, mundum brugdon,
 515 glidon ofer gār-secg; geofon yþum wēol,
 wintrys wylm. Git on wæteres æht

499. MS. ‘Hṽnferð.’

515—16. Grein-Wülcker:

‘geofon-yðum

weol wintrys wylm.’

Other editions needlessly change *wylm* to *wylme* or *wylmum*.

- seofon niht swuncon; hē þē æt sunde oferflāt,
 hæfde māre mægen. þā hine on morgen-tīd
 on Heaþo-Rāemas holm ūp ætbær;
 520 ðonon hē gesōhte swæsne ēðel,
 lēof his lēodum lond Brondinga,
 freoðo-burh fægere, þær hē folc āhte,
 burh ond bēagas. *Bēot eal wið þē Fol. 142.
 sunu Bēanstānes sōðe gelæste.
 525 Ðonne wēne ic tō þē wýrsan gefingea,
 ðeah þū heaðo-ræsa gehwær dohte,
 grimre gūðe, gif þū Grendles dearst
 niht-longne fyrst nēan bīdan.”
 Bēowulf maþelode, bearn Ecgþēowes:
 530 “Hwæt! þū worn fela, wine mīn *Unferð*,
 bēore druncen ymb Brecan spræce,
 sægdest from his siðe. Sōð ic talige,
 þæt ic mere-strengo mārān āhte,
 earfeþo on yþum, ðonne ænig oþer man.
 535 Wit þæt gecwædon cniht-wesende
 ond gebēotedon (wæron bēgen þā git
 on geogoð-fēore), þæt wit on gār-secg ūt
 aldrum nēðdon; ond þæt geæfndon swā.
 Hæfdon swurd nacod, þā wit on sund rēon,
 540 heard on handa; wit unc wið hron-fixas
 werian þōhton. Nō hē wiht fram mē
 flōd-yþum feor flēotan meahte,

519. MS. 'heaþoræmes.'

520. MS. 'swæsne . ʒ .' The O.E. name of this runic character was *ðæl*; hence the character is used here and in l. 913 for the word *ðæl*.

530. MS. 'hun ferð.' The initial is always *h* in the MS., although the word always alliterates with vowels.

534. There is this to be said for the emendation *eapeþo*, "strength," that it is a closer parallel to *mere-strengo* than the reading of the MS.

hrafon on holme; nō ic fram him wolde.

Ðā wit æt*somne on sǣ wæron Fol. 142^b.

545 fif nihta fyrst, oþ þæt unc flōd tōdrāf,
wado weallende; wedera cealdost,
nīpende niht ond norþan wind,
heaðo-grim ondhwearf; hrēo wæron yþa.
Wæs mere-fixa mōd onhrēred;

550 þær mē wið lāðum lic-syrce mīn,
heard hond-locen, helpe gefremede;
beado-hrægl brōden on brēostum læg,
golde gegyrwed. Mē tō grunde tēah
fāh fēond-scaða, fæste hæfde

555 grim on grāpe; hwæpre mē gyfeþe wearð,
þæt ic āglācan orde geræhte,
hilde-bille; heaþo-ræs fornam
mihtig mere-dēor þurh mīne hand.

VIIII.

Swā mec gelōme lāð-getēonan

560 þræatedon þearle. Ic him þēnode
dēoran sweorde, swa hit gedēfe wæs;
næs hīe ðære fylle gefēan hæfdon,
mān-fordædlan, þæt hīe mē þēgon,
symbol ymb-sæton, sǣ-grunde nēah;

565 ac on mergenne mēcum *wunde Fol. 143^a.
be yð-lāfe uppe lægon,

548. MS. 'ghwearf'; cf. '7swarode,' l. 258. Grein takes *hwearf* to be an adj., which he glosses 'versatilis, volubilis,' and compares Icel. *hverfr*.

- sweo[r]dum āswefede, þæt syðþan nā
ymb brontne ford brim-liðende
lāde ne letton. Lēoht ēastan cōm,
570 beorht bēacen Godes; brimu swaþredon,
þæt ic sǣ-næssas gesēon mihte,
windige weallas. Wyrð oft nereð
unfǣgne eorl, þonne his ellen dēah.
Hwæþere mē gesǣlde, þæt ic mid sweorde ofslōh
575 niceras nigene. Nō ic on niht gefrægn
under heofones hwealf heardran feohtan,
ne on ēg-strēamum earmran mannon;
hwæþere ic fāra feng fēore gedigde,
siþes wērig. Ðā mec sǣ oþbær,
580 flōd æfter faroðe, on Finna land,
wadu weallendu. Nō ic wiht fram þē
swylcra searo-niða secgan hȳrde,
billa brōgan; Breca nǣfre git
æt heaðo-lāce, ne gehwæþer incer,
585 swā dēorlice dǣd gefremede
fāgum sweordum (nō ic þæs [fela] gylpe),
þēah ðū þinum brōðrum tō banan wurde,
hēafod-mǣgum; þæs þū in *helle scealt Fol. 143^b.
werhðo drēogan, þēah þīn wit duge.
590 Secge ic þē tō sōðe, sunu Ecglāfes,
þæt nǣfre Gre[n]del swā fela gryra gefremede,

567. MS., defective at corner, has only *swe* and part of *o*. Thorkelin A (first transcript) 'sweodum.'

578. MS. 'hwæþere.'

581. MS. 'wudu.' See l. 546.

586. The emendation is Grein's; Kluge suggested '[gefites].' Heyne, followed by Harrison and Sharp, assumes the loss of two half lines after *sweordum*, with the unpleasant consequence that the numbers of his lines are one too many throughout the rest of the poem.

591. MS. 'gre del.'

- atol æglæca, ealdre þinum,
 hȳnðo on Heorote, gif þin hige wære,
 sefa swā searo-grim, swā þū self talast;
 595 ac hē hafað onfunden, þæt hē þā fæhðe ne þearf,
 atole ecg-þræce, ēower lēode
 swiðe onsittan, Sige-Scyldinga;
 nymeð nȳd-bāde, nānegum ārað
 lēode Deniga, ac hē [on] lust wigeð,
 600 swefeð ond sendeþ, secce ne wēneþ
 tō Gār-Denum. Ac ic him Gēata sceal
 eafōð ond ellen ungēara nū
 gūpe gebēodan. Gæþ eft sē þe mōt
 tō medo mōdig, siþþan morgen-lēoht
 605 ofer ylda bearn oþres dōgores,
 sunne swegl-wered, sūþan scīneð."
 þā wæs on sālum since brytta,
 gamol-feax ond gūð-rōf; gēoce gelyfde
 *brego Beorht-Dena; gehȳrde on Bēowulfe Fol. 141.
 610 folces hyrde fæst-rædne geþōht.
 Ðær wæs hæleþa hleahtor, hlyn swynsode,
 word wæron wynsume. Eode Wealhþēow forð,
 cwēn Hrōðgāres, cynna gemyndig,
 grētte gold-hroden guman on healle;

599. Kemble's emendation; cf. l. 618.

600. Thorpe 'sæcce,' followed by most editors. *Secce* is a dialectal form; see Sievers § 151.

601. Thorpe and Heyne suppress *ic*. Thorpe makes *Gēata* (weak form) the subject, *eafōð ond ellen* the object, and is followed by Earle. Heyne takes *eafōð ond ellen Gēata* as subject, *gūðe* as object. He adds: "*ic Gēata*, 'ich der Gēaten' oder 'ich unter den Gēaten,' ist bedenklich." Surely this is what Coleridge calls the "wilful ingenuity of blundering." What is to prevent *ic* being taken as the subject, and *eafōð ond ellen Gēata* as the object?

- 615 ond þā frēolic wif ful gesealde
 ārest Eāst-Dena ēpel-wearde,
 bæd hine blīðne æt þære bēor-þege,
 lēodum lēofne; hē on lust geþeah
 symbel ond sele-ful, sige-rōf kyning.
- 620 Ymb-ēode þa ides Helminga
 duguþe ond geogoþe dæl æghwylcne,
 sinc-fato sealde, oþ þæt sæl ālamp,
 þæt hīo Bēowulfe, bēag-hroden cwēn,
 mōde gepungen, medo-ful ætbær;
- 625 grētte Gēata lēod, Gode þancode
 wis-fæst wordum, þæs ðe hire se willa gelamp,
 þæt hēo on ænigne eorl gelyfde
 fyrena frōfre. He þæt ful geþeah,
 wæl-rēow wiga, *æt Wealhþēon, Fol. 144^b.
- 630 ond þā gyddode gūþe gefýsed;
 Bēowulf mapelode, bearn Ecgþēowes:
 “Ic þæt hogode, þā ic on holm gestāh,
 sæ-bāt gesæt mid mīnra secga gedriht,
 þæt ic ānunga ēowra lēoda
- 635 willan geworhte, oþðe on wæl crunge
 fēond-grāpum fæst. Ic gefremman sceal
 eorlic ellen, oþðe ende-dæg
 on þisse meodu-healle mīnne gebīdan.”
 Ðām wīfe þā word wel licodon,
- 640 gilp-cwide Gēates; ēode gold-hroden
 frēolicu folc-cwēn tō hire frēan sittan.
 þā wæs eft swā ær inne on healle
 þrýð-word sprecen, ðēod on sælum,
 sige-folca swēg, oþ þæt semninga
- 645 sunu Healfdenes sēcean wolde
 æfen-ræste; wiste þæm āhlæcan

- tō þāem hēah-sele hilde geþinged,
 siððan hīe sunnan lēoht gesēon [ne] meahton,
 oþðe nīpende niht ofer ealle,
 650 scadu-helma gesceapu scrīðan cwōman,
 wan under wolcnum. Werod eall ārās;
 grētte þā guma oþerne,
 Hrōðgār Bēowulf, ond him hæl ābēad,
 wīn-ærnes *geweald, ond þæt word ācwæð: Fol.
 655 "Næfre ic ænegum men ær ālyfde, 145a.
 siððan ic hond ond rond hebban mihte,
 ðrȳþ-ærn Dena būton þē nū ðā.
 Hafa nū ond geheald hūsa sēlest,
 gemyne mārþo, mægen-ellen cȳð,
 660 waca wið wrāþum. Ne bið þē wilna gād,
 gif þū þæt ellen-weorc aldre gedigest."

X.

- Ða him Hrōþgār gewāt mid his hælepa gedryht,
 eodur Scyldinga, ūt of healle;
 wolde wīg-fruma Wealhþeo sēcan,
 665 cwēn tō gebeddan. Hæfde kyning[a] wuldor
 Grendle tō-gēanes, swā guman gefrungon,

648. Thorpe's simple emendation, '[ne],' is now generally adopted. Bugge proposed, in addition, to regard oþðe (l. 649) as equivalent to *and*, as in l. 2475, and the suggestion is adopted by Heyne. Earle defends the usual meaning or: "There is something of alternative between twilight and the dead of night."

652. Grein-Wülcker complete the first half line by '[glædmōd],' Heyne by '[giddum].'

665. MS. 'kyning,' at end of line; there is room for an *a*, but no trace of one.

- sele-weard āseted; sundor-nytte behēold
ymb aldor Dena, eoton-weard ābēad.
Hūru Gēata lēod georne trūwode
670 mōdgan mægnes, Metodes hyldo.
Ðā hē him of dyde isern-byrnan,
helm of hafelan, sealde his hyrsted sweord,
irena cyst, ombiht-þegne,
ond gehealdan hēt hilde-geatwe.
675 Gespræc þā se gōða gylp-worda sum,
Bēowulf *Gēata, ær hē on bed stige: Fol. 145^b.
“Nō ic mē an here-wāsmun hnāgran talige
gūþ-geweorca þonne Grendel hine;
forþan ic hine sweorde swebban nelle,
680 aldre benēotan, þēah ic eal mæge.
Nāt hē þāra gōða, þæt hē mē ongēan slēa,
rand gehēawe, þēah ðe hē rōf sīe
nīþ-geweorca; ac wit on niht sculon
secge ofersittan, gif hē gesēcean dear .
685 wig ofer wæpen, ond siþðan witig God
on swā hwæpere hond, hālig Dryhten,
mārðo dēme, swā him gemet þince.”
Hylde hine þā heaþo-dēor, hlēor-bolster onfēng
eorles andwlitan, ond hine ymb monig
690 snellīc sē-rinc sele-reste gebēah.
Nāenig heora þōhte, þæt hē þanon scolde
eft eard-lufan æfre gesēcean,
folc oþþe frēo-burh, þær hē āfēded wæs:

668. Thorpe ‘eoton (*acc.*) weard (*nom.*) ābēad’; Heyne ‘eoton (*dat.*) weard (*acc.*) ābēad.’ The difficulty of the uninflected *accus. eoton-weard* seems less than those presented by these readings.

677. Thorpe ‘wæstmum,’ Grein ‘wāsmum.’

684. MS. ‘het.’

- ac hīe hæfdon gefrūnen, þæt hīe ær tō fela micles
 695 in þæm wīn-sele wæl-dēað fornam,
 Denigea lēode. Ac him Dryhten forgeaf
 wīg-spēda gewiofu, *Wedera lēodum Fol. 146*.
 frōfor ond fultum, þæt hīe fēond heora
 ðurh ānes cræft ealle ofercōmon,
 700 selfes mihtum; sōð is gecyþed,
 þæt mihtig God manna cynnes
 wēold wīde-ferhð. Cōm on wanre niht
 scrīðan sceadu-genga. Scēotend swāfon,
 þā þæt horn-reced healdan scoldon,
 705 ealle būton ānum. þæt wæs yldum cūþ,
 þæt hīe ne mōste, þā metod nolde,
 se syn-scaþa under sceadu bregdan;
 ac hē wæccende wrāpum on andan
 bād bolgen-mōd beadwa geþinges.

XI.

- 710 Ðā cōm of mōre under mist-hleoþum
 Grendel gongan, Godes yrre bær;
 mynte se mǣn-scaða manna cynnes
 sumne besyrwan in sele þām hēan.
 Wōd under wolcnum, tō þæs þe hē wīn-reced,
 715 gold-sele gumena, gearwost wisse,
 fættum fāhne; ne wæs þæt forma sið,
 þæt hē Hrōþgāres hām gesōhte.
 Nǣfre hē on aldor-dagum ær *ne siþðan Fol. 146*.
 heardran hæle, heal-ðegnas fand.

702. Thorkelin 'ride'; "now nothing left but part of the perpendicular stroke of the first letter."

- 720 Cōm þā tō recede rinc siðian
 drēamum bedæled; duru sōna onarn,
 fȳr-bendum fæst, syþðan hē hire folmum [hr]ān;
 onbræd þā bealo-hȳdig, ðā [hē ge]bolgen wæs,
 recedes mūþan. Raþe æfter þon
- 725 on fāgne flōr fēond treddode,
 ēode yrre-mōd; him of ēagum stōd
 ligge gelicost lēoht unfæger.
 Geseah hē in recede rinca manige,
 swefan sibbe-gedriht samod ætgædere,
- 730 mago-rinca hēap. þā his mōd āhlōg;
 mynte þæt hē gedælde, ær þon dæg cwōme,
 atol āglæca, ānra gehwylces
 lif wið lice, þā him ālumpen wæs
 wist-fylle wēn. Ne wæs þæt wyrd þā gēn,
- 735 þæt hē mā mōste manna cynnes
 ðicgean ofer þā niht. Þrȳð-swyð behēold
 mæg Higelāces, hū se mǣn-scaða
 under fær-gripum gefaran wolde.
 Ne þæt se āglæca yldan þōhte,
- 740 ac hē ge*fēng hraðe forman siðe Fol. 131^a.
 slæpendne rinc, slāt unwearnum,
 bāt bān-locan, blōd ēdrum dranc,
 syn-snædum swealh; sōna hæfde
 unlyfigendes eal gefeormod,

722. MS. defective at edge. Zupitza's transliteration of the facsimile of the MS. has '[gehr]an.' There is room for two letters before *hrān*, but there is no evidence for *ge*-. On the contrary, whilst *hrīnan* usually governs the dat., *gehrīnan* more commonly takes the accus. (*pace* Grein).

723. MS. faded at edge. Kemble, Grein-Wülcker, and Heyne '[hē] ābolgen.' Zupitza says: "Now *bolgen* is still distinct, and before it I think I see traces of two letters of which the first seems to have been *g*; but what preceded this is entirely faded."

- 745 fēt ond folma. Forð nēar ætstōp,
 nam þā mid handa hige-þihtigne
 rinc on ræste; ræhte ongēan
 fēond mid folme; hē onfēng hraþe
 inwit-þancum ond wið earm gesæt.
- 750 Sōna þæt onfunde fyrena hyrde,
 þæt hē ne mētte middan-geardes,
 eorþan sceatta, on elran men
 mund-gripe māran; hē on mōde wearð
 forht, on ferhðe; nō þȳ ær fram meahte.
- 755 Hyge wæs him hin-fūs, wolde on heolster flēon,
 sēcan dēofla gedræg; ne wæs his drohtoð þær,
 swylce hē on ealder-dagum ær gemētte.
 Gemunde þā se gōða mæg Higelāces
 æfen-spræce, ūp-lang āstōd
- 760 ond him fæste wiðfēng; fingras burston;
 eoten wæs ūt-weard; eorl furþur stōp.
 Mynte se mæra, *hwær hē meahte swā, Fol. 131^b.
 widre gewindan ond on weg þanon
 flēon on fen-hopu; wiste his fingra geweald
- 765 on grames grāpum. þæt wæs gēocor sið,
 þæt se hearm-scaþa tō Heorute ātēah.
 Dryht-sele dynede; Denum eallum wearð,
 ceaster-būendum, cēnra gehwylcum,
 eorlum ealu-scerwen. Yrre wæron bēgen
- 770 rēpe rēn-weardas. Reced hlynsode;

752. Many editors normalise to 'scēata.' See Sievers § 230.

762. MS. defective at corner. Ettmüller, Wülcker, Heyne 'þær.' Zupitza's transliteration 'hwær,' as if there were no doubt as to the reading, but his foot-note runs: "*hwær* (*hw* with another ink, and crossed out in pencil) B, ... *ær* A; now only the lower part of *r* left." Cf. l. 797.

765. MS. 'þæt he wæs.' Grein suggested the accepted emendation—the omission of *hæ*.

- þā wæs wundor micel, þæt se wīn-sele
 wiðhæfde heaþo-dēorum, þæt hē on hrūsan ne fēol,
 fæger fold-bold; ac hē þæs fæste wæs
 innan ond ūtan īren-bendum
- 775 searo-þoncum besmīpod. þær fram sylle ābēag
 medu-benc monig, mīne gefræge,
 golde geregnad, þær þā graman wunnon;
 þæs ne wēndon ær witan Scyldinga,
 þæt hit ā mid gemete manna ænig,
- 780 betlic ond bān-fāg, tōbreca meahte,
 listum tōlūcan, nymþe liges fæþm
 swulge on swaþule. Swēg *ūp āstāg Fol. 147*.
 nīwe geneahhe; Norð-Denum stōd
 atelic egesa, ānra gehwylcum,
- 785 þāra þe of wealle wōp gehyrdon,
 gryre-lēoð galan Godes ondsacan,
 sige-lēasne sang, sār wānigean
 helle hæfton. Hēold hine fæste,
 sē þe manna wæs mægene strengest
- 790 on þæm dæge þysse lifes.

XII.

Nolde eorla hlēo ænige þinga
 þone cwealm-cuman cwicne forlætan,
 ne his lif-dagas lēoda ænigum

780. MS. 'hetlic'; Grundtvig 'betlic.' Cf. l. 1925.

788. Zupitza and others 'helle-hæfton,' but nothing is gained by making them a compound. For *-an* of the weak declension, *-on* is not uncommon.

Almost all editors insert 'tō' before 'fæste.'

- nytte tealde. þær genehost brægd
 795 eorl Bēowulfes ealde lāfe,
 wolde frēa-drihtnes feorh ealgian,
 mæres þeodnes, ðær hīe meah-ton swā.
 Hīe þæt ne wiston, þā hīe gewin drugon,
 heard-hicgende hilde-mecgas,
 800 ond on healfa gehwone hēawan þōhton,
 sāwle sēcan: þone syn-scaðan
 ænig ofer eorþan irenna cyst,
 gūð-billa nān, grētan nolde;
 ac hē sige-wæpnum *forsworen hæfde, Fol. 147^b.
 805 ecga gehwylcre. Scolde his aldor-gedāl
 on ðām dæge þysses lifes
 earmlic wurðan, ond se ellor-gāst
 on fēonda geweald feor siðian.
 Ðā þæt onfunde, sē þe fela æror
 810 mōdes myrðe manna cynne
 fyrene gefremede, hē fāg wið God,
 þæt him se līc-homa læstan nolde,
 ac hine se mōdega mæg Hygelāces
 hæfde be honda; wæs gehwæper oðrum
 815 lifigende lāð. Līc-sār gebād
 atol æglæca; him on eazle wearð
 syn-dolh sweotol; seonowe onsprungon,
 burston bān-locan. Bēowulfe wearð
 gūð-hrēð gyfeþe; scolde Grendel þonan
 820 feorh-sēoc flēon under fen-hleoðu,

811. Kemble first inserted '*wæs*' after '*hē*.' Heyne has: '(he *wæs* fāg wið god),' which appears to me a distinct enfeeblement of the MS. reading. *Fāg* comes at the beginning of a line in the MS., and Heyne says it cannot be settled whether or not *wæs* stood before it. This is very misleading. "There was no room for *wæs* before *fag*" (Zupitza), as a glance at the facsimile suffices to show.

- sēcean wyn-lēas wīc; wiste þē geornor,
 þæt his aldres wæs ende gegongen,
 dōgera dæg-rīm. Denum eallum wearð
 æfter þām wæl-ræse willa gelumpen.
- 825 Hæfde þā gefælsod, sē þe ær feorran cōm,
 snotor ond swyð-ferhð sele Hrōðgāres,
 genered wið *niðe; niht-weorce gefeh, Fol. 148^a.
 ellen-mærþum. Hæfde Eāst-Denum
 Gēat-mecga lēod gilp gelæsted,
- 830 swylce oncypðe ealle gebette,
 inwid-sorge, þe hīe ær drugon
 ond for þrēa-nýdum þolian scoldon,
 torn unlytel. þæt wæs tācen sweotol,
 syþðan hilde-dēor hond ālegde,
- 835 earm ond eaxle (þær wæs eal geador
 Grendles grāpe) under gēapne hr[ōf].

XIII.

- Ðā wæs on morgen, mine gefræge,
 ymb þā gif-healle gūð-rinc monig;
 fērdon folc-togan feorran ond nēan
- 840 geond wīd-wegas wundor scēawian,
 lāpes lāstas. Nō his lif-gedāl
 sārlic þūhte secga ænegum,
 þāra þe tīr-lēases trode scēawode,
 hū hē wērig-mōd on weg þanon,
- 845 nīða ofercumen on nicera mere,
 fæge ond geflymed, feorh-lāstas bær.

836. MS. defective at edge. Cf. l. 926.

- Ðær wæs on blōde brim weallende,
 atol yða geswing eal gemenged
 hāton heolfre, *heoro-drēore, wēol; Fol. 148^b.
 850 dēað-fæge dēog, siððan drēama lēas
 in fen-freoðo feorh ālegde,
 hæþene sāwle; þær him hel onfēng.
 þanon eft gewiton eald-gesiðas,
 swylce geong manig of gomen-wāþe,
 855 fram mere mōdge mēarum rīdan,
 beornas on blancum. Ðær wæs Bēowulfes
 mārðo mæned; monig oft gecwæð,
 þætte sūð ne norð be sām twēonum
 ofer eormen-grund oþer nāenig
 860 under swegles begong sēlra nāere
 rond-hæbbendra, rīces wyrðra.
 Ne hīe hūru wine-drihten wiht ne lōgon,
 glædne Hrōðgār, ac þæt wæs gōd cyning.
 Hwylum heaþo-rōfe hlēapan lēton,
 865 on geflit faran, fealwe mēaras,
 ðær him fold-wegas fægere þūhton,
 cystum cūðe. Hwylum cyninges þegn,
 guma gilp-hlæden, gidda gemyndig,
 sē ðe eal-fela eald-gesegena
 870 worn gemunde, word oþer fand
 sōðe gebunden. Secg eft ongan
 sið Bēowulfes snyttrum *styrian, Fol. 149^a.
 ond on spēd wrecan spel gerāde,
 wordum wrixlan; wel-hwylc gecwæð,

849. MS. 'hat on heolfre,' and so Wülcker. Grein 'hātan' = *hāton* in the text. The reading in the text is much easier than that of the MS., and l. 1423 turns the probability in its favour.

870—1. Rieger and Bugge put 'word...gebunden' in a parenthesis.

- 875 þæt hē fram Sigemunde[s] secgan hȳrde
 ellen-dǣdum, uncūþes fela,
 Wælsinges gewin, wīde siðas,
 þāra þe gumena bearn gearwe ne wiston,
 fæhðe ond fyrena, būton Fitela mid hine,
- 880 þonne hē swulces hwæt secgan wolde,
 ēam his nefan, swā hīe ā wæron
 æt nīða gehwām nȳd-gesteallan;
 hæfdon eal-fela eotena cynnes
 sweordum gesæged. Sigemunde gesprong
- 885 æfter dēað-dæge dōm unlȳtel,
 syððan wīges heard wȳrm ācwealde,
 hordes hȳrde; hē under hārne stān,
 æpelinges bearn, āna genēðde
 frēcne dǣde; ne wæs him Fitela mid;
- 890 hwæpre him gesælde, ðæt þæt sword þurhwōd
 wrætlicne wȳrm, þæt hit on wealle ætstōd,
 dryhtlic iren; draca morðre swealt.
 Hæfde āglæca elne gegongen,
 þæt hē bēah-hordes brūcan mōste
- 895 selfes dōme; *sæ-bāt gehlēod, Fol. 149^b.
 bær on bearm scipes beorhte frætwa
 Wælses eafera; wȳrm hāt gemealt.
 Sē wæs wreccena wīde mærost
 ofer wer-þeode, wīgendra hlēo,
- 900 ellen-dǣdum; hē þæs ær onðāh.

875. MS. 'Sigemunde.' Grein's emendation 'Sigemundes' is good in itself, and is the more probable in that the next word begins with *s*.

880. Heyne normalises to 'swylces.'

895. Many editors normalise to 'gehlōd.' Sievers § 392, N. 3.

897. Earle adopts Scherer's emendation 'hāt[e],' with *heat*.

900. Cosijn's emendation 'āron ðāh,' with *honours throve*, is adopted by Heyne and by Earle. For *āron*=*ārum* cf. *scypon* l. 1154, and *hēaf-*

- Siððan Heremōdes hild sweðrode,
 eafoð ond ellen, hē mid eotenum wearð
 on fēonda geweald forð forlācen,
 snūde forsended. Hine sorh-wylmas
 905 lemede tō lange; hē his lēodum wearð,
 eallum æþelingum, tō aldor-ceare.
 Swylce oft bemearn ærran mælum
 swið-ferhþes sið snotor ceorl monig,
 sē þe him bealwa tō bōte gelyfde,
 910 þæt þæt ðeodnes bearn geþeøn scolde,
 fæder æþelum onfōn, folc gehealdan,
 hord ond hlēo-burh, hæleþa rice,
 eðel Scyldinga. Hē þær eallum wearð,
 mæg Higelāces manna cynne,
 915 frēondum gefægra; hine fyren onwōd.
 Hwylum flitende fealwe stræte
 mearum mæton. Ðā wæs morgen-lēoht
 scofen ond scynded. * Æode scealc monig Fol. 150^a.
 swið-hicgende tō sele þām hēan
 920 searo-wundor sēon; swylce self cyning
 of brýd-būre, beah-horda weard,
 tryddode tīr-fæst getrume micle,
 cystum gecýþed, ond his cwēn mid him
 medo-stig gemæt mægþa hōse.

don l. 1242, and for the phrase cf. *weorð-myndum þāh* l. 8. Nevertheless I cannot bring myself to abandon the clear reading of the MS., which makes at least as good sense as many another passage.

902. MS. 'earfoð,' retained by Wülcker; cf. l. 534. On the other hand, see ll. 602, 2349.

906. MS. 'æþellingum.'

911. There appears to be no sufficient reason for making a compound *fæder-æþelum*, here, as the editors do.' Cf. ll. 21, 1479.

915. Some editors mark the close of this episode by a space between this line and the next. There is nothing more than a dot in the MS., not a fresh line, nor even a capital to *hwylum*.

XIV

- 925 Hrōðgār mapelode; hē tō healle gēong,
 stōd on stapole, geseah stēapne hrōf
 golde fāhne ond Grendles hond:
 “Ðisse ansȳne Al-wealdan þanc
 lungre gelimpe. Fela ic lāþes gebād,
 930 grynna æt Grendle; ā mæg God wyrcean
 wunder æfter wundre, wuldres Hyrde.
 Ðæt wæs ungēara, þæt ic ænigra mē
 wēana ne wēnde tō wīdan fēore
 bōte gebīdan, þonne blōde fāh,
 935 hūsa sēlest heoro-drēorig stōd;
 wēa wīd-scofen wītena gehwylcne,
 ðāra þe ne wēndon, þæt hīe wīde-ferhð
 lēoda land-geweorc lāpum beweredon
 *succum ond scinum. Nū scealc hafað Fol. 150^b.
 940 þurh Drihtnes miht dæd gefremede,
 ðe wē ealle ær ne meahton
 snyttrum besyrwan. Hwæt! þæt secgan mæg
 efne swā hwylc mægþa, swā ðone magan cende
 æfter gum-cynnum, gyf hēo gyt lyfað,
 945 þæt hyre eald Metod ēste wære
 bearn-gebyrdo. Nū ic, Bēowulf, þec,
 secg betsta, mē for sunu wylle
 frēogan on ferhþe; heald forð tela
 niwe sibbe. Ne bið þē [n]ænigra gād
 950 worolde wilna, þe ic geweald hæbbe.
 Ful oft ic for læssan lēan teohhode,

945. Heyne ‘eald-metod.’ See note on l. 1776.

949. MS. ‘ænigre.’

- hord-weorþunge, hnāhran rince,
 sāmran æt sæcce. þū þē self hafast
 dædum gefremed, þæt þin [dōm] lyfað
 955 āwa tō aldre. Al-walda þec
 gōde forgylde, swā hē nū gyt dyde!"
 Bēowulf maþelode, bearn Ec[g]þēowes:
 "Wē þæt ellen-weorc ēstum miclum,
 feohtan fremedon, frēcne genēðdon
 960 eafod uncūþes; ūþe ic swiþor,
 þæt ðū hine selfne gesēon mōste,
 fēond on frætewum fyl-wērigne.
 Ic hine hrædlice *heardan clammum Fol. 151^a.
 on wæl-bedde wriþan þohte,
 965 þæt hē for *mund-gripe* minum scolde
 licgean lif-bysig, būtan his lic swice;
 ic hine ne mihte, þā Metod nolde,
 ganges getwæman; nō ic him þæs georne ætfealh,
 feorh-genīðlan; wæs tō fore-mihtig
 970 fēond on fēþe. Hwæþere hē his folme forlēt
 tō lif-wraþe lāst weardian,
 earm ond eazle; nō þær ænige swā þeah
 fēa-sceaft guma frōfre gebohte;
 nō þy leng leofað lāð-getēona
 975 synnum geswenced; ac hyne sār hafast
 in *nȳd-gripe* nearwe befongen,
 balwon bendum; ðær ābīdan sceal
 maga māne fāh miclan dōmes,

954. Kemble's emendation. No gap in MS.

963. MS. 'him.'

965. MS. 'hand gripe.' Kemble's emendation is required for the sake of the alliteration.

976. MS. 'mid gripe'; Thorpe 'nīð-gripe'; Bugge 'nyd-gripe.'

- hū him scīr Metod scrīfan wille.”
 980 Ðā wæs swīgra secg sunu Ec[g]lāfes
 on gylp-spræce gūð-geweorca,
 siþðan æþelingas eorles cræfte
 ofer hēanne hrōf hand scēawedon,
 fēondes fingras, foran æghwylc;
 985 wæs steda nægla gehwylc stýle gelicost,
 hæþenes hand-sporu, *hilde-rinces Fol. 151^b.
 egl unhēoru; æghwylc gecwæð,
 þæt him heardra nān hrīnan wolde
 iren ær-gōð, þæt ðæs āhlæcan
 990 blōdge beadu-folme onberan wolde.

XV.

- Ðā wæs hāten hreþe Heort innan-weard
 folmum gefrætwod; fela þāra wæs
 wera ond wīfa, þe þæt wīn-reced,
 gest-sele, gyredon. Gold-fāg scinon
 995 web æfter wāgum, wundor-sīona fela
 secga gehwylcum, þāra þe on swylc starað.
 Wæs þæt beorhte bold tōbrocen swīðe,
 eal inne-weard iren-bendum fæst,

984—5. Suggestions too numerous to mention have been made for the emendation of these lines. Heyne adopts a fresh one with each new edition. Sievers considers the second half of l. 984 metrically deficient, and proposes:

fēondes fingras: foran æghwylc wæs
 stiðra nægla stýle gelicost.

986. MS. ‘hilde hilde rinces,’ the first *hilde* being the last word on the page, the second the first word overleaf. In such cases italics in the text seem needless. For *hand-sporu* see Sievers § 279.

- heorras tōhlidene; hrōf āna genæs
 1000 ealles ansund, þā se āglæca
 fyren-dædum fāg on flēam gewand,
 aldres orwēna. Nō þæt yðe byð
 tō beflēonne, frēme sē þe wille;
 ac gesacan sceal sāwl-berendra,
 1005 nýde genýdde, niþða bearna,
 grund-būendra, gearwe stōwe,
 þær his lic-homa leger-bedde fæst
 swefep æfter symle. þā wæs sæl ond mæl,
 þæt tō healle *gang Healfdenes sunu; Fol. 152^a.
 1010 wolde self cyning symbel þicgan.
 Ne gefrægen ic þā mægþe mārān weorode
 ymb hyra sinc-gyfan sēl gebæran.
 Bugon þā tō bence blæd-āgende,
 fylle gefægon; fægere geþægon
 1015 medo-ful manig māgas þāra,

1000. MS. 'þe.'

1002—5. These lines, as given in Holder's edition, show the principal emendations that have been suggested:

Nō þæt yðe byð
 tō beflēonne (fremme sē þe wille!),
 ac gesēcan sceal sāwl-berendra [gehwā],
 nýde genýded niþða bearna.

1013. Thorkelin A 'blæd agande,' B 'blædagande.' The MS. now has only *blæd* left, and *de* on the next line.

1014—5. Bugge proposed to put these two lines in parentheses, because of "the difficulty of finding an antecedent for *þāra*." Heyne (5th edition) and Earle adopt the suggestion. This can only be on the principle—of two difficulties choose the greater. What a master of the parenthesis-style the "scop" must have been, to keep his hearers waiting for the subject of *bugon*, past two other finite verbs with a different subject, until four lines lower down! And what is to hinder the antecedent of *þāra* being implied in *blæd-āgende*, in speaking of a court

swið-hicgende, on sele þām hēan,
 Hrōðgār ond Hrōþulf. Heorot innan wæs
 frēondum āfyllled; nalles fācen-stafas
 þēod-Scyldingas þenden fremedon.

1020 Forgeaf þā Bēowulfe bearn Healfdenes
 segen gyldenne sigores tō lēane,
 hroden hilde-cumbor, helm ond byrnan;
 mære mādþum-sweord manige ge-āwon
 beforan beorn beran. Bēowulf geþah

1025 ful on flette. Nō hē þære feoh-gyfte
 for scotenum scamigan ðorfte;
 ne gefrægn ic frēondlicor fēower mādmas
 golde gegyrede gum-manna fela
 in ealo-bence oðrum gesellan.

1030 Ymb þæs helmes hrōf hēafod-beorge
 wirum bewunden wala ūtan hēold,
 þæt him fēla *lāfe frēcne ne meahton Fol. 152^b.

where everyone was doubtless related to everyone else, as in a Scotch clan?

1020. MS. 'brand.'

1026. MS. 'scotenum'; Grein 2 'scoterum'; Wülcker 'scēotendum,' for which cf. ll. 703, 1154. Heyne quotes *oxenum*, *nefenum*, as examples of similar weak dat. pls.

1030—1. The MS. has 'heafod beorge wirum be wunden walan utan heold.' Ettmüller 'wala,' adopted by Grein. If we leave the MS. reading unaltered, there is a choice of difficulties. Either we must take *walan* as subject and *hēafod-beorge* as object, with a striking violation of grammatical concord in the verb *hēold*; or we must (with Heyne and Socin) take *hēafod-beorge* as a weak fem. noun in the nom. and *walan* as object, with considerable loss to the sense. The nom. pl. *scūr-beorge* ("Ruin" 5) also tells against the latter view, which has no support from analogy.

1032. Thorkelin 'laf' (now gone in the MS.). On account of this reading, Bugge ("Beiträge" xii. 92) supports Thorpe's emendation *meakte*, confirming it by the form *scūr-heard* in the next line, and by a reference to Sievers: "der erste halbvers ist nach den untersuchungen

- scūr-heard sceþðan, þonne scyld-freca
ongēan gramum gangan scolde.
- 1035 Heht ðā eorla hlēo eahta mēaras
fæted-hlēore on flet tēon,
in under eoderas; þāra ānum stōd
sadol searwum fāh, since gewurþad;
þæt wæs hilde-setl hēah-cyninges,
- 1040 ðonne sweorda gelāc sunu Healfdenes
efnan wolde; nǣfre on ðre lǣg
wīd-cūpes wīg, ðonne walu fēollon.
Ond ðā Bēowulfe bēga gehwæpres
eodor Ingwina onweald getēah,
- 1045 wicga ond wǣpna; hēt hine wel brūcan.
Swā manlice mǣre þēoden,
hord-weard hǣleþa, heaþo-rāesas geald
mēarum ond mǣdmum, swā hȳ nǣfre man lyhð,
sē þe secgan wile sōð æfter rihte.

XVI.

- 1050 Ðā gyt æghwylcum eorla drihten,
þāra þe mid Bēowulfe brim-lāde tēah,
on þære medu-bence mǣþðum gesealde,
yr*fe-lāfe; ond þone ænne heht Fol. 153*.
golde forgyldan, þone ðe Grendel ær
- 1055 mǣne ācwealde, swā hē hyra mā wolde,

Sievers' ("Beiträge" x. 455) metrisch unrichtig." It is a curious commentary on this last reason, that Sievers himself quotes the line, with the form *lāfe*, among the examples of his type A ("Beit." x. 273).

1051. MS. 'leade.'

- nefne him witig God wyrd forstōde,
 ond ðæs mannes mōd. Metod eallum wēold
 gumena cynnes, swā hē nū git dēð;
 forþan bið andgit æghwær sēlest,
 1060 ferhōes fore-þanc. Fela sceal gebīdan
 lēofes ond lāþes, sē þe longe hēr
 on ðyssum win-dagum worolde brūceð.
 þær wæs sang ond swēg samod ætgædere
 fore Healfdenes hilde-wīsan,
 1065 gomen-wudu grēted, gid oft wrecen,
 ðonne heal-gamen Hrōþgāres scop
 æfter medo-bence mænan scolde:
 “Finnes eaferum, ðā hīe se fær begeat,
 hæleð Healf-Dena, Hnæf Scyldinga,
 1070 in Frēs-wæle feallan scolde.
 Ne hūru Hildeburh herian þorfte
 Eotena trēowe; unsynnum wearð

1068—9. There are one or two difficulties here. (1) Heyne, followed by Earle, makes the episode begin with l. 1069. I agree with Wülcker and Bugge in regarding l. 1068 as the commencement, partly because this helps to get rid of the difficulty of (2) the government of *eaferum*. Kemble '[be] Finnes eaferum'; Heyne and Socin 'Finnes eaferum [fram].' I follow Grein in regarding *eaferum* as an instr. pl., with reference to *feallan scolde*. (3) Bugge ("Beiträge" xii. 29) has shown that the emendation *Healfdenes* for *Healf-Dena* is misleading, the latter being a tribal name, such as we find in ll. 1, 116, 383, 392. (4) I cannot follow Bugge, when he goes on to explain *hæleð* as acc. pl., anticipated by *hīe* in the previous line. This is to force *hīe* from its natural and obvious meaning, as referring to *eaferum*. He quotes as a parallel the *hit* of l. 1705; but the cases are not analogous, in that *hit* cannot possibly refer to anything gone before. I therefore take *hæleð*, with Heyne and Earle, as nom. sing., *Hnæf Scyldinga* being a parallel expression to *hæleð Healf-Dena*.

1070. MS. 'infr es wæle': "*r* altered from some other letter, after it a letter erased, then *es* on an erasure: that *fres* is all that the scribe intended to write, is shown by a line connecting *r* and *e*."—Zupitza.

- beloren lēofum æt þām *lind*-plegan,
 bearnum ond brōðrum; hie on gebyrd hruron
 1075 gāre *wunde; þæt wæs gēomuru ides. Fol. 153^b.
 Nalles hōlinga Hōces dohtor
 meotod-sceaft bemearn, syþðan morgen cōm,
 ðā hēo under swegle gesēon meahthe
 morþor-bealo māga, þær hē[o] ær mæste hēold
 1080 worolde wynne. Wig ealle fornam
 Finnes þegnas, nemne fēaum ānum,
 þæt hē ne mehte on þām meðel-stede
 wig Hengeste wiht gefeohtan,
 ne þā wēa-lāfe wīge forþringan
 1085 þēodnes ðegne; ac hig him geþingo budon,
 þæt hie him ððer flet eal gerýmdon,
 healle ond hēah-setl, þæt hie healfre geweald
 wið Eotena bearn āgan mōston,
 ond æt feoh-gyftum Folcwaldan sunu
 1090 dōgra gehwylce Dene weorþode,
 Hengestes hēap hringum wenede,
 efne swā swiðe sinc-gestrēonum
 fættan goldes, swā hē Frēsenas cyn
 on bēor-sele byldan wolde.
 1095 Ðā hie getrūwedon on twā healfa
 fæste frioðu-wære; Fin Hengeste
 elne unflitme āðum *benemde, Fol. 154^a.
 þæt hē þā wēa-lāfe weotena dōme
 ārum hēolde, þæt ðær ænig mon
 1100 wordum ne worcum wære ne bræce,
 ne þurh inwit-searo æfre gemænden,
 ðēah hie hira bēag-gyfan banan folgedon

1073. MS. 'hild'; emended for the alliteration,

1079. MS. 'he.'

- ðeoden-lēase, þā him swā geþearfod wæs;
 gyf þonne Frýsna hwylc frēcnan spræce
 1105 ðæs morþor-hetes myndgiend wære,
 þonne hit sweordes ecg syððan scolde.
 Að wæs geæfned, ond icge gold
 āhæfen of horde. Here-Scyldinga
 betst beado-rinca wæs on bæl gearu;
 1110 æt þæm āde wæs ēp-gesýne
 swāt-fāh syrce, swýn eal-gylden,
 eofer iren-heard, æþeling manig
 wundum āwyrded; sume on wæle crungon.
 Hæt ðā Hildeburh æt Hnæfes āde
 1115 hire selfre sunu sweoloðe befæstan,
 bān-fatu bærnan ond on bæl dōn;
 earme on eaxle ides gnornode,
 gēomrode giddum. Gūð-rinc āstāh.
 Wand *tō wolcnum wæl-fýra mæst, Fol. 154^b.
 1120 hlynode for hlāwe; hafelan multon,
 ben-geato burston; ðonne blōd ætspranc
 lāð-bite lices. Līg ealle forswealg,
 gæsta gīfrost, þāra ðe þær gūð fornam
 bēga folces; wæs hira blæd scacen.

XVII.

- 1125 Gewiton him ðā wīgend wīca nēosian
 frēondum befeallen, Frýsland gesēon,

1104. Zupitza's transliteration 'frecnen spræce'; Wülcker 'frec-nenspræce.'

1118. Grundtvig 'gūð-rēc' (but he read *riuc* for *rinc* in the MS.). Skeat supports this reading by l. 3144, and *Elene* 795: "rēc āstīgan," and compares *gūð-rēc* with the compound *wæl-fýr* in the next line.

- hāmas ond hēa-burh. Hengest ðā gyt
 wæl-fāgne winter wunode mid Finn
 el[ne] unflitme; eard gemunde,
 1130 þeah þe hē [ne] meahte on mere drīfan
 hringed-stefnan; holm storme wēol,
 won wið winde; winter yþe belēac
 is-gebinde, oþ ðæt oþer cōm
 gēar in geardas, swā nū gyt dēð,
 1135 þā ðe syngales sēle bewitiað,
 wuldor-torhtan weder. Ðā wæs winter scacen,
 fāger foldan bearm; fundode wrecca,
 gist of geardum; hē tō gyren-wræce
 swiðor *þōhte, þonne tō sǣ-lāde, Fol. 155^a.
 1140 gif hē torn-gemōt þurhtēon mihte,
 þæt hē Eotena bearn inne gemunde.
 Swā hē ne forwyrnde worold-rædenne,
 þonne him Hūnlāfing hilde-lēoman,
 billa sēlest, on bearm dyde;

1128—9. MS. 'mid finnel unhlitme'; Heyne 'mid Finne [ealles] unhlitme (=unitedly)'; Rieger suggested the emendation in the text from l. 1097, and has been followed by Grein and Wülcker.

1130. Grundtvig's emendation; Grein read *ne* in place of *hē*. Cf. l. 648.

1142—4. In this difficult passage I have preserved the MS. reading. In l. 1143, it has 'hun lafing,' which Zupitza transliterates 'hun-lafing.' We constantly find proper names divided into two parts in the MS., e.g. 'hroð gar,' l. 339; 'hun lafing,' therefore, may stand equally well for *Hunlafing* or for *Hun Lafing*. There is much in this whole episode which is still obscure and uncertain, and until more light is thrown upon it, I adhere to the MS. and to Grein's explanation of the text. While accepting generally Möller's reconstruction of the Finn saga (for which see his "Das altenglische Volksepos"), I cannot adopt his emendation *worod-rædenne*, which is accepted by Bugge (who, however, assigns to it a signification different from Möller's), Heyne and Socin, and Earle. For one thing, the form *worod* is unknown to O.E. poetry. With regard to this

- 1145 þæs wæron mid Eotenum ecge cūðe.
 Swylce ferhð-frecan Fin eft begeat
 sweord-bealo slīðen æt his selfes hām,
 siþðan grimne gripe Gūðlāf ond Ōslāf
 æfter sǣ-sīðe sorge mǣndon,
- 1150 ætwiton wēana dæl; ne meahte wǣfre mōð
 forhabban in hreþre. Ðā wæs heal hroden
 fēonda fēorum, swilce Fin slægen,
 cyning on corþre, ond sēo cwēn numen.
 Scēotend Scyldinga tō scypon feredon
- 1155 eal in-gesteald eorð-cyninges,
 swylce hīe æt Finnes hām findan meahton
 sigla, searo-gimma. Hīe on sǣ-lāde
 drihtlice wif tō Denum feredon,
 læddon *tō lēodum." Lēoð wæs āsungen, Fol. 155^b.
- 1160 glēo-mannes gyd. Gamen eft āstāh,
 beorhtode benc-swēg; byrelas sealdon
 wīn of wunder-fatum. þā cwōm Wealhþeo forð
 gān under gyldnum bēage, þær þā gōdan twēgen
 sæton suhter-gefæderan; þā gyt wæs hiera sib
 ætgædere,
- 1165 æghwylc oðrum trýwe. Swylce þær Unferþ þyle

particular emendation and to the whole of Bugge's ingenious argumentation (for which see "Beiträge" xii. 32—37)—wherein he surmises that *Hūn* is identical with the *Hūn* of "Widsith" 33, and that *Lāfing* is the name of a sword which *Hūn* laid upon Hengest's breast when the latter, the better to compass his revenge, "did not refuse to declare himself Finn's liegeman" (an interpretation which involves a material departure from Möller's reconstruction of the saga)—my opinion of all this is simply "not proven." And if not proven, it is much more complicated than Grein's explanation, and not a whit more consistent, as I think, with the accepted reconstructions of the whole saga.

1151. Bugge 'roden' (=reddened).

1165. MS. 'hun ferþ.'

- æt fōtum sæt frēan Scyldinga; gehwylc hiora his
ferhþe trēowde,
þæt hē hæfde mōd micel, þēah þe hē his mægum
nære
ār-fæst æt ecga gelācum. Spræc ðā ides Scyldinga:
“Onfōh þissum fulle, frēo-drihten mīn,
1170 sinces brytta; þū on sǣlum wes,
gold-wine gumena, ond tō Gēatum spræc
mildum wordum, swā sceal man dōn.
Bēo wið Gēatas glæd, geofena gemyndig;
nēan ond feorran þū nū [freoðo] hafast.
1175 Mē man sægde, þæt *þū ðē for sunu wolde Fol. 156.
here-ri[n]c habban. Heorot is gefælsod,
bēah-sele beorhta; brūc þenden þū mōte
manigra mēda, ond þinum mægum lāf
folc ond rīce, þonne ðū forð scyle
1180 metod-sceaft sēon. Ic mīnne can
glædne Hrōþulf, þæt hē þā geogoðe wile
ārum healdan, gyf þū ær þonne hē,
wine Scildinga, worold oflættest;
wēne ic, þæt hē mid gōde gyldan wille
1185 uncran eaferan, gif hē þæt eal gemon,
hwæt wit tō willan ond tō worð-myndum
umbor-wesendum ær ārna gefremedon.”
Hwearf þā bī bence, þær hyre byre wæron,
Hrēðric ond Hrōðmund, ond hæleþa bearn,
1190 giogoð ætgædere; þær se gōða sæt,
Bēowulf Gēata, be þæm gebrōðrum twæm.

1171. MS. ‘spræc.’

1174. No gap in MS. Ettmüller ‘[friðu],’ which I have spelt as in l. 188.

1176. MS. ‘here ric.’

1178. MS. defective at edge; AB ‘medo.’

XVIII.

- Him wæs ful boren, ond frēond-laþu
wordum bewægned, ond wunden gold
ēstum geēawed, earm-[h]rēade twā,
1195 hrægl ond hrin*gas, heals-bēaga mæst, Fol. 156^b.
þāra þe ic on foldan gefrægen hæbbe.
Nænigne ic under swegle sēlran hýrde
hord-mādmum hæleþa, syþðan Hāma ætwæg
tō þære byrhtan byrig Brōsinga mene,
1200 sigle ond sinc-fæt; searo-nīðas flēah
Eormenrices, gecēas ēcne rēd.
þone hring hæfde Higelāc Gēata,
nefa Swertinges, nýhstan siðe,
siððan hē under segne sinc ealgode,
1205 wæl-rēaf werede; hyne wyrd fornam,

1194. MS. 'earm reade'; Grein 'earm-[h]rēade.'

1199. MS. 'here'; Ettmüller 'þære.'

1200. MS. 'fealh'; Leo, Grundtvig, Cosijn, Bugge 'flēah.' Bugge's argument is conclusive ("Beiträge" xii. 69 ff.). *Fēolan* never governs an accus., as *flēon* does. "*Flēah* is confirmed by the fact, that according to the saga Hama in reality 'fled from the enmity of Eormenric'."

1201. Bugge says: "Ich verstehe *gecēas ēcne rēd* so: 'er wurde ein frommer mann, so dass er, als er starb, zur seligkeit eingieng'." The cloister, to which Hama retired after he had fled from Eormenric, he thinks is referred to in *þære byrhtan byrig* (l. 1199), for the Thidrekssaga says that Heime (Hama) brought much gold and silver to the cloister. See "Beiträge" xii. 70, 71. Cf. also ll. 1759—60.

1205. Wülcker 'Wyrd,' with a capital *W*, here and in l. 477, but nowhere else, not even in l. 2814 (cf. with l. 477). Heyne uses a capital initial in ll. 455, 477, 2420, 2526, 2574, 2814, but not in this line. Neither of these editors ever uses a capital initial for the names of the Christian Deity.

- syþðan hē for wlenco wēan āhsode,
 fæhðe tō Frýsum. Hē þā frætwe wæg,
 eorclan-stānas, ofer yða ful,
 rice þēoden; hē under rande gecranc.
 1210 Gehwearf þā in Francna fæpm feorh cyninges,
 brēost-gewāedu ond se bēah somod;
 wyrsan wīg-frecan wæl rēafedon
 æfter gūð-sceare; Gēata lēode
 hrēa-wic hēoldon. Heal swēge onfēng.
 1215 Wealhðeo maþelode, hēo fore þāem werede spræc:
 "Bruc ðisses bēages, Bēowulf lēofa,
 hyse, mid hæle, *ond þisses hrægles nēot, Fol. 157.
 þeo[d]-gestrēona, ond geþēoh tela;
 cen þec mid cræfte, ond þyssum cnyhtum wes
 1220 lāra liðe; ic þē þæs lēan geman.
 , Hafast þū gefēred, þæt ðē feor ond nēah
 ealne wīde-ferhþ weras ehtigað,
 efne swā sīde swā sǣ bebūgeð
 windge [e]ard-weallas. Wes, þenden þū lifige,
 1225 æþeling ēadig; ic þē an tela
 sinc-gestrēona. Bēo þū suna mīnum
 dǣdum gedēfe, drēam healdende.
 Hēr is æghwylc eorl oþrum getrywe,
 mōdes milde, man-drihtne hol[d];
 1230 þegnas syndon geþwære, þēod eal gearo.

1212. MS. 'reafeden.'

1218. MS. 'þeo ge streona.'

1224. MS. 'wind geard weallas'; Ettmüller 'windige weallas,' cf. l. 572. The emendation in the text is Kemble's.

1225. Wülcker puts a comma after *æþeling*, making it a vocative. It seems to me that such breaks in the half-line are to be avoided wherever possible. Cf. ll. 130, 2188, 2342.

1229. MS. 'hol.'

- Druncne dryht-guman, dōð swā ic bidde.”
 Eode þā tō setle. þær wæs symbla cyst,
 druncon wīn weras; wyrd ne cūpon,
 gēo-sceaft grimme, swā hit āgangen wearð
 1235 eorla manegum. Syððan æfen cwōm,
 ond him Hrōþgār gewāt tō hofe sīnum,
 rice tō ræste, reced weardode
 unrīm eorla, swā hīe oft ær dydon.
 Benc-þelu beredon; hit geond-brāded wearð
 1240 beddum ond bolstrum. Bēor-scealca sum
 fūs ond fæge flet-ræste ge*^bēag. Fol. 157^b.
 Setton him tō hēafdon hilde-randas,
 bord-wudu beorhtan; þær on bence wæs
 ofer æþelinge yþ-gesēne
 1245 heaþo-stēapa helm, hringed byrne,
 þrec-wudu þrymlic. Wæs þēaw hyra,
 þæt hīe oft wæron an wīg gearwe
 ge æt hām ge on herge, ge gehwæper þāra
 efne swylce mæla, swylce hira man-dryhtne
 1250 þearf gesælde; wæs sēo þeod tilu.

XIX.

Sigon þā tō slæpe. Sum sære angeald
 æfen-ræste, swā him ful oft gelamp,
 siððan gold-sele Grendel warode,

1234. MS. 'grimne'; Ettmüller 'grimme.'

1247. MS. 'anwig gearwe'; Ettmüller (adopted by Grein) 'ānwīg-gearwe,' *ready for single combat*.

1253. Zupitza: "warode MS. as well as AB; the parchment under *wa* is rather thin, and besides there is a blot on the two letters." Hence the word has several times been misread *farode*.

- unriht æfnde, oþ þæt ende becwōm,
 1255 swylt æfter synnum. þæt gesýne wearþ,
 wīd-cūþ werum, þætte wrecend þā gyt
 lifde æfter lāpum, lange þrāge
 æfter gūð-ceare; Grendles mōdor,
 ides, āglāc-wīf, yrmþe gemunde,
 1260 sē þe wāter-egesan wunian scolde,
 cealde strēamas, siþðan Cain wearð
 tō ecg-banan āngan brēþer,
 fæderen-mæge; hē þā fāg gewāt,
 morþre gemearcod, *man-drēam flēon, Fol. 158.
 1265 wēsten warode. þanon wōc fela
 gēo-sceaft-gāsta; wæs þæra Grendel sum,
 heoro-wearh hetelic, sē æt Heorote fand
 wæccendne wer wīges bīdan.
 þær him āglāca ætgrāpe wearð;
 1270 hwæpre hē gemunde mægenes strenges,
 gim-fæste gife, ðe him God sealde,
 ond him tō Anwaldan āre gelyfde,
 frōfre ond fultum; ðy hē þone fēond oferewōm,
 gehnægde helle gāst. þā hē hēan gewāt,
 1275 drēame bedæled, dēaþ-wīc sēon,
 man-cynnes fēond. Ond his mōdor þā gyt
 gifre ond gālg-mōd gegān wolde
 sorh-fulne sīð, suna *dēað* wrecan;
 cōm þā tō Heorote, ðær Hring-Dene
 1280 geond þæt sæld swæfun. þā ðær sōna wearð
 ed-hwyrft eorlum, siþðan inne fealh

1261. MS. 'camp.'

1271. Thorpe, Grein, Sweet 'gin-fæste.' For the change of *n* to *m* before labials, cf. *hlīm-bed*, l. 3034, and see Sievers, § 187, N.

1278. MS. 'sunu þeod.' Ettmüller's emendation.

- Grendles mōdor. Wæs se gryre lāssa
 efne swā micle, swā bið mægþa cræft,
 wig-gryre wifes, be wæpned-men,
 1285 þonne heoru bunden, hamere geþuren,
 sweord swāte fāh, swin ofer helme
 ecgum *dyhtig andweard scireð. Fol. 158^b.
 Ðā wæs on healle heard-ecg togen
 sweord ofer setlum, sīd-rand manig
 1290 hafen handa fæst; helm ne gemunde,
 byrnan sīde, þā hine se brōga angeat.
 Hēo wæs on ofste, wolde ūt þanon
 fēore beorgan, þā hēo onfunden wæs;
 hraðe hēo æþelinga ānne hæfde
 1295 fæste befangen; þā hēo tō fenne gang.
 Sē wæs Hrōþgāre hæleþa lēofost
 on gesiðes hād be sām twēonum,
 rice rand-wiga, þone ðe hēo on ræste ābrēat,
 blæd-fæstne beorn. Næs Bēowulf ðær,
 1300 ac wæs oþer in ær geteohhod
 æfter mǣþðum-gife mærum Gēate.
 Hrēam wearð in Heorote; hēo under heolfre genam
 cūþe folme; cearu wæs geniwod,
 geworden in wīcun. Ne wæs þæt gewrixle til,
 1305 þæt hīe on bā healfa bicgan scoldon
 frēonda fēorum. þā wæs frōd cyning,
 hār hilde-rinc, on hrēon *mōde, Fol. 159^a.
 syðþan hē aldor-þegn unlyfigendne,
 þone dēorestan dēadne wisse.
 1310 Hraþe wæs tō būre Bēowulf fetod,
 sigor-ēadig secg; samod ær-dæge

1291. Heyne, Sweet, and others emend 'þe hine,' *whom*. This is ingenious, but not absolutely necessary.

- atol æse wlane eft-siðas tēah,
 fylle gefrægnod. Hēo þā fæhðe wræc,
 þe þū gystran niht Grendel cwealdest
 1335 þurh hæstne hād heardum clammum,
 forþan hē tō lange lēode mīne
 wanode ond wyrde. Hē æt wīge gecrang
 ealdres scyldig, ond nū oþer cwōm
 mihtig mǣn-scaða, wolde hyre mæg wrecan,
 1340 ge feor hafað fæhðe gestæled,
 þæs þe þincean mæg þegne monegum,
 sē þe æfter sinc-gyfan on sefan grēoteþ,
 hreþer-bealo hearde; nū sēo hand ligeð,
 sē þe ēow wel-hwylcra wilna dohte.
 1345 Ic þæt lond-būend, lēode mīne,
 sele-rædende, secgan hȳrde,
 þæt hīe gesāwon swylce twēgen
 micle mearc-stapan mōras healdan,
 ellor-gæstas; ðæra oðer wæs,
 1350 þæs þe hīe gewislicost gewitan meahton,
 idese onlicnes; oðer earm-sceapen
 on weres wæstmum wræc-lāstas *træd, Fol. 160.
 næfne hē wæs mǣra þonne ænig man oðer,
 þone on geār-dagum Grendel nemdon
 1355 fold-būende; nō hīe fæder cunnon,
 hwæþer him ænig wæs ær ācenned
 dȳrnra gāsta. Hīe dȳgel lond
 warigeað, wulf-hleoþu, windige næssas,
 frēcne fen-gelād, ðær fyrgen-strēam
 1360 under næssa genipu niþer gewiteð,

1344. Sweet 'sēo þe'; but cf. ll. 1887, 2685.

1351. MS. 'onlic næs'; Zupitza 'onlic-næs'; Sweet 'onlic, wæs.'

1354. MS. defective at edge; AB 'nemdod'; Zupitza 'nemdo[n].'

- flōd under foldan. Nis þæt feor heonon
 mīl-gæmearces, þæt se mere standeð,
 ofer þæm hongiað hrīmge bearwas,
 wudu wyrtum fæst, wæter oferhelmað.
- 1365 þær mæg nihta gehwæm nīð-wundor sēon,
 fyr on flōde. Nō þæs frōd leofað
 gumena bearna, þæt þone grund wite.
 Ðeah þe hæð-stapa hundum geswenced,
 heorot hornum trum, holt-wudu sēce,
- 1370 feorran geflȳmed, ær hē feorh seleð,
 aldor on ðfre, ær hē in wille
 hafelan [hȳdan]. Nis þæt hēoru stōw;
 þonon ȳð-geblond ūp āstigēð
 won tō wolcnum, þonne wind styrep
- 1375 lāð gewidru, oð ðæt lyft drysmaþ,
 roderas rēotað. Nū is se ræd gelang
 eft æt *þē ānum. Eard git ne const, Fol. 160^b.
 frēcne stōwe, ðær þū findan miht
 fela-sinnigne secg; sēc gif þū dyrre.
- 1380 Ic þē þā fæhðe fēo lēanige,
 eald-gestrēonum, swā ic ær dyde,
 wundnum golde, gyf þū on weg cymest."

1362. MS. 'standeð.'

1363. MS. 'hrinde.' The emendation is based on the discovery by Dr Morris of the phrase *hrīmige bearwas* in the Blickling Homilies (see the Preface vi, vii).

1372. No gap in MS. Thorpe's emendation.

1382. MS. 'wun' at end of line, 'dini' or 'dmi' on next line, "certainly not *dum*"; A 'dmi'; B 'dini'; Zupitza 'dini.'

XXI.

- Bēowulf maþelode, bearn Ecgþēowes:
 "Ne sorga, snotor guma; sēlre bið æghwām,
 1385 þæt hē his frēond wrece, þonne hē fela murne.
 Ūre æghwylc sceal ende gebīdan
 worolde lifes; wyrce sē þe mōte
 dōmes ær dēaþe; þæt bið driht-guman
 unlifgendum æfter sēlest.
- 1390 Āris, rīces weard; uton hraþe fēran,
 Grendles māgan gang scēawigan.
 Ic hit þē gehāte: nō hē on helm losaþ,
 ne on foldan fæþm, ne on fyrgen-holt,
 ne on gyfenes grund, gā þær hē wille.
- 1395 Ðys dōgor þū geþyld hafa
 wēana gehwylces, swā ic þē wēne tō."
 Āhlēop ðā se gomela, Gode þancode,
 mihtigan Drihtne, þæs se man ge*spræc. Fol. 161^a.
 þā wæs Hrōðgāre hors gebæted,
- 1400 wicg wunden-feax; wisa fengel
 geatolic geu[g]de; gum-fēpa stōp
 lind-hæbbendra. Lāstas wæron
 æfter wald-swaþum wide gesýne,
 gang ofer grundas; gegnum fōr
- 1405 ofer myrcan mōr, mago-þegna bær

1390. Sweet 'raþe,' for the sake of the alliteration; but see Sievers § 217, N. 1.

1395. Heyne 'ðys dōgor,' accus. of duration; but the form *ðys* lacks authority, and see Sievers § 289, and "Beiträge" x. 312.

1401. MS. 'gende.'

1404. Heyne adopts the emendation of Sievers, who considers the line metrically deficient: '[þær hēo] gegnum fōr.'

- þone sēlestan sāwol-lēasne,
 þāra þe mid Hrōðgāre hām eahtode.
 Oferēode þā æþelinga bearn
 stēap stān-hliðo, stige nearwe,
 1410 enge ān-paðas, uncūð gelād,
 nēowle næssas, nicor-hūsa fela;
 hē fēara sum beforan gengde
 wīra monna' wong scēawian,
 oþ þæt hē færinga fyr-gen-bēamas
 1415 ofer hārne stān hleonian funde,
 wyn-lēasne wudu; wæter under stōd
 drēorig ond gedrēfed. Denum eallum wæs,
 winum Scyldinga, weorce on mōde
 tō geþolianne, ðegne monegum,
 1420 oncȳð eorla gehwām, syðþan Æscheres
 on þām holm-clife hafelan mētton.
 Flōd blōde wēol (folc tō sǣgon),
 *hātan heolfre. Horn stundum song *Fol. 161^b.*
 fūslīc f[lyrd]-lēoð. Fēpa eal gesæt;
 1425 gesāwon ðā æfter wætere wyrin-cynnes fela,
 sellice sǣ-dracan, sund cunnian,
 swylce on næs-hleoðum nicras licgean,
 ðā on undern-mæl oft bewitigað
 sorh-fulne sið on segl-rāde,
 1430 wyrmas ond wil-dēor; hīe on weg hruron
 bitere ond gebolgne, bearhtm ongēaton,
 gūð-horn galan. Sumne Gēata lēod
 of flān-bogan fēores getwǣfde,
 yð gewinnes, þæt him on aldre stōd
 1435 here-stræl hearda; hē on holme wæs

1424. MS. defective at edge; B 'f...'; Zupitza 'f[lyrd]-,' adopting the emendation of Bouterwek (1859).

- sundes þē sǣnra, ðē hyne swylt fornam.
 Hræpe wearð on yðum mid eofer-sprēotum
 heoro-hōcyhtum hearde genearwod,
 niða genǣged ond on næs togen,
 1440 wundorlic wæg-bora; weras scēawedon
 gryreligne gist. Gyrede hine Bēowulf
 eorl-gewædum, nalles for ealdre mearn;
 scolde here-byrne hondum gebrōden,
 sīd ond searo-fāh, sund cunnian,
 1445 sēo ðe bān-cofan beorgan cūpe,
 þæt him hilde-grāp hrepre ne mihte,
 eorres inwit-feng aldre gesceþðan;
 ac se hwita helm *hafelan werede, Fol. 162*.
 sē þe mere-grundas mengan scolde,
 1450 sēcan sund-gebland since geweorðad,
 befangen frēa-wrāsum, swā hine fyrn-dagum
 worhte wæpna smið, wundrum tēode,
 besette swin-licum, þæt hine syððan nō
 brond ne beado-mēcas bītan ne meahton.
 1455 Næs þæt þonne mǣtost mægen-fultuma,
 þæt him on ðearfe lāh ðyle Hrōðgāres;
 wæs þām hæft-mēce Hrunting nama;
 þæt wæs ān foran eald-gestrēona;
 ecg wæs iren, āter-tānum fāh,
 1460 āhyrded heaþo-swāte; nǣfre hit æt hilde ne swāc
 manna ængum, þāra þe hit mid mundum bewand,
 sē ðe gryre-siðas gegān dorste,
 folc-stede fāra; næs þæt forma sið,

1439. Sweet 'ge[h]nǣged.' But see l. 2206, where Toller (after Grein) wrongly gives the MS. reading as *gehnægdan*.

1459. Heyne and Socin adopt Cosijn's emendation, *āter-tēarum*, "with poison drops," which is supported by Sievers.

- þæt hit ellen-weorc æfnan scolde.
 1465 Hūru ne gemunde mago Ecglāfes
 eafopes cræftig, þæt hē ær gespræc
 wine druncen, þā hē þæs wæpnas onlāh
 sēlran sweord-frecan; selfa ne dorste
 under yða gewin aldre genēþan,
 1470 driht-scype drēogan; þær hē dōme forlēas,
 ellen-^{*}mærðum. Ne wæs þæm oðrum swā, Fol. 162^b.
 syðþan hē hine tō gūðe gegyred hæfde.

XXII.

- Bēowulf mapelode, bearn Ecgbēowes:
 "Geþenc nū, se mæra maga Healfdenes,
 1475 snottra fengel, nū ic eom siðes fūs,
 gold-wine gumena, hwæt wit gēo spræcon
 gif ic æt þearfe þinre scolde
 aldre linnan, þæt ðū mē ā wære
 forð gewitenum on fæder stæle.
 1480 Wes þū mund-bora minum mago-þegnum,
 hond-gesellum, gif mec hild nime;
 swylce þū ðā mādmas, þe þū mē sealdest,
 Hrōðgār lēofa, Higelāce onsend.
 Mæg þonne on þæm golde ongitan Gēata dryhten,
 1485 gesēon sunu Hrēð¹les, þonne hē on þæt sinc starað,
 þæt ic gum-cystum gōdne funde
 bēaga bryttan, brēac þonne mōste.

1471. AB 'mærdam'; Thorpe 'mærðum'; Zupitza 'mærðum': "*um* at the end of the word is still distinct, and before *um* I think I see a considerable part of *rð*."

1480. Heyne divides this line wrongly, after *minum*.

1485. MS. 'hrædles.'

- Ond þū Unferð læt ealde lāfe,
 wrætlic wæg-sweord, wīd-cūðne man
 1490 heard-ecg habban; ic mē mid Hruntinge
 dōm gewyrce, *oþðe mec dēað nimeð." Fol. 163.
 Æfter þæm wordum Weder-Gēata lēod
 efste mid elne, nalas ondsware
 bīdan wolde; brim-wylm onfēng
 1495 hilde-rince. Ðā wæs hwīl dæges,
 ær hē þone grund-wong ongytan mehte.
 Sōna þæt onfunde, sē ðe flōða begong
 heoro-gīfre behēold hund missera,
 grim ond grædig, þæt þær gumena sum
 1500 æl-wihta eard ufan cunnode.
 Grāp þā tōgēanes, gūð-rinc gefēng
 atolan clommum; nō þȳ ær in gescōd
 hālan līce; hring ūtan ymbbearh,
 þæt hēo þone fyrd-hom ðurhfōn ne mihte,
 1505 locene leoðo-syrcan, lāþan fingrum.
 Bær þā sēo brim-wyl[f], þā hēo tō botme cōm,
 hringa þengel tō hofe sīnum,
 swā hē ne mihte nō (hē þeah mōdig wæs)
 wāpna gewealdan; ac hine wundra þæs fela
 1510 swe[n]cte on sunde, sǣ-dēor monig
 hilde-tuxum here-syrcan bræc,
 ehton āglæcan. Ðā se eorl ongeat,

1488. MS. 'hunferð.'

1506. MS. 'brim wyl.'

1508. MS. 'þæm'; Grundtvig (adopted by Heyne) 'þæs'; Grein 'þeah.' Grein's emendation makes admirable sense. I would retain the MS. reading in preference to *þæs*, which Heyne supports by parallel passages. It is undeniable that *þæs* is common enough with the meaning "so" (see l. 1509); but what can be feebler than to be told, half way through the poem, that Beowulf is brave enough to wield his weapons?

1510. MS. 'swecte.'

- þæt hē [in] nīð-sele nāt-hwylcum wæs,
 þær him nānig wæter wihte ne sceþede,
 1515 ne him for hrōf-sele hrīnan ne mehte
 fæer-gripe flōdes; *fȳr-lēoht geseah, Fol. 163^b.
 blācne lēoman beorhte scīnan.
 Ongeat þā se gōda grund-wyrgegne,
 mere-wīf mihtig; mægen-ræs forgeaf
 1520 hilde-bille, hond swenge ne oftēah,
 þæt hire on hafelan hring-mæl āgōl
 grædig gūð-lēoð. Ðā se gist onfand,
 þæt se beado-lēoma bitan nolde,
 aldre sceþðan, ac sēo ecg geswāc
 1525 ðeodne æt þearfe; ðolode ær fela
 hond-gemōta, helm oft gescær,
 fæges fyrd-hrægl; ðā wæs forma sīð
 dēorum mādme, þæt his dōm ālæg.
 Eft wæs ān-ræd, nalas elnes læt,
 1530 mæroða gemyndig, mæg Hy[ge]lāces.
 Wearp ðā wunden-mæl wrættum gebunden
 yrre oretta, þæt hit on eorðan læg,
 stið ond stȳl-ecg; strenge getrūwode,
 mund-gripe mægenes. Swā sceal man dōn,
 1535 þonne hē æt gūðe gegān þenceð
 longsumne lof, nā ymb his lif cearað.
 Gefēng þā be eaxe (nalas for fæhðe mearn)

1513. Thorpe '[in].' Grein (followed by Heyne) 'nīð-sele,' *aula in profundis*; Sweet 'nīð-sele,' *hostile hall*. The line is of the same type as 482, and a long syllable is required for the scansion (see "Beiträge" x. 297).

1520. MS. 'hord swenge'; Sweet 'swenge hond,' without explanation.

1530. MS. 'hylaces.'

1531. MS. 'wundel mæl.'

1537. Sweet adopts Rieger's emendation 'feaxe,' apparently for the sake of the alliteration—a wanton change, for *gefēng* alliterates normally with *fæhðe*.

- Gūð-Gēata lēod Grendles mōdor,
 brægd þā beadwe heard, þā hē gebolgen wæs,
 1540 feorh-genīðlan, þæt hēo on flet gebēah.
 Hēo him eft hraðe hand-lēan forgeald
 grim*man grāpum, ond him tōgēanes fēng; Fol.
 oferwearp þā wērig-mōd wigena strengest, 164a.
 fēpe-cempa, þæt hē on fylle wearð.
 1545 Ofsæt þā þone sele-gyst, ond hyre seax getēah
 brād, brūn-ecg, wolde hire bearn wrecan,
 āngan eaferan. Him on eaxle læg
 brēost-net brōden; þæt gebearh fēore,
 wið ord ond wið ecge ingang forstōd.
 1550 Hæfde ðā forsiðod sunu Ecgþēowes
 under gynne grund, Gēata cempa,
 nemne him heaðo-byrne helpe gefremede,
 here-net hearde, ond hālig God
 gewēold wīg-sigor, wītig Drihten,
 1555 rodera Rædend hit on ryht gescēd
 yðelice; syþðan hē eft āstōd.

1541. Heyne and Sweet (who however glosses *hand-lēan* alone) adopt Rieger's emendation *and-lēan*, alliterating with *eft*. So, in l. 2094, Heyne reads *ond-lēan* for *hond-lēan*, "mit Rücksicht auf die Allitteration." On the other hand, it is unfortunate that the alliteration is *not* decisive in the case of either line. Moreover, the phrase *and-lēan forgielðan*, "to repay reward," is distinctly over-redundant, containing as it does the *re-* notion in both *and-* and *for-*, as well as in the word *lēan* itself (here, also, in *eft* in the first half-line). Cf. ll. 114, 1584. Thus no case is made out for setting aside the clear readings of the MS.

1545. MS. 'seaxe'; Ettmüller (followed by Sweet) 'seax.' *Getēon* always takes an accus.; cf. l. 2610 and *brād, brūn-ecg*, 1546.

1546. Heyne 'brād [ond] brūn-ecg,' on metrical and syntactical grounds.

1555. Wülcker has a colon after *gescēd* and no stop after *yðelice*.

XXIII.

- Geseah ðā on searwum sige-ēadig bil,
 eald sweord eotenisc, ecgum þyhtig,
 wigena weorð-mynd; þæt [wæs] wāpna cyst,
 1560 būton hit wæs mære ðonne ænig mon oðer
 tō beadu-lāce ætberan meahte,
 gōd ond geatolic, gīganta geweorc.
 Hē gefēng þā fetel-hilt, freca Scyldinga
 hrēoh ond heoro-grim hring-mæl gebrægd,
 1565 aldres orwēna yrringa *slōh, Fol. 164^b.
 þæt hire wið halse heard grāpode,
 bān-hringas bræc; bil eal ðurhwōd
 fægne flāesc-homan; hēo on flet gecrong.
 Sweord wæs swātig; secg weorce gefeh.
 1570 Lixte se lēoma, lēoht inne stōd,
 efne swā of hefene hādre scīneð
 rodores candel. Hē æfter recede wlāt,
 hwearf þā be wealle; wāpen hafenade
 heard be hiltum Higelāces ðegn
 1575 yrre ond ān-ræd. Næs sēo ecg fracod
 hilde-rince, ac hē hraþe wolde
 Grendle forgyldan gūð-rāsa fela,
 ðāra þe hē geworhte tō West-Denum
 oftor micle ðonne on ænne sið,
 1580 þonne hē Hrōðgāres heorð-genēatas
 slōh on sweofote, slāpende fræt
 folces Denigea fýf-týne men,
 ond oðer swylc ūt offerede,
 lāðlicu lāc. Hē him þæs lēan forgeald,

1559. Kemble's emendation.

- 1585 rēpe cempa, tō ðæs þe hē on ræste geseah
 gūð-wērigne Grendel licgan,
 aldor-lēasne, swā him ær gescōd
 hild æt Heorote. Hrā wide sprong,
 syþðan hē æfter dēaþe drepe þrōwade,
 1590 heoro-sweg heardne; ond hine þā hēafde becearf.
 Sōna þæt gesāwon snottre *ceorlas, Fol. 165^a.
 þā ðe mid Hrōðgāre on holm wliton,
 þæt wæs yð-geblond eal gemenged,
 brim blōde fāh. Blonden-feaxe
 1595 gomele ymb gōdne on geador spræcon,
 þæt hig þæs æðelinges eft ne wēndon,
 þæt hē sige-hrēðig sēcean cōme
 mārne þēoden, þā ðæs monige gewearð,
 þæt hine sēo brim-wylf ābroten hæfde.
 1600 Ðā cōm nōn dæges; næs ofgēafon
 hwate Scyldingas; gewāt him hām þonon
 gold-wine gumena. Gistas sētan
 mōdes sēoce, ond on mere staredon;
 wiston ond ne wēndon, þæt hīe heora wine-drihten
 1605 selfne gesāwon. Ðā þæt sweord ongan
 æfter heaþo-swāte hilde-gicelum,
 wīg-bil wanian; þæt wæs wundra sum,
 þæt hit eal gemealt ise gelicost,

1599. MS. 'abreoten.'

1602. MS. 'secan.'

1604. Kemble 'wiscton'; Sweet 'wȳscton'; Cosijn (followed by Heyne and Socin) 'wiston' = wiscton, *wished*. This last hypothesis lacks authority. Probably it is merely a case of the blending of two constructions; *wiston*, "knew," would require *ne gesāwon*; *ne wēndon*, "did not expect," requires *gesāwon* only; the latter construction prevails. It is possible, however, that *ne* has dropped out after the *-ne* of *selfne*; in that case the meaning would be: "they knew, and did not merely expect, that they should not see their lord himself again."

- ðonne forstes bend Fæder onlæteð,
 1610 onwindeð wæl-rāpas, sē gewæld hafað
 sǣla ond mǣla; þæt is sōð Metod.
 Ne nōm hē in þæm wicum, Weder-Gēata lēod,
 mǣðm-ǣhta mǣ, þēh hē þær monige geseah,
 būton þone hafelan ond þā hilt somod,
 1615 since fāge; sweord ær gemealt,
 forbarn brōden mæl; wæs þæt blōd *tō þæs Fol.
 hāt, 165^b.
 ættren ellor-gæst, sē þær inne swealt.
 Sōna wæs on sunde, sē þe ær æt sæcce gebād
 wig-hryre wrāðra, wæter ūp þurhdēaf;
 1620 wæron yð-gebland eal gefælsod,
 ēacne eardas, þā se ellor-gāst
 oflēt lif-dagas ond þās lāenan gesceaft.
 Cōm þā tō lande lid-manna helm
 swið-mōd swymman, sǣ-lāce gefeah,
 1625 mægen-byrþenne þāra þe hē him mid hæfde.
 Eodon him þā tōgēanes, Gode þancodon,
 ðryðlic þegna hēap, þēodnes gefēgon,
 þæs þe hī hyne gesundne gesēon mōston.

1610. Sweet adopts Kemble's emendation, *wæg-rāpas*. Heyne has *wæl-rāpas*, and in his glossary: "cf. wæll, wel, wyl, *Quelle*, *Flut*;—leax sceal on wæle mid scēote scrīðan, *Gnom. Cott.* 39." Sweet gives the same passage, in his "A.S. Reader" xxviii. 39, marked *wæle*, and there is no doubt he is right (more's the pity he departs from the MS. reading here). Heyne identifies *wæl* with *well*, "a well" (more common as a weak noun). It is clear that he has confounded two words. In the Wright-Wülcker *Glossaries* we find: "*Fons*, well, 178. 8; *Gurges*, wæl, 178. 13." The vowel of the latter word is long, as shown by the common Lancashire *weel*, noted by Somner in 1659, and still in use; so also in all the cognate languages, e.g. in modern Plattdeutsch *Weel*, and Heyne himself, in the glossary to his *Kleinere and. Denkmäler* (1867) has: "uuāl (A.S. wæl, *gurges*), *Abgrund*."

- Ðā wæs of þāem hrōran helm ond byrne
 1630 lungre ālȳsed. Lagu drūsade,
 wæter under wolcnum, wæl-drēore fāg.
 Fērdon forð þonon fēpe-lāstum
 ferhþum fægne, fold-weg mæton,
 cūpe stræte, cyning-balde men;
 1635 from þāem holm-clife hafelan bæron
 earfoðlice heora æghwæþrum
 fela-mōdigra; fēower scoldon
 on þāem wæl-stenge weorcum geferian
 tō þāem gold-sele Grendles hēafod,
 1640 oþ ðæt *semninga tō sele cōmon Fol. 166*.
 frome, fyrd-hwate, fēower-tȳne
 Gēata gongan; gum-dryhten mid,
 mōdig on gemonge, meodo-wongas træd.
 Ðā cōm in gān ealdor ðegna,
 1645 dæd-cēne mon dōme gewurþad,
 hæle hilde-dēor, Hrōðgār grētan.
 þā wæs be feaxe on flet boren
 Grendles hēafod, þær guman druncon,
 egeslic for eorlum ond þære idese mid;
 1650 wlite-sēon wrætlic weras onsāwon.

XXIV.

- Bēowulf mapelode, bearn Ecgpēowes:
 “Hwæt! wē þē þās sǣ-lāc, sunu Healfdenes,
 lēod Scyldinga, lustum brōhton
 tīres tō tǣcne, þe þū hēr tō lōcast.
 1655 Ic þæt unsōfte ealdre gedigde,
 wigge under wætere weorc genēþde
 earfoðlice; ætrihte wæs

- gūð getwæfed, nymðe mec God scylde.
 Ne meahte ic æt hilde mid Hruntinge
 1660 wiht gewyrcean, þēah þæt wāpen duge;
 ac mē geūðe ylða Waldend,
 þæt ic on wāge geseah wlitig *hangian Fol. 166^b.
 eald sweord ēacen (oftost wisode
 winigea lēasum), þæt ic ðȳ wāpne gebræd.
 1665 Ofslōh ðā æt þære sæcce, þā mē sāl āgeald,
 hūses hyrdas. þā þæt hilde-bil
 forbarn, brogden mæl, swā þæt blōd gesprang,
 hātost heaþo-swāta. Ic þæt hilt þanan
 fēondum ætferede, fyren-dæda wræc,
 1670 dēað-cwealm Denigea, swā hit gedēfe wæs.
 Ic hit þē þonne gehāte, þæt þū on Heorote mōst
 sorh-lēas swefan mid þīnra secga gedryht,
 ond þegna gehwylc þīnra lēoda,
 duguðe ond iogoþe; þæt þū him ondrædan ne þearft,
 1675 þēoden Scyldinga, on þā healfe
 aldor-bealu eorlum, swā þū ær dydest."
 Ðā wæs gylden hilt gamelum rince,
 hārum hild-fruman, on hand gyfen,
 enta ær-geweorc; hit on æht gehwearf,
 1680 æfter dēofla hryre, Denigea frēan,
 wundor-smiþa geweorc; ond þā þās worold ofgeaf
 grom-heort guma, Godes ondsaca,
 morðres scyldig, ond his mōdor ēac,
 on geweald gehwearf worold-cyninga
 1685 ðæm sēlestan be *sæm twēonum, Fol. 167^a.

1681. Müllenhoff and Bugge reject *ond* as superfluous. It is certainly very unusual at the beginning of a sentence which is only a parallel expansion of what precedes.

- ðāra þe on Sceden-igge sceattas dældo.
 Hrōðgār maðelode, hylt scēawode,
 ealde lāfe, on ðæm wæs or writen
 fyrn-gewinnes, syðþan flōd ofslōh,
 1690 gifen gēotende, gīganta cyn;
 frēcne gefērdon; þæt wæs fremde þēod
 ēcean Dryhtne; him þæs ende-lēan
 þurh wāteres wylm Waldend sealde.
 Swā wæs on ðæm scennum sciran goldes
 1695 þurh rūn-stafas rihte gemearcod,
 geseted ond gesæd, hwām þæt sweord geworht,
 irena cyst, ærest wære,
 wreopen-hilt ond wyrn-fāh. Ðā se wisa spræc
 sunu Healfdenes; swigedon ealle:
 1700 "þæt, lā! mæg secgan, sē þe sōð ond riht
 fremed on folce, feor eal gemon,
 eald eðel-weard, þæt ðes eorl wære
 geboren betera. Blæd is āræred
 geond wīd-wegas, wine mīn Bēowulf,
 1705 ðīn ofer þēoda gehwylce. Eal þū hit geþyldum
 healdest,
 mægen mid mōdes snyttrum. Ic þē sceal mīne
 gelæstan
 freoðe, swā wit furðum spræcon; ðū scealt tō
 frōfre weorþan
 eal lang-twīdig lēodum þīnum,
 *hæleðum tō helpe. Ne wearð Heremōd swā Fol.
167^b.

1686. MS. 'scedenigge,' in one word.

1702. Bugge suggests 'þæt ðe eorl nære.'

1707. Wülcker and Heyne 'frēode,' taking that to be the reading of the MS. Zupitza: "I think the MS. has *freoðe*, not *freode*; although the left half of the cross stroke in *ð* has entirely faded, yet the place where it was is discernible, and the right half of it is left."

- 1710 eaforum Ecgwelan, Ār-Scyldingum;
 ne gewēox hē him tō willan, ac tō wæl-fealle
 ond tō dēað-cwalum Deniga lēodum;
 brēat bolgen-mōd bēod-genēatas,
 eaxl-gesteallan, oþ þæt hē āna hwearf,
- 1715 mære þēoden, mon-drēamum from.
 Ðēah þe hine mihtig God mægenes wynnum,
 eafeþum, stēpte ofer ealle men,
 forð gefremede, hwæþere him on ferhþe grēow
 brēost-hord blōd-rēow; nallas bēagas geaf
- 1720 Denum æfter dōme; drēam-lēas gebād,
 þæt hē þæs gewinnes weorc þrōwade,
 lēod-bealo longsum. Ðū þē lār be þon,
 gum-cyste ongit; ic þis gid be þē
 āwræc wintrum frōd. Wundor is tō secganne,
- 1725 hū mihtig God manna cynne
 þurh sīdne sefan snyttru bryttað,
 eard ond eorl-scipe; hē āh ealra geweald.
 Hwīlum hē on lufan lāteð hworfan
 monnes mōd-geþonc mæran cynnes,
- 1730 seleð him on ēþle eorþan wyne,
 tō healdanne hlēo-burh wera,
 *gedēð him swā gewældene worolde dāelas, Fol. 168^a.
 sīde rīce, þæt hē his selfa ne mæg
 his unsnyttrum ende geþencean.
- 1735 Wunað hē on wiste; nō hine wiht dweleð
 ādl ne ylðo, ne him inwit-sorh
 on sefa[n] sweorceð, ne gesaču ðhwær,

1784. Wülcker and Heyne 'for his unsnyttrum,' in the belief that *for* has been lost at the defective edge of the MS. Zupitza's autotypes lend no support to this hypothesis. Cf. *Elene* 947.

1737. MS. defective at edge: Zupitza 'sefa[n].'

ecg-hete, ēoweð, ac him eal worold
wendeð on willan. Hē þæt wyrse ne con,

XXV.

- 1740 oð þæt him on innan ofer-hygda dæl
weaxeð ond wrīðað, þonne se weard swefeð,
sāwele hyrde; bið se slæp tō fæst,
bisgum gebunden, bona swiðe nēah,
sē þe of flān-bogan fyrenum scēoteð.
- 1745 þonne bið on hreþre under helm drepn
biteran stræle; him bebeorgan ne con
wōm wundor-bebodum wergan gāstes;
þinceð him tō lýtēl, þæt hē lange hēold;
gýtσαð grom-hýdig, nallas on gylp seleð
- 1750 fætte bēagas, ond hē þā forð-gesceaft
forgyteð ond forgýmeð, þæs þe him ær God sealde,
wuldres *Waldend, weorð-mynda dæl. Fol. 168^b.
Hit on ende-stæf eft gelimpeð,
þæt se líc-homa lāene gedreoseð,

Grein 'ne gesaca (*adversary*) ðhwær ecg-hete ēoweð (*shows*).¹ On the whole I prefer to abide by the MS. reading, although examples are wanting of *ēowan* used intransitively, as its compound *oðēowan* frequently is.

1739. The MS. has a stop after *con*, the usual space with the number XXV, and then a large capital O. But it seems impossible to begin a fresh sentence with *oð þæt* "until," as Earle does. Grein makes the break in the middle of l. 1739, Heyne after l. 1744.

1747. Heyne 'wom'; cf. ll. 1758 and 3073. But *wōm* (Sievers § 295, N. 1) scans better and makes better sense. *Bebeorgan* takes *acc. rei* in 1758; but that passage alone is insufficient to settle its usual construction, and no other instance of its occurrence is known.

1748. Zupitza: "to imperfectly erased between *he* and *lange*." It is inserted in the text of all the editions.

1750. MS. 'fædde.'

- 1755 fæge gefealleð; fēhð oþer tō,
 sē þe unmunlice mādmas dæleþ,
 eorles ær-gestrēon, egesan ne gȳmeð.
 Bebeorh þē ðone bealo-nið, Bēowulf lēofa,
 secg betsta, ond þē þæt sēltre gecēos,
 1760 ēce rēdas; oferhȳda ne gȳm,
 mære cempa. Nū is þīnes mægnes blæd
 āne hwile; eft sōna bið,
 þæt þec ādl oððe ecg eafopes getwæfeð,
 oððe fȳres feng, oððe flōdes wylm,
 1765 oððe gripe mēces, oððe gāres fliht,
 oððe atol ylðo; oððe ēagena bearhtm
 forsited and forsworced; semninga bið,
 þæt ðec, dryht-guma, dēað oferswȳðeð.
 Swā ic Hring-Dena hund missera
 1770 wēold under wolcnum, ond hig wigge belēac
 manigum mægþa geond þysne middan-geard
 æscum ond ecgum, þæt ic mē ænigne
 under swegles begong gesacan ne tealde.
 Hwæt! mē þæs on ēple edwenden cwōm,
 1775 gyrn æfter gomene, seopðan Grendel wearð,
 eald gewinna, ingenga mīn;
 *ic þære sōcne singales wæg Fol. 169^a.
 mōd-ceare micle. þæs sig Metode þanc,
 ēcean Dryhtne, þæs ðe ic on aldre gebād,
 1780 þæt ic on þone hafelan heoro-drēorigne
 ofer eald gewin ēagum starige.

1757. Grein 'ēgesan' (*owner*).

1774. MS. 'ed wendan.' Cf. ll. 280, 2188.

1776. Most editors 'eald-gewinna.' I have avoided such compounds, except where clearly indicated by the absence of inflection in the adj. Cf. ll. 873, 945, 1781 (where no editor makes a compound of *eald gewin*), with 853, 1381, 2778.

- wæron æþelingas eft tō lēodum
 1805 fūse tō farenne; wolde feor þanon
 cuma collen-ferhð cēoles nēosan.
 Heht þā se hearda Hrunting beran
 sunu Ecglāfes, heht his sweord niman,
 lēoflic iren; sægde him þæs lānes þanc,
 1810 cwæð, hē þone gūð-wine gōdne tealde,
 wīg-cræftigne; nales wordum lōg
 mēces ecge. þæt wæs mōdig secg.
 Ond þā sið-frome, searwum gearwe,
 wīgend wæron, ēode weorð Denum
 1815 æþeling tō yppan, þær se oþer wæs,
 hæle hilde-dēor Hrōðgār grētte.

XXVI.

- Bēowulf mapelode, bearn Ecgþēowes:
 “Nū wē sǣ-liðend secgan wyllað
 feorran-cumene, þæt wē fundiaþ
 1820 Higelāc sēcan; wæron hēr tela
 willum bewenede; þū ūs wel dohtest.

pose two lacunæ instead of one. To avoid this, I have interchanged *sunne* and *scacan* in Heyne's reading; of the consequent separation of adj. and noun there are frequent examples in the poem (cf. l. 255).

1805. MS. 'farene ne.' [In reality, *far* is now gone; but there is no doubt, from Thorkelin's transcript, what the MS. reading was. In all such cases, in order to avoid needless detail, I give the indubitable reading as that of the extant MS.]

1809. MS. 'leanes'; Müllenhoff 'lānes.' It is possible that the passage means that Unferth gave his sword to Beowulf. Grein takes this view, for he glosses *sunu* (1808) as nom.; and so apparently do Heyne and Socin (though they gloss *sunu* as accus.). But *se hearda* applies to Beowulf much better than to Unferth; cf. ll. 401, 1963.

1816. MS. 'helle.'

- Gif ic þonne on eorþan ðwihte mæg
 þinre mōd-lufan māran tilian,
 gumena dryhten, ðonne ic gyt dyde,
 1825 gūð-geweorca ic bēo gearo sōna.
 Gif ic þæt ge*frige ofer flōða begang, Fol. 170^a.
 þæt þec ymb-sittend egesan þȳwað,
 swā þec hetende hwilum dydon,
 ic ðē þūsenda þegna bringe
 1830 hæleþa tō helpe. Ic on Higelāce wāt,
 Gēata dryhten, þēah ðe hē geong sȳ,
 folces hyrde, þæt hē mec fremman wile
 wordum ond weorcum, þæt ic þē wel herige,
 ond þē tō gēoce gār-holt bere,
 1835 mægenes fultum, þær ðē bið manna þearf.
 Gif him þonne Hrēpric tō hofum Gēata
 geþingeð, þēodnes bearn, hē mæg þær fela
 frēonda findan; feor-cȳþðe bēoð
 sēlran gesōhte, þām þe him selfa dēah.”
 1840 Hrōðgār maþelode him on ondsware:
 “ þē þā word-cwydas wittig Drihten
 on sefan sende; ne hȳrde ic snotorlicor
 on swā geongum fēore guman þingian;
 þū eart mægenes strang ond on mōde frōd,
 1845 wīs word-cwida. Wēn ic talige,
 gif þæt gegangeð, þæt ðe gār nymeð,
 hild heoru-grimme, Hrēples eaferan,
 ādl oþðe iren ealdor ðinne,
 folces hyrde, ond þū þin feorh hafast,

1833. MS. 'weordum 7 worcum,' probably a slip of the scribe.

1836. MS. 'hreþrinc.' Cf. l. 1189.

1837. MS. 'geþinged.'

1841. MS. 'wigtig.'

- 1850 þæt þē *Sā-Gēatas sēlran næbben Fol. 170^b.
 tō gecēosenne cyning ænigne,
 hord-weard hælepa, gyf þū healdan wylt
 māga rice. Mē þīn mōd-sefa
 licað leng swā wel, lēofa Bēowulf.
- 1855 Hafast þū gefēred, þæt þām folcum sceal,
 Gēata lēodum ond Gār-Denum,
 sib gemæne, ond sacu restan,
 inwit-nīpas, þe hīe ær drugon;
 wesan, þenden ic wealde wīdan rīces,
- 1860 mǣpmas gemæne; manig oþerne
 gōdum gegrēttan ofer ganotes bæð;
 sceall hring-naca ofer hēaþu bringan
 lāc ond luf-tācen. Ic þā lēode wāt
 ge wið fēond ge wið frēond fæste geworhte,
- 1865 æghwæs untæle ealde wisan."
 Ðā git him eorla hlēo inne gesealde,
 mago Healfdenes, mǣpmas twelfe,

1854. Bugge and Heyne 5: 'leng swā sēl' (*the longer the better*)—a tempting emendation. But if one finds gross anomalies in accident in the "Beowulf," why should one look for a flawless syntax?

1857. MS. 'ge mænnum.'

1862. Kluge 'heafu'; cf. l. 2477. Sievers supports this emendation on metrical grounds ("Beit." x. 245). A certain amount of deference is to be paid to metrical conclusions, but they should hardly suffice of themselves to set aside an otherwise unexceptionable MS. reading. But Sievers also calls *hēaþu* "unverständlich" ("Beit." x. 235). None the less the evidence of its existence and meaning is not contemptible. The compound *hēaþo-licend* occurs in ll. 1798 and 2955 (in the latter case parallel to *sā-mannum*), and in "Andreas" 426; *hēaþo-sigel* in "Riddles" 72. 16. Sievers makes the first syllable short in "Beowulf" 1798 and 2955 ("Beit." x. 300); if this means that he regards *heaþu*, "war," as the first part of these compounds, his supposition goes far towards making the four above-cited passages "unverständlich."

1867. MS. '·xii·'.

hēt [h]ine mid þāem lācum lēode swāese
sēcean on gesyntum, snūde eft cuman.

1870 Gecyste þā cyning æþelum gōð,
þeoden Scyldinga, ðegn betstan,
ond be healse genam; hruron him tēaras
blonden-feaxum. Him wæs bēga wēn,
ealdum, in-^{*}frōdum, oþres swiðor, Fol. 171^a.

1875 þæt h[i]e seoððan gesēon mōston,
mōdige on meple. Wæs him se man tō þon lēof,
þæt hē þone brēost-wylm forberan ne mehte,
ac him on hreþre hyge-bendum fæst
æfter dēorum men dyrne langað

1880 bearn wið blōde. Him Bēowulf þanan,
gūð-rinc gold-wlanc, græs-moldan træd
since hrēmig; sǣ-genga bād
āge[n]d-frēan, sē þe on ancre rād.
þā wæs on gange gifu Hrōðgāres

1885 oft geæhted. þæt wæs ān cyning
æghwæs orleahtre, oþ þæt hine ylðo benam
mægenes wynnum, sē þe oft manegum scōd.

1868. MS. 'inne.'

1875. MS. 'he.'

1879—80. MS. 'beorn'; Grein 'bearn.' Heyne takes *dyrne langað* *beorn* to mean "the hero secretly longeth" (he makes *beorn* nom., whereas *langian* is an impers. verb and takes an accus. of the person). Thorpe and Grein render: "a secret longing burnt." Neither rendering is free from objection. *Beorn* is an unexampled form of the pret. of *beornan* (Sievers § 386, N. 2). But on the other hand, I can find no example of *dyrne* used as an adv.; *fæst* agrees with *langað* much better than with *beorn*, even if the latter could be nom.; the rare occurrence of a pres. tense amid a succession of preterites: these considerations seem decisive against Heyne's interpretation.

1883. MS. 'agedfren.'

1885. A colon is usually placed after *geæhted*, and Earle remarks that

XXVII.

- Cwōm þā tō flōde fela mōdigra
 hæg-stealdra; hring-net bæron,
 1890 locene leoðo-syrcan. Land-weard onfand
 eft-sið eorla, swā hē ær dyde;
 nō hē mid hearme of hliðes nosan
 *gæs[tas] grētte, ac him tōgēanes rād, Fol. 171^b.
 cwæð þæt wilcuman Wedera lēodum
 1895 scaþan scīr-hame tō scipe fōron.
 þā wæs on sande sǣ-gēap naca
 hladen here-wædum, hringed-stefna
 mēarum ond mǣðmum; mæst hlifade
 ofer Hrōðgāres hord-gestrēonum.
 1900 Hē þæm bāt-wearde bunden golde
 swurd gesealde, þæt hē syðþan wæs
 on meodu-bence mǣpmē þȳ weorþra,
 yrfe-lāfe. Gewāt him on nacan
 drēfan dēop wæter, Dena land ofgeaf.

what follows is "the gist of their talk as they went." I take it to be a reflection of the scop. How could the Geats say: "until old age deprived him, &c.?"

1888—9. Wülcker and Heyne 'fela-mōdigra/hæg-stealdra [hēap]'; cf. l. 1637.

1893. MS. defective at corner. A 'gæs' (followed by a blank space); Grundtvig 'gæs[tas].'

1895. MS. defective at edge. A 'scawan' (so Heyne); B 'scaþan' (so Zupitza and Wülcker). The first syllable *sca-* is still perfectly distinct; but the second syllable is missing at the beginning of the next line. The word *sawa* is not found elsewhere; *scaþan* occurs with the same meaning as here in l. 1803.

1902. MS. 'mǣpma þȳ weorþre,' which Thorpe emended.

1903. Grein '[ȳð]-nacan,' for the alliteration; Rieger 'naca' (nom.), *on* being then an adv. and capable of alliterating.

- 1905 þā wæs be mæste mere-hrægla sum,
 segl sǣle fæst; sund-wudu þunede;
 nō þær wæg-flotan wind ofer yðum
 siðes getwæfde; sǣ-genga fōr,
 flēat fāmig-heals forð ofer yðe,
- 1910 bunden-stefna ofer brim-strēamas,
 þæt hīe Gēata clifu ongitan meahton,
 cūpe næssas; cēol ūp geþrang
 lyft-geswenced, on lande stōd.
 Hraþe wæs æt *holme hýð-weard gearu, Fol. 172^a.
- 1915 sē þe ær lange tid lēofra manna
 fūs æt faroðe feor wlātode;
 sǣlde tō sande sið-fæþme scip
 oncer-bendum fæst, þý læs hym ýþa ðrym
 wudu wynsuman forwrecan meahte.
- 1920 Hēt þā ūp beran æþelinga gestrēon,
 frætwe ond fæt-gold; næs him feor þanon
 tō gesēcenne since bryttan,
 Higelāc Hrēþling, þær æt hām wunað
 selfa mid gesiðum sǣ-wealle nēah.
- 1925 Bold wæs betlic, brego rōf cyning,
 hēa healle, Hygd swiðe geong,
 wīs, wel þungen, þēah ðe wintra lýt
 under burh-locan gebiden hæbbe
 Hæreþes dohtor; næs hīo hnāh swā þēah,
- 1930 ne tō gnēað gifa Gēata lēodum,
 mǣþm-gestrēona. Mōd Ðryðo wæg,

1914. MS. 'geara.'

1918. MS. 'oncear bendum.'

1923. Wülcker 'wunade.' Sievers regards this and the next line as *oratio recta*. But cf. the present tenses in ll. 1814, 1928.

1925. Grundtvig 'brego-rōf' (so Heyne).

- fremu folces cwēn, firen ondrysne;
 nænig þæt dorste dēor genēþan
 swæsra gesiða, nefne sīn frēa,
 1935 þæt hire an dæges ēagum starede;
 ac him wæl-bende *weotode tealde Fol. 172^b.
 hand-gewriþene; hraþe seoþðan wæs
 æfter mund-gripe mēce geþinged,
 þæt hit scēaden-mæl scýran mōste,
 1940 cwealm-bealu cýðan. Ne bið swylc cwēnlic þēaw
 idese tō efnanne, þēah ðe hīo ænlicu sý,
 þætte freoðu-webbe fēores onsæce
 æfter lige-torne lēofne mannan.
 Hūru þæt onhōhsnod[e] Hemminges mæg.
 1945 Ealo-drincende oðer sædan,
 þæt hīo lēod-bealewa lās gefremede,
 inwit-nīða, syððan ærest wearð
 gyfen gold-hroden geongum ceman,
 æðelum diore, syððan hīo Offan flet
 1950 ofer fealone flōd be fæder lāre

1932. Suchier 'firen-ondrysne.' We have elision of final *e* before a vowel in ll. 388 and 442. But perhaps the true explanation of the forms *frofor* in l. 698 and *firen* here will be found in Sievers § 251, N.

1934. Heyne 'sin-frea.' Zupitza transliterates 'sinfrea'—presumably a misprint for 'sin-frea'; cf. *sin-nihte*, l. 161, etc. There is a distinct space between the *n* and *f* in the MS.

1935. Zupitza 'an-dæges,' apparently supporting Leo's *ān-dæges*, "the whole day." Suchier 'andæges' = *andæges*, "eye to eye."

1939. A most difficult line. Bugge 'scēaden mæl' (so Suchier and Zupitza). Suchier translates ("Beit." iv. 500 ff.): "damit die Klinge offenbaren möchte, es sei entschieden"; Bugge: "nachdem die Sache entschieden war," both making *scēaden* qualify *hit*. Sievers ("Beit." x. 813) supports the reading in the text. Heyne 'sceaðen-mæl scýran,' *hostile sword decide*. The second hand in the MS. begins with *mōste*.

1942. Rieger 'onsēce' (so Suchier).

1944. MS. 'on hohsnod hem ninges.' See "Beiträge" x. 501.

- siðe gesōhte; ðær hīo syððan well
 in gum-stōle, gōde mære,
 lif-gesceafta lifigende brēac,
 hīold hēah-lufan wið hæleþa brego,
 1955 ealles mon-cynnes, mīne gefræge,
 þone sēlestan bī sām twēonum,
 eormen-cynnes. Forðam Offa *wæs, Fol. 173*.
 geofum ond gūðum gār-cēne man,
 wīde geweorðod; wīsdōme hēold
 1960 ēðel sinne. þonon Eōmār wōc
 hæleðum tō helpe, Hem[m]inges mæg,
 nefa Gārmundes, nīða cræftig.

XXVIII.

- Gewāt him ðā se hearda mid his hond-scole
 sylf æfter sande sǣ-wong tredan,
 1965 wīde waroðas; woruld-candel scān,
 sigel sūðan fūs; hī sið drugon,
 elne geēodon, tō ðæs þe eorla hlēo,
 bonan Ongenþēoes burgum in innan,
 geongne gūð-cyning gōdne gefrūnon
 1970 hringas dǣlan. Higelāce wæs
 sið Bēowulfes snūde gecyðed,
 þæt ðær on worðig wigendra hlēo,
 lind-gestealla, lifigende cwōm,
 heaðo-lāces hāl tō hofe gongan.
 1975 Hraðe wæs gerymed, swa se rīca bebēad,
 fēðe-gestum flet innan-weard.
 Gesæt þā wið sylfne, sē ðā sæcce genæs,

1956. MS. 'þæs.'

1960. MS. 'geomor'; Bachlechner 'Eōmār'; Grein 'Eōmor.'

- mæg wið mæge, *syððan man-dryhten Fol. 173^b.
 þurh hlēoðor-cwyde holdne gegrētte
 1980 meaglum wordum. Meodu-scencum hwearf
 geond þæt heal-reced Hæreðes dohtor,
 lufode ðā lēode, lið-wæge bær
 hælum tō handa. Higelāc ongan
 sinne geseldan in sele þām hēan
 1985 fægre fricgcean, hyne fyrwet bræc,
 hwylce Sæ-Gēata siðas wæron:
 “Hū lomp ēow on lāde, lēofa Bīowulf,
 þā ðū færinga feorr gehogodest
 sæcce sēcean ofer sealt wæter,
 1990 hilde tō Hiorote? Ac ðū Hrōðgāre
 wið-cūðne wēan wihte gebēttest,
 mærum ðeodne? Ic ðæs mōd-ceare
 sorh-wylmum sēað, siðe ne trūwode
 lēofes mannes. Ic ðē lange bæd,
 1995 þæt ðū þone wæl-gæst wihte ne grētte,
 lēte Sūð-Dene sylfe geweorðan
 gūðe wið Grendel. Gode ic þanc secge,
 þæs ðe ic ðē gesundne gesēon mōste.”
 Bīowulf maðelode, bearn Ecgðioes:
 2000*“þæt is undyrne, dryhten Higelāc, Fol. 174^a.

1981. MS. ‘þæt^{ad} reced.’ Zupitza: “*side added over the line in the same hand I think, but with another ink.*” Kemble: ‘heal-reced.’

1983. MS. ‘hæ nū.’ Zupitza: “between *æ* and *n* a letter (I think *ð*) erased.” Grein ‘hælum.’ Bugge defends ‘Hænum’ (so Heyne and Socin), which he regards as a contracted form meaning “dwellers on the heath” (of Jutland). But the fact that he identifies the “Gēatas” with the Jutes inevitably discounts his opinion.

1985. Wülcker ‘(hyne fyrwet bræc)’; but ll. 232, 2784, show that these words have an interrogative force, and are therefore a true parallel to what precedes.

1991. MS. ‘wið’; Thorpe ‘wid-.’

- [mære] gemeting, monegum fira,
 hwylic [orleg-]hwil uncer Grendles
 wearð on ðam wange, þær hē worna fela
 Sige-Scyldingum sorge gefremede,
 2005 yrmðe tō aldre; ic ðæt eall gewræc,
 swā [ne] gylpan þearf Grendles māga
 [ænig] ofer eorðan ūht-hlem þone,
 sē þe lengest leofað lāðan cynnes
 f[enne] bifongen. Ic ðær furðum cwōm
 2010 tō ðam hring-sele Hrōðgār grētan;
 sōna mē se mæra mago Healfdenes,
 syððan hē mōd-sefan minne cūðe,
 wið his sylfes sunu setl getæhte.
 Weorod wæs on wyne; ne seah ic wīðan feorh
 2015 under heofones hwealf heal-sittendra
 medu-drēam māran. Hwīlum mæru cwēn,
 friðu-sibb folca, flet eall geond-hwearf,
 bædde byre geonge; oft hīo bēah-wriðan
 secge *[sealde], ær hīo tō setle gēong. Fol. 174^b.
 2020 Hwīlum for [d]uguðe dohtor Hrōðgāres
 eorlum on ende ealu-wæge bær,
 þā ic Frēaware flet-sittende

2001. MS. defective at corner, and in l. 2002. Grein '[mære].'

2002. Thorpe '[orleg-].'

2006. MS. defective at edge, and in ll. 2007, 2009. Grein 'begylpan [ne].' In favour of this reading, A has 'swabe,' B 'swal,' and I can find no other instance of *gielpān* with an accus.; against it, *begielpān* is found in no other edited text, and it supposes an omission where there is no gap in the MS.

2007. Kemble '[ænig].'

2009. A 'fæ' and a blank; B 'fer..'; Kemble 'fær-bifongen' (so Wülcker); Grundtvig 'fenne bifongen' (so Heyne).

2019. MS. defective at corner. MS. 'hie.'

2020. MS. defective at edge, and in ll. 2023, 2024, 2026.

- nemnan hȳrde, þær hīo [næ]gled sinc
 hæleðum sealde. Sīo gehāten [is],
 2025 geong, gold-hroden, gladum suna Frōdan;
 [h]afað þæs geworden wine Scyldinga,
 rīces hȳrde, ond þæt ræd talað,
 þæt hē mid ðȳ wife wæl-fæhða dæl,
 sæcca, gesette. Oft, [nō] seldan, hwær
 2030 æfter lēod-hryre lȳtle hwile
 bon-gār būgeð, þeah sēo brȳd duge.
 Mæg þæs þonne ofþyncan ðeoden Heaðobeardna
 ond þegna gehwām þāra lēoda,
 þonne hē mid fæmnan on flett gæð,
 2035 dryht-bearn Dena duguða biwenede;

2023. Grein's emendation.

2029. Heyne's emendation; cf. l. 3019, and Ps. lxxiv. 4. *Oft* ends a line in the MS., which is defective at the beginning of the next line, the *s* of *seldan* being gone. "I do not think there was before *seldan* room enough for *no*."—Zupitza. Kölbing and Wülcker think there was.

2032. Kemble 'ðeodne.' In his favour, *ofþyncan* always takes a dat. pers., and *ðeoden* is not a defensible dat. form; against, *ðeoden* is the clear reading of the MS., and he would be a bold man who should correct all its grammatical anomalies.

2035. This is the MS. reading of this difficult line. Grein emended *bī werede*, "among the company," making *dryht-bearn* explanatory of *hē* in the previous line. But it is natural to take *hē*, as Heyne does, to refer to the *ðeoden* of l. 2032. He retains the MS. reading and renders: "[while] a noble scion of the Danes attended upon the knights." It is much more satisfactory to assume the omission of the conjunction *þæt* at the beginning of l. 2035, correlative with *þæs* in 2032, to take *duguða* as nom. to *biwenede*, and to regard this as one of the frequent instances in O.E. poetry of a plural subject with a singular verb in a subordinate clause. Cf. ll. 2164, 1051, 2130, 2251, &c. The gain to the sense is immense: "It displeased the prince of the Heathobards, [that] his doughty warriors should attend on a noble scion of the Danes." For the omission of *þæt* cf. l. 801, and see the note on l. 2206, a parallel passage; the explanation there suggested applies with equal force here, where *þonne* (2032) is correlative with *þonne* (2034).

on him gladiað gomelra lāfe
heard ond hring-mæl, Heaðobear[d]na gestrēon,
þenden hie ðām wæpnum wealdan mōston,

[XXIX.]

- oð ðæt hie forlæddan tō ðām lind-plegan
2040 swāse gesiðas ond hyra sylfra feorh.
þonne cwið æt bēore, sē ðe bēah *gesyhð, Fol. 175.
eald æsc-wiga, sē ðe call gem[an],
gār-cwealm gumena (him bið grim sefa),
onginneð gēomor-mōd geong[um] cempan
2045 þurh hreðra gehygd higes cunnian,
wīg-bealu weccēan, ond þæt word ācwyð:
'Meaht ðū, mīn wine, mēce gecnāwan,
þone þīn fæder tō gefeohte bær
under here-grīman hindeman siðe,
2050 dýre īren, þær hyne Dene slōgon,
wēoldon wæl-stōwe, syððan Wiðergyld læg,
æfter hæleþa hryre, hwate Scyldungas?
Nū hēr þāra banena byre nāt-hwylces
frætsum hrēmig on flet gæð,
2055 morðres gylpe[ð], ond þone mādþum byreð,
þone þe ðū mid rihte rædan sceoldest.'
Manað swā ond myndgað mæla gehwylce

2037. MS. 'heaða bearna.'

2039. The MS. has a large capital O at the beginning of this line, such as one finds elsewhere only at the beginning of a new fit. (Cf. l. 1740.) But the number xxix is wanting, and the next break is at l. 2144, where the number is xxxi. Wülcker makes the 29th fit begin with l. 2014, and the 30th with l. 2067. Heyne makes one break instead of two, and that after l. 2031.

2042. MS. defective at corner and edge, here and in ll. 2044, 2055.

2051. MS. 'wiðer gyld.' Heyne 5 '(syððan wiðer-gyld læg),' *when vengeance failed*. But cf. *Widsið* 124.

- sārum wordum, oð ðæt sǣl cymeð,
 þæt se fǣmnan þegn fore fæder dǣdum
 2060 æfter billes bite blōd-fāg swefeð,
 ealdres scyldig; him se oðer þonan
 losað *[li]figende, con him land geare. Fol. 175^b.
 þonne bioð brocene on bā healfe
 āð-sweord eorla, [syð]ðan Ingelde
 2065 weallað wæl-nīðas, ond him wif-lufan
 æfter cear-wælmum cōlran weorðað.
 þȳ ic Heaðobear[d]na hyldo ne telge,
 dryht-sibbe dǣl, Denum unfǣcne,
 frēond-scipe fæstne. Ic sceal forð spreca
 2070 gēn ymbe Grendel, þæt ðū geare cunne,
 sinces brytta, tō hwan syððan wearð
 hond-ræs hæleða. Syððan heofones gim
 glād ofer grundas, gæst yrre cwōm,
 eatol æfen-grom, ūser nēosan,
 2075 ðær wē gesunde sǣl weardodon.
 þær wæs Hondscīo hild onsǣge,
 feorh-bealu fægum; hē fyrrest læg,
 gyrded cempa; him Grendel wearð,
 mærum magu-þegne, tō mūð-bonan,
 2080 lēofes mannes lic call forswearg.

2062. MS. defective at corner and edge here and in two following lines. A 'figende'; Thorkelin 'wigende' (so most editors); Heyne 'lifigenda' (so Zupitza).

2063. AB 'orocene' (B with a stop before it); Kemble '[ā]brocene' (so Zupitza); other editors as text.

2064. Zupitza 'að-sweorð.' His foot-note runs: "There is a stroke through *d* in *sweorð*, but without the usual head, nor is it quite distinct."

2067. MS. 'heaðo bearna.'

2076. MS. 'hilde.' In support of Rieger's emendation cf. l. 2483.

2079. MS. 'mæru magū (i.e. magum) þegne.' But see ll. 293, 408, etc. The mistake is due to "repetition." In l. 158 we have the opposite error of "anticipation."

- Nō ðȳ ær út ðā gēn idel-hende
 bona blōdig-tōð, bealewa gemyndig,
 of ðām gold-sele gongan wolde;
 ac hē mægnes rōf mīn costode,
 2085* grāpode gearo-folm. Glōf hangode. Fol. 170^a.
 sīd ond syllic, searo-bendum fæst;
 sīo wæs orðoncum eall gegyrwed
 dēofles cræftum ond dracan fellum.
 Hē mec þær on innan unsynnigne,
 2090 dior dæd-fruma, gedōn wolde
 manigra sumne; hyt ne mihte swā,
 syððan ic on yrre upp-riht āstōd.
 Tō lang ys tō reccenne, hū i[c ð]ām lēod-sceaðan
 yfla gehwylces hond-lēan forgeald;
 2095 þær ic, þēoden mīn, þīne lēode
 weorðode weorcum. Hē on weg losade,
 lȳtle hwile lif-wynna br[ēa]c;
 hwæpre him sīo swiðre swaðe weardade
 hand on Hiorte, ond hē hēan ðonan,
 2100 mōdes gēomor, mere-grund gefēoll.
 Mē þone wæl-ræs wine Scildunga
 fættan golde fela lēanode,
 manegum mǣðmum, syððan mergen cōm,
 ond wē tō symble geseten hæfdon.
 2105 þær wæs gidd ond glēo. Gome*la Scilding, Fol.
 fela fricgende, feorran rehte; 176^b.
 hwilum hilde-dēor hearpan wynne,
 gomen-wudu grētte, hwilum gyd āwræc
 sōð ond sārlic; hwilum syllic spell

2085. MS. 'geareo.'

2093. MS. defective at edge here and in line 2097. A 'huiedam.'

2108. MS. 'gomel.'

- 2110 rehte æfter rihte rūm-heort cyning ;
 hwilum eft ongan eldo gebunden,
 gomel gūð-wiga gioguðe cwīðan
 hilde-strengo; hreðer inne wēoll,
 þonne hē wintrum frōd worn gemunde
- 2115 Swā wē þær inne ondlangne dæg
 nīode nāman, oð ðæt niht becwōm
 oðer tō yldum. þā wæs eft hraðe
 gearo gyrn-wræce Grendeles mōdor,
 sīðode sorh-full; sunu dēað fornam,
- 2120 wīg-hete Wedra. Wif unhȳre
 hyre bearn gewræc, beorn ācwealde
 ellenlice; þær wæs Æschere,
 frōdan fyrn-witan, feorh ūð-genge.
 Nōðer hȳ hine ne mōston, syððan mergen cwōm,
- 2125 dēað-wērigne Denia lēode,
 bronde forbærnan, ne on bæl hladan
 lēofne mannan; *hīo þæt lic ætbær Fol. 177^a.
 fēondes fæð[mum un]der firgen-strēam.
 þæt wæs Hrōðgāre hrēowa tornost,
- 2130 þāra þe lēod-fruman lange begēate.
 þā se ðeoden mec ðīne līfe
 healsode hrēoh-mōd, þæt ic on holma geþring
 eorl-scipe efnde, ealdre genēðde,
 mārðo fremede; hē mē mēde gehēt.
- 2135 Ic ðā ðæs wælmes, þe is wīde cūð,
 grimne, gryrelīcne grund-hyrde fond.

2126. MS. 'bēl' (= bæl).

2128. Grein's emendation. Zupitza 'fæðrunga [un]der,' and in a foot-note: "*fæðr* . . . with *unga* written over the dots with another ink B; now nothing preserved but *fæð* and part of a letter which may have been *r*, *m*, or *n*; the word has been torn asunder."

2136. MS. 'grimme.'

- þær unc hwile wæs hand-gemæne;
 holm heolfre wēoll, ond ic hēafde becearf
 in ðām [grund-]sele Grendeles mōdor
 2140 ēacnum ecgum; unsōfte þonan
 feorh oðferede; næs ic fæge þā gyt;
 ac mē eorla hlēo eft gesealde
 mādma menigeo, maga Healfdenes.

XXXI.

- Swā se ðeod-kyning þeawum lyfde;
 2145 nealles ic ðām lēanum forloren hæfde,
 mægnes mēde, ac hē mē *[mādma]s geaf, Fol.
 sunu Healfdenes, on [mīn]ne sylfes dōm, 177^b.
 ðā ic ðē, beorn-cyning, bringan wylle,
 ēstum geȳwan. Gēn is eall æt ðē
 2150 lissa gelong; ic lȳt hafo
 hēafod-māga nefne, Hygelāc, ðec.”
 Hēt ðā in beran eafor, hēafod-segn,
 heaðo-stēapne helm, hāre byrnan,
 gūð-sweord geatolic, gyd æfter wræc:
 2155 “Mē ðis hilde-sceorp Hrōðgār sealde,
 snotra fengel; sume worde hēt,
 þæt ic his ærest ðē ēst gesægde;
 cwæð þæt hyt hæfde Hiorogār cyning,
 lēod Scyldunga, lange hwile;

2137. Wülcker and Heyne ‘hand gemæne,’ but cf. Ger. *handgemein*.

2139. No gap in MS. Grundtvig’s emendation.

2146. MS. defective at corner here and in next line.

2147. Grundtvig ‘[sīn]ne.’

2152. Zupitza and most editors ‘eafor-hēafod-segn.’ But, as compounds of three words are as rare in O.E. poetry as compounds of two words are common, it seems better to make two parallels.

2157. This line has constantly been mangled (see Heyne or Wülcker) through misreading the ‘est’ of the MS. as *eft*. Cf. l. 2165.

- 2160 nō ðý ær suna sīnum syllan wolde,
 hwatum Heorowearde, þeah hē him hold wære,
 brēost-gewædu. Brūc ealles well.”
 Hýrde ic, þæt þām frætwum fēower mēaras
 lungre gelice lāst weardode,
- 2165 æppel-fealuwe; hē him ēst getēah
 mēara ond māðma. Swā sceal *mæg dōn, Fol. 178^a.
 nealles inwit-net ōðrum bregdon,
 dyrnum cræfte dēað rēn[ian]
 hond-gesteallan. Hygelāce wæs
- 2170 nīða heardum nefa swýðe hold,
 ond gehwæðer ōðrum hrōþra gemyndig.
 Hýrde ic, þæt hē ðone heals-bēah Hygde gesealde,
 wrætlicne wundur-māððum, ðone þe him Wealh-
 ðeo geaf,
 ðeod[nes] dohtor, þrīo wicg somod
- 2175 swancor ond sadol-beorht; hyre syððan wæs,
 æfter bēah-ðege, br[ē]ost geweorðod.
 Swā bealdode bearn Ecgðēowes,
 guma gūðum cūð, gōdum dædum,
 drēah æfter dōme, nealles druncne slōg
- 2180 heorð-genēatas; næs him hrēoh sefa,
 ac hē man-cynnes mæste cræfte
 gin-fæstan gife, þe him God sealde,
 hēold hilde-dēor. Hēan wæs lange,
 swā hyne Gēata bearn gōdne ne tealdon,
- 2185 ne hyne on medo-bence micles wyrðne
 *drihten wereda gedōn wolde; Fol. 178^b.
 swýðe [wēn]don, þæt hē slēac wære,
 æðeling unfrom. Edwenden cwōm

2168. MS. defective at edge here and in l. 2174.

2187. MS. defective at edge. Grein's emendation; see "Crist" 309.

- tīr-ēadigum menn torna gehwylces.
 2190 Hēt ðā eorla hlēo in gefetian,
 heaðo-rōf cyning, Hrēðles lāfe
 golde gegyrede; næs mid Gēatum ðā
 sinc-māðpum sēlra on sweordes hād;
 þæt hē on Biowulfes bearm ālegde,
 2195 ond him gesealde seofan þūsendo,
 bold ond brego-stōl. Him wæs bām samod
 on ðām lēod-scipe lond gecynde,
 eard, ēðel-riht, ððrum swīðor
 sīde rice, þām ðær sēlra wæs.
 2200 Eft þæt geīode ufaran dōgrum
 hilde-hlæmmum, syððan Hygelāc læg,
 ond Hear[dr]ēde hilde-mēceas
 under bord-hrēoðan tō bonan wurden,
 ðā hyne gesōhtan on sige-þēode
 2205 hearde hilde-frecan, Heaðo-Scilfingas,
 nīða genāegdan nefan Hererices—
 syððan *Bēowulfe brāde rice Fol. 179^a.

2202. MS. 'hearede.' But see l. 2375.

2206. All editors put a full stop at the close of this line, leaving the sense of "þæt geīode etc." very lame or very obscure. I take the construction of the passage to be as follows: þæt (l. 2200), as in many other passages in the poem (cf. ll. 1846, 1591), has a forward reference like mod. "this," and is anticipatory of a substantive clause, which usually begins with a correlative þæt; this substantive clause is contained in ll. 2207—8 (first half), but the conjunction is omitted here, as in l. 2085, perhaps because *syððan* (2207) is correlative with *syððan* (2201).

2207. The folio that begins here (179^a) with the word "beowulfe" takes rank with the last folio of all (198^b) as the most defective and illegible portions of the MS. Zupitza says: "All that is distinct in the facsimile in fol. 179 has been freshened up by a later hand in the MS." Sometimes the later hand has altered the original reading, and not for the better; e.g. in l. 2209, *wintra* has been changed to *wintru*. Zupitza transliterates the readings of the later hand.

XXXII.

Nealles mid gewealdum wyrm-horda cræft
 [sōhte], sylfes willum, sē ðe him sære gescēod;
 ac for þrēa-nēdlan þ[^fēow] nāt-hwylces
 hæleða bearna hete-swengeas flēah,
 2225 [ærnes] þearfa, ond ðær inne fealh,
 secg syn-bysig. Sōna getīd[d]e,
 þæt :::: ðām gyst[e] gryre-]brōga stōd;

þær on innan giong

2215 niðða nāt-hwylc, nēode tō gefēng
 hæðnum horde; hond sætgenam
 sele-ful since fah; ne hē þæt syððan āgeaf,
 þeah ðe hē slæpende besyrede hyrde
 þeofes cræfte: þæt se vīoden onfand,

2220 bȳ-folc beorna, þæt hē gebolgen wæs.

2221. "*weoldum* the later hand instead of *wealdum*, the *a* being still recognisable. Nothing after *horda* [i.e. between it and *cræft*]."—Zupitza.

2222. Grein's emendation. No gap in MS.

2223. Zupitza 'þ[egn],' and in a foot-note: "the traces of three letters between þ and *nat* justify us in reading *egn* (*þegn* K.)." So Grein. On the other hand, Thorpe, who made a careful collation of the MS. in 1830, three years before Kemble's first edition, leaves a blank. As *þegn* seems from the whole context to be an impossible name for the "*fēa-sceaftum* men" (l. 2285), I read *þēow* with Wülcker and Heyne 5.

2224. Later hand 'fleoh.'

2225. "To judge from what is left, the second word of this line was *ærnes*."—Z.

AB 'weall.' "Now only *weal* left, but *w* stands on an original *f*, which is still recognisable; and what seemed to be another *l* in Thorkelin's time may have been the remnant of an original *h*."—Z.

2226. Grein '[Wæs] sōna in þā tide.' Thorpe 'inwlatode' (so Heyne 5). Zupitza "*mwatide*, no doubt, the second hand." What did the second hand mean? My own conjecture is given in the text.

2227. "The indistinct letter after *gyst* seems to have been *e*. The traces of the third word allow us to read *gryre*."—Z.

hwæðre [earm-]sceapen

..... * Fol. 179^b.

2230 sceapen [þā hyne] se fæ̃r begeat,
sinc-fæt [geseah]. þæ̃r wæs swylcra fela
in ðām eorð-[hū]se æ̃r-gestræona,
swā h̃y on gēar-dagum gumena nāt-hwylc,
eormen-lāfe æþelan cynnes,

2235 þanc-hycgende þæ̃r gehyðde,
dēore mādmas. Ealle hīe dēað fornam
ærran mælum, ond se ān ðā gēn
lēoda duguðe, sē ðæ̃r lengest hwearf,
wearð wine-gēomor, wēnde þæs yldan,

2240 þæt hē lýtēl fæc long-gestræona
brūcan mōste. Beorh eall gearo
wunode on wonge wæter-ȳðum nēah,
nīwe be næsse, nearo-cræftum fæst;
þæ̃r on innan bær eorl-gestræona

2245 hringa hyrde hard-fyrðne dæl,

2228. "According to the traces left, the first word [i.e. in the MS. line] may have been *earm*."—Z.

2230. "*þa hine* before *se*?"—Z.

Wülcker 'fæs.' Zupitza: "*fæs* freshened up, but *s* seems to stand on an original *r*."

2231. After the first line of the new folio, the illegibility is confined to the edges of the next three lines. Heyne's emendation. Wülcker 'scir' or 'seah,' thinking there is not room for *geseah*. I think there is. Zupitza has six dots.

2237. "*Si* the later hand, but *i* seems to stand on an original *e*."—Z.

2239. B 'weard' (so Wülcker and Heyne); Zupitza 'wearð' (almost the only instance in which he transliterates the reading of the first hand). "The last letter of the first word was originally *ð*, although the later hand has not freshened up the stroke through the *d*."—Z.

"*rihde* the later hand, but *wende* the first."—Z. Wülcker 'wisete.'

2244. "*innon* the later hand, but *o* stands on an original *a*."—Z.

2245. Zupitza 'hard-wyrðne,' and in a foot-note: "*w* (or *f*?) and the

- fættan goldes, fēa worda cwæð:
 "Heald þū nū, hrūse, nū hæleð ne mōstan,
 eorla æhte. Hwæt! hyt ær on ðe
 gōde begēaton; gūð-dēað fornam,
 2250 feorh-bealo frēcne, fýra gehwylcne,
 lēoda mīnra, þāra ðe þis [lif] ofgeaf;
 gesāwon sele-drēam. *Nāh hwā sweord wege, Fol.
 oððe fe[o]r[mie] fæted wæge, 180.
 drync-fæt dēore; dug[uð] ellor scōc.
 2255 Sceal se hearda helm [hyr]sted golde
 fætum befeallen; feormend swefað,
 þā ðe beado-grīman bȳwan sceoldon;
 ge swylce sēo here-pād, sīo æt hilde gebād
 ofer borda gebræc bite irena,
 2260 broснаð æfter beorne; ne mæg byrnan hring
 æfter wīg-fruman wīde fēran
 hæleðum be healfe. Nis hearpan wyn,

stroke through *d* in *wyrðne* not freshened up." Though adopting its reading, I am suspicious of the later hand. The form *hard* occurs nowhere else in "Beowulf."

2246. "*fec* later hand, but originally *fea*."—Z.

2247. "*mæstan* later hand, but I think I see an original *o* under the *æ*; *a* also seems to stand on another vowel (*u* or *o*?)."—Z.

2250. "*reorh bealc* later hand, but the first *r* stands on an original *f*, and *c* on an original *o*."—Z.

MS. 'fyrena.'

2251. "*þana* later hand, no doubt; nor do I see any sign of the third letter having originally been *r*."—Z.

2252. Zupitza 'sele-dream ::'

2253. MS. defective at corner and edge here and in ll. 2254, 2255, and 2268. Grein's emendation, supported by Zupitza, who says that the remaining traces of the word in the MS. make *fetige* impossible. Cf. l. 2256.

2254. MS. 'seoc.'

2256. MS. 'feor mynd.' Cf. l. 2761.

2262. MS. 'næs' (so Heyne). Cf. ll. 1923, 2486, where I have kept the MS. reading. But here the change of tense is too harsh.

- gomen glêo-bēames, ne gōd hafoc
geond sæl swingeð, ne se swifta mearh
2265 burh-stede bēateð. Bealo-cwealm hafað
fela feorh-cynna forð onsended.”
Swā giomor-mōd gιοhðo mænde
ān æfter eallum, unbliðe hwē[op]
dæges ond nihtes, oð ðæt dēaðes wylm
2270 hrān æt heortan. Hord-wynne fond
eald ūht-sceaða opene standan,
sē ðe byrnende biorgas sēceð,
nacod nīð-draca, nihtes flēogeð
fyre befangen; hyne fold-būend
2275*[swiðe ondræ]da[ð]. Hē gesēcean sceall Fol. 180^b.
[ho]r[d on] hrūsan, þær hē hāðen gold
warað wintrum frōd; ne byð him wihte ðy sēl.
Swā se ðeod-sceaða þrēo hund wintra
hēold on hrūsan hord-ærna sum
2280 ēacen-cræftig, oð ðæt hyne ān ābealh
mon on mōde; man-dryhtne bær
fæted wæge, frioðo-wære bæd
hlāford sinne. Ðā wæs hord rāsod,
onboren bēaga hord; bēne getīðad
2285 fēa-sceaftum men. Frēa scēawode
fīra fyrn-geweorc forman sīðe.

2266. A B ‘feorð’; Zupitza ‘forð.’ He says: “There is a dot under e, which is besides very indistinct.” Underdotting is equivalent to erasure. Heyne considers l. 808 conclusive in favour of his reading ‘feorr.’

2275—6. MS. defective and illegible at top and corner. Zupitza’s emendations.

2279. MS. ‘hrusam.’

2280. MS. ‘abealch.’

2284. Bugge suggests ‘bēaga dæl’ on the ground that the repetition of *hord* is a mistake of the scribe.

- þā se wyrm onwōc, wrōht wæs geniwad;
 stonc ðā æfter stāne, stearc-heort onfand
 fēondes fōt-lāst; hē tō forð gestōp
 2290 dyrnan cræfte dracan hēafde nēah.
 Swā mæg unfæge ēaðe gedigan
 wēan ond wræc-sið, sē ðe Waldendes
 hyldo gehealdeþ. Hord-weard sōhte
 georne æfter grunde, wolde guman findan,
 2295 þone þe him on sweofote sære getēode;
 hāt ond hrēoh-mōd *hlæw oft ymbhewearf Fol.
 ealne ūtan-weardne; ne ðær ænig mon 181.
 on þæm wēstenne. Hwæðre hilde gefeh,
 bea[du]-weorces; hwilum on beorh æthwearf,
 2300 sinc-fæt sōhte; hē þæt sōna onfand,
 ðæt hæfde gumena sum goldes gefandod,
 hēah-gestrēona. Hord-weard onbād
 earfoðlice, oð ðæt æfen cwōm;
 wæs ðā gebolgen beorges hyrde,
 2305 wolde se lāða lige forgyldan
 drinc-fæt dýre. þā wæs dæg sceacen
 wyrme on willan; nō on wealle leng
 bīdan wolde, ac mid bāle fōr,
 fýre gefýsed. Wæs se fruma egeslic
 2310 lēodum on lande, swā hyt lungre wearð
 on hyra sinc-gifan sære geendod.

2296. MS. 'hlæwū'; Grundtvig 'hlæw nū' (so Wülcker and Heyne).

2298. B 'þære'; A a blank; Grein 'hæðe,' for the alliteration; "now nothing but the lower part of the perpendicular stroke of þ left" (Z.). Heyne '[wæs] on þære wēstenne.' Grein inserts *wæs* after *ne* in the previous line.

2299. MS. defective at edge.

2305. MS. 'fela ða'; Bugge 'se lāða.'

2307. MS. 'læg'; Thorpe 'leng.'

XXXIII.

- Ðā se gæst ongan glêdum spīwan,
 beorht hofu bærnān; bryne-lēoma stōd
 eldum on andan; nō ðær āht cwices
 2315 lāð lyft-floga læfan *wolde. Fol. 181^b.
 Wæs þæs wyrmes wīg wīde gesȳne,
 nearo-fāges nīð nēan ond feorran,
 hū se gūð-sceaða Gēata lēode
 hatode ond hýnde. Hord eft gescēat,
 2320 dryht-sele dyrnne, ær dāges hwile;
 hæfde land-wara līge befangen,
 bæle ond bronde; beorges getrūwode,
 wīges ond wealles; him sēo wēn gelēah.
 þā wæs Biowulfe brōga gecyðed
 2325 snūde tō sōðe, þæt his sylfes hām,
 bolda sēlest, bryne-wylmum mealt,
 gif-stōl Gēata. þæt ðām gōdan wæs
 hrēow on hreðre, hyge-sorga mæst;
 wēnde se wīsa, þæt hē Wealdende
 2330 ofer ealde riht, ēcean Dryhtne,
 bitre gebulge; brēost innan wēoll
 þēostrum geþoncum, swā him gepýwe ne wæs.
 Hæfde lig-draca lēoda fæsten,
 ēa-lond ūtan, eorð-weard ðone,
 2335 glêdum forgrunden; him ðæs gūð-kyning,
 Wedera þīoden, wræce leornode.
 Heht him þā gewyrcean wīgendra hlēo
 eall-īrenne, eorla dryhten,
 wīg-bord wrætlic; *wisse hē gearwe, Fol. 182^a

2325. MS. 'him' (so Wülcker); Conybeare 'hām.'

- 2340 þæt him holt-wudu he[lp]an ne meahte,
 lind wið lige. Sceolde *læn*-daga
 æþeling ær-gōd ende gebīdan,
 worulde lifes, ond se wyrm somod,
 þeah ðe hord-welan hēolde lange.
- 2345 Oferhogode ðā hringa fengel,
 þæt hē þone wīd-flogan weorode gesōhte,
 sīdan herge; nō hē him þā sæcce ondrēd,
 ne him þæs wyrmes wīg for wiht dyde,
 eafoð ond ellen, forðon hē ær fela,
- 2350 nearo nēðende, nīða gedigde,
 hilde-hlemma, syððan hē Hrōðgāres,
 sigor-ēadig secg, sele fælsode,
 ond æt gūðe forgrāp Grendeles mægum
 lāðan cynnes. Nō þæt læsest wæs
- 2355 hond-gemōt, þær mon Hygelāc slōh,
 syððan Gēata cyning gūðe ræsum,
 frēa-wine folca Frēs-londum on,
 Hrēðles eafora, hioro-dryncum swealt
 bille gebēaten; þonan Biowulf cōm
- 2360 sylfes cræfte, sund-nytte drēah;
 hæfde him on earme *[āna] þrittig Fol. 182^b.
 hilde ȝeatwa, þā hē tō holme [st]jæg.
 Nealles Hetware hrēmge þorff[t]on

2340. MS. defective at corner.

2341. MS. 'þend'; Kemble 'læn.' Cf. l. 2591.

2347. MS. 'þā' (= þām). Wülcker retains the MS. reading and defends it in a note, which one can only suppose to be a misprint: "Da *on* mit dat. ebenso wie mit accus. verbunden wird." *Sæcc* is fem. (Sievers § 258. 1).

2356. Zupitza 'gūðe-ræsum.' Not one of the sixty odd compounds of *gūð* is formed in this way.

2361. MS. defective at corner, here and in two following lines. Zupitza '...xxx.' Grein's emendation.

- fēðe-wīges, þe him foran ongēan
 2365 linde bāeron; lýt eft becwōm
 fram þām hild-frecan hāmes nīosan.
 Oferswam ðā sioleða bigong sunu Ecgðēowes,
 earm ān-haga, eft tō lēodum,
 þær him Hygd gebēad hord ond rice,
 2370 bēagas ond brego-stōl; bearne ne trūwode,
 þæt hē wið æl-fylcum ēpel-stōlas
 healdan cūðe, ðā wæs Hygelāc dēad.
 Nō þy ær fēa-sceaftē findan meahton
 æt ðām æðelinge ænige ðinga,
 2375 þæt hē Heardrēde hlāford wære,
 oððe þone cynedōm cīosan wolde;
 hwæðre hē hine on folce frēond-lārum hēold,
 ēstum mid āre, oð ðæt hē yldra wearð,
 Weder-Gēatum wēold. Hyne wræc-mægga
 2380 ofer sǣ sōhtan, suna Ōhteres;
 hæfdon hý forhealden helm Scylfinga,
 þone sēlestan sǣ-cyninga,
 þāra ðe in Swīo-rīce sinc brytnade,
 mǣrne *þeoden. Him þæt tō mearce wearð; Fol.
 2385 hē þær orfeorme feorh-wunde hlēat 183.
 sweordes swengum, sunu Hygelāces.
 Ond him eft gewāt Ongenðīoes bearn
 hāmes nīosan, syððan Heardrēd læg,
 lēt ðone brego-stōl Biowulf healdan,
 2390 Gēatum wealdan; þæt wæs gōd cyning.

2377. MS. 'hī' (=him); Thorpe 'hine.'

2383. MS. 'ðe ðe,' the first at the end of a line, the second at the beginning of the next.

2385. Grein 'on feorme'; Möller 'for feorme' (so Heyne 5).

XXXIV.

- Sē ðæs lēod-hryres lēan gemunde
 uferan dōgrum; Eadgilse wearð
 fēa-sceaftum frēond, folce gestēpte
 ofer sǣ side sunu Ōhteres,
- 2395 wigum ond wǣpnum; hē gewræc syððan
 cealdum cear-siðum, cyning ealdre binēat.
 Swā hē niða gehwane genesen hæfde,
 sliðra geslyhta, sunu Ecgðiwes,
 ellen-wéorca, oð ðone āne dæg,
- 2400 þe hē wið þām wyrme gewegan sceolde.
 Gewāt þā twelfa sum, torne gebolgen,
 dryhten Gēata dracan scēawian;
 hæfde þā gefrūnen, hwanan sio fæhð ārās,
 bealo-nið biorna; him tō bearne *cwōm Fol. 183^b.
- 2405 mǣðþum-fæt mære þurh ðæs meldan hond.
 Sē wæs on ðām ðrēate preottēopa secg,
 sē ðæs orleges ðr onstealde;
 hæft hyge-gīomor sceolde hēan ðonon
 wong wīsan. Hē ofer willan gīong,
- 2410 tō ðæs ðe hē eorð-sele āne wisse,
 hlǣw under hrūsan holm-wylme nēh,
 yð-gewinne, sē wæs innan full
 wrætta ond wīra. Weard unhīore,

2393. Heyne 'fēond, folce gestepte,' with a different interpretation of the whole passage: *sunu* (2394) nom., *cyning* (2396) = Eadgils. With the MS. reading, retained in the text, *sunu* is accus., and *cyning* = Onela. By supporting the exiled Eadgils against Onela, Beowulf obtains his revenge on the Swedes. See Bugge, "Beit." xii. 11 ff., and Eadgils in Index of Persons and Places.

2401. MS. 'xii.'

- gearo gūð-freca, gold-māðmas hēold,
 2415 eald under eorðan; næs þæt yðe cēap
 tō gegangenne gumena ænigum.
 Gesæt ðā on næsse nīð-heard cyning,
 þenden hælo ābēad heorð-genēatum,
 gold-wine Gēata. Him wæs gēomor sefa,
 2420 wæfre ond wæl-fūs, wyrd ungemete nēah,
 sē ðone gomelan grētan sceolde,
 sēcean sǣwle hord, sundur gedǣlan
 lif wið lice; nō þon lange wæs
 feorh æþelinges flæsce bewunden.
 2425 Biowulf mapelade, bearn Ecgðēowes:
 "Fela ic on giogoðe gūð-rāsa genæs,
 orleg-hwīla; ic þæt eall gemon.
 *Ic wæs syfan-wintre, þā mec sinca baldor, Fol.
 frēa-wine folca, æt minum fæder genam; 184.
 2430 hēold mec ond hǣfde Hrēðel cyning,
 geaf mē sinc ond symbel, sibbe gemunde;
 næs ic him tō life lāðra ðwihte
 beorn in burgum þonne his bearna hwylc,
 Herebeald ond Hæðcyn, oððe Hygelāc min.
 2435 Wæs þām yldestan ungedēfelice
 mǣges dǣdum morþor-bed strēd,
 syððan hyne Hæðcyn of horn-bogan,
 his frēa-wine, flāne geswencte,
 miste mercelses ond his mǣg ofscēt;
 2440 brōðor oðerne, blōdigan gāre.
 þæt wæs feoh-lēas gefeoht, fyrenum gesyngad,
 hreðre hyge-mēðe; sceolde hwæðre swā þeah
 æðeling unwrecen ealdres linnan.

2421. Wūlker 'sēo.' Wyrd is fem. elsewhere in the poem; but cf. ll. 1344, 2685.

- Swā bið gēomorlic gomelum ceorle
 2445 tō gebīdanne, þæt his byre rīde
 giong on galgan; þonne hē gyd wrece,
 sārigne sang, þonne his sunu hangað
 hrefne tō hrōðre, ond hē him helpan ne mæg,
 eald ond in-frōd, ænige gefremman.
 2450 Symble bið gemyndgad morna gehwylce
 *eaforan ellor-sið; oðres ne gýmeð Fol. 184^b.
 tō gebīdanne burgum in innan
 yrfe-weardas, þonne se ān hafað
 þurh dēaðes nýd dæda gefondad.
 2455 Gesyðð sorh-cearig on his suna būre
 wīn-sele wēstne, wind-gereste,
 rēote berofene; rīdend swefað,
 hæleð in hoðman; nis þær hearpan swēg,
 gomen in geardum, swylce ðær iu wæron.

XXXV.

- 2460 Gewīteð þonne on sealman, sorh-lēoð gæleð
 ān æfter ānum; þūhte him eall tō rūm,
 wongas ond wic-stede. Swā Wedra helm
 æfter Herebealde heortan sorge
 weallinde wæg; wihte ne meahte
 2465 on ðām feorh-bonan fæghðe gebētan;
 nō ðy ær hē þone heaðorinc hatian ne meahte
 lāðum dædum, þeah him lēof ne wæs.
 Hē ða mid þære sorhge, þe him siō sār belamp,
 gum-drēam ofgeaf, Godes lēoht gecēas;

2448. Kemble 'helpe.' There is no other certain instance of the weak form than this. Possibly the scribe was thinking of the infinitive.

2453. For gen. sing. in *-as* see Sievers § 237, N. 1. Cf. ll. 63, 2921.

- 2470 eafterum læfde, swā deð ēadig mon,
lond ond lēod-byrig, þā hē of life gewāt.
þā *wæs synn ond sacu Swēona ond Gēata, Fol.
ofer [w]id wæter wrōht gemæne, 185^a.
here-nið hearda, syððan Hrēðel swealt;
- 2475 oððe him Ongenðēowes eafteran wæran
frome, fyrd-hwate, frēode ne woldon
ofer heafo healdan, ac ymb Hreosnabeorh
eatolne inwit-scear oft gefremedon.
þæt mæg-wine mīne gewræcan,
- 2480 fæhðe ond fyrene, swā hyt gefræge wæs,
þeah ðe oðer his ealdre gebohte,
heardan cēape; Hæðcynne wearð,
Gēata dryhtne, gūð onsæge.
þā ic on morgne gefrægn mæg oðerne
- 2485 billes ecgum on bonan stælan,
þær Ongenþēow Eofores nīosað;
gūð-helm tōglād, gomela Scylfing
hrēas [heoro-]blāc; hond gemunde
fæhðo genōge, feorh-sweg ne oftēah.
- 2490 Ic him þā māðmas, þe hē mē sealde,
geald æt gūðe, swa mē gifeðe wæs,
lēohtan sweorde; hē mē lond forgeaf,
eard, ēðel-wyn. Næs him ænig þearf,
þæt hē tō Gifðum, oððe tō Gār-Denum,
- 2495 oððe in Swio-ri-ce, sēcean þurfe
*wyr-san wig-fre-can, weorðe gecȳpan; Fol. 185^b.
symle ic him on fēðan beforan wolde,

2478. MS. defective at corner.

2478. MS. 'ge ge fremedon.' Cf. ll. 986 (see note), 2383.

2486. Grein 'nīosade'; but cf. ll. 1923, 1928, etc.

2488. No gap in MS. Grein's emendation.

- āna on orde, ond swā tō aldre sceall
 sæcce fremman, þenden þis sweord þolað.
 2500 þæt mec ær ond sið oft gelæste,
 syððan ic for dugeðum Dæghrefne wearð
 tō hand-bonan, Hūga cempan.
 Nalles hē ðā frætwe Frēs-cyning[e],
 brēost-weorðunge, bringan mōste,
 2505 ac in campe gecrong cumbles hyrde,
 æþeling on elne; ne wæs ecg bona,
 ac him hilde-grāp heortan wylmas,
 bān-hūs gebræc. Nū sceall billes ecg,
 hond ond heard sweord, ymb hord wigan."
 2510 Bēowulf maðelode, bēot-wordum spræc,
 nīehstan sīðe: "Ic genēðde fela
 gūða on geogoðe; gyt ic wylle,
 frōd folces weard, fæhðe sēcan,
 mārðum fremman, gif mec se mán-sceaða
 2515 of eorð-sele ūt gesēceð."
 Gegrētte ðā gumena gehwylcne,
 hwate helm-berend, hindeman sīðe,
 swæse gesiðas: "Nolde ic sweord beran,
 wæpen tō wyrme, *gif ic wiste hū Fol. 186.
 2520 wið ðām āglæcean elles meahte
 gylpe wiðgrīpan, swā ic gīo wið Grendle dyde;
 ac ic ðiēr heaðu-fýres hātes wēne,
 [o]rēðes ond attres; forðon ic mē on hafu

2503. MS. 'frescyning.'

2505. MS. 'cimpan.'

2514. Kemble 'mārðo,' supported by Bugge on the analogy of ll. 2134.

2645. But the argument from analogy may be pushed too far, and it is even possible that *fremman* is intrans., as in l. 1003.

2523. MS. 'rēðes 7hattres'; Heyne 'rēðes and-hāttres,' *fierce heat coming against one*. Grein's emendation in text. Cf. l. 2557.

- bord ond byrnan. Nelle ic beorges weard
 2525 oferflēon fōtes trem,
 ac unc sceal weorðan æt wealle, swā unc wyrd
 getēoð,
 Metod manna gehwæs. Ic eom on mōde from,
 þæt ic wið þone gūð-flogan gylp ofersitte.
 Gebīde gē on beorge byrnum werede,
 2530 secgas on searwum, hwæðer sēl mæge
 æfter wæl-ræse wunde gedýgan
 uncer twēga. Nis þæt ēower sið,
 ne gemet mannes nefn[e] mīn ānes,
 þæt hē wið āglæcean efofoðo dæle,
 2535 eorl-scype efne. Ic mid elne sceall
 gold gegangan, oððe gūð nimeð,
 feorh-bealu frēcne, frēan ēowerne.”
 Ārās ðā bi rōnde rōf ðretta,
 heard under helme, hioro-sercean bær
 2540 under stān-cleofu, strengo getrūwode
 ānes mannes; ne bið swylc earges sið.
 Geseah ðā be wealle, *sē ðe worna fela, Fol. 186^b.
 gum-cystum gōd, gūða gedigde,
 hilde-hlemma, þonne hnitan fēðan,
 2545 sto[n]dan stān-bogan, strēam ūt þonan
 breacan of beorge; wæs þære burnan wælm
 heaðo-fýrum hāt; ne meahte horde nēah
 unbyrnende ænige hwile
 dēop gedýgan for dracan lēge.

2525. This line is metrically deficient. Ettmüller '[fēond] oferflēon' (so Grein), but this still leaves the second half-line defective. Heyne considers that the second half-line is wanting, and supplies *fēond unhýre*.

2533. MS. defective at edge.

2534. MS. 'wat.'

2545. MS. 'stodan.'

- 2550 Lēt ðā of brēostum, ðā hē gebolgen wæs,
 Weder-Gēata lēod word út faran,
 stearc-heort styrmde; stefn in becōm
 heaðo-torht hlynnan under hārne stān;
 hete wæs onhrēred, hord-weard oncnīow
- 2555 mannes reorde; næs ðær māra fyrst
 frēode tō friclan. From ærest cwōm
 oruð āglācean út of stāne,
 hāt hilde-swāt; hrūse dynede.
 Biorn under beorge bord-rand onswāf
- 2560 wið ðām gryre-gieste, Gēata dryhten;
 ðā wæs hring-bogan heorte gefýsed
 sæcce tō sēceanne. Sweord ær gebræd
 gōd gūð-cyning, gomele lāfe,
 ecgum unslāw; æghwæðrum wæs
- 2565 bealo-hycgendra *brōga fram oðrum. Fol. 187^a.
 Stið-mōd gestōd wið stēapne rond
 winia bealdor, ðā se wyrm gebēah
 snūde tōsomne; hē on searwum bād.
 Gewāt ðā byrnende gebogen scriðan,
- 2570 tō gescipe scyndan. Scyld wel gebearg
 life ond lice læssan hwile
 mærum þeodne, þonne his myne sōhte,
 ðær hē þȳ fyrste forman dōgore
 wealdan mōste, swā him wyrd ne gescrāf
- 2575 hrēð æt hilde. Hond ūp ābræd

2564. MS. 'un / glaw.' "A letter erased between *l* and *a* in *glaw*: that it was *e* is not quite certain."—Z. As there is all the appearance of an uncompleted alteration, I have adopted Bugge's emendation.

2570. MS. 'g̃ scipe.' Heyne adopts Müllenhoff's emendation, 'scriðan tō, / gescife scyndan,' *showing himself, advancing*, which the latter bases on a gloss, "per praecepta, *nīðerscife* [?], marg. *nīðerscēotende*" (Haupt ix. 468 b).

- Gēata dryhten, gryre-fāhne slōh
 incge lāfe, þæt sio ecg gewāc
 brūn on bāne, bāt unswiðor,
 þonne his ðiod-cyning þearfe hæfde,
 2580 bysigum gebæded. þā wæs beorges weard
 æfter heaðu-swenge on hrēoum mōde,
 wearp wæl-fyre; wide sprungon
 hilde-lēoman. Hrēð-sigora ne gealp
 gold-wine Gēata; gūð-bill geswāc
 2585 nacod æt nīðe, swā hyt nō sceolde,
 iren ær-gōd. Ne wæs þæt ēðe sið,
 þæt se mæra maga Ecgðēowes
 grund-wong þone ofgyfan wolde;
 sceolde [ofer] willan wic eardian
 2590 elles hwergen, swā *sceal æghwylc mon *Fol. 187^b.*
 ālætan lāen-dagas. Næs ðā long tō ðon,
 þæt ðā āglæcean hȳ eft gemetton.
 Hyrte hyne hord-weard, hreðer æðme wēoll,
 niwan stefne; nearo ðrōwode
 2595 fyre befongen, sē ðe ær folce wēold.
 Nealles him on hēape hand-gesteallan,
 æðelinga bearn, ymbe gestōdon
 hilde-cystum, ac hȳ on holt bugon,
 ealdre burgan. Hiora in ānum wēoll
 2600 sefa wið sorgum; sibb æfre ne mæg
 wiht onwendan, þām ðe wel þenceð.

2577. MS. 'incgelafe.' Thorpe 'Inoges'; cf. "Ing," King of the East-Danes (*Rune-poem* 67), and "Ing-wine" in this poem.

2589. No gap in MS. Rieger 'ofer willan' (cf. l. 2409); Grein 'wyrmes willan' (cf. l. 3077).

2596. MS. 'heand.'

XXXVI.

- Wiglāf wæs hāten, Weoxstānes sunu,
 lēoflic lind-wiga, lēod Scylfinga,
 mæg Ælfheres; geseah his mon-dryhten
 2605 under here-grīman hāt þrōwian;
 gemunde ðā ðā āre, þe hē him ær forgeaf,
 wīc-stede weligne Wægmunðinga,
 folc-rihta gehwylc, swā his fæder āhte;
 ne mihte ðā forhabban, hond rond gefēng,
 2610 geolwe linde, gomel swyrd getēah.
 þæt wæs mid eldum Eānmundes lāf,
 *suna Ōhtere[s], þām æt sæcce wearð, Fol. 188.
 wræcca[n] wine-lēasum, Weohstān bana
 mēces ecgum, ond his mægum ætbær
 2615 brūn-fāgne helm, hringde byrnan.
 eald sweord etonisc, þæt him Onela forgeaf,
 his gædelinges gūð-gewædu,
 fyrd-searo fūslic; nō ymbe ðā fæhðe spræc,
 þeah ðe hē his brōðor bearn ābredwade.
 2620 Hē frætwe gehēold fela missera,
 bill ond byrnan, oð ðæt his byre mihte
 eorl-scipe efnan swā his ær-fæder;
 geaf him ðā mid Gēatum gūð-gewæda
 æghwæs unrīm, þā hē of ealdre gewāt
 2625 frōd on forð-weg. þā wæs forma sīð
 geongan cempa, þæt hē gūðe ræs
 mid his frēo-dryhtne fremman sceolde;
 ne gemealt him se mōd-sefa, ne his mæg^{es} lāf

2612. MS. 'ohtere.'

2613. MS. defective at corner.

MS. 'weohstanes.'

2628. MS. 'mægenes'; Ettmüller 'mæges.'

- gewāc æt wige; þæt se wyrm onfand,
 2630 syððan hie tōgædre gegān hæfdon.
 Wiglāf maðelode word-rihta fela,
 sægde gesiðum (him wæs sefa gēomor):
 "Ic ðæt *mæl geman, þær wē medu þēgun, Fol.
 þonne wē gehēton ussum hlāforde 188b.
 2635 in bīor-sele, ðe ūs ðās bēagas geaf,
 þæt wē him ðā gūð-getāwa gyldan woldon,
 gif him þyslicu þearf gelumpe,
 helmas ond heard sweord. Ðē hē ūsic on herge
 gecēas
 tō ðyssum sið-fate sylfes willum,
 2640 onmunde ūsic mæðða, ond mē þās māðmas geaf,
 þē hē ūsic gār-wigend gōde tealde,
 hwate helm-berend, þeah ðe hlāford ūs
 þis ellen-weorc āna āðōhte
 tō gefremmanne, folces hyrde,
 2645 forðam hē manna mæst mæðða gefremede,
 dæda dollicra. Nū is se dæg cumen,
 þæt ūre man-dryhten mægenes behōfað
 gōdra gūð-rinca; wutun gongan tō,
 helpen hild-fruman, þenden hyt sý,
 2650 glēd-egesa grim. God wāt on mec,
 þæt mē is micle lēofre, þæt minne lic-haman
 mid minne gold-gyfan glēd fæðmie.
 Ne þynceð mē gerysne, þæt wē rondas beren

2629. MS. 'þa'; Thorpe 'þæt.'

2645. MS. 'forðā'; Zupitza 'forðan.' So also l. 2741.

2652. MS. and Zupitza 'fæðmiē'; hence Wülcker 'fæðmiæ' (cf. l. 2126, and Sievers § 361). In "reced" (l. 1981) Zupitza is not sure that the mark under the *e* is not a mere flourish. It is used to convert *e* into *æ* in "beġ" (l. 2126), but it also occurs under the *æ* of "sæcce" (l. 1989).

- eft tō earde, nemne wē āror mægen
 2655 fāne gefyllan, *feorh ealgian Fol. 197^a.
 Wedra ðeodnes. Ic wāt geare,
 þæt nāron eald gewyrht, þæt hē āna scyle
 Gēata duguðe gnorn þrōwian,
 gesigan æt sæcce; ūrum sceal sweord ond helm,
 2660 byrne ond byrdu-scrūd, bām gemæne.”
 Wōd þā þurh þone wæl-rēc, wīg-heafolan bær
 frēan on fultum, fēa worda cwæð:
 “Lēofa Biowulf, lāest eall tela,
 swā ðū on geoguð-fēore gēara gecwæde,
 2665 þæt ðū ne ālæte be ðē lifigendum
 dōm gedrēosan; scealt nū dædum rōf,
 æðeling ān-hȳdig, ealle mægene
 feorh ealgian; ic ðē ful-læstu.”
 Æfter ðām wordum wrym yrre cwōm,
 2670 atol inwit-gæst, oðre siðe
 fȳr-wylmum fāh fīonda nīos[i]an,
 lāðra manna. Līg-ȳðum forborn
 bord wið rond; byrne ne meahste
 geongum gār-wigan gēoce gefremman;
 2675 ac se maga geonga under his mæges scyld

2655. The numbers of the folios are given as they stand in the MS. Fol. 131 follows fol. 146. “The old number of this leaf is 197; but now it stands between 188 and 189, and the old number has been changed to 189 in pencil.”—Z.

2659. MS. ‘^ð.sceal.^ð urū:’; Zupitza ‘urum sceal,’ and in a foot-note:

“sceal within dots and with a ð before it added in the left margin, whereas a ð over a colon with a comma under it marks the place in the line where it is to be inserted.” From a misunderstanding of this device have arisen the frequent misreadings of this line.

2671. MS. defective at edge, here and in ll. 2676, 2678.

- elne geēode, þā his āgen w[æs]
 glēdum forgrunden. þā gēn gūð-cyning
 m[æ]rða gemunde, mægen-strengo slōh
 hilde-bille, þæt hyt on heafolan stōd
 2680 nīfe genȳded; Nægling forbærst,
 geswāc æt sæcce sweord Biowulfes,
 *gomol ond græg-mæl. Him þæt gifeðe ne wæs, Fol.
 þæt him irenna ecge mihton 197^b.
 helpan æt hilde; wæs sīo hond tō strong,
 2685 sē ðe mēca gehwane, mīne gefræge,
 swenge ofersōhte, þonne hē tō sæcce bær
 wāpen wund[r]um heard; næs him wihte ðe sēl.
 þā wæs þeod-sceaða þridan sīðe,
 frēcne fȳr-draca, fæhða gemyndig,
 2690 ræsde on ðone rōfan, þā him rūm āgeald,
 hāt ond heaðo-grim, heals ealne ymbefēng
 biteran bānum; hē geblōdegod wearð
 sǣwul-driore; swāt ȳðum wēoll.

XXXVII.

- Ðā ic æt þearfe [gefrægn] þeod-cyninges
 2695 andlongne eorl ellen cȳðan,
 cræft ond cēnðu, swā him gecynde wæs;
 ne hēdde hē þæs heafolan (ac sīo hand gebarn
 mōdiges mannes, þær hē his mæges healp),
 2678. Kemble's emendation.
 2687. MS. 'wundū'; Wülcker 'wundum.' Thorpe 'wundrum'—a
 convincing emendation; cf. *wundrum wrætlice* "Phoenix" 63, *wundrum*
hēah "Wanderer" 98.
 2694. No gap in MS. Kemble's emendation. See ll. 2484, 2752, etc.
 2698. MS. 'mægenes' (so Wülcker); cf. l. 2628 and foot-note. See
 also l. 2879.

- þæt hē þone nīð-gæst nioðor hwēne slōh,
 2700 secg on searwum, þæt ðæt sweord gedēaf
 fāh ond fæted, þæt ðæt fȳr ongon
 sweðrian syððan. þā gēn sylf cyning
 gewēold his gewitte, wæll-seaxe gebræd
 biter ond beadu-scearp, þæt hē on byrnan wæg;
 2705 forwrat Wedra *helm wurm on middan. Fol. 189^a.
 Fēond gefyldan, ferh ellen wræc,
 ond hī hyne þā bēgen ābroten hæfdon,
 sib-æðelingas; swylc sceolde secg wasan,
 þegn æt ðearfe. þæt ðām þēodne wæs
 2710 sīðas[t] sige-hwile sylfes dædum,
 worlde geweorces. Ðā sio wund ongon,
 þe him se eorð-draca ær geworhte,
 swelan ond swellan; hē þæt sōna onfand,
 þæt him on brēostum bealo-nīð wēoll,
 2715 āttor on innan. Ðā se æðeling giong,
 þæt hē bī wealle wis-hycgende
 gesæt on sesse, seah on enta geweorc,
 hū ðā stān-bogan stapulum fæste
 ēce eorð-reced innan healde.
 2720 Hyne þā mid handa heoro-drēorigne,
 þēoden mærne, þegn ungemete till,
 wine-dryhten his, wætere gelafede
 hilde-sædne, ond his hel[m] onspēon.
 Biowulf mapelode: hē ofer benne spræc,
 2725 wunde wæl-blēate; wisse hē gearwe,

2710. Grundtvig's emendation. Kemble 'sīðes sige-hwil'; Grein 'sīðast sige-hwila.'

2719. Hayne 'hēoldon.' For the tense cf. ll. 1923, 1928, 2486; and for the sing. verb with pl. subject in a subordinate clause cf. l. 2164, and see the note on l. 2035.

2723. MS. defective at edge, here and in l. 2727.

- þæt hē dæg-hwila gedrogen hæfde
 eorðan wynn[e]; ðā wæs eall sceacen
 dōgor-gerimes, dēað ungemete nēah:
 "Nū ic suna mīnum syllan wolde
 2730 gūð-gewædu, þær mē gifeðe swā
 ænig yrfe-^{*}weard æfter wurde Fol. 189^b.
 lice gelenge. Ic ðās lēode hēold
 fiftig wintra; næs se folc-cyning
 ymbe-sittendra ænig ðāra,
 2735 þe mec gūð-winum grētan dorste,
 egesan ðeon. Ic on earde bād
 mæl-gesceafta, hēold mīn tela,
 ne sōhte searo-nīðas, ne mē swōr fela
 āða on unriht. Ic ðæs ealles mæg
 2740 feorh-bennum sēoc gefēan habban;
 forðam mē witan ne ðearf Waldend fira
 morðor-bealo māga, þonne mīn sceaceð
 lif of lice. Nū ðū lungre geong
 hord scēawian under hārne stān,
 2745 Wiglāf lēofa, nū se wyrm ligeð,
 swefeð sāre wund, since berēafod.
 Bio nū on ofoste, þæt ic ær-welan,
 gold-æht ongite, gearo scēawige
 swegle searo-gimmas, þæt ic ðȳ sēft mæge
 2750 æfter māððum-welan mīn ālætan
 lif ond lēod-scipe, þone ic longe hēold."

XXXVIII.

Ðā ic snūde gefrægn sunu Wihstānes
 æfter word-cwydum wundum dryhtne
 hȳran heaðo-sīocum, hring-net beran,

- 2755 brogdne beadu-sercean, under beorges hrōf.
 Geseah ðā sige-hrēðig, þā hē bī sesse gēong,
 mago-þegn *mōdig māððum-sigla fealo, Fol. 190.
 gold glitnian grunde getenge,
 wundur on wealle, ond þæs wyrmes denn,
 2760 ealdes ūht-flogan; orcas stondan,
 fyrn-manna fatu, feormend-lēase,
 hyrstum behrorene. þær wæs helm monig
 eald ond ōmig, earm-bēaga fela
 searwum gesæled. Sinc ēaðe mæg,
 2765 gold on grund[e], gum-cynnes gehwone
 oferhigian, hýde sē ðe wylle.
 Swylce hē siomian geseah segn eall-gylden
 hēah ofer horde, hond-wundra mæst,
 gelocen leoðo-cræftum; of ðām lēoma stōd,
 2770 þæt hē þone grund-wong ongitan meahte,
 wræte giondwlitan. Næs ðæs wyrmes þær
 onsýn ænig, ac hyne ecg fornam.
 Ðā ic on hlæwe gefrægn hord réafian,
 eald enta geweorc, ānne mannan,
 2775 him on bearm hlædon būnan ond discas
 sylfes dōme; segn ēac genōm,
 bēacna beorhtost. Bill ær gescōd

2755. MS. 'urder.'

2757. Most editors normalise to 'fela' or 'feola.' But see Sievers §§ 275 and 150, 3).

2765. MS. defective at edge.

2766. Grein '[hord] oferhigian' (*surpass*). No gap in MS.

2769. MS. 'leoman.'

2771. MS. 'wræce,' here and in l. 3060. Thorpe 'wræte' in both places.

2775. MS. 'hlædon.' For infin. in -on cf. ll. 308, etc., and see Sievers § 363, 1).

2777. MS. 'æрге scod.' Kemble 'ær-gescōd,' *brass-shod, sheathed in*

- (ecg wæs iren) eald-hlāfordes
 þān ðāra mādma mund-bora wæs
 2780 longe hwile, lig-egesan wæg
 hātne for horde, hioro-weallende
 middel-nihtum, *oð þæt hē morðre swealt. Fol.
 Ār wæs on ofoste, eft-sīðes georn, 190^b.
 frætwum gefyrðred; hyne fyrwet bræc,
 2785 hwæðer collen-ferð cwicne gemētte
 in ðām wong-stede Wedra þēoden,
 ellen-sīocne, þær hē hine ær forlēt.
 Hē ðā mid þām mādum mārne þioden,
 dryhten sinne, drīorigne fand
 2790 ealdres æt ende; hē hine eft ongon
 wæteres weorpan, oð þæt wordes ord
 brēost-hord þurhbræc. [Bēowulf maðelode,]
 gomel on giohðe gold scēawode:
 "Ic ðāra frætwa Frēan ealles ðanc,
 2795 Wuldur-cyninge, wordum secge,
 ēcum Dryhtne, þe ic hēr on starie,
 þæs ðe ic mōste mīnum lēodum

brass. This has the support of Thorpe and Grein, but lacks analogy; for the reading in the text cf. l. 1587, and ll. 1615, 2562, and 2973.

2778. Rieger 'eald-hlāforde' (=the dragon), supported by Earle. The MS. reading, 'eald-hlāfordes,' is understood by Bugge and Heyne of Beowulf, by Müllenhoff and Wülcker of the former possessor of the hoard. The reading of the latter is:

"segn eac genom,
 beacna beorhtost, bill ærgescod
 (ecg wæs iren) ealdhlaforðes,
 þam etc."

It is obvious that ll. 2779—2782 refer to the dragon. Whether 'eald-hlaforðes' be taken to mean Beowulf or the former owner will probably depend on the interpretation accepted for 'ærgescod.'

2792. No gap in MS.

2793. MS. 'giogoðe'; Thorpe 'giohðe.'

- ær swylt-dæge swylc gestrȳnan.
 Nū ic on mǣðma hord mīne bebohte
 2800 frōde feorh-lege, fremmað gēna
 lēoda þearfe; ne mæg ic hēr leng wesan.
 Hātað heaðo-mære hlǣw gewyrcean
 beorhtne æfter bæle æt brimes nosan;
 sē scel tō gemyndum mīnum lēodum
 2805 hēah hlifian on Hrones nasse,
 þæt hit sǣ-liðend syððan hātan
 Biowulfes biorh, ðā ðe brentingas
 ofer *flōða genipu feorran drīfað." Fol. 191^a.
 Dyde him of healse hring gyldenne
 2810 þīoden þrīst-hȳdig; þegne gesealde,
 geongum gār-wigan, gold-fāhne helm,
 bēah ond byrnan, hēt hyne brūcan well.
 "þū eart ende-lāf usses cynnes,
 Wægmundunga; ealle wyrd forswēop
 2815 mīne māgas tō metod-sceafte,
 eorlas on elne; ic him æfter sceal."
 þæt wæs þām gomelan gingæste word
 brēost-gehygdum, ær hē bæl cure,
 hāte heaðo-wylmas; him of hreðre gewāt
 2820 sǣwol sēcean sōð-fæstra dōm.

2799. MS. 'minne.'

2800. Thorpe 'gē nū'; so Grein and Heyne. Why?

2814. MS. 'for/speof.' Kemble 'forswēof' (so Grein and Heyne). But when the MS. reading is certainly wrong, it is surely better, by a change of two letters, to obtain the pret. of a verb already used in this poem (l. 477), and found in the past part. in "Genesis" 391, than, by a change of one letter only, to set up a verb, of whose existence there is no other evidence.

2819. MS. 'hwæðre.' Kemble's emendation.

2820. No number in the MS. after this line, but there is a space, and l. 2821 begins with a large capital.

[XXXIX.]

- Ðā wæs gegongen *guman* unfrōdum
 earfoðlice, þæt hē on eorðan geseah
 þone lēofestan lifes æt ende
 blēate gebæran. Bona swylce læg,
 2825 egeslic eorð-draca ealdre berēafod,
 bealwe gebæded. Bēah-hordum leng
 wyrm wōh-bogen wealdan ne mōste,
 ac hine irenna ecga fornāmon,
 hearde, heaðo-scearde homera lāfe,
 2830 þæt se wīd-floga wundum stille
 hrēas on hrūsan hord-ærne nēah;
 nalles *æfter lyfte lācende hwearf Fol. 191^b.
 middel-nihtum, mād̃m-æhta wlonc
 ansyn ywde, ac hē eorðan gefēoll
 2835 for ðæs hild-fruman hond-geweorce.
 Hūru þæt on lande lýt manna ðāh
 mægen-āgendra, mīne gefræge,
 þēah ðe hē dæda gehwæs dyrstig wære,
 þæt hē wið attor-sceaðan oreðe geræse,
 2840 oððe hring-sele hondum styrede,
 gif hē wæccende weard onfunde
 būon on beorge. Biowulfe wearð
 dryht-māðma dæl dēaðe forgolden;
 hæfde æghwæðer ende gefēred

2821. MS. 'gumū unfrodū,' doubtless another instance of "anticipation"; in l. 158 the MS. has 'banū folmū.'

2828. MS. 'him'; so Heyne and Wülcker. In all other instances *forniman* governs the accus.

2844. MS. 'æghwæðre'; Kemble 'æghwæðer.' Grein 'æghwæðre (acc. pl.) ende (nom.).' But cf. l. 3063; besides, *æghwæðer* is found nowhere else in the pl.

- 2845 lænan lifes. Næs ðā lang tō ðon,
 þæt ðā hild-latan holt ofgēfan,
 tydre trēow-logan tȳne ætsomne,
 ðā ne dorston ær dareðum lācan
 on hyra man-dryhtnes miclan þearfe;
 2850 ac hȳ scamiende scyldas bēaran,
 gūð-gewædu, þær se gomela læg;
 wlitan on Wī[g]lāf. Hē gewērgad sæt,
 fēðe-cempa, frēan eaxlum nēah,
 wehte hyne wætre; him wiht ne spēow.
 2855 Ne meahte hē on eorðan, ðeah hē ūðe wel,
 on ðām frum-gāre feorh gehealdan,
 ne ðæs Wealdendes [willan] wiht oncirran.
 Wolde dōm *Godes dædum rædan Fol. 192^a.
 gumena gehwylcum, swā hē nū gēn dēð.
 2860 þā wæs æt ðām geongum grim ondswaru
 eð-begēte, þām ðe ær his elne forlēas.
 Wīglāf maðelode, Weohstānes sunu,
 sec[g] sārīg-ferð seah on unlēofe:
 “þæt lā! mæg secgan, sē ðe wyle sōð specan,
 2865 þæt se mon-dryhten, sē ēow ðā mādmas geaf,
 ēored-geatwe, þe gē þær on standað,
 þonne hē on ealu-bence oft gesealde
 heal-sittendum helm ond byrnan,
 þēoden his þegnum, swylce hē þrȳðlicost
 2870 ðwēr feor oððe nēah findan meahte,

2852. MS. 'wilaf.'

2854. MS. 'speop.'

2857. Thorpe reads 'willan' for 'wiht' (so Wülfker). Heyne's emendation in text. It is easier to believe that the scribe omitted a word, than that he wrote *wiht* for *willan*.

2863. MS. 'sec.'

2869. MS. 'þrȳðlicost.'

- þæt hē gēnunga gūð-gewædu
 wrāðe forwurpe, ðā hyne wīg beget.
 Nealles folc-cyning fyrd-gesteallum
 gylpan þorfte; hwæðre him God ūðe,
 2875 sigora Waldend, þæt hē hyne sylfne gewræc
 āna mid ecge, þā him wæs elnes þearf.
 Ic him lif-wraðe lýtle meahte
 ætgifan æt gūðe, ond ongan swā þeah
 ofer mīn gemet mægnes helpan.
 2880 Symle wæs þȳ sǣmra, þonne ic sweorde drep
 ferhð-genīðlan; fȳr unswiðor
 wēoll of gewitte. Wergendra tō lȳt
 þrong ymbe þēoden, þā hyne sio *þrāg Fol.
 becwōm. 192^b.
 Nū sceal sinc-þego ond swyrd-gifu,
 2885 eall ēðel-wyn, ēowrum cynne
 lufen ālicgean; lond-rihtes mōt
 þære mæg-burge monna æghwylc
 idel hweorfan, syððan æðelingas
 feorran gefricgean flēam ēowerne,
 2890 dōm-lēasan dæd. Dēað bið sēlla
 eorla gehwylcum þonne edwīt-lif."

XL

Heht ðā þæt heaðo-weorc tō hagan biðdan

2881. MS. 'fȳrun ("u altered from a") swiðor.' Grein 'fȳr ran swiðor.' This makes Beowulf, instead of the dragon, the subject of *wæs* (2880), and spoils the passage. For "unswiðor," cf. l. 2578.

2882. MS. 'fergendra.'

2884. MS. 'hū.'

- ūp ofer ēg-clif, þær þæt eorl-weorod
 morgen-longne dæg mōd-gīomor sæt
 2895 bord-hæbbende, bēga on wēnum,
 ende-dōgores ond eft-cymes
 lēofes monnes. Lȳt swigode
 nīwra spella, sē ðe næs gerād,
 ac hē sōðlice sægde ofer ealle:
 2900 "Nū is wil-geofa Wedra lēoda,
 dryhten Gēata, dēað-bedde fæst,
 wunað wæl-reste wyrmes dædum.
 Him on efn ligeð ealdor-gewinna
 siex-bennum sēoc; sweorde ne meahte
 2905 on ðām āglæcean ænige þinga
 wunde gewyrcean. Wīglāf siteð
 ofer Biowulfe, byre Wihstānes,
 eorl ofer oðrum unlifigendum,
 healdeð hige-mæðum *hēafod-wearde Fol. 193^a.
 2910 lēofes ond lāðes. Nū ys lēodum wēn
 orleg-hwīle, syððan under[ne]
 Froncum ond Frȳsum fyll cyninges
 wide weorðeð. Wæs sīo wrōht scepen
 heard wið Hūgas, syððan Higelāc cwōm
 2915 faran flot-herge on Frēsna land,
 þær hyne Hetware hilde gehnægdon,
 elne geēodon mid ofer-mægene,
 þæt se byrn-wiga būgan sceolde,
 fēoll on fēðan; nalles frætwe geaf
 2920 ealdor dugoðe. Ūs wæs ā syððan

2893. MS. 'ecg clif'; Kemble 'ēg-clif.' Cf. l. 577. *Ecg* is used only of weapons in O. E.

2909. Sievers 'hige-mēðe'; cf. l. 2442.

2911. MS. 'under.' Grein's emendation. Cf. l. 127.

- Merewīoingas milts ungyfeðe.
 Ne ic tō Swēo-ðēode sibbe oððe trēowe
 wihte ne wēne; ac wæs wide cūð,
 þætte Ongenðio ealdre besnyðede
 2925 Hæðcen Hrēþling wið Hrefna-wudu,
 þā for onmēdlan ærest gesōhton
 Gēata lēode Gūð-Scilfingas.
 Sōna him se frōda fæder Ōhtheres,
 eald ond eges-full, ondslyht āgeaf,
 2930 ābrēot brim-wisan, brýd āhēorde,
 gomela io-mēowlan golde berofene,
 Onelan mōdor ond Ōhtheres,
 ond ðā folgode feorh-geniðlan,
 oð ðæt hī oðēodon earfoðlice
 2935 in Hrefnes holt hlāford-lēase.
 Besæt ðā sin-herge sweorda lāfe
 wundum wērgē; *wēan oft gehēt Fol. 193^b.
 earmre teohhe ondlonge niht;
 cwæð, hē on mergenne mēces ecgum
 2940 gētan wolde, sum[e] on galg-trēowu[m]
 [fuglum] tō gamene. Frōfor eft gelamp
 sārīg-mōdum somod ær-dæge,
 syððan hīe Hygelāces horn ond bȳman

2921. Wülcker 'Merewioinga.' See note on l. 2453.

2922. MS. 'te.'

2929. MS. 'hond slyht,' here and in l. 2972. The change in the text is necessary, unless one admits that *h* can alliterate with vowels. Such cases as this and that of the name "Unferth," always *Hunferð* in the MS. but alliterating with vowels, tempt strongly to the abandonment of the rule. Cf. l. 1541 (and note), and see Sievers § 217, N. 1.

2930. MS. and Zupitza 'bryda heorde.'

2940—1. MS. 'sum on galg treowu to gamene.' Thorpe 'sume' and 'fuglum,' comparing *Judith* 297: "fuglum tō frōfre."

gealdor ongēaton, þā se gōða cōm
 2945 lēoda dugoðe on lāst faran.

XLI.

Wæs sīo swāt-swaðu Sw[ē]ona ond Gēata,
 wæl-ræ̃s weora, wīde gesỹne,
 hū ðā folc mid him fæh̃ðe tōwehton.
 Gewāt him ðā se gōða mid his gædelingum,
 2950 frōd, fela-gēomor, fæsten sēcean,
 eorl Ongenþīo ufor oncirde;
 hæfde Higelāces hilde gefrūnen,
 wlonces wig-cræft; wiðres ne trūwode,
 þæt hē sē-mannum onsacan mihte,
 2955 hēaðo-līfendum, hord forstandan,
 bearn ond brýde; bēah eft þonan
 eald under eorð-weall. þā wæs æht boden
 Swēona lēodum, segn Higelāce[s];
 freoðo-wong þone forð oferēodon,
 2960 syððan Hrēðlingas tō hagan þrungon.
 þær wearð Ongenðīow ecgum sweorda,
 blonden-fexa, on bīd wrecen,
 þæt se þeod-cyning ðafian sceolde

2946. MS. 'swona.'

2958. Grein and Heyne retain the MS. reading; the latter explains: "Das auf der Flucht entrissene Banner der Schweden kam in Hygelāces Hände." But it is a far cry from giving chase to the capture of the banner, not to mention the violent zeugma in *boden*. Bugge supports Kemble's emendation, adopted in the text: "Das erhobene banner ist das merkmal der verfolgung."

2959. MS. 'ford.' Heyne thinks *freoðo-wong* may be a proper name. Would it, in that case, be followed by *ðone*?

2961. MS. 'sweordū.'

Eafores *ānne dōm. Hyne yrringa Fol. 194^a

- 2965 Wulf Wonrēding wæpne geræhte,
 þæt him for swenge swāt ædrum sprong
 forð under fexe. Næs hē forht swā ðēh,
 gomela Scilfing, ac forgeald hraðe
 wyrstan wrixle wæl-hlem þone,
- 2970 syððan ðeod-cyning þyder oncirde.
 Ne meahte se snella sunu Wonrēdes
 ealdum ceorle ondslyht giofan,
 ac hē him on hēafde helm ær gescer,
 þæt hē blōde fāh būgan sceolde,
- 2975 feoll on foldan; næs hē fæge þā git,
 ac hē hyne gewyrpte, þeah ðe him wund hrine.
 Lēt se hearda Higelāces þegn
 brād[n]e mēce, þā his brōðor læg,
 eald sweord eotonisc, entiscne helm
- 2980 breccan ofer bord-weal; ðā gebēah cyning,
 folces hyrde, wæs in feorh dropen.
 Ðā wæron monige, þe his mæg wriðon,
 ricone ārærdon, ðā him gerȳmed wearð,
 þæt hīe wæl-stōwe wealdan mōston,
- 2985 þenden rēafode rinc oðerne,
 nam on Ongenðio iren-byrnan,
 heard swyrd hilted ond his helm somod;
 hāres hyrste Higelāce bær.
 Hē ð[ām] frætsum fēng, ond him fægre gehēt
- 2990 lēana [for] *lēodum, ond gelæstē swā; Fol. 194^b.

2964. Heyne 'Eafores.' But see l. 2757 (note), and cf. *eafor*, 2152.

2972. See note on l. 2929.

2978. MS. 'brade.'

2989. MS. defective at corner, here and in the next line.

2990. A word is missing in the MS. in the first half of this line.

- geald þone gūð-ræs Gēata dryhten,
 Hrēðles eafora, þā hē tō hām becōm,
 Iofore ond Wulfe mid ofer-māðmum,
 sealde hiora gehwæðrum hund þūsenda
 2995 landes ond locenra bēaga; ne ðorfte him ðā lēan
 oðwitan
 mon on middan-gearde, syðða[n] hie ðā mārða
 geslōgon;
 ond ðā Iofore forgeaf āngan dohtor,
 hām-weorðunge, hylðo tō wedde.
 þæt ys sio fæhðo ond se fēond-scipe,
 3000 wæl-nið wera, ðæs ðe ic [wēn] hafo,
 þe ūs sēceað tō Swēona lēoda,
 syððan hie gefricgeað frēan ūserne
 ealdor-lēasne, þone ðe ær gehēold
 wið hettendum hord ond rīce
 3005 æfter hæleða hryre, hwate Scylfingas,
 folc-rēd fremede, oððe furður gēn

B has two dots, Zupitza three. Kemble 'on.' For *for lēodum* cf. "Daniel" 720: "hē for lēodum lygeword gecwæð."

MS. 'gelæsta.'

2996. MS. 'syðða.'

3000. No gap in MS. Kemble's emendation. Cf. l. 383.

3001. Heyne 'leode.' For the pl. *lēoda* see Wulfstan (ed. Napier) 106. 23, and Ps. 71. 10.

3005. MS. 'Scildingas.' Müllenhoff considered this line a careless repetition of l. 2052. It is the easiest way out of the difficulty. Thorpe 'Scyldingas,' and in a foot-note: "Hence it would appear that Beowulf, in consequence of the fall of Hrothgar's race, was called to rule also over the Danes (Scyldings)." The punctuation in the text allows *Scylfingas* to be taken in apposition with *hie* in l. 3002, which is intolerably forced, or parallel with *hord ond rīce* in l. 3004. I favour the latter interpretation, if the line is to be kept, and can only suppose that the term "Scylfingas" could be applied equally, on the ground of common ancestry, to both Swedes and Geats. See l. 2603, where Wiglaf is called "lēod Scylfinga."

- eorl-scipe efnde. *Nū* is ofost betost,
 þæt wē þēod-cyning þær scēawian,
 ond þone gebringan, þe ūs bēagas geaf,
 3010 on ād-fære. Ne scel ānes hwæt
 meltan mid þām mōdigan, ac þær is mādma hord,
 gold unrīme, grimme gecēa[po]d,
 ond nū æt sīðestan sylfes fēore
 bēagas [geboh]te; þā sceall brond fretan,
 3015 æled þeccean, *nalles eorl wegan Fol. 195.
 mādum tō gemyndum, ne mægð scýne
 habban on healse hring-weorðunge,
 ac sceal gēomor-mōd, golde berēafod,
 oft, nalles æne, el-land tredan,
 3020 nū se here-wīsa hleahtor ālegde,
 gamen ond glēo-drēam. Forðon sceall gār wesan,
 monig morgen-ceald, mundum bewunden,
 hæfen on handa, nalles hearpan swēg
 wīgend wecccean, ac se wonna hrefn
 3025 fūs ofer fægum fela reordian,
 earne secgan hū him æt æte spēow,
 þenden hē wið wulf wæl rēafode."
 Swā se secg hwata secgende wæs
 lāðra spella; hē ne lēag fela
 3030 wyrda ne worda. Weorod eall ārās;
 ēodon unbliðe under Earna næs,
 wollen-tēare, wundur scēawian.
 Fundon ðā on sande sāwul-lēasne
 hlin-bed healdan, þone þe him hringas geaf

3007. MS. 'meis.' Kemble's emendation. *Mē is* is a possible reading.

3012. MS. defective at corner, here and in l. 3014.

3028. Grein and Zupitza 'secg-hwata.'

MS. 'secg gende,' probably due to "repetition." But see Sievers § 216, N. 1.

3034. Grein (after Grimm) 'hlin-bed.' See note on l. 1271.

- 3035 ærran mælum; þā wæs ende-dæg
 gōdum gegongen, þæt se gūð-cyning,
 Wedra þēoden, wundor-dēaðe swealt.
 Ær hi þær gesēgan syllicran wiht,
 wurm on wonge wiðer-ræhtes þær
- 3040 lāðne licgean; wæs se lēg-draca,
 grimlic gryr[e], *glēdum beswæled. Fol. 195^b.
 Sē wæs fiftiges fōt-gemearces
 lang on legere; lyft-wynne hēold
 nihtes hwīlum, nyðer eft gewāt
- 3045 dennes niosian; wæs ðā dēaðe fæst,
 hæfde eorð-scrafta ende genyttod.
 Him big stōdan būnan ond orcas,
 discas lāgon ond dýre swýrd,
 ðmige, þurh-etone, swā hīe wið eorðan fæðm
- 3050 þūsend wintra þær eardodon;
 þonne wæs þæt yrfe ēacen-cræftig,
 iu-monna gold, galdre bewunden,
 þæt ðām hring-sele hrīnan ne mōste
 gumena ænig, nefne God sylfa,
- 3055 sigora Sōð-cyning, sealde þām ðe hē wolde
 (hē is manna gehyld) hord openian,
 efne swā hwylcum manna, swā him gemet
 ðūhte.

3035. MS. 'ærrun' ("u altered from a by erasure."—Z.) Sievers § 304, N. 2.

3041. MS. defective at corner. Heyne 'gryre-gæst' (cf. l. 2560), based on Kölbing's statement that there is room for from four to six letters on the missing corner. This seems more than doubtful. B 'gry...'; Zupitza 'gryr[e]' simply. It would appear from the facsimile that the corner of the folio was defective from the very first and that certainly not more than one letter is missing. This is confirmed by the fact, that if the corner had been perfect there had been ample space for two or three letters after *laðne* at the end of the bottom line but one.

XLII.

- þā wæs gesýne, þæt se sið ne ðāh
 þām ðe unrihte inne gehýdde
 3060 wræte under wealle. Weard ær ofslōh
 fēara sumne; þā sio fāhð gewearð
 gewrecen wrāðlice. Wundur hwār þonne
 eorl ellen-rōf ende gefēre
 lif-gesceafta, þonne leng ne mæg
 3065 mon mid his [mā]gum medu-seld būan.
 Swā wæs Biowulfe, *þā hē biorges weard Fol. 196.
 sōhte, searo-nīðas; seolfa ne cūðe,
 þurh hwæt his worulde gedāl weorðan sceolde.
 Swā hit oð dōmes dæg dīope benemdon
 3070 þēodnas mære, þā ðæt þær dydon,
 þæt se secg wære synnum scildig,
 hergum geheaðerod, hell-bendum fæst,
 wommum gewitnad, sē ðone wong strude.
 Næs hē gold-hwæt; gearwor hæfde
 3075 Āgendes ēst ær gescēawod.
 Wiglāf maðelode, Wihstānes sunu:
 "Oft scēall eorl monig ānes willan
 wræc ādreogan, swā ūs geworden is.
 Ne meahton wē gelæran lēofne þēoden,
 3080 rīces hyrde, ræd ænigne,
 þæt hē ne grētte gold-weard þone,

3060. MS. 'wræce'; Thorpe 'wræte.' Cf. l. 2771.

3065. MS. defective at corner.

Wülcker has a question-mark after *būan*.

3073. MS. 'strade.' Cf. l. 3126.

3074. MS. 'gold-hwæte.' Thorpe and Wülcker 'gold-hwæte': Grein (after Bugge) 'Næs ("not") hē gold-hwæte (agreeing with *ēst*) gearwor etc.' Sievers 'gold-hwætes' (agreeing with *āgendes*).

3078. MS. 'a dreogeð.'

- lēte hyne licgean, þær hē longe wæs,
wicum wunian oð woruld-ende;
hēold on hēah gesceap. Hord ys gescēawod,
3085 grimme gegongen; wæs þæt gifeðe tō swið,
þe ðone [þeod-cyning] þyder ontyhte.
Ic wæs þær inne ond þæt eall geondseh,
recedes geatwa, þā mē gerȳmed wæs
nealles swæslice, sið ālyfed
3090 inn under eorð-weall. Ic on ofoste gefēng
micle mid mundum mægen-byrðenne
hord-gestrēona, hider *ūt ætbær Fol. 196^b.
cyninge mīnum; cwico wæs þā gēna,
wis ond gewittig. Worn eall gespræc
3095 gomol on gehþo, ond ēowic grētan hēt,
bæd þæt gē geworhton æfter wines dædum
in bæl-stede beorh þone hēan,
micelne ond mārne, swā hē manna wæs
wīgend weorð-fullost wīde geond eorðan,
3100 þenden hē burh-welan brūcan mōste.
Uton nū efstan oðre [siðe]
sēon ond sēcean searo-geþræc,
wundur under wealle; ic ēow wīsigē,

3084. MS. 'heoldon,' or not impossibly 'heold on.' Heyne 'Hēoldon hēah gesceap,' *wir erhielten ein schweres Schicksal*. Wülcker 'woruld-ende, / healdan hēah-gesceap.' These appear to me equally unsatisfactory, and I have therefore suggested an emendation, which, if it lacks analogy, yet seems to give the sense required: "We could not dissuade him; he held (on) to his high fate, *or* he held on (*adv.*) his high fate." Grein and Toller give several instances of the intrans. use of *healdan*, and of *on* used adverbially. See also Mätzner's *O. E. Dict.*, p. 405, col. 1; among other passages there quoted is: "hald hardiliche o þ tu haues bigunnen," *St. Kath.* 676.

3086. No gap in MS. Grein's emendation. Grundtvig 'þeoden.'

3101. No gap in MS.

- þæt gē genōge nēon scēawiað
 3105 bēagas ond brād gold. Sīe sīo bār gearo
 ædre geæfned, þonne wē ūt cymen,
 ond þonne geferian frēan ūserne,
 lēofne mannan, þær hē longe sceal
 on ðæs Waldendes wære geþolian."
 3110 Hēt ðā gebēodan byre Wihstānes,
 hæle hilde-dior, hæleða monegum,
 bold-āgendra, þæt hīe bæl-wudu
 feorran feredon, folc-āgende,
 gōdum tōgēnes: "Nū sceal glēd fretan
 3115 (weaxan wonna lēg) wigena strengel,
 þone ðe oft gebād isern-scūre,
 þonne stræla storm strengum gebæded
 scōc ofer scild-weall, sceft nytte hēold,
 fæder-gearwum fūs flāne full-ēode."
 3120 Hūru se snotra sunu Wihstānes
 ācigde of corðre *cyni[n]ges þegnas Fol. 198^a.
 syfone [æt]somne, þā sēlestan,
 ēode eahta sum under inwit-hrōf;
 hilde-rinc sum on handa bær
 3125 æled-lēoman, sē ðe on orde gēong.
 Næs ðā on hlytme, hwā þæt hord strude,
 syððan orwearde ænigne dæl
 secgas gesēgon on sele wunian,

8104. Heyne 'nēan. See Sievers § 150. 3.

3119. MS. 'fæder gearwū.' Kemble's emendation.

3121. This folio, the last, is terribly mutilated with tears and holes.
MS. 'cyniges.'

3122. Zupitza '[to]-somme,' and in a foot-note: "now to entirely gone.' That "now" is misleading, for apparently it was just as entirely gone in Thorkelin's time. In the absence of evidence in its favour, I read *æt*somne with Grein; cf. l. 2847.

- læne licgan; lýt ænig mearn,
 3130 þæt hī ofostlic[e] ūt geferedon
 dýre mǣðmas. Dracan ēc scufun,
 wýrm ofer weall-clif, lēton wēg niman,
 flōd fæðmian, frætwa hyrde.
 þær wæs wunden gold on wæn hladen,
 3135 æghwæs unrīm; æþeling boren,
 hār hilde[-rinc], tō Hrones næsse.

XLIII.

- Him ðā gegiredan Gēata lēode
 ād on eorðan unwāclīcne,
 helm[um] behongen, hilde-bordum,
 3140 beorhtum byrnum, swā hē bēna wæs;
 ālegdon ðā tōmiddles mārne þēoden
 hæleð hīofende, hlāford lēofne.
 Ongunnon þā on beorge bæl-fýra mæst
 wīgend weccan; wud[u]-rēc āstāh
 3145 sweart ofer swioðole, swōgende lēg
 wōpe bewunden (wind-blond gelæg),

3130. MS. defective at edge.

3134. MS. 'þ.' Thorpe 'þær.'

3135. MS. 'æþelinge.'

3136. MS. 'hilde to.' "I am unable to decide whether there is an erasure of one letter after *hilde* or an original blank."—Z. Thorpe's emendation.

3139. MS. 'helm.' Grein's emendation.

3144. Hole in MS.

3145. MS. 'swioðole.' A difficult word. Toller gives two or three instances of *swice*, *swicc* (?), "scent, smell." Skeat suggests "smelling fir-wood," from O. E. *ŝol(l)*, Icel. *pollr*, "a thole, a peg," originally "fir-tree." Grein connects with *swaðul* (l. 782). See glossary.

MS. 'let'; Thorpe 'lēg.'

oð þæt hē ðā bān-hūs gebrocen hæfde,
 hāt on hreðre. Higum unrōte
 mōd-ceare mændon mon-dryhtnes cw[e]alm;
 3150 swylce gīomor gyd *[sīo gēo-]mēowle Fol. 198^b.
 [b]unden heorde
 ... sorg-cearig sǣlðe geneahhe,
 þæt hīo hyre ::::: gas hearde ::::: de
 wæl-fylla wonn ::::: des egesan
 3155 hyðo : h ::::: d. Heofon rēce swe[a]lg.

3149. MS. torn at foot.

3150. "Almost all that is legible in this page freshened up in a late hand."—Z.

3150—5. I have treated these six mutilated lines in the same way as ll. 2214—20, that is to say, the text is an accurate reproduction of Zupitza's transliteration of the MS. The only changes are the division into verse-lines, and the addition of length-marks, etc.; the letters in square brackets also are added from Zupitza's foot-notes. For the most part it is needless to give the foot-notes themselves. The division into lines is not absolutely certain, but again I agree with Bugge, and again I arrived at the same conclusion as he quite independently—that this passage contains six verse-lines and not seven, as in Heyne, Wülcker, etc. For example, Heyne makes two half-lines between *eges* and *heofon*, where, according to Zupitza, there is room in the MS. for only twelve letters. Similarly, Wülcker makes a whole line between *wonn* and *hyðo*. Since the rearrangement and renumbering in the text are confirmed by the alliteration and by Bugge's restoration below, they may be considered proven. This makes the total number of lines in the poem one less—3182 (Wülcker 3183, Heyne 3184).

With respect to 'geo-meowle' Zupitza says: "This reading is confirmed by the word written over *meowle*, which is neither *con* nor *on*, but, without any doubt, (the Latin) *anus*."

3153. "The first two letters after *heard* look like *on* or *an*, the letter before *de* may have been *e*, as the stroke that generally connects *e* with a following letter is preserved."—Z.

3155. Bugge's reconstruction of this passage (see "Beit." x. 110—11) is, apart from the last half-line, hardly to be improved upon:

3150 swylce gīomor-gyd sīo gēo-mēowle

- Geworhton ðā Wedra lēode
hl[æw] on [h]liðe, sē wæs hēah ond brād,
[wæ]g-liðendum wide g[e]sýne,
ond betimbredon on tȳn dagum
3160 beadu-rōfes bēcn; bronda lāfe
wealle beworhton, swā hyt weorðlicost
fore-snotre men findan mihton.
Hī on beorg dydon bēg ond siglu,
eall swylce hyrsta, swylce on horde ær
3165 nīð-hēdige men genumen hæfdon;
forlēton eorla gestrēon eorðan healdan,
gold on grēote, þær hit nū gēn lifað
eldum swā unnyt, swā hi[t æro]r wæs.
þā ymbe hlæw riodan hilde-dēore
3170 æþelinga bearn ealra twelfa,
woldon [ceare] cwīðan, kyning mænan,
word-gyd wrecan, ond ymb w[er] spreca;

æfter Bēowulfe bunden-heorde
song sorg-cearig, sæde geneahhe,
þæt hīo hyre hearm-dagas hearde ondrēde,
wæl-fylla worn, wigendes egesan,
hȳnðo ond hæft-nȳd, hēof on rice wealg.

He adds: "For the whole passage cf. ll. 3016—20. Beowulf's aged widow (*gēo-mēowle*) was perhaps Hygd; cf. ll. 2369 ff."

3157. Zupitza 'hl:: on liðe,' and in a foot-note: "I am unable to make out *hlæw* after *leode*: the two last letters seem to me to be rather *eo*." See l. 3169. Thorpe 'hliðe.'

3158. The remainder of this page is frequently illegible or defective, both at the edges and elsewhere.

3160. Heyne: "*be lāfe*—so MS. nach Zupitza." This is an error; Zupitza has no *be*.

3168. Zupitza 'hi:::r.' Kemble's emendation.

3171. Zupitza '::::': Grein 'ceare.' Possibly the missing word is *wōpe*, as in "Gen." 996.

3172. Zupitza 'w:::': Grein 'wer.'

- eahtodan eorl-scipe, ond his ellen-weorc
 duguðum dēmdon, swā hit ge-dē[fe] bið,
 3175 þæt mon his wine-dryhten wordum herge,
 ferhðum frēoge, þonne hē forð scile
 of līc-haman [læne] weorðan.
 Swā begnornodon Gēata lēode
 hlāfordes [hry]re, heorð-genēatas;
 3180 cwædon þæt hē wære wyruld-cyning.
 manna mildust ond mon-[ðw]ærust,
 lēodum liðost, ond lof-geornost.

3174. Hole in MS.

3177. Zupitza: "*lachaman* MS., but there can be little doubt that *lac* instead of *līc* is owing only to the late hand."

Zupitza '::::'; Kemble 'læne.'

3179. Zupitza '::::re'; Thorpe 'hryre.'

3181. MS. torn at foot.

For a list of the words and syllables, the vowels of which are marked long in the MS., see the Preface.

APPENDIX.

THE FIGHT AT FINNSBURG*.

(See "Beowulf" ll. 1068 ff.)

- * * * [hor]nas byrnað næfre?"
Hlāðrode þā heaðo-geong cyning:
"Ne ðis ne dagað ēastan, ne hēr draca ne flēogeð,
ne hēr ðisse healle hornas ne byrnað,
5 ac fēr forþ berað, fugelas singað,
gylleð græg-hama, gūð-wudu hlynneð,
scyld scefte oncwyrð. Nū scýrneð þes mōna
waðol under wolcnum; nū ārisað wēa-dāda,
ðe ðisne folces nīð fremman willað.
10 Ac onwacnigeað nū, wigend mīne,
habbað ēowre linda, hicgeað on ellen,
winnað on orde, wesað on mōde."
þā ārās mænig gold-hladen ðegn, gyrde hine his swurde;
þā tō dura ēodon drihtlice cempa,
15 Sigeferð and Eaha, hyra sword getugon,
and æt oþrum durum Ordlāf ond Gūplāf
and Hengest sylf; hwearf him on lāste.
þā gyt Gārulf Gūðere styrode,

* "Fragmenti poetici singulare folium, in codice MS. homiliarum Semi-Saxonicarum qui extat in Bibliotheca Lambethana." Hickes i. 192. The MS. is now lost. Hickes's readings are denoted by H., but they are given only when they have been considerably altered in the text.

2. 'hearo geong' H.
3. 'eastun' H.
5. 'her' H.
11. 'landa' H. 'hie geap' H.
12. 'windað' H.

- þæt hie swā frēolic feorh forman sipe
 20 tō ðære healle durum hyrsta ne bēran,
 nū hyt niþa heard ānyman wolde;
 ac hē frægn ofer eal undearninga,
 dēor-mōd hāleð, hwā ðā duru hēolde.
 "Sigeferþ is mīn nama (oweð he), ic eom Secgena lēod,
 25 wreccea wīde cūð. Fela ic wēana gebād,
 heardra hilda; ðē is gyt hēr witod,
 swæðer ðū sylf tō mē sēcean wylle."
 Þā wæs on wealle wæl-slihta gehlyn,
 sceolde celled bord cēnum on handa,
 30 bān-helm berstan. Buruh-ðelu dynede,
 oð [þæt] æt ðære gūðe Gārulf gecrang,
 ealra sērest eorð-būendra,
 Gūðlāfes sunu, ymbe hyne gōðra fela.
 Hwarf [f]lacra hrāw hræfen, wandrode
 35 sweart and sealo-brūn; swurd-lēoma stōd
 swylce eal Finns-buruh fýrenu wære.
 Ne gefrægn ic nāfre wurþlicor æt wera hilde
 sixtig sige-beorna sēl gebæran,
 ne nāfre swānas swētna medo sēl forgyldan,
 40 ðonne Hnæfe guldān his hæg-stealdas.
 Hig fuhton fif dagas, swā hyra nān ne fēol
 driht-gesīða, ac hig ðā duru hēoldon.
 Þā gewāt him wund hāleð on wæg gangan,
 sæde þæt his byrne ābrocen wære,
 45 here-sceorp unhrōr, and ēac wæs his helm ðýrl.
 Ðā hine sōna frægn folces hyrde,
 hū ðā wīgend hyra wunda genāson,
 oððe hwæþer ðāra hyssa * * *

19. 'he' H.

25. 'wrecten' H. 'fæla' H. 'weuna' H.

26. 'heordra' H.

28. 'healle' H.

29. 'sceolde Celæs borð genumon handa' H.

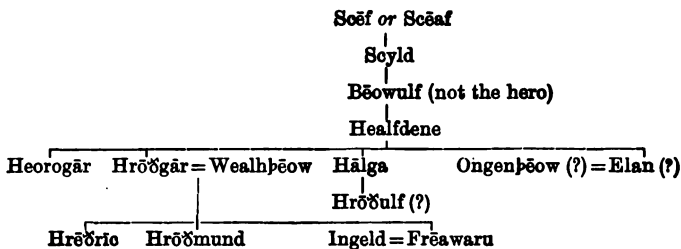
34. 'Hwearflacra hrær' H.

39. 'ne nefre swa noc whitne medo' H.

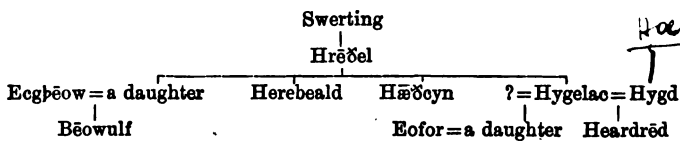
45. 'here sceorpum hrōr' H.

GENEALOGICAL TABLES.

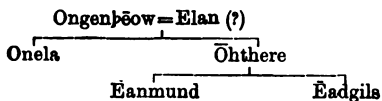
(1) THE DANISH ROYAL FAMILY.



(2) THE GEAT ROYAL FAMILY.



(3) THE SWEDISH ROYAL FAMILY.



PERSONS AND PLACES.

- ✓ **Abel**, slain by Cain, 108.
- ✓ **Ælfhere**. Wiglaf is called "kinsman of Ælfhere," 2604.
- ✓ **Æschere**, Hrothgar's dearest counsellor and comrade in arms, slain and carried off by Grendel's dam in revenge for her son, 1294—1340, 2120—2130.
- ✓ **Ær-Scyldingas**, 464, Honour-Scyldings, a name of the Danes; see **Scyldingas**.
- ✓ **Bēanstān**, Breca's father, 524.
- ✓ **Beorht-Dene**, 427, 609, Bright-Danes; see **Dene**.
- ✓ **Beowulf** the Dane (not the hero of the poem), 18, 53, an ancestor of the Danish king Hrothgar.
- ✓ **Beowulf** the Geat (the second scribe, who begins in the MS. in l. 1939, favours the spelling Biowulf, 1987, 1999, etc.; *gen.* Biowulfes, 2194, 2631, 2807; *dat.* Biowulfe, 2324, 2842, 2907, 3066), the hero of the poem, first mentioned in l. 194, as "Hygelac's thane," first named in l. 343. He is the son of Ecgtheow; his mother's name is not given, but she was the daughter of Hrethel, king of the Geats, and therefore sister of Hygelac. The whole poem is a record of Beowulf's life, exploits, death, and burial; but a few facts deserve special mention. After his seventh year he was brought up at the court of his grandfather, Hrethel, with his uncles, Herebeald, Hæthcyn, and Hygelac (2428—34). In his youth, he was for a long time despised as slothful and unwarlike (2183—9), but when he grew up his hand had the strength of thirty other men's (379). It is therefore as a "hand-slayer" (2502) that he attains his chiefest fame (2684 ff.). He accompanied Hygelac in his fatal expedition against the Hetware, and saved his own life, after the fall of the Geat king, by swimming home across the sea (2359 ff.). He refused the throne, offered him

by Hygelac's widow (2369 ff.); acted as guardian and protector to Hygelac's son Heardred (2377), and on the death of the latter became king of the Geats, whom he ruled for fifty years (2209).

Beowulf is a hero worthy of our only great English epic, a warrior "sans peur et sans reproche." His love of fighting, his eagerness for praise (3182), his touch of braggadocio, were far from being faults in the eyes of the "scop," and he has some of the qualities of true greatness: in the closing words of the poem he is called the mildest, gentlest, and kindest of men.

The Beowulf who took part in Hygelac's historical expedition against the Hetware is probably historical too; but the Beowulf of the four great exploits of the poem, the swimming match with Breca, and the contests with Grendel, with his dam, and with the dragon, has probably stepped into the place of the mythical Beowa of the Old English royal genealogies.

✓ **Breca**, son of Beanstan (524), and a chief of the Brondings (521). Beowulf's swimming-match with Breca is the subject of Unferth's taunt (ll. 506 ff.).

✓ **Brondingas**, 521, see **Breca**.

✓ **Brōsinga mene** (Icel. Brisinga men), the famous Brising necklace or collar. "This necklace is the Brisinga-men—the costly necklace of Freyja, which she won from the dwarfs and which was stolen from her by Loki, as is told in the Edda."—Kemble.

The circlet given to Beowulf after the slaughter of Grendel can only be compared to the Brosings' (or Brisings') necklace which Hama carried off when he fled from Eormenric (ll. 1195 ff.). See Bugge in "Beiträge" xii.

✓ **Cain** is the ancestor of Grendel (111, 1265).

Dæghrefn (*dat.* 2501), a brave warrior of the Hugs, seems to have killed Hygelac in the battle (cf. ll. 1207—11 with 2503—4). Beowulf was his "hand-slayer" (2502).

✓ **Dene** (*gen.* Dena 242, Deniga 271, Denia 2125), the Danes, the subjects of Hrothgar. They dwell in the Scede-lands (19), in Sceden-ig (1686), "between the seas" (1685). They are called by various other names in the poem: Beorht-Dene, Gār-Dene, Hring-Dene, in supposed allusion to their warlike character; Ēast-Dene, Norð-Dene, Sūð Dene, West-Dene, in supposed allusion to their wide distribution; Scyldingas, etc., Ingwine, and Hrēðmen, all of which see.

Eadgils, younger son of Ohthere.

✓ What is told of the brothers Eadgils and Eanmund in the poem, as in the case of the other allusions and episodes, must have been

originally intended for hearers who were supposed to know all about them. For us, the order and nature of the events referred to are sometimes by no means clear, especially when we can get little help from external sources. In this particular instance, however, it is not difficult to read between the lines, and put together a complete story, and we have the Scandinavian accounts to help us.

Eanmund and Eadgils are banished from Sweden for rebellion (2379 ff.), and take refuge at the court of the Geat king, Heardred. The fact of their finding an asylum with his hereditary foes (see Ongentheow) seems to have so enraged the Swedish king Onela, their uncle, that he invades Geatland (2202 ff.) and succeeds in slaying Heardred (2384 ff.), but allows Beowulf to succeed to the Geat throne unmolested (2389—90). Heardred is the second Geat king (see Hæthcyn) who had fallen by the hands of the Swedes, and Beowulf at a later time (2392) balances the feud by supporting Eadgils in his subsequent invasion of Sweden, in which the latter slew the king, his uncle Onela (2391 ff.). This version of the story is confirmed by reference to the Norse accounts, in which Aðils (= Eadgils) slays Áli (= Onela) on the ice of Lake Wener (see l. 2396).

Heyne (followed unfortunately by Brooke) seems to pervert and distort this simple story almost beyond belief. He says (the *square* brackets are mine): 'The relations of Ohthere's sons to Hygelac's son appear according to the text to be as follows. Ohthere's sons, Eanmund and Eadgils, have revolted against their father (2381) [why their father rather than Onela?], in consequence of which they have to quit Sweden (2379) and come to Heardred (2380). One of them kills the latter under mysterious circumstances (2385) [2385 does not say so]; it must have been Eanmund, whom Weohstan slays on the spot therefor, cf. 2612. Eadgils escapes to his home (2387, for "Ongenþeowes bearn" here means his grandson Eadgils, for "bearn" can be used in the sense of descendant, cf. *Daniel* 73: "Isrāēla bearn") [special pleading! "Isrāēla bearn" = the children of Israel. What possible inference can there be from this to the meaning "grandson"? And why go to *Daniel*, in preference to referring to the seven instances of this use of "bearn" in his own glossary to *Beowulf*? How much better to take "bearn" to mean son, as in every other case of its singular use in the poem!], where in the meantime his father Ohthere seems to have died [!]. After Beowulf has become king of the Geats (2389), his thoughts turn to taking his revenge on Eadgils (2391); he becomes his enemy [the MS. has "freond" !]. Eadgils invades the land of the Geats (2393—4; read

"gestepte" from "gesteppan," and not "gestēpte" from "gestēpan"), but is killed by Beowulf (2396) [then "Beowulf" is the subject of "wearð" (2392), "sunu Ōhteres" (2394) is the subject of "gestepte," and "hē" (2395) again refers to Beowulf! And Eadgils has meantime become king of Sweden (2396)].' See also *Ēanmund*.

I have treated this question thus fully in the hope of ending a misinterpretation, which has obtained some vogue.

✓ *Eafor* (*gen.* 2964). See *Eofor*.

✓ *Ēanmund*, 2611, elder son of Ohthere; see *Ēadgils*. He is slain by Weohstan (2612 ff.), who strips him of the armour given him by his uncle Onela (2616). Weohstan "spake not about the feud, although he had slain his (Onela's) brother's son (2618—9)." These words accord much better with the supposition that Weohstan had slain a "friendless exile" (2613) in a private quarrel, of which he was half ashamed, than that he had avenged Heardred's death upon his murderer.

✓ *Earna-ness*, 3031, Eagles-ness, near the scene of Beowulf's fight with the dragon.

✓ *East-Dene*, 392, 616, East-Danes; see *Dene*.

✓ *Ecglaíf*, 499, father of Unferth.

✓ *Ecgþeow* (*Ecgþeo*, 373; *gen.* *Ecgþioes*, 1999) father of Beowulf the Geat; married the only daughter of Hrethel, king of the Geats and father of Hygelac (373—5). Having slain Heatholaf, the Wylfing, Eogtheow seeks protection at the court of Hrothgar in the early days of his kingship; Hrothgar accepts his fealty, and settles the feud by a money-payment (459 ff.).

✓ *Ecgwela*, 1710: "the descendants of Ecgwela, the Honour-Scyldings," i.e. the Danes. Grein takes him to be the founder of the older dynasty of Danish kings, which ended in Heremod.

✓ *Elan*, 62 (see note), daughter of Healfdene, sister of Hrothgar, and wife of Ongentheow (?), king of the Swedes.

✓ *Eofor* (*dat.* *Iofore*, 2993, 2997), a Geat warrior, son of Wonred, brother of Wulf, and son-in-law of Hygelac. He comes to the aid of his brother Wulf in his single combat with Ongentheow, and slays the latter, thus avenging the death of Hæthcyn. Hygelac liberally rewards both the brothers, and gives his only daughter to Eofor (2484 ff., 2961 ff.).

Ēomār, 1960, son of Offa and Thrytho (q. v.).

✓ *Ēormenric*, 1201, king of the Ostrogoths; see *Brōsinga mena*.

✓ *Eotenas*, 1072, 1088, 1141, 1145, the people of Finn, king of Friesland.

Finn (*Fin* 1096, 1146, 1152; *gen.* *Finnes* 1068 etc.), king of Friesland

(1126), son of Folcwalda (1089); his queen is Hildeburh. The somewhat obscure Finn episode in "Beowulf" (ll. 1068—1159) is evidently part of a Finn saga, of which only the merest fragment, called the Fight at Finnsburg (see Appendix), is extant. Various attempts have been made to reconstruct the saga from these materials, the chief point wherein they differ being as to the relative places of the "Fight" and the Finn episode in the restored connected story. Bugge, in accordance with his interpretation of ll. 1142—4 (see note), follows Grein in arguing that the night attack described in the "Fight" took place when Hnæf was killed, before the events described in the "Beowulf" episode, i.e. before l. 1068. Möller, on the other hand, contends that the proper place of the "Fight" is between lines 1144 and 1145. His outline of the story is briefly as follows:

Finn, king of the Frisians, had carried off Hildeburh, daughter of Hoc (1076), probably with her consent. Her father Hoc seems to have pursued the fugitives, and to have been slain in the fight which ensued on his overtaking them. After the lapse of some twenty years Hoc's sons, Hnæf and Hengest, were old enough to undertake the duty of avenging their father's death. They make an inroad into Finn's country and a battle takes place in which many warriors, among them Hnæf and a son of Finn (1074, 1079, 1115), are killed. Peace is therefore solemnly concluded, and the slain warriors are burnt (1068—1124).

As the year is too far advanced for Hengest to return home (ll. 1130 ff.), he and those of his men who survive remain for the winter in the Frisian country with Finn. But Hengest's thoughts dwell constantly on the death of his brother Hnæf, and he would gladly welcome any excuse to break the peace which had been sworn by both parties. His ill concealed desire for revenge is noticed by the Frisians, who anticipate it by themselves taking the initiative and attacking Hengest and his men whilst they are sleeping in the hall. This is the night attack described in the "Fight." It would seem that after a brave and desperate resistance Hengest himself falls in this fight at the hands of Hunlafing (1143), but two of his retainers, Guthlaf and Oslaf, succeed in cutting their way through their enemies and in escaping to their own land. They return with fresh troops, attack and slay Finn, and carry his queen Hildeburh off with them (1125—1159).

Finneas, 580, the Finns. The sea washed Beowulf up on their land, Finland, at the end of his swimming-match with Breca.

- ✓ *Fitela*, 879, 889 (Icel. *Sinfjötli*), son of *Sigemund* by his sister *Signy*, and therefore also his nephew (881). See *Sigemund*.
- ✓ *Folcwalda*, 1089, the father of *Finn*.
- ✓ *Francan*, 1210, see *Froncan*.
- ✓ *Frēawaru* (*acc.* *Frēaware* 2022), daughter of *Hrothgar* and *Wealththeow*, and wife of *Ingeld*. See *Ingeld*.
- ✓ *Frēsan*, 1093, 2915, see *Frȳsan*.
- ✓ *Frēs-cyning*, 2503, the king of the West Frisians; see *Frȳsan* (2).
- ✓ *Frēs-lond* (pl.), 2357, the land of the West Frisians. See *Frȳsan* (2).
- ✓ *Frēs-wæl*, 1070, the North Frisian field or place of battle, where *Hnæf* fell. See *Finn*.
- ✓ *Frōda*, 2025, father of *Ingeld* (q. v.).
- ✓ *Froncan* (*gen.* *Francona* 1210), the Franks. *Hygelac* was defeated and slain, in his historical invasion of the Netherlands, by a combined army of Frisians, Franks, and Hugs (1202 ff., 2912 ff.).
- ✓ *Frȳsan* (*gen.* *Frēsena* 1093, *Frȳsna* 1104, *Frēsna* 2915), the Frisians. There are (1) the North Frisians, the people of *Finn* (q. v.; 1068 ff.); (2) the West Frisians, who combined with the Franks and Hugs against *Hygelac* (1202 ff., 2912 ff.). The land of the former is called "Frȳs-land" in l. 1126, that of the latter "Frēs-lond" (pl.) in l. 2357.
- ✓ *Frȳs-land*, 1126, the land of the North Frisians. See *Frȳsan* (1).
- ✓ *Gār-Dene*, 1, 1856, Spear-Danes; see *Dene*.
- Gārmund*, 1962. *Eomær* is said to be the "grandson of *Garmund*," who was therefore the father of *Offa* (q. v.). He is the *Wærmund* of the genealogies of the *Chronicle*, in which *Offa* and *Eomær* also appear; see *Parker MS.* 626 and 755 A.D.
- ✓ *Gēat*, 640, 1301, 1785, 1792, the Geat (i.e. *Beowulf*).
- ✓ *Gēata* (weak form or *gen. pl.*?), 374, 1191, 1202, etc.
- ✓ *Gēatas* (*O. Norse* *Gautar*, *Swed.* *Götar*; *gen.* *Gēatena* 443), the Geats, the people to whom the hero *Beowulf* belonged. They lived in South Sweden, between the Danes on the south and the Swedes on the north. They are also called *Gūð-Gēatas*, *Hrēðlingas*, *Sā-Gēatas*, *Weder-Gēatas*, and *Wederas*. *Bugge* identifies them with the *Jutes*.
- ✓ *Gēat-mecgas* (*dat.* *Gēat-mægum* 491, *gen.* *Gēat-mecga* 829), Geat men, referring to the fourteen Geats (207) who accompanied *Beowulf* to *Heorot*.
- ✓ *Gifðas*, the *Giftas*, (supposed to be) the *Gepidae*; see l. 2494.
- ✓ *Grendel* (*gen.* *Grendles* 195, 2002, etc., *Grendeles* 2006, 2118, 2139, 2353; *dat.* *Grendle* 666, 2521, etc.), the famous monster, slain by *Beowulf*. See *Argument*. He is of the kindred of *Cain* (1265 ff.). His father is unknown (1355).

- ✓ **Grendles mōdor** (Grendeles mōdor 2118, 2139), Grendel's mother or dam, the slaying of whom is Beowulf's second great exploit. See Argument. She is sometimes spoken of as a male, sometimes as a female; cf. ll. 1260, 1379, 1392, 1394, 1497, 2136 with 1292 ff., 1339, 1504 ff., 1541 ff.
- ✓ **Gūð Gēatas**, 1538, War-Geats; see **Gēatas**.
- ✓ **Gūðlāf**, 1148, a Danish warrior under Hnæf and Hengest. See Finn.
- ✓ **Gūð-Scylfingas**, 2927, War-Scylfings; see **Scylfingas**.
- ✓ **Hæreð**, 1929, 1981, the father of Hygd, Hygelac's wife.
- ✓ **Hæðcyn** (Hæðcen 2925, *dat.* Hæðcynne 2482), second son of Hrethel, king of the Geats. He accidentally kills his elder brother Herebeald with a bow and arrow during his father's lifetime (2435 ff.); succeeds to the throne at his father's death (2483), but falls in battle at Ravenswood at the hand of the Swedish king Ongentheow (2923 ff.).
- ✓ **Hālga**, 61, "the good" (til), younger brother of Hrothgar. He is thought to be the father of Hrothulf (1017, etc.), because he is identified with the historical Helgi, the father of Rolf Kraki (= Hrothulf).
- ✓ **Hāma**, 1198; see **Brōsinga mene**.
- ✓ **Healfdene**, 57, king of the Danes, son of Beowulf the Scylding, and father of Hrothgar, "the son of Healfdene" (189, etc.).
- ✓ **Healf-Dene**, Half-Danes, the tribe to which Hnæf belongs; see l. 1069.
- ✓ **Heardrēd**, son of Hygelac and Hygd. While still under age (2370) he succeeds his father as king of the Geats, so that Beowulf for a time acts as his counsellor and protector (2377). He is slain by Onela (2200 ff., 2385 ff.).
- ✓ **Heaðo-Beardan** (*gen.* Heaðo-Beardna 2032 etc.), Heathobards, Lombards, the tribe to which Ingeld (q. v.) belongs.
- ✓ **Heaðolāf**, 460, a warrior of the Wylfings, slain by Ecgtheow, the father of Beowulf.
- ✓ **Heaðo-Rēmas**, 519, Heathoremes, the people on whose shores Breca is cast after his swimming-match with Beowulf.
- ✓ **Heaðo-Scilfingas** (*gen. sg.* Heaðo-Scilfingas 63), 2205, Battle-Scylfings; see **Scylfingas**.
- ✓ **Helmingas**, 620, Helmings. Hrothgar's queen, Wealhtheow, is "a woman of the Helmings."
- ✓ **Hemming**, 1944, 1961. "Kinsman of Hemming" describes both Offa (q. v.) and his son Eomær.
- ✓ **Hengest**, 1083, 1091, took command of the Danes after Hnæf's fall. See Finn.
- ✓ **Heorogār** (Heregār 467, Hiorogār 2158), 61, eldest son of Healfdene, and elder brother of Hrothgar (468). He did not leave his armour to his

son; but Hrothgar gives it to Beowulf, and Beowulf gives it to Hygelac (2155 ff.).

- ✓ **Heorot** (Heort 78, *dat.* Heorute 766, Hiorte 2099), the hall Heorot or Hart, which Hrothgar built (67 ff.). It was deserted for twelve years because of Grendel's ravages (145 ff.). Beowulf's encounter with the monster takes place in the hall, on the roof of which his arm is afterwards exhibited as a trophy (710 ff.).
- ✓ **Heoroweard**, 2161, son of Heorogar (q. v.).
- ✓ **Herebeald**, 2434, 2463, eldest son of the Geat king Hrethel, accidentally killed with an arrow by his brother Hæthcyn (2435 ff.).
- ✓ **Heremod**, 901, 1709, a Danish king (see **Ecgwela**), is twice introduced as a kind of stock example of a bad and cruel king. In the end he is betrayed into the hands of his foes (903).
- ✓ **Hereric**, 2206. Heardred is called "Hererices nefa." Possibly he was the brother of Hygd.
- ✓ **Here-Scyldingas**, 1108, the Army-Scyldings; see **Scyldingas**.
- ✓ **Hetware**, 2363, 2916, the Hattuarii, the tribe against whom Hygelac made the raid in which he met his death.
- ✓ **Hildeburh**, 1071, 1114, daughter of Hoc (1076), and wife of Finn. See **Finn**.
- ✓ **Hnæf**, 1069, 1114, fell in the fight with Finn on the "Frēs-wæl" (1070). See **Finn**.
- ✓ **Hōc**, father of Hildeburh (1076); see **Finn**.
- ✓ **Hondscio**, 2076, the one of Beowulf's fourteen comrades, in his expedition to the Danish kingdom, that Grendel devoured before attacking Beowulf (740 ff., 2076 ff.).
- ✓ **Hrefna-wudu**, 2925, Ravenswood, where Ongentheow slew Hæthcyn. Also called
- ✓ **Hrefnes-holt**, 2935. See above.
- ✓ **Hreosna-beorh**, 2477, the scene of Onela and Ohthere's marauding invasions of Geatland after the death of Hrethel.
- ✓ **Hrēðel** (*gen. weak form* Hrēðlan 454, *gen.* Hrēðles 1485), king of the Geats; he was son of Swerting (1203), father of Hygelac, and grandfather of Beowulf (373 ff.), to whom he left his coat of mail (454). He died of grief at the loss of his eldest son Herebeald (2435 ff.), who was accidentally shot by his own brother Hæthcyn.
- ✓ **Hrēðling**, son of Hrethel; applied in l. 1923 to Hygelac, and in l. 2925 to Hæthcyn.
- ✓ **Hrēðlingas**, 2960, the people of Hrethel, the Geats. See **Gēatas**.
- ✓ **Hrēð-men**, 445, "triumph-men," a name of the Danes; see **Dene**.
- ✓ **Hrēðric**, 1189, 1836, elder son of Hrothgar.

- ✓ **Hring-Dene**, 116, 1279, Ring-Danes; see **Dene**.
- ✓ **Hrones-næs**, 2805, 3136, "Whale's Ness." Beowulf, in his dying speech, names this place as the site of the barrow which is to hold his ashes and perpetuate his name.
- ✓ **Hrōtgār**, king of the Danes, second son of Healfdene. For his family see the genealogical tables on p. 140. He is one of the chief persons in the poem, the builder of the hall Heorot which Grendel ravages; thus he prepares the way for the coming of the hero. See **Argument**.
- ✓ **Hrōðmund**, 1189, younger son of Hrothgar.
- ✓ **Hrōðulf**, 1017, 1181, probably the son of Hrothgar's younger brother Halga (q. v.). He lived at the Danish court. **Wealhtheow** expresses the hope that he will be good to their children in return for their kindness to him, if he survives Hrothgar (1180 ff.). It would seem that this hope was not destined to be fulfilled (1164—5).
- ✓ **Hrunting**, 1457, 1490, 1659, 1807, the sword of Unferth (q. v.), which he lends to Beowulf for his fight with Grendel's mother.
- ✓ **Hūgas**, 2502, 2914, the Hugs; see **Froncan**.
- ✓ **Hūnlāfing**, 1143, the son of Hunlaf; the warrior of Finn who slew Hengest. See **Finn**, and the note on ll. 1142—4.
- ✓ **Hygd**, 1926, 2172, 2369, daughter of Hæreð (1929), wife of Hygelac (q. v.), and mother of Heardred. See 1926 ff., and **Hygelāc**.
- ✓ **Hygelāc** (*usually spelt* Higelāc, 435, etc.; Hygelāc 2151, etc.; *gen.* Hygelāces 1530, 2386, 2943, Higelāces 194, etc.; *dat.* Hygelāce 2169, Higelāce 452, etc.), the reigning king of the Geats during the greater part of the action of the poem; see **Argument**. He is the third son of Hrethel, and uncle to Beowulf; see genealogical tables.

When his brother Hæthcyn was defeated and slain by Ongentheow at Ravenswood (2924), Hygelac came quickly in pursuit (2943) and put Ongentheow to flight (2949); but though, as the leader of the attack, he is called "Ongentheow's banesman" (1968), the actual slayer was Eofor (q. v.), whom Hygelac rewards with the hand of his only daughter (2977 ff.). At the later time of Beowulf's return from his expedition against Grendel, Hygelac, who is still young (1831), is married to Hygd, who is herself "very young" and has not long been queen (1926—8); she would seem then to have been his second wife.

Hygelac came by his death in his historical invasion of the Netherlands, which is four times referred to in the poem (1202 ff., 2354 ff., 2501 ff., 2914 ff.), and occurred between 512 and 520 A.D.

- ✓ **Ingeld**, 2064, son of Froda (2025), and prince of the Heathobards. Beowulf tells Hygelac that Hrothgar's daughter Freawaru is promised

in marriage to Ingeld, and that the Danish king hopes thereby to terminate the feud between the two peoples (2024 ff.). Beowulf goes on to foretell that these hopes will prove vain (2067—9). That this was actually the case we learn from *Widsið* 45—49:

“Hrōðwulf and Hrōðgār hēoldon lengest
sibbe ætsomne suhtorfædran,
siððan hy forwraecon Wicinga cynn
and Ingeldes ord forbīgðan,
forhēowan æt Heorote Heaðobeardna þrym.”

Grein's *Bibliothek*, I. 252.

Ingwine, 1044, 1319, “friends of Ing,” Ingæwones, a name of the Danes.

✓ See Dene. Of Ing we read in the *Rune-poem*, 67—8 (ed. Wülcker):

“(Ing) wæs ærest mid Eastdenum
gesewen secgun.”

He has been identified with Sceaf and Frea.

✓ Iofor, 2993, 2997, see Eofor.

✓ Merewioing (*gen.* Merewioingas 2921), the Merwing or Merovingian king of the Franks.

✓ Nægling, 2680, the name of the sword Beowulf used in his encounter with the dragon.

✓ North-Dene, 783, North-Danes; see Dene.

Offa, 1949, 1957, king of the Angles (“Offa wēold Ongle,” *Widsið* 35); son of Garmund, husband of Thrytho (q. v.), and father of Eomær.

✓ Öhthere (*gen.* Öhteres 2380, 2394, 2612, Öhteres 2928 etc.), son of the Swedish king Ongentheow, and father of Eanmund and Eadgils.

✓ Onela, 2616, 2932, brother of Ohthere, and king of Sweden at the time of the rebellion of Eanmund and Eadgils. He invades the land of the Geats, slays Heardred (2387), and then retreats before Beowulf. At a later time Beowulf avenges his late king by supporting Eadgils in an invasion of Sweden, in which Onela is slain (2391 ff.). See Eadgils.

✓ Ongenþow (*nom.* Ongenþow 2486, Ongenþio 2924, 2951, Ongenþiow 2961; *gen.* Ongenþowes 2475, Ongenþoes 1968, Ongenþioes 2387; *dat.* Ongenþio 2986), king of the Swedes, and father of Onela and Ohthere. The early strife between the Swedes and Geats, which centres round his name, is told in ll. 2472 ff., and more fully in ll. 2910—98. In retaliation for the marauding invasions of Onela and Ohthere (2475), Hæthcyn invades Sweden, and takes Ongentheow's queen, ~~Elen~~ (p. 62), prisoner. Ongentheow then invades the land of her captor, whom he slays, and rescues his wife; but in his hour

of triumph he is attacked in his turn by Hygelac near Ravenswood, and falls by the hand of Eofof (q. v.).

✓ **Öalāf**, 1148, associated with Guðlaf (q. v.) in avenging Hnæf's death.

See Finn.

✓ **Sæ-Gēatas**, 1850, 1986, Sea-Geats; see **Gēatas**.

✓ **Scede-land** (pl.), 19, = **Sceden-Ig** (q. v.).

✓ **Sceden-Ig** (*dat.* Sceden-igge 1686; *O. Norse* Skāney), Scandia, the most southern portion of the Scandinavian peninsula, belonging to the Danes; here used as a name for the whole Danish kingdom.

✓ **Scēfing**, 4, son of Scef or Sceaf, i.e. Scyld (q. v.).

✓ **Scyld**, 4, 19, 26, son of Sceaf, and the mythical founder of the Scylding dynasty. See ll. 1—52.

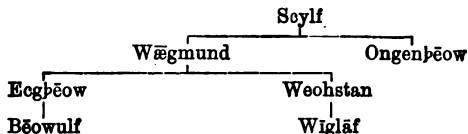
✓ **Scylding** (**Scilding** 2105), 1792, the Scylding, i.e. Hrothgar.

✓ **Scyldingas** (**Scyldungas** 2052; *gen.* Scildunga 2101, Scyldunga 2159, Scyldinga 30, etc.), 58, etc., the Scyldings, descendants of Scyld (q. v.), the name of the reigning Danish dynasty, commonly extended to include the Danish people. They are also called **Ār-Scyldingas**, **Here-Scyldingas**, **Sige-Scyldingas**, and **pēod-Scyldingas** (q. v.). See **Dene**.

✓ **Scylfing** (**Scilfing** 2968), 2487, the Scylfing, i.e. Ongentheow.

✓ **Scylfingas**, 2381, the Scylfings, the name of the reigning Swedish dynasty, extended to the Swedish people in the same way as "Scyldings" to the Danes. They are also called **Gūð-Scylfingas**, **Heaðo-Scylfingas** (q. v.).

If the MS. reading of l. 2603 is correct, Beowulf's kinsman Wiglaf belongs to the family of the Scylfings as well as to that of the Wægmundings (2814). In that case the relations *may* be those suggested in the following table:



✓ **Sigemund**, 875, 884, son of Wæls, and father and uncle of Fitela. In our poem Sigemund slays the dragon; in the famous later versions of the *Völsunga Saga* and the *Nibelungenlied*, it is Sigemund's son, Sigurd or Siegfried, who does the deed. See ll. 874—900, and the *Völsunga Saga*.

✓ **Sige-Scyldingas**, 597, 2004, Victory-Scyldings, a name of the Danes; see **Scyldingas**.

- ✓ **ſuð-Dene**, 463, 1996, South-Danes; see **Dene**.
- ~ **Swēon**, 2472, 2946, 2958, 3001, the Swedes, called also "Swēo-þēod," and their country "Swīo-ricē." They are ruled by the Scylding dynasty. Their home was in Sweden, north of the Geats.
- ✓ **Swēo-þēod**, 2922, = **Swēon** (q. v.).
- ✓ **Swerting**, 1203. Hygelac is called "grandson (nefa) of Swerting."
- ✓ **Swīo-ricē**, 2383, 2495, the land of the Swedes, modern Svea Rike. See **Swēon**.
- ✓ **þēod-Scyldingas**, 1019, People-Scyldings, a name of the Danes; see **Scyldingas**.
- ✓ **pryðo**, 1931, wife of the Angle king Offa, and mother of Eomær, is introduced in contrast to Hygd, in much the same way as Heremod is a foil to Beowulf. She is at first the type of a cruel, unwomanly queen. But by her marriage with Offa (who seems to be her second husband) she is subdued and changed, until her fame even adds glory to his. See ll. 1931—62.
- ✓ **Unferð**, 499, 530, 1165, 1488 (his name is always "Hunferð" in the MS., but alliterates with vowels), son of Ecglaf, and spokesman (1165, 1456) of Hrothgar, at whose feet he sits (500, 1166). He is of a jealous disposition (503—5), and is twice spoken of as the murderer of his own brothers (587, 1167). For his "flyting" with Beowulf see ll. 506—606. He afterwards lends his sword Hrunting for Beowulf's encounter with Grendel's mother (1455), but it fails the hero at need (1522, 1659). Beowulf returns it to its owner (1807).
- ✓ **Wægmundingas**, 2607, 2814, Wægmundings, the family to which both Beowulf and Wiglaf belong. See **Scyldingas**.
- ✓ **Wæls**, 897, father of Sigemund.
- ✓ **Wælsing**, 877, son of Wæls, i.e. Sigemund.
- ✓ **Wealhþēow**, 612 (Wealhþēo, 664, 1162, 1215; *dat.* Wealhþēon 629), of the family of the Helmings (620), Hrothgar's queen, and the mother of his children. Mention is made of her queenly hospitality to Beowulf (612, 1188, 1215).
- ✓ **Wederas** (*gen.* Wedera 225 etc.; but the second scribe uses the contracted *gen.* Wedra everywhere but in l. 2336; see ll. 2120, 2462 etc.), = **Weder-Gēatas**, a name of the Geats. See **Gēatas**.
- ✓ **Weder-Gēatas**, 1492, 1612, 2379, 2551; see **Wederas**.
- ✓ **Weder-mearc**, 298, Wedermark, apparently a name for the land of the Weders or Weder-Geats, i.e. the Geats.
- ✓ **Weland**, 455 (the "Völund" of the Edda), the famous smith of Germanic legend, the maker of Beowulf's coat of mail. (See the Franks' casket in the British Museum, and cf. Wayland Smith's forge in Berkshire.)

- ✓ **Wendlas**, 348, possibly the Vandals; Wulfgar (q. v.) is a "chief of the Wendlas."
- ✓ **Weohstān**, 2613 (*gen.* Weohstānes 2862, Weoxstānes 2602, Wihstānes 2752 etc.), father of Wiglaf, and slayer of Eanmund (q. v.).
- ✓ **West-Dene**, 383, 1578, West-Danes; see Dene.
- ✓ **Wiglāf**, son of Weohstan. He is a kinsman of Beowulf (2813), a Wægmunding (2814), and a "chief of the Scyflings" (2603). He was chosen with ten others (2401, 2847) to accompany Beowulf on his expedition against the dragon (2638 ff.), and he alone justified the choice. Taking shelter under Beowulf's shield (2675), he showed the utmost valour, and was the first to wound the dragon in a vulnerable part (2694 ff.). To him alone Beowulf made his dying speech, and gave his dying bequests (2809 ff.). He upbraids the coward thanes and deprives them of their land-right (2886), and gives fitting orders for the burial of the hero, as he himself had directed (2803, 3094 ad fin.).
- ✓ **Wiðergýld**, 2051, the name of a Heathobard warrior.
- ✓ **Wonrēd**, 2971, father of Wulf and Eofor (q. v.).
- ✓ **Wonrēding**, 2965, son of Wonred, i.e. Wulf (q. v.).
- ✓ **Wulf**, 2965, 2993, son of Wonred and brother of Eofor (q. v.). In the battle between the forces of Hygelac and Ongentheow, Wulf attacks the latter and is disabled by him, but his brother Eofor comes to his aid and slays Ongentheow single-handed (2964 ff.).
- ✓ **Wulfgar**, 348, 360, 390, a chief of the Wendlas (348); an official of Hrothgar's court, who is the first to greet the Geats (331 ff.), and introduces them to Hrothgar.
- ✓ **Wylfingas** (*dat.* Wylfingum 461, Wylfingum 471), the Wylfings. Heatholaf, who was slain by Ecgtheow, father of Beowulf, was a warrior of this tribe.
- ✓ **Yrmenlāf**, 1324, younger brother of Æschere, whom Grendel's mother carried off.

PLAN OF GLOSSARY.

The order of words is strictly alphabetical, except in the case of compound verbs, which will be found under their simple verbs.

Past participles compounded with *ge-* are usually glossed under the simple verb (Sievers § 366), but there are some marked exceptions; e.g. *gegongen* is the pp. of *gongan* in 822, 3036, but of *gegongan* in 893, 3085.

se comes between *ad* and *af*.

ſ and *þ* are treated as identical, and come after *t*.

Numerous cross references are given, especially for unusual forms, but not as a rule for mere flexional forms which a knowledge of grammar should suffice to trace, such as parts of verbs.

All words are glossed under forms which actually occur in the poem, not under normalised forms. When divergent forms of the same word occur and cross references are not given,

io (both initial and medial) should be sought under *eo*,

<i>y</i>	„	<i>i</i> ,
<i>a</i> (before nasals)	„	<i>o</i> .

Dative and Instrumental are not distinguished, except when they have different forms, as in the singular of adjectives and of some pronouns.

Small capitals are used for modern renderings which are directly or almost directly descended from the Old English words.

The following abbreviations alone require explanation :

st.	strong	pl.	plural
w.	weak	subj.	subjunctive
m.	masculine	part.	participle
f.	feminine	pp.	past participle
neut.	neuter	conj.	conjunction
n.	noun	esp.	especially
v.	verb	obl.	oblique
sg.	singular		

GLOSSARY.

N.B. All compound verbs must be sought under their simple verbs.

A.

- ā**, *adv.*, *aye*, *ever*, *always*, 455, etc.
ac, *conj.*, *but*, 740, 773, etc.
ac, *adv. interr.*, = *Lat. nonne*, *used to mark a question*, 1990.
ād, *st. m.*, *funeral pile*, *pyre*, 1110, etc.
ād-faru, *st. f.*, [*pyre-faring*] *way to the funeral pile*, 3010.
ādī, *st. f.*, *illness*, *sickness*, *disease*, 1736, etc.
ædre, *st. f.*, *stream*, *canal*, *vein*; *dat. pl.* *swāt ædrum sprong*, "*blood sprang in streams*," 2966; *blōd ædrum dranc*, "*drank blood in streams*," 742.
ædre, *adv.*, *quickly*, 354.
æfen, *st. m.*, *EVEN*, *evening*, 1235.
æfen-grom, *adj.*, [*even-angry*] *fierce in the evening*, *night-enemy*, 2074.
æfen-lēoht, *st. neut.*, *EVEN-LIGHT*, 413.
æfen-ræst, *st. f.*, *EVEN-REST*, 1252.
æfen-spræc, *st. f.*, *EVEN-SPEECH*, *speech in the evening*, 759.
æfnan, *see efnan*.
æfre, *adv.*, *EVER*, *always*, 70, etc.
æfter, *prep.*, *AFTER*, 85, 119, 931, 1320, 2816, etc.; *after*, *for*, *concerning*, 332, 1342, 1879, 2461; *along*, *among*, 140, 944, 995, 2832 (*through*), etc.; *in accordance with*, *according to*, 1049, 1720, 2179, 2753, etc.; *on account of*, *in consequence of*, 1606, 1943. *Special passages*: *æfter beorne*, "*after (the death of) the hero, warrior*," 2260-1; *æfter mādðūm-welan*, "*after obtaining wealth of treasure*," 2750; *æfter faroðe*, "*with the tide*," 580.
æfter, *adv.*, *AFTER*, *afterwards*, 12, 1389, 315 (*back*), etc.
æf-punca, *w. m.*, *mortification*, *vexation*, *annoyance*, 502.
æg-hwā, **æg-hwæt**, *pron.*, *each*, *every one*, *every man*, etc., 1384, 2624; *gen.* *æghwæs*, "*of each kind*," 3135.
æg-hwæs, *gen. neut. used adverbially*, *in every respect*, *altogether*, 1865, 1886.
æg-hwær, *adv.* *everywhere*, 1059.
æg-hwæðer, *pron.*, *EITHER*, *each (usu. of two)*, 2564, 2844. *Special passages*: *æghwæðres sceal scearp scyldwiga gescād witan*, *worda ond worca*, "*a sharp shield-warrior must know the difference between words and works*," 287; *earfoðlice heora æghwæðrum*, "*with difficulty for each one of them*," 1636.
æg-hwylc,
 (1) *pron.*, *each*, *everyone*, 1165, etc.; *with gen.* 1050, etc.;
 (2) *adj.*, *each*, *every*, 621.
æg-læca, *see æglæca*.
æg-weard, *st. f.*, *sea-ward*, *watch by the sea-coast*, 241.
æht, *st. f.*, *owning*, *possession*, *power*, 42, 516.
æht, *st. f.*, *pursuit*, *chase*, 2957.
-æhted, *see eahtian*.
æled, *st. m.*, *fire*, 3015.

ælled-lōma, *w. m.*, fire-gleam, torch, 3125.

æl-fylce, *st. neut.*, alien folk, foreign nation, 2371.

æl-mihtig, *adj.* (= *eal-mihtig*), ALMIGHTY; *weak* *se* Ælmihtiga, 92.

æl-wiht, *st. f.*, [*alien-wight*] strange monster, 1500.

æne, *adv.*, ONCE, once only, 3019.

ænig, *adj.-pron.*, ANY, anyone, 474, 503, etc.; *nom. næs se folo-cyn-ing ymbe-sittendra ænig ƿāra þe*, "among neighbouring folk-kings there was not one that," 2734. For *ænige þinga* see *þing*.

æn-lic, *adj.*, [ONE-LIKE] unique, peerless, 251, 1941.

ænne, see *ān*.

æppel-fealu, *adj.*, APPLE-FALLOW, apple or reddish yellow, 2165.

ær, *adv.*, ERE, erst, before, formerly, 15, 642, 718, 2595, etc.; earlier, 2500; first, 3038. *Special passages*: *nō þȳ ær*, "none the sooner," 754, etc.; *ær hē feorh seleð...ær hē*, "he will sooner give up life than he," 1370.

æror, *compar.*, before, formerly, first, 809, 2654.

ærest, *superl.*, [ERST] first, 6, 2157, etc.

ær, *prep.*, with *dat.*, ERE, before, 1388, etc.

ær, *conj.*, ERE, before: *usu.* with *subj.* 252, etc.; with *indic.* 2019. *Correl. with* *ær adv.* (q. v.), 1371.

ær þon, *conj.*, ERE, 732.

ær-dæg, *st. m.*, [ERE-DAY] morning twilight, day-break, 126, etc.

ærende, *st. neut.*, ERBRAND, 270, etc.

ærest, see *ær*.

ær-fæder, *st. m.*, [ERE-FATHER] father, 2622.

ær-gestrōn, *st. neut.*, [ERE-treasure] ancient treasure, former gain, 1757, 2232.

ær-geweorc, *st. neut.*, [ERE-WORK] ancient work, 1679.

ær-gōd, *adj.*, [ERE-GOOD] good before others, very good, 130, 989, etc.

ærn, *st. neut.*, house, 2225.

ærra, *compar. adj.* (formed from *adv.* *ær*), earlier, former: *dat. pl.* *ærran mælum*, "in former times," 907, 2237, 3035.

ær-wela, *st. m.*, [ERE-WEAL] ancient wealth, 2747.

æsa, *st. neut.*, carrion, carcase, corpse: *dat.* *atol æse wlaŋc*, "the dire carrion-proud creature (Grendel's mother exulting over Æschere's corpse)," 1332.

æsc, *st. m.*, [ASH] spear, 1772.

æsc-holt, *st. neut.*, [ASH-wood] spear, 330.

æsc-wiga, *w. m.*, [ASH-warrior] spear-warrior, 2042.

æt, *prep.* with *dat.*, AT, in, of time and place, 32, 45, 81, 1089, 1110, 1337, 2270, 3013, 3026, etc.; from, 629, 2860, etc. *Special passage*: *nū is se rēd gelang eft æt þē ānum*, "now is the rede again along of thee alone," 1377.

æt, *st. m.*, EATING, meal, 3026.

æt-gædere, *adv.*, together, 321, etc.; after samod, 387, etc.; *gāras stōdon samod ætgædere*, "the spears stood all together," 329.

æt-grāpe, *adj.*, GRIPPING after, grasping AT, at grips with, 1269.

æt-rihte, *adv.*, almost, 1657.

æt-somme, *adv.*, together, 2847, 3122, etc.

ættren, *adj.*, poisonous, 1617.

æþele, *adj.*, noble, 198, 263, etc.

æþeling, *st. m.*, AETHLING, noble, prince, 3, 33, 118, 888, 1225, 1294, 1804, 2888, etc.

æþelu, *st. neut.* (always pl. in "Beowulf"), noble descent, lineage, 332, etc.; *dat. pl.* *fæder æþelum*, "his father's preeminence," 911; *æþelum gōd, diore*, "good, dear, by virtue of lineage," 1870, 1949.

æðm, *st. m.*, breath, 2593.

āgan, *st.-w. v.*, *pres.* *āh*, *pret.* *āhte*: own, possess, have, 1088, 1727, etc.; absolutely 81. *Neg. form* *nāh* = *ne* + *āh*, 2252.

āgen, *adj.* (*pp.* of *āgan*), *own*, 2676.

Āgend, *st. m.*, Owner, God, 3075.

Āgend-frēa, *w. m.*, owning lord, owner, 1883.

āglæca, **æglæca**, *w. m.*, monster, monster-fighter, warrior, champion, 159, 739, etc.; *acc. sg.* āglæcan, 556; *gen. dat.* āglæcan, 1512 (or *nom. pl.*?), 425; āglæcean, 2557, 2520, etc.; āhlæcan, 989, 646; *nom. pl.* āglæcean, 2592. *Used of Grendel*, 433, 1269, etc.; *of the dragon*, 2535, etc.; *of a sea-monster*, 556; *of Sigemund*, 893; *of Beowulf*, 1512 (or sea-monsters?); *of Beowulf and the dragon*, 2592.

āglæc-wif, *st. neut.*, monster-wife, monster of a woman; *nom.* Grendles mōdor, *ides*, āglæc-wif, 1259.

āh, **āhte**, see *āgan*.

āhsian, *w. v.*, endure, suffer, 423, 1206.

ge-āhsian, *w. v.*, learn by asking, learn, hear; *pp.* geahsod, 433.

āht (= *ā-wiht*, *q. v.*), *st. neut.*, *AUGHT*; *with gen.* āht cwices, "aught living," 2314.

aldor, see *ealdor*.

Al-walda, **Al-wealda**, *w. m.*, the ALL-WIELDER, God, 928, 955, 1314.

al-walda, *w. adj.*, ALL-WIELDING, all-ruling, 316.

an, 1225, *pres. sg. 1st of unnan*, *q. v.*

an, *prep.*, see *on*.

ān, *num.* (*adj. and pron.*), *acc. sg.* *m.* ānne and sēnne:

(1) ONE, AN, A, 100, 135, 428, 699, 2280, 3077, etc.; *with the def. art.* 1053, 2237; *emphatic, sometimes perhaps demonstrative*, 1458, 1885, 2410, 2774. *Special passages*: on sēnne sið, "once," 1579; *gen. pl.* ānra gehwylces, gehwylcum, "of, to, each one," 732, 784; (= *Lat. alter*) ān æfter ānum, "the one for the other," 2461.

(2) only, alone (*more usual with the weak form āna*, *q. v.*), 46, 1377, 2964 (sole); *gen.* ānes hwæt, "a part only," 3010.

āna, *w. adj.*, only, alone, 145, 1081, 2361, 2657.

āncor, *st. m.*, ANCHOR, 303, 1883.

ānda, *w. m.*

(1) indignation, defiance; *dat.* wrāpum on andan, "in indignation against the wroth foe," 703.

(2) mischief, horror, 2314.

and-git, *st. neut.*, understanding, intelligence, 1059.

and-long, see *ond-long*.

and-ryso, *st. f.*, etiquette, courtesy, attention due, 1796.

and-weard, *adj.*: *acc. neut.* sweord swāte fāh swin ofer helme...and-weard scireð, "the blood-stained sword cuts the boar standing on the opposed (foe's) helmet," 1287.

and-wlita, *w. m.*, face, countenance, 689.

ān-feald, *adj.*, ONEFOLD, plain, 256.

ānga, *w. adj.*, only, sole, 375, 1262, 1547, 2997.

ān-geng(e)a, *w. m.*, [ONE-goer] one who goes alone (of Grendel), 165, 449.

ān-haga, *w. m.*, a solitary, 2368.

ān-hyðig, *adj.*, ONE-minded, resolute, 2667.

ān-pæth, *st. m.*, [ONE-PATH] lone-some path, or single track, 1410.

ān-ræd, *adj.*, [ONE-REDE] resolute, 1529, 1575.

an-sund, *adj.*, sound, 1000.

an-syn, see *on-syn*.

an-tid, *st. f.*, 219 (see note).

ānunga, *adv.*, once for all, 634.

An-walda, *w. m.*, [ON-WIELDER] God, 1272.

ār, *st. m.*, messenger, 336, 2783.

ār, *st. f.*, honour, kindness, benefit, favour, grace, 2378, 2606, 1272; *gen. pl.* arna, 1187; *dat. pl.* ārum healdan, "hold in (with) honour," 296, 1099, 1182.

ār-fæst, *adj.*, [honour-FAST] up-right, dutiful, 1168.

ārian, *w. v.*, with *dat.*, spare, 598.
-arn, see *-iernan*.
ār-stæf, *st. m.*, favour, mercy, kind help, 317, 382, 458.
atellc, *adj.*, dreadful, horrible, dire, 784.
āter-tān, *st. m.*, poison-twig, 1459.
atol, *eatol*, *adj.*, dire, terrible, fearful, horrible, 159, etc.; *dat. pl.* *atolan*, 1502.
attor, *st. neut.*, poison, venom, 2715; *gen. sg.* *attres*, 2523.
attor-sceaða, *w. m.*, [poison-scather] poisonous foe, 2839.
āð, *st. m.*, OATH, 472, etc.
āð-sweord, *st. n.*, OATH-SWEARING, oath, 2064.
āðum-swerian, *w. m. pl.*, father-in-law and son-in-law; *dat.* *āðum-swerian*, 84.
āwa, *adv.*, aye, ever; *in* *āwa tō aldre*, "for ever and ever," 955.

B.

bādan, *w. v.*, beset, press, press hard, oppress, urge, incite, encourage, 2018; *pp.* *gebāded*, 2580, 2826; *strengum gebāded*, "sent by the strings," 3117.
bāl, *st. neut.*, fire, burning, 2308, 2322; the fire of the funeral pile, funeral pile, pyre, 1019, etc.
bāl-tȳr, *st. neut.*, FIRE of the funeral pile, 3143.
bāl-stede, *st. m.*, pyre-STEAD, place of the funeral pile, 3097.
bāl-wudu, *st. m.*, pyre-WOOD, wood for the funeral pile, 3112.
bær, *st. f.*, BIER, 3105.
-bāran, *w. v.*
ge-bāran, *w. v.*, BEAR oneself, behave, fare, 2824; *with two comparatives*, *ne gefrāgen ic þā mægþe māran weorode...sæl ge-bāran*, "I heard not that that people in greater numbers ever bore themselves better," 1012.
bārnan, *w. v.*, *trans.*, burn, 2313.

bāstan, *w. v.*, bridle, bit; *pp.* *gebāsted*, 1399.
bæð, *st. neut.*, BATH, 1861.
baldr, see *bealdor*.
balu, *adj.*, BALEFUL; *dat. pl.*, *balwon*, 977.
bān, *st. neut.*, BONE, 2692 (of the dragon's teeth).
bana, see *bona*.
bān-cofa, *w. m.*, [BONE-COVE] body, 1445.
bān-fæt, *st. neut.*, [BONE-VAT] body; *acc. pl.* *bān-fatu*, 1116.
bān-fāg, *adj.*, BONE-dight, adorned with bones or antlers, 780.
bān-hring, *st. m.*, BONE-RING, vertebral, 1567.
bān-hūs, *st. neut.*, BONE-HOUSE, body, 2508, 3147.
bān-locas, *w. m.*, BONE-LOCKER, flesh, 818.
bannan, *st. v.*
ge-bannan, *st. v.*, order; *inf.* *ða ic wide gefrāgn weorc gebannan manigre mægþe*, "then I learnt that orders for the work were given widely to many a tribe," 74.
bāt, *st. m.*, BOAT, 211, etc.
bāt-weard, *st. m.*, [BOAT-WARD] captain, 1900.
be, *bi*, *prep.*, with *dat.*, *BY* in its various meanings, originally and usu. local, more rarely instrumental (nearer in meaning to Ger. *bei* than Eng. *by*): BESIDE, near, by, 36, 814, 1191, 1537, 1722, 1872, 1905, 1950, 2219, 2243, 2538, 2717, 2756; by, along 566 (rest), 1188 (motion), 1573; by (in "I'll do my duty *by* you"), in connexion with, 1723. *Following its case*, him big, 3047. *Special passages*: *wāpen hafenaðe heard be hiltum*, "raised the sharp weapon by the hilt," 1574; *be ðe lifigendum*, "during thy life," 2665; *was se gryre læssa efne swā micle, swā bið mægþa cræft...be wāpned-men*, "the terror was less even by so much,

- as is women's power beside (in comparison with) a man, *or*, as women's power is [accounted less] by a man," 1284.
- be (bī) *sæm twēonum* = *bē-twēonum sām*, "BETWEEN the seas," 858, 1297, 1685, 1956.
- bēacen, *st. neut.*, BEACON, sign, monument, 570; *nom.* bēcn, 3160.
- bēacnian, *w. v.*, [BECKON] indicate; *pp.* gebēacnod, 140.
- beado, beadu, *st. f.*, battle, war, 709; *gen.* beadwe, 1539.
- beado-grīma, *w. m.*, battle-mask, helmet, 2257.
- beado-hrægl, *st. neut.*, [battle-BAIL] war-dress, coat of mail, 552.
- beado-lōma, *w. m.*, [battle-ray] sword, 1523.
- beado-mēce, *st. m.*, battle-sword, 1454.
- beado-rinc, *st. m.*, [battle-]warrior, 1109.
- beadu-folm, *st. f.*, battle-hand, 990.
- beadu-lāc, *st. neut.*, battle-play, battle, war, 1561.
- beadu-rōf, *adj.*, battle-strong, mighty in war, 3160.
- beadu-rūn, *st. f.*, [battle-RUNE] quarrel, 501.
- beadu-scearp, *adj.*, battle-SHARP, 2704.
- beadu-scrīd, *st. neut.*, [battle-SHROUD] coat of mail, 453.
- beadu-serce, *w. f.*, battle-SARK, coat of mail; *acc. sg.* beadu-sercean, 2755. [Sievers § 159. 1.]
- beadu-weorc, *st. neut.*, battle-WORK, battle, 2299.
- bēah, bēah, *st. m.*, ring, circlet (armlet, necklace, etc.); *often* = money, treasure; 1211, 80, 523, etc.; *acc. pl.* bēg, 3163.
- bēag-gyfa, *w. m.*, ring-giver, 1102.
- bēag-hroden, *adj. (pp.)*, ring-adorned, adorned with diadem, bracelets, *or* rings, 623.
- bēah-hord, *st. neut.*, ring-HOARD, 894, etc.
- bēah sele, *st. m.*, ring-hall, hall in which rings were given, 1177.
- bēah-þegu, *st. f.*, ring-receiving, 2176 (referring to Hygd's receiving from Beowulf the wonderful necklace which Wealhtheow gave him).
- bēah-writta, *w. m.*, ring-wreath, circlet, 2018.
- bealdian, *w. v.*, bear oneself boldly, 2177.
- bealdor, baldor, *st. m.*, prince, lord, 2428, 2567.
- bealo, bealu, *st. neut.*, BALE, evil, ruin, 2826; *gen. pl.* bealwa, 909, bealuwa, 281, bealewa, 2082.
- bealo-cwealm, *st. m.*, BALEFUL *or* violent death, 2265.
- bealo-hyogende, *adj. (pres. part.)*, [BALE-thinking] intending evil, 2565.
- bealo-hýdig, *adj.*, [BALE-minded] intending evil, 723.
- bealo-nīð, *st. m.*, [BALE-envy, -hate, -mischief] baleful envy, malicious hatred, 1758, 2404; poison, venom, 2714.
- beahrtm, *st. m.*
(1) brightness, 1766.
(2) sound, 1431.
- bearm, *st. m.*, [BARM] lap, bosom, 35, 1137, 2404 (possession).
- bearn, *st. neut.*, BAIEN, child, son, 150, 469, 3170, etc.; *pl.* ylða bearn, 605, gumena bearn, 878, niðða bearn(a), 1005, "the children of men."
- bearn-gebyrdo, *st. f.*, BAIEN-BIRTH, child-bearing; *gen.* 946.
- bearu, *st. m.*, grove, wood, 1363.
- bēatan, *st. v.*, BEAT, smite, paw, 2265; *pp.* gebēaten, 2359.
- bēcn, see bēacen.
- bed(d), *st. neut.*, BED, 140, 1240, etc.
- be-foran, *adv.*, BEFORE; *of place*, 1412, *of time*, 2497.
- be-foran, *prep.*, with *acc.*, BEFORE, 1024.
- bēg, see bēag.
- bēgen, *m.*, bā, *f. and neut.*, *num. and adj.-pron.*, both, 536, 1305, 2196, etc.; *gen.* bēga folces, "of

the folk of both [peoples]," 1121; *bēga wēn*, "expectation of both things" (Beowulf's return home and revisiting the Danes; see ll. 1868—9), 1873.

be-gong, be-gang, st. m., extent, expanse, compass, circuit, 362, 860, etc.; *acc.* *bigong*, 2367.

belgan, st. v., swell with anger, anger oneself; *pp.* *gebolgen* "swollen," 2401, "swollen with anger, enraged," 723, 1539, 2220; *pl.* *gebolgne*, 1431.

ā-belgan, st. v., anger; *pret.* *ābealh*, 2280.

ge-belgan, st. v., with *dat.*, anger; *pret. subj.* *gebulge*, 2331.

bēn, st. f., [*BENE*] boon, request, 428, 2284.

bēna, w. m., suppliant, 352, 364; *nom.* *swā hē bēna wæs*, "as he had begged," 3140.

benc, st. f., *BENCH*, 327, etc.

benc-swæg, st. m., *BENCH-sound*, noise from the benches, 1161.

benc-þel, st. neut., [*BENCH-THILL*] bench-board, bench, 486, 1239.

bend, st. m. f., band, bond, 977, 1609.

ben-geat, st. neut., wound-GATE, opening of a wound, 1121.

benn, st. f., wound, 2724.

bēodan, blodan, st. v.

(1) announce, 2892.

(2) offer, give, 385, 1085, 2957.

ā-bēodan, st. v., announce, 390; offer, 668. *Special passages*: *pret.* *him hæl ābēad*, "bade him hail, wished him health," 653; *hælo ābēad*, "bade farewell," 2418.

be-bēodan, st. v., bid, command, order, 401, 1975.

ge-bēodan, st. v.

(1) bid, command; *inf.* *hēt þā ge-bēodan byre Wihstānes...hæ-leča monegum*, "then the son of Weohstan ordered that command should be given to many heroes," 3110.

(2) proclaim, offer, give, 603, 2369.

bēod-genēat, st. m., becard-comrade, table-companion, 343, 1713.

bēon, irreg. v., *BE, usu. with a fut. sense*, 183, etc.; *be, happen*, 1762, etc.; *pres. sg.* 3rd *bið*, 186, etc., *byð*, 1002, 2277; *pl.* *bēoð*, 1838, *bioð*, 2063; *imperat. sg.* *bēo*, 386, etc., *bio*, 2747.

bēor, st. neut., *BEER*, beer-drinking, 480, 2041, etc.

beorgan, st. v., with *dat.*, defend, protect, save, 1445, etc.; *pret. pl.* *burgan*, 2599.

be-beorgan, st. v., with *refl. dat. and acc. or dat. rei*, defend, protect (oneself) against, 1746 (see note on 1747), 1758.

ge-beorgan, st. v., with *dat.*, protect, save; *pret.* *gebearg*, 2570, *gebearh*, 1548.

ymb-beorgan, st. v., [about-protect] surround and protect, 1503.

beorh, biorh, beorg, st. m., hill, mountain, mount, *BARROW*, grave-mound, 211, 2241, 2524, 2529, 2807.

beorht, adj., *BRIGHT*, light, shining, splendid, 158, 231, etc.; *weak forms*, *beorhte*, 997, *byrhtan*, 1199, etc.

beorhtost, superl., *BRIGHTEST*, 2777.

beorhte, adv., *BRIGHTLY*, 1517.

beorhtian, w. v., intrans., *BRIGHTEN*, sound clearly, 1161.

beorn, biorn, st. m., hero, warrior, 1024, 2404, 2559, etc.

beornan, st. v., intrans., *BURN*, 2280 (see note); *pres. part.* *byrnende*, 2272.

for-beornan, st. v., intrans., *pret.* *forbarn*, *forborn*: *BURN up*, 1616, 2672, etc.

ge-beornan, st. v., intrans., *BURN*, be burnt, 2697.

beorn-cyning, st. m., hero-KING, warrior-king, 2148.

bēor-scealc, st. m., *BEER-seneschal*, steward, 1240.

bēor-sele, *bior-sele*, *st. m.*, BEER-hall, 482, 2635, etc.

bēor-þegu, *st. f.*, [BEER-taking] beer-drinking, 117, 617.

bēot, *st. neut.*, boast, promise, 80, 523.

bēotian, *w. v.*

ge-bēotian, *w. v.*, boast, make a boastful promise, 480, 536.

bēot-word, *st. neut.*, [boast-word] boastful word, 2510.

beran, *st. v.*

(1) BEAR, carry, wear, 48, 437, 2055, 2281, etc.; *pres. sg. 3rd*, byreð, 296, etc.; *pret. pl.* bæron, 213, etc., bēran, 2850.

(2) BEAR, give birth to; *pp.* gehoren, BORN, 1703.

set-beran, *st. v.*, BEAR to, carry to, bear, 28, 519, etc.

for-beran, *st. v.*, FORBEAR, restrain, 1877.

on-beran, *st. v.*, BEAR off, plunder, injure, destroy, 990, 2284.

op-beran, *st. v.*, BEAR to, bear, 579.

berian, *w. v.*, BARE, clear, 1239.

berstan, *st. v.*, *intrans.*, BURST, 760 (crack), 818, 1121.

for-berstan, *st. v.*, *intrans.*, BURST, break in pieces, snap, 2680.

bētan, *w. v.*

ge-bētan, *w. v.*, amend, make good, requite, 1991, 2465; *pp. pl.* gebætte, 830.

betera, *adj. compar. (of gōd)*, BETTER, 469, 1703.

betost, **betst**, *superl.*, BEST, 453, 3007, etc.; *weak forms* betsta, 947, betstan, 1871.

betlic, *adj.*, excellent, splendid, 780, 1925.

bi, see **be**.

bi, see **be**.

bicgan, see **bycgan**.

bīd, *st. neut.*, BIDDING, tarrying, delay, 2962.

bīdan, *st. v.*, *with gen. or absolutely*, BIDE, abide, remain, await, wait for, 87, 400, 709, etc.

ā-bīdan, *st. v.*, *with gen.*, ABIDE, await, 977.

ge-bīdan, *st. v.*

(1) *usu. with acc. or governed clause*, BIDE, abide, endure, experience, 264, 929, 1618, 1720, 2445, etc.; *pp.* gebiden, 1928; *imperat. absolutely*, gebide gē, 2529. (2) *with gen.*, wait for; *dat. inf.* oðres...tō gebidanne...yrfewardas, "to wait for another heir," 2452.

on-bīdan, *st. v.*, *with gen.*, ABIDE, await; *inf.* lætað hildebord hēr onbīdan...worda gepinges, "let your battle-boards here abide the issue of words," 397.

or-bīdan, *st. v.*, ABIDE, wait, tarry, 2302.

biddan, *st. v.*, [BID] ask, beg, pray, 29, 176, 1994, etc.; *pret. sg.* bæd hine blīðne, "begged him to be blithe," 617; *with acc. pers. and gen. rei*, ic bē...biddan wille...ānre bēne, "I will ask of thee one boon," 427.

big, see **bi**.

bīl(1), *st. neut.*, BILL, sword, 40, 1567, 2777, etc.

bīndan, *st. v.*, BIND: *pp.* bunden, 216, 1285 (see ll. 1531, 1900), 1900; gebunden, 871, 1531, 1743, 2111.

ge-bīndan, *st. v.*, BIND, 420.

on-bīndan, *st. v.*, UNBIND; *pret. sg.* onband beadu-rūne, "opened a quarrel," 501.

bisgu, **bisigu**, see **bysigu**.

bītan, *st. v.*, BITE, cut, 742, 1454, etc.

bite, *st. m.*, BITE, 2060, 2259.

bīter, *adj.*, BITTER, cutting, sharp, furious, 1431, 1746, 2704; *dat. pl.* biteran, 2692.

bītre, *adv.*, BITTERLY, 2331.

blāc, *adj.*, BLEAK, bright, brilliant, 1517.

blæc, *adj.*, BLACK, 1801.

blæd, *st. m.*, breath, life, prosperity, renown, 1124, 18, 1703, 1761.

blæd-ægende, *adj.* (*pres. part.*), abundance-owning, prosperous, 1013.

blæd-fæst, *adj.*, prosperous, renowned, 1299.

blanca, *w. m.*, a white horse, 856.

blæate, *adv.*, miserably, pitifully, 2824.

blīcan, *st. v.*, shine, gleam, 222.

blīðe, *adj.*, BLITHE, joyous, 617; gracious, *with gen.*, 436.

blīð-heort, *adj.*, BLITHE of HEART, joyful, 1802.

blōd, *st. neut.*, BLOOD, 742, etc.

blōdegian, *w. v.*, make BLOODY; *pp.* geblōdegod, 2692.

blōd-fæg, *adj.*, BLOOD-stained, 2060.

blōdig, *adj.*, BLOODY, 2440, etc.

blōdig-tōð, *adj.*, BLOODY-TOOTHED, 2081.

blōd-rēow, *adj.*, BLOOD-fierce, blood-thirsty, 1719.

blonden-feax, *adj.*, [BLENDED-haired] gray-haired, 1594, 1791, 1873; *weak nom. sg.* blonden-fexa, 2962.

bodlan, *w. v.*, [BODE] announce, 1802.

bolca, *w. m.*, gangway, 231.

bold, *st. neut.*, building, 997, 1925, etc.

bold-ægend, *st. m.* (*pres. part.*), house-owner, 3112.

bolgen-mōd, *adj.*, [bulged-mood] angry in mind, enraged, 709, etc.

bolster, *st. m.*, BOLSTER, 1240.

bona, **bana**, *w. m.*, BANE, banesman, slayer, 158, 1968, 2506, etc.

bon-gār, *st. m.*, BANE-spear, deadly spear, 2031.

bord, *st. neut.*, [BOARD] shield, 2524, etc.

bord-hæbbende, *adj.* (*pres. part.*), [BOARD-HAVING] shield-bearing, 2895.

bord-hrēoða, *w. m.*, [BOARD-cover] shield, 2203.

bord-rand, *st. m.*, [BOARD-]shield, 2559.

bord-weal, *st. m.*, [BOARD-WALL] wall of shields, 2980,

bord-wudu, *st. m.*, [BOARD-WOOD] shield; *acc. pl.* 1243.

bōt, *st. f.*, boot, remedy, help, compensation, 158, 909, etc.

botm, *st. m.*, BOTTOM, 1506.

brād, *adj.*, BROAD, wide, ample, 2207, 2978, 3105, etc.

brædan, *w. v.*, BROADEN.

geond-brædan, *w. v.*, over-spread, 1239.

brætan, *st. v.*

ā-brætan, *st. v.*, break up, kill, 2930.

brecan, *st. v.*

(1) *trans.*, BREAK, 1100, 1511 (injure), 2980; *pp. pl.* 2063. *Special passages*: hine fyrwyrt bræc, "curiosity tormented him (as to)," 232, 1985, 2784.

(2) *intrans.*, BREAK, 2546.

ge-brecan, *st. v.*, BREAK, crush, shatter, 2508.

tō-brecan, *st. v.*, BREAK to pieces, knock about, 780, 997.

þurh-brecan, *st. v.*, BREAK THROUGH, 2792.

brecþ, *st. f.*, BREAKING, grief, 171.

-bredwian, *w. v.*

ā-bredwian, *w. v.*, overthrow, slay, 2619.

bregdan, *st. v.*, *with acc. or dat.*

(1) brandish, cast, whirl, drag, draw, 707, 794, 1539 (throw); *pret. pl.* mundum brugdon, "brandished your hands," 514; *pp.* brōden, brogden mæl, "drawn (or decorated?) sword," 1616, 1667.

(2) BRAID, weave; *inf.* bregdon, 2167; *pp.* brōden, 552, 1548; *acc. sg. f.* brogdne, 2755.

ā-bregdan, *st. v.*, draw, lift; *pret. sg.* ābræd, 2575.

ge-bregdan, *st. v.*, *with acc. or dat.*

(1) draw; *pret.* gebrægd, gebræd, 1564, 1664, 2562, 2703.

(2) BRAID, weave; *pp.* gebrōden, 1443.

on-bregdan, *st. v.*, burst open;

pret. sg. onbræd, 723.

breȝo, *st. m.*, prince, lord, king,

- 427, etc.; *nom.* brego rōf cyning, "the prince [was] a brave king," 1925.
- brego-stōl**, *st. m.*, [prince-STOOL] throne, dominion, 2196, 2370, 2389.
- brēme**, *adj.*, [BRIM] renowned, 18.
- brenting**, *st. m.*, high ship, 2807.
- brēost**, *st. neut.*, BREAST, 552, etc.
- brēost-gehygd**, *st. neut.*, BREAST-thought, thought of the heart, 2818.
- brēost-gewēdu**, *st. neut. pl.*, [BREAST-WEEDS] coat of mail, 1211, etc.
- brēost-hord**, *st. neut.*, [BREAST-HOARD] breast's treasure, mind, thought, 1719, 2792.
- brēost-net**, *st. neut.*, BREAST-NET, coat of chain-mail, 1548.
- brēost-weorðung**, *st. f.*, breast-adornment, 2504 (see ll. 1202 ff.).
- brēost-wylm**, *st. m.*, [breast-WELLING] heaving of the breast, grief, 1877.
- brēotan**, *st. v.*, break, kill, 1713.
- ā-brēotan**, *st. v.*, break up, destroy, kill, 1298, 1599, 2707.
- brim**, *st. neut.*, [BRIM] surge, billow, sea, mere, ocean, 28, 570, 847, 1594, 2803.
- brim-clif**, *st. neut.*, [BRIM-CLIFF] sea-cliff, 222.
- brim-lād**, *st. f.*, ocean-way, 1051.
- brim-liðend**, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, sea-farer, 568.
- brim-strēam**, *st. m.*, SEA-STREAM, 1910.
- brim-wisa**, *w. m.*, [sea-WISE] sea-leader, sea-king, 2930.
- brim-wylf**, *st. f.*, the mere-WOLF, 1506, 1599.
- brim-wylm**, *st. m.*, mere-WELLING, surge, 1494.
- bringan**, *st. v.*, BRING, 1829, etc.
- ge-bringan**, *st. v.*, BRING; *subj. pres. pl.* gebringan, 3009.
- brōden**, see bregdan.
- brōga**, *w. m.*, terror, 1291, etc.; *gen. sg.* 583.
- brond**, *st. m.*, BRAND, burning, fire, sword, 1454, 2126, 2322, 3014, 3160.
- bront**, *adj.*, high, 238, deep, 568.
- brosnian**, *w. v.*, crumble, perish, 2260.
- brōþor**, *st. m.*, BROTHER, 1324, etc.; *gen.* brōðor, 2619.
- brūcan**, *st. v.*, with *gen.*, BROOK, use, enjoy, 1062, 1178, 1953; without expressed object, 1045, 1487, etc.
- brūn**, *adj.*, BROWN, 2578.
- brūn-ecg**, *adj.*, BROWN-EDGED, 1546.
- brūn-fæg**, *adj.*, BROWN-coloured, of brown hue, 2615.
- brȳd**, *st. f.*, BRIDE, wife, 2031; *acc. sg.* brȳd, 2930, brȳde, 2956.
- brȳd-būr**, *st. neut.*, BRIDE-BOWER, woman's room, 921.
- bryne-lēoma**, *w. m.*, BURNING-ray (the dragon's vomit of fire), 2313.
- bryne-wylm**, *st. m.*, [BURNING-WELLING] surge of fire, 2326.
- brytnian**, *w. v.*, distribute; *pret. sg.* brytnade, 2383.
- brytta**, *w. m.*, distributer, giver, 35, 607, etc.
- bryttian**, *w. v.*, distribute, bestow, 1726.
- būan**, *st. v.*
- (1) *intrans.*, dwell; *inf.* būon, 2842.
- (2) *trans.*, dwell in, inhabit, occupy, 3065; *pp.* gebūn, 117.
- būgan**, *st. v.*, bow, bend, stoop, 327, (lie at rest) 2598, 2918, 2031, etc.; *pret. sg.* beāh, 2956; *pp.* gebogen, 2569.
- ā-būgan**, *st. v.*, [bow away] give way, start, 775.
- be-būgan**, *st. v.*, [bow about] encompass, 93, 1223.
- ge-būgan**, *st. v.*, *pret.* gebēag, gebēah:
- (1) *intrans.*, bow, bend, fall, 1540, 2567, 2980.
- (2) *trans.*, bow to; *pret. sg.* sele-reste gebēah, "lay down on his bed in the hall," 690; so 1241.
- bunden-heorde**, *adj.*, with hair

BOUND up, 3151 (see note on 3155).
bunden-stefna, *w. m.*, BOUND STEM, bound prow, ship, 1910.
būne, *w. f.*, cup, drinking-vessel, 2775, 3047.
būr, *st. neut.*, BOWER, room, 140, etc.
burg, **burh**, *st. f.*, BURG, fortified place, castle, palace, city, 53, 523, 1968, 2433; *dat.* byrig, 1199 (see note on 1200).
burh-loc, *w. m.*, BURG-LOCK, castle-lock, barrier of a castle or city, 1928.
burh-stede, *st. m.*, BURG-STEAD, courtyard, 2265.
burh-wela, *w. m.*, [BURGH-WEAL] wealth of a castle or city, 3100.
burne, *w. f.*, BURN, stream, 2546.
būton, *prep.*, with *dat.*, BUT, except, 73, 657, 705.
būton, **būtan**, *conj.*
 (1) with *subj.*, unless, 966.
 (2) with *indic.*, without, BUT that, except, 1560; in *elliptical sentences*, 879, 1614.
bycgan, **biċgan**, *w. v.*, BUY, 1305.
 be-bycgan, *w. v.*, sell, 2799.
 ge-bycgan, *w. v.*, BUY, obtain, 973; *pret.* his ealdre gebohte, "paid for [it] with his life," 2481; *pp. pl.* 3014.
byldan, *w. v.*, EMBOLDEN, encourage, 1094.
byme, *w. f.*, trumpet; *gen.* 2943.
byrdu-scrūd, *st. neut.*, shield-covering, shield, 2660.
byre, *st. m.*, son, boy, youth, 1188, 2018, 2053, etc.
byrale, *st. m.*, cup-BEABER, 1161.
byreð, see **beran**.
byrgan, *w. v.*, taste, 448.
byrht, see **beorht**.
byrig, see **burg**.
byrnan, see **beornan**.
byrne, *w. f.*, BYRNY, coat of mail, 405, etc.
byrn-wiga, *w. m.*, BYRNY-WARRIOR, mailed warrior, 2918.
byrġu, *st. f.*, [BUSINESS] trouble,

affliction; *nom.* bisġu, 281; *dat. pl.* bisġum, 1743, bysġum, 2580.
byð, see **bēon**.
bywan, *w. v.*, prepare, adorn, 2257.

C.

camp, *st. m.*, battle, 2505.
can, see **cunnan**.
candel, *st. f.*, CANDLE, 1572 (of the sun).
ceald, *adj.*, COLD, 1261, etc.
cealdost, *superl.*, COLDEST, 546.
cēap, *st. m.*, [CHAP] bargain, purchase, 2415, 2482.
cēapian, *w. v.*, [CHEAPEN, chop] purchase; *pp.* gecēapod, 3012.
cearian, *w. v.*, CARE, take care, 1536.
cear-sið, *st. m.*, [CARE-journey] journey fraught with care, expedition that brings sorrow, 2396 (see **Eadgils** in "Persons and Places").
cearu, *st. f.*, CARE, sorrow, 1803, 3171.
cear-wylm, -wælm, *st. m.*, [CARE-WELLING] surge of care, wave of sorrow, extreme grief, 2821, 2066. [Sievers § 159, 2.]
ceaster-būend, *st. m.*, castle-dweller, denizen of a city, 768.
cempa, *w. m.*, champion, fighter, 1812, etc.; *dat.* 2044.
cēne, *adj.*, KEEN, bold, brave, 768.
cēnost, *superl.*, KEENEST, boldest, 206.
cennan, *w. v.*
 (1) beġet, bear, bring forth, 12, 943.
 (2) declare; *imperat. sg. refl.* cen bec, 1219.
 ā-cennan, *w. v.*, beġet, bear, 1356.
cēnþu, *st. f.*, KEENNESS, boldness, 2696.
cēol, *st. m.*, KEEL, ship, 88, etc.
ceorfan, *st. v.*, CARVE.
 be-ceorfan, *st. v.*, with *acc. pers. and dat. rei*, cut off, 1590, 2138.

ceorl, *st. m.*, CHURL, man, 202, 2444, 2972, etc.

cēosan, **cīosan**, *st. v.*, CHOOSE, accept, 2376, 2818; *pp. pl.* gecorone, 206.

ge-cēosan, *st. v.*, CHOOSE, 1201 (see note on 1200), 1758, 2469, etc.; *dat. inf.* gecēosenne, 1851.

cīgan, *w. v.*

ā-cīgan, *w. v.*, call, summon, 3121.

cīrran, *w. v.*

on-cīrran, *w. v.*

(1) *trans.*, turn, change, 2857.

(2) *intrans.*, turn, return, 2951, 2970.

clif, *st. neut.*, CLIFF, 1911.

clomm, **clamm**, *st. m.*, clasp, grip, 963, 1335, 1502.

cnāwan, *st. v.*

ge-cnāwan, *st. v.*, KNOW, recognise, 2047.

on-cnāwan, *st. v.*, KNOW, recognise, 2554.

cnihht, *st. m.*, [KNIGHT] boy, 1219.

cnihht-wesende, *adj.* (*pres. part.*), being a boy or youth, 372, 535.

cnyssan, *w. v.*, crash, clash; *pret. pl.* cnyssedan, 1328.

cōl, *adj.*, COOL.

cōlra, *compar.*, COOLER, 282, 2066.

collen-ferhō, **-ferō**, *adj.*, [swollen-minded] of proud spirit, high-minded, bold-minded, 1806, 2785.

con, *const.*, see **cunnan**.

corōer, *st. neut.*, troop, guard, crowd, 1153, 3121.

costian, *w. v.*, with *gen.*, try, prove, 2084.

cræft, *st. m.*, might, strength; skill, CRAFT; 699, 982, 2168, 2221 (mass), etc.; *dat. pl.* dēofles cræftum, "with devil's devices," 2088.

cræftig, *adj.*, [CRAFTY] strong, powerful, 1466, 1962.

cringan, *st. v.*, CRINGE, fall, 635, 1113.

ge-cringan, *st. v.*, CRINGE, fall; *pret. sg.* gecrong, 1568, 2505, gecrang, 1337, gecranc, 1209.

cuma, *w. m.*, comer, 1806.

cuman, *st. v.*, *pret.* c(w)ōm: COME, 23, 376, 430, 569, 731, 1382, 2058, etc.; *subj. pres. pl.* cymen, 3106; *pret. pl.* cwōmon, 239, etc., cwōman, 650; *pp. pl.* cumene, 361. Often with *folll. inf.* (which is sometimes best translated by a *pres. part.*), 268, 710, etc.

be-cuman, *st. v.*, *pret.* bec(w)ōm: (1) COME, 115, 192, 2992, etc.

(2) with *acc. pers.*, befall, 2883.

ofer-cuman, OVERCOME; *pret. sg.* ofercwōm, 1273; *pret. pl.* oferoōmon, 699; *pp.* 845.

cumbol, *st. m.*, standard, banner, 2505.

cunnan, *st.-w. v.*, *pres. sg.* 1st, 3rd, con, can, 2nd, const:

(1) with *acc.* or *clause*, know, be acquainted with, 359, 372, 892, 418, 1180, 1377, 1739, etc.; with *acc. and clause*, 1355.

(2) with *inf.*, know how to, be able to, 50, 90, 182, 1746, etc.

cunnian, *w. v.*, with *acc.* or *gen.*, try, make trial of, explore, 508, 1426, 1444, 1500, 2045.

cūō, *adj.* (*pp.* of **cunnan**), known, well known, famous, 150, 867, 1912, etc.

cūō-lice, *adv.*, openly.

cūō-licor, *compar.*, more openly, 244.

cwealm, *st. m.*, [QUELLING] murder, death, 107, 3149.

cwealm-bealu, *st. neut.*, death-BALE, deadly evil, 1940.

cwealm-cuma, *w. m.*, murderous comer, 792.

cweccan, *w. v.*, [quake] brandish, 235.

cwellan, *w. v.*, QUELL, kill, 1334.

ā-cwellan, *w. v.*, QUELL, kill, 886, etc.

cwēn, *st. f.*, QUEEN, wife, 62, etc.

cwēn-lic, *adj.*, QUEENLY, womanly, 1940.

cweōan, *st. v.*, say, speak, 2041; *pret.* cwæō, "QUOTH," 315, etc.

ā-cweōan, *st. v.*, say, speak;

- pres. sg.* *ācwyrð*, 2046; *pret. sg.* *ācwærð*, "QUOTH," 654.
ge-cweðan, *st. v.*, say, speak, 535, 2664; *pret. sg.* *gecwærð*, "QUOTH," 857, etc.
cwic, *cwico*, *adj.*, QUICK, living, alive, 98, 2314, 3093, etc.
cwiðan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, lament, mourn, 2112, 3171.
-cwyrð, see *-cweðan*.
cyme, *st. m.*, coming; *pl.* 257.
cymen, see *cuman*.
cym-lice, *adv.*
cym-līcor, *compar.*, in more COMELY fashion, more fitly, 38.
cyn(n), *st. neut.*, KIN, race, 98, 107, 421, etc.
cyne-dōm, *st. m.*, KINGDOM, 2376.
cynīng, *kyning*, *st. m.*, KING, 11, 619, 3171, etc.
cynīng-bald, *adj.*, [KING-BOLD] royally bold, 1634.
cynn, *st. neut.*, only in *pl.* (of *adj.* *cyn(n)*), "AKIN, suitable"), customs, courtesies, etiquette, 613.
cŷpan, *w. v.*, sell.
ge-cŷpan, *w. v.*, buy, purchase, hire, 2496.
cyssan, *w. v.*
ge-cyssan, *w. v.*, KISS, 1870.
cyst, *st. f.*, [choosing] choice, choiceness, choice quality, excellence, pick, 673, 802, 867, 923, etc.
cŷðan, *w. v.*, make known, show, 659, etc.; *pp.* *gecŷðed*, "made known, famed," 262, 700, 1971, etc.
ge-cŷðan, *w. v.*, make known, 257, 354.
- D.
- dæd*, *st. f.*, DEED, act, 181, etc.; *acc.* *dæd*, 585, etc., *dæde*, 889; *gen. pl.* *hafað...dæda gefondad*, "has experienced deeds (of violence?)," 2454.
dæd-cēne, *adj.*, [DEED-KEEN] bold in act, 1645.
dæd-fruma, *w. m.*, [DEED-CHIEF] doer of deeds, 2090.
dæd-hata, *w. m.*, [DEED-HATER] one who shows his hatred in deeds, 275.
dæg, *st. m.*, DAY, 197, 485, 3159, etc.
dæges, *gen. of dæg used adverbially*, by day, 1935, 2269.
dæg-hwīl, *st. f.*, DAY-WHILE, day; *acc. pl.* *hē dæg-hwīla gedrogen hæfde eorðan wyne*, "he had spent his days of earth's joy," 2726.
dæg-rīm, *st. neut.*, [DAY-RIME] number of days; *nom.* *dōgera dæg-rīm*, "the number of his days," 823.
dæl, *st. m.*, DEAL, part, portion, share, 621, 1740, 2843, etc.
dælan, *w. v.*, DEAL, divide, distribute, share, 80, 2534, etc.
be-dælan, *w. v.*, with *dat. rei*, deprive, bereave, 721, 1275.
ge-dælan, *w. v.*, DEAL out, 71; divide, part, 731, 2422.
daroð, *st. m.*, DART, javelin, 2848.
dæd, *adj.*, DEAD, 467, etc.
dēagan, *st. v.*, DYE; *pret.* *dēað-fæge dēog*, "the doomed one dyed [the mere]," 850.
dēah, see *dugan*.
deall, *adj.*, proud, 494.
dear, *dearst*, see *durran*.
dēað, *st. m.*, DEATH, 441, 2269, 2843, etc.
dēað-bedd, *st. neut.*, DEATH-BED, 2901.
dēað-cwalu, *st. f.*, [DEATH-quelling] violent death, murder, 1712.
dēað-cwealm, *st. m.*, [DEATH-quelling] violent death, slaughter, 1670.
dēað-dæg, *st. m.*, DEATH-DAY, 187, 885.
dēað-fæge, *adj.*, [DEATH-FEY] doomed to death, 850.
dēað-sctla, *w. m.*, DEATH-shadow, deadly sprite, 160.
dēað-wērig, *adj.*, DEATH-WEARY, dead, 2125.

dēað-wic, *st. neut.*, [DEATH-WICK]
dwelling of death, 1275.

dēman, *w. v.*, DEEM; adjudge, 687;
appraise, 3174.

dēmend, *st. m.*, judge, 181.

denn, *st. neut.*, DEN, 2759, 3045.

dēofol, *st. m.*, DEVIL, 756, etc.

dēogol, see **dýgel**.

dēop, *st. neut.*, DEEP, 2549.

dēop, *adj.*, DEEP, 509, 1904.

dēor, *dior*, *adj.*, bold, brave, dire,
1933, 2090.

dēorc, *adj.*, DARK, 160, 275, etc.

dēore, see **dýre**.

dēor-lic, *adj.*, bold, 585.

dēð, see **dōn**.

-digan, see **-dýgan**.

diope, *adv.*, DEEPLY, 3069.

dior, see **dyre**.

disc, *st. m.*, DISH, 2775, 3048.

dōgor, *st. neut.*, day, 219, 2200, 2573,
etc.; *dat. sg.* dōgore, 1797, dōgor,
1395 (see note); *gen. pl.* dōgora,
88, dōgera, 823, dōgra, 1090.

dōgor-gerim, *st. neut.*, number of
days, 2728.

dohtor, *st. f.*, DAUGHTER, 375, etc.

dol-gilp, *st. m.*, [DOLTISH YELP]
foolish boast, 509.

dol-lic, *adj.*, rash, desperate, au-
dacious, 2646.

dol-sceaða, *w. m.*, DOLTISH SCATHER,
foolish or rash foe, 479.

dōm, *st. m.*, DOOM, judgment, 441,
1098, etc.; free-will, choice, 895,
2147, etc.; glory, 885, 2666, etc.
Special passages: æfter dōme,
"according to custom, or merit,"
1720; drēah æfter dōme, "lived,
employed himself, according to
right, or honour," 2179.

dōm-lēas, *adj.*, [glory-LESS] inglo-
rious, 2890.

dōn, *irreg. v.*, do, make, take, esteem,
put, lay, 444, 1116, 1828, etc.;
pres. sg. dēð, 1058; *pret. sg.* dyde,
etc., 44, 1676, 2809, etc. *Special
passages*: him Hūnlāfing hilde-
lēoman... on bearm dyde, "the son
of Hunlaf thrust the sword into
his [Hengest's] breast," 1144 (see

note); ne him þæs wyrmes wig
for wiht dyde, eafod ond ellen,
"he esteemed the worm's war-
fare as naught, its strength and
courage," 2348.

gā-dōn, *st. v.*, do, make, put,
esteem, 2090, 2186; *pres. sg.*
gedēð, 1732.

dorste, *pret.* of **durran**.

draca, *w. m.*

(1) DRAKE, dragon, 892, 2088;

(2) the drake or dragon, the slay-
ing of which forms Beowulf's
third great exploit, 2211, etc.

-drædan, *st. v.*

on-drædan, *st. v.*, DREAD, 1674,
2275; *pret.* ondræd, 2347.

drēah, see **drōgan**.

drēam, *st. m.*, [DREAM] joy, mirth,
88, 99, etc.

drēam-lēas, *adj.*, JOYLESS, 1720.

drēfan, *w. v.*, trouble, stir, 1904;
pp. gedrēfed, 1417.

drōgan, *st. v.*, [DREE] do, go
through, experience, endure,
suffer, enjoy, 589, 1470, 2179
(see **dōm**), etc.; *imperat. sg.*
drēoh, 1782; *pret. sg.* drēah, 131;
pret. pl. drugon, 798, 1966; *pp.*
gedrogen, "spent," 2726. *Spe-
cial passage*: sund-nytte drēah,
"(did) swimming-office, i.e.)
swam," 2360.

ā-drōgan, *st. v.*, endure, 3078.

drēor, *st. m.*, blood, 447.

drēor-fāh, *adj.*, blood-stained, 485.

drēorig, **drīorig**, *adj.*, [DREARY]
bloody, 1417, 2789.

drēosan, *st. v.*

ge-drēosan, *st. v.*, fall, sink,
fail, decline, 1754, 2666.

drepan, *st. v.*, strike, hit; *pret. sg.*
drep, 2880; *pp.* drepen, 1745,
dremen, 2981.

drepe, *st. v.*, stroke, blow, 1589.

drifan, *st. v.*, DRIVE, 1130, 2803.

to-drifan, *st. v.*, DRIVE asunder,
545.

driht-, see **dryht-**.

drihten, see **dryhten**.

drincan, *st. v.* DRINK, 742, 1233,

- 1945, etc.; *pp.* druncen, "drunk, having drunk (not necessarily intoxicated)," 531, etc.; *pl.* druncne, 480, etc.
- drinc-fæt**, see **drync-fæt**.
- drohtoð**, *st. m.*, way of life, calling, 756.
- dropen**, see **drepan**.
- drūslan**, *w. v.*, become turbid?, subside?, 1630.
- dryht-bearn**, *st. neut.*, [noble BAIRN] noble youth, noble scion; *acc.* 2035.
- dryhten**, **drihten**, *st. m.*
- (1) lord, chieftain, 1484, 1050, etc.; *dat.* dryhtne, 2482, etc., dryhten (?), 1831.
- (2) Lord (of the Deity), 108, etc.
- dryht-guma**, **driht-guma**, *w. m.*, [clansman] warrior, noble warrior, noble man, 99, 1790, etc.
- dryht-líc**, **driht-líc**, *adj.*, lordly, courtly, royal, noble, excellent, 892; *weak neut.* drihtlice wif, 1158.
- dryht-māðum**, *st. m.*, lordly treasure, splendid treasure, 2843.
- [**dryht**,] **driht-scype**, *st. m.*, [warrior-SHIP] heroic deed, 1470.
- dryht-sele**, **driht-sele**, *st. m.*, lordly hall, warrior-hall, 485, etc.
- dryht-sibb**, *st. f.*, troop-peace, peace between bands of warriors, 2068.
- drync-fæt**, **drinc-fæt**, *st. n.*, [DRINK-VAT] drinking-vessel, 2254, 2306.
- drysmian**, *w. v.*, darken, grow dark, 1375.
- dūfan**, *st. v.*, DIVE.
- ge-dūfan**, *st. v.*, DIVE into, sink into; *pret. sg.* gedēaf, 2700.
- þurh-dūfan**, *st. v.*, DIVE THROUGH, swim through; *pret. sg.* þurhdēaf, 1619.
- dugan**, *st.-w. v.*, *pres. sg. indic.* dēah, 369, etc.; *pres. sg. subj.* dūge, 589, etc.; *pret. sg.* dohte, 1344, 1821, etc.: be DOUGHTY, avail, 369, 573, etc., *with gen.* 526; treat (with *dat.*), 1821; rely, 1839.
- duguð**, *st. f.*, DOUGHTINESS, the DOUGHTY, doughty warriors, noble warriors, 498, 2020, etc.; *often coupled with* geogoð, "the youthful", 160, etc.; *nom. pl.* duguða, 2035; *dat. pl.* for dūgeðum, "in virtue of doughtiness, by dint of doughty deeds," 2501; duguðum, "doughtily, or to the doughty," 3174.
- *durran**, *st.-w. v.*, DARE; *pres. sg.* dear, dearst, 684, 527; *pres. subj.* dyrrē, 1379; *pret. sg.* dorste, 1462, 2848, etc.
- duru**, *st. f.*, DOOR, 388, 721.
- dwellan**, *w. v.*, mislead, deceive, hinder; *pres. sg.* dweleð, 1735.
- dyde**, **dydon**, see **dōn**.
- dýgan**, *w. v.*
- ge-dýgan**, **ge-digan**, *w. v.*, survive, escape, endure, 300, 578, 661, etc.
- dýgel**, **dōgol**, *adj.*, secret, hidden, 275, 1357.
- dyhtig**, *adj.*, DOUGHTY, 1287.
- dynnan**, *w. v.*, DIN, resound; *pret. sg.* dynede, 767, etc.
- dýre**, **dōre**, *adj.*, DEAR in both senses, costly and beloved, 560, 1528, 1879, etc.; *nom.* diore, 1949; *gen. sg. f.* dēorre, 488.
- dēorest**, *superl.*, DEAREST, 1309.
- dyrne**, *adj.*, secret, hidden, 271, 1879, etc.
- dyrrē**, see **durran**.
- dyrstig**, *adj.*, daring, bold; *with gen.* 2838.

E.

- ēac**, *adv.*, EKE, also, 97, etc.; *once ēc*, 3131.
- ēacen**, *adj.* (*pp.* of *ēacan), [EKED] great, extensive, mighty, powerful, 198, 1621, 1663, 2140.
- ēacen-cræftig**, *adj.*, enormously strong, immense, 2280, 3051.
- ēadig**, *adj.*, rich, prosperous, 1225, 2470.
- ēadig-líce**, *adv.*, happily, 100.
- eafor**, see **eofor**.

eafora, eafera, w. m., child, son, 12, 375, etc.; *pl.* descendants, successors, 1710: *dat. pl.* eafëran, 1185.

eafot, st. neut., strength, might, 902, etc.; *acc. pl.* eafotō, 2534; *dat. pl.* eafotum, 1717. *Special passage*: ic him Gēata sceal eafot ond ellen...gūþe gebēodan, "I shall proclaim to him in war the strength and courage of the Geats," 602 (see note).

ēage, w. neut., EYE, 726, etc.

ēagor-strēam, st. m., water-STREAM, 513.

eahta, num., EIGHT, 1035; *gen.* eahta sum, "one of eight, with seven others," 3123.

eahtian, w. v., consider, deliberate about, esteem, watch over, rule: *pres. pl.* ehtigað, 1222; *pret. sg.* eahtode, 1407; *pret. pl.* eahtedon, 172, eahtodan, 3173; *pp.* gēah-ted, 1885.

eal(1), adj., ALL, 111, 523, 652, 705, 914, 2739; *nom. sg. f.* eal, 1738; *neut. pl.* eal, 486; *uninflected*, 2042, 3164. *In some instances it is impossible to say certainly whether the word is an adj. or an adv.*: 77, 1230, 1567, 1620, 2241. *Substantively, sg. and pl.*: 145, 649, 2162, 2794, 1727 (all things), 2461 (everything); *gen. pl.* ealra, "in all," 3170; *with gen.* 744, 885, 1057, 1122, 2149, 2727.

eal, adv., ALL, 1708, 680 (see *bēah*).

ealles, adv. (gen. of eall), ALL, altogether, 1000, 1129.

eald, adj., OLD, 72, 357, 1776, etc.; *acc. pl. neut.* ealde, 2330. *Special passages*: eald Metod, "our God of old," 945; gold-māðmas hēold eald under eorðan, "the old [dragon] held gold-treasures under the earth," 2415.

yldra, compar., ELDER, older, 468, etc.

yldesta, weak superl., ELDEST, oldest, 258, etc.

ealder-, see under *ealdor-*.

eald-gesegen, st. f., OLD saga, old tradition, 869.

eald-gesit, st. m., OLD comrade, 853.

eald-gestrōn, st. neut., old treasure, 1381, etc.

eald-hlāford, st. m., OLD LORD (Beowulf), 2778.

ealdor, aldor, st. m., [ALDER- in alderman] chief, lord, prince, sovereign, 56, 346, 369, 1644, 1848, 2920, etc.

aldor-lēas, adj., princeless, without a chief, 15.

aldor-þegn, st. m., [prince-THANE] chief thane, 1308.

ealdor, aldor, st. neut., life, 1371, 1442, etc.; *vitals*, 1434. *Special phrases*: tō aldre, "for life, for ever, always," 2005, 2498; āwa tō aldre, "for ever and ever," 955.

aldor-bealu, st. neut., life-BALE, death, 1676.

aldor-cearu, st. f., life-CARE, 906.

aldor-dæg, ealder-dæg, st. m., life-DAY, day of life, 718, 757.

aldor-gedāl, st. neut., life-part-ing, death, 805.

ealdor-gewinna, w. m., [life-WIN-ner] life-adversary, 2903.

ealdor-lēas, aldor-lēas, adj., life-LESS, 1587, 3003.

eal-fela, adj., [ALL-many] very many, *with gen.*, 883; *acc.* eal-fela...worn, "a very great number," 869.

ealgian, w. v., defend, protect, 796, 1204, etc.

eall, see eal.

eal(1)-gylden, adj., ALL-GOLDEN, 1111, 2767.

eall-īrenne, adj., ALL-IRON, 2338.

ealo-benc, ealu-benc, st. f., ALE-BENCH, 1029, 2867.

ealo-drincend, st. m. (pres. part.), ALE-DRINKER, 1945.

ēa-lond, st. neut., water-LAND; *acc.* ēa-lond ūtan, "the sea-board," 2334.

ealo-wāge, ealu-wāge, *st. neut.*,
ALE-stoup, ale-can, tankard of
ale, 481, 495, 2021.

ealu-scerwen, *st. f.*, ALE-dearth,
terror as of a dearth of ale,
great terror, 769.

ēam, *st. m.*, ["EME" Spenser] uncle,
mother's brother, 881.

eard, *st. m.*, country, estate, home,
abode, dwelling, 56, 104, 1621
(expanses), 1727, 2198, 2493,
2736, etc.

eardian, *w. v.*

(1) *intrans.*, dwell, rest, 3050.

(2) *trans.*, inhabit, 166; *inf. wic*
eardian, "take up his abode,"
2589.

eard-lufu, *w. f.*, home-LOVE, dear
home?, 692. [Sievers § 279, N.
1.]

eard-weall, *st. m.*, land-WALL, 1224.

earfoð, *st. neut.*, hardship, hard
battling, endurance; *acc. pl.*
earfeðo, 534.

earfoð-líce, *adv.*, hardly, with
difficulty, 86, etc.; with trouble,
sorrowfully, 2822.

earfoð-præg, *st. f.*, time of stress,
time of tribulation, 283.

earg, *adj.*, cowardly; *gen. abso-*
lutely, earges sið, "coward's
way," 2541.

earm, *st. m.*, ARM, 513, etc.

earm, *adj.*, wretched, 2368, 2938;
weak fem. earne, 1117.

earmra, *compar.*, more wretch-
ed, 577.

earm-bēag, *st. m.*, ARM-ring, arm-
let, 2763.

earm-hrēad, *st. f.*, ARM-ornament,
1194.

earm-líc, *adj.*, wretched, miserable,
807.

earm-sceapen, *adj. (pp.)*, wretched-
SHAPEN, miscreated, miserable,
1351, 2228.

earn, *st. m.*, eagle, 3026.

eart, ART, 352, 506, *2nd sg. pres.*
indic. of wesan (q. v.).

ēastan, *adv.*, from the EAST, 509.

eatol, see atol.

ēaþe, yþe, *adj.*, easy, pleasant, 228,
1002, etc.; *once* ēþe, 2586.

ēaþe, *adv.*, easily, 478, etc.

ēað-fynde, *adj.*, easy to FIND, 138.

ēawan, see ywan.

earl, *st. f.*, [AXLE] shoulder, 835,
etc.

earl-gestealla, *w. m.*, shoulder-
comrade, bosom friend, 1326,
1714.

ēc, see ēac.

ēce, *adj.*, eternal, 108, etc.

ecg, *st. f.*, EDGE (of a weapon),
sword, 1106, 2506, etc.

ecg-bana, *w. m.*, [EDGE-BANE] slayer
with a weapon, sword-slayer, 1262.

ecg-hete, *st. m.*, EDGE-HATE, sword-
hate, hatred leading to war, 84,
1738.

ecg-þracu, *st. f.*, EDGE-onset, sword-
onset, armed attack, 596.

ed-hwyrft, *st. m.*, return, change,
reverse, 1281.

ēdre, see sēdre, *st. f.*

ed-wenden, *st. f.*, return, change,
1774, 2188.

edwit-lif, *st. neut.*, LIFE of reproach,
life of infamy, 2891.

efn, *adj.*, EVEN.

on efn, *with dat.*, EVEN with,
beside, 2903.

efnan, sēfnan, *w. v.*, achieve, per-
form, accomplish, do, make, 1041,
1254, etc.; *pp.* geæfned, 3106;
āð was geæfned, "the oath was
sworn," 1107.

ge-sēfnan, *w. v.*, perform, etc.,
538.

efne, *adv.*, EVEN, 943, etc.

efstan, *w. v.*, hasten, 1493, etc.
["Beiträge," x. 506.]

eft, *adv.*, AFTER, afterwards, again,
back, 56, 135, 123, 296, etc.

eft-cyme, *st. m.*, back-coming, re-
turn, 2896.

eft-sið, *st. m.*, back-journey, return,
1332, etc.

ēg-clif, *st. neut.*, sea-CLIFF, 2893.

eges, *st. m.*, fear, terror, 784, etc.;
acc. egсан, 276.

eges-full, *adj.*, terrible, 2929.

eges-lic, *adj.*, terrible, 1649, etc.
egl, *st. f.*, [AIL=a spike or awn of barley] claw, 987.
egsa, see **egesa**.
egsian, *w. v.*, cause terror, affright;
pret. **egsode eorl**, "the earl caused terror," 6.
ēg-strēam, *st. m.*, water-stream, ocean current, 577.
ēhtan, *w. v.*, with *gen.*, pursue, 159, 1512.
ehtigað, see **sahtian**.
elde, see **yldo**.
eldo, see **yldo**.
el-land, *st. neut.*, alien LAND, strange land, 3019.
ellen, *st. m. neut.*, strength, courage, bravery, 573, 893, 2706, etc.;
dat. sg. **elne**, sometimes best rendered by an *adv.*, "courageously," 2676; sometimes with strictly adverbial force, "quickly," 1967, "absolutely," 1097, "altogether," 1129.
ellen-dæd, *st. f.*, [strength-DEED] deed of strength or courage, 876, 900.
ellen-gæst, *st. m.*, [strength-GHOST] powerful sprite, 86.
ellen-lice, *adv.*, mightily, courageously, 2122.
ellen-mærðu, *st. f.*, [might-greatness] fame for strength or courage, feat of strength, 824, 1471.
ellen-rōf, *adj.*, courage-strong, famed for strength or courage, 340, 1787, etc.
ellen-sloc, *adj.*, [strength-SICK] strengthless, 2787.
ellen-weorc, *st. neut.*, strength-work, deed of might or courage, 661, etc.
elles, *adv.*, ELSE, otherwise, 138, etc.
ellor, *adv.*, ELSEWHITHER, 55, etc.
ellor-gæst, **ellor-gæst**, *st. m.*, [elsewhither-GHOST] sprite living elsewhere, alien sprite, 807, 1349, 1617, 1621.
ellor-sið, *st. m.*, journeyelsewhither, death, 2451.

elne, see **ellen**.
elra, *adj.* (*compar. of *ele*), another, 752.
el-þædig, *adj.*, of alien nation, foreign, 336.
ende, *st. m.*, END, 822, 1734, etc.;
acc. **hæfde eorð-scrafa ende genyttod**, "had had the last of his earth-caves," 3046; *dat.* **eorlum on ende**, "to the earls at the end (of the high table?, i.e. the noblest)," 2021.
ende-dæg, *st. m.*, END-DAY, day of death, 687, etc.
ende-dōgor, *st. m.*, END-day, day of death, 2896.
ende-lāf, *st. f.*, [END-LEAVING] last remnant, 2813.
ende-lēan, *st. neut.*, END-reward, final reward, 1692.
ende-sæta, *w. m.*, [END-sitter] coast-guard, 241.
ende-stæf, *st. m.*, [END-STAFF] end; *acc.* on **ende-stæf**, "towards, in, the end," 1753.
endian, *w. v.*
ge-endian, *w. v.*, END; *pp.* **geendod**, 2311.
enge, *adj.*, narrow, 1410.
ent, *st. m.*, giant, 1679, etc.
entisc, *adj.*, gigantic, 2979.
ēode, **ēodon**, see **gān**.
eodor, *st. m.*
 (1) fence, barrier; *acc. pl.* under **eoderas**, "under the barriers, into the house," 1037,
 (2) protector, lord, prince, 428, etc.; *nom.* **eodur**, 663.
eofer, **eofor**, *st. m.*, boar, figure of a boar upon a helmet, 1112, 1328; *acc.* **eafor**, 2152.
eofer-sprēot, *st. m.*, boar-spear, 1437.
eofor-lic, *st. neut.*, boar-LIKENESS, figure of a boar upon a helmet; *pl.* 303.
eofoð, see **eafoð**.
eolet, *st. m. or neut.*, sea (?); *gen.* **þā wæs sund liden eoletes æt ende**, "then was the sound traversed at the far side of the sea," 224.

eom, AM, see *wesan*.

eorclan-stān, *st. m.*, precious stone, 1208.

ƿored-geatwe, *st. f. pl.*, troop-trappings, military equipments, 2866.

eorl, *st. m.*, EARL, noble, warrior, 6, 248, etc.

eorl-gestrēon, *st. neut.*, EARLS' treasure, 2244.

eorl-gewāde, *st. neut.*, [EARL-WEEDS] armour, 1442.

eorlic (=eorl-lic), *adj.*, EARL-LIKE, noble, 637.

eorl-scipe, *st. m.*, EARLSHIP, courage, heroic deeds, 1727, 2133, etc.

eorl-weorod, *st. neut.*, [EARL-host] warrior-band, 2893.

eormen-cynn, *st. neut.*, [extended, enormous KIN] mankind, 1957.

eormen-grund, *st. neut.*, [enormous GROUND] the whole broad earth, 859.

eormen-lāf, *st. neut.*, [enormous LEAVING] immense legacy, 2234.

eorre, see *yrre*.

eorð-cyning, *st. m.*, EARTH-KING, earthly king, 1155.

eorð-draca, *w. m.*, EARTH-DRAKE, earth-dragon, 2712, etc.

eorðe, *w. f.*, EARTH, world, 92, 2834, etc.

eorð-hūs, *st. neut.*, EARTH-HOUSE, 2232.

eorð-reced, *st. neut.*, EARTH-house, earth-hall, 2719.

eorð-scræf, *st. neut.*, EARTH-cave; *gen. pl.* eorð-scrāfa, 3046.

eorð-sele, *st. m.*, EARTH-hall, 2410, etc.

eorð-weall, *st. m.*, EARTH-WALL, 2957, etc.

eorð-weard, *st. m.*, EARTH-possession, land-property, locality, 2334.

eoten, eoton, *st. m.*, EOTEN, giant, monster, enemy, 112, 421, 668, 761, 902, etc.

eotenisc, eotonisc, *adj.*, gigantic, of

a giant, 1558, 2979; *acc.* eotonisc, 2616.

eoten-weard, *st. f.*, [EOTEN-WARD] ward or watch against a monster; *acc.* eoten-weard ābead, "offered watch against Grendel," 668 (see note).

ēow, *pers. pron., acc. and dat. pl.* (of þū), YOU, 391, 2865, etc.

ēowan, see *ȳwan*.

ēower, *pers. pron., gen. pl.* (of þū), of YOU, 248, etc.

ēower, *poss. adj.*, YOUR, 257, etc.

ēowic, *pers. pron., acc. pl.* (of þū), YOU, 317, 3095.

ēst, *st. f.*, favour, grace, 958, 2165, etc.; *acc.* þæt ic his ārest ðē ēst gesegde, "that I should first give thee his kindly greeting," 2157; *dat. pl.* ēstum, with adverbial force, "graciously, gladly, kindly," 1194, 2149, 2378.

ēste, *adj.*, gracious; with *gen.* hyre ... ēste wære bearn-gebyrdo, "was gracious to her in her child-bearing," 945.

etan, *st. v.*, EAT, 444, 449.

þurh-etan, *st. v.*, EAT THROUGH; *pp. pl.* þurhetone, 3049.

eotonisc, see *eotenisc*.

ēō-begōte, *adj.*, [easy-BEGOTTEN] easily got, 2861.

ēōe, see *ēāte*.

ēōel, *st. m.*, native land, fatherland, land, estate, 520, 1730, etc.

ēōel-riht, *st. neut.*, land-RIGHT, 2198.

ēōel-stōl, *st. m.*, [fatherland-STOOL] native seat; *pl.* country, 2371.

ēōel-turf, *st. f.*, native TURF, native soil; *dat.* ēōel-tyrf, 410.

ēōel-weard, *st. m.*, fatherland-warden, guardian of his country, 616, 1702, 2210.

ēōel-wyn, *st. f.*, land-joy, home joy, 2885; *acc.* ēōel-wyn, 2493.

ēō-geaŷne, ȳō-geaŷne, *adj.*, [easy-] manifest, easily visible (not seen, *pp.*), 1110, 1244.

F.

fācen-stæf, *st. m.*, treachery, 1018.
fæo, *st. neut.*, period of time, 2240.
fæder, *st. m.*, FATHER, 55, 316 (of God), etc.; *gen.* fæder, 911.
fæderen-mæg, *st. m.*, FATHER'S kinsman, kinsman on the father's side, 1263.
fæge, *adj.* FEY, doomed, 846, etc.
fægen, *adj.*, FAIR, glad, 1633.
fæger, *adj.*, FAIR, beautiful, 522, etc.
fægere, **fægre**, *adv.*, FAIRLY, becomingly, courteously, 1014, 1788, etc.
-fægon, see **-fæon**.
fæhð, **fæhðo**, *st. f.*, FEUD, hostility, 2403, 2999; *acc.* fæhðe, 153, etc., fæghðe, 2465, fæhðo, 2489.
fælsian, *w. v.*, cleanse, 432, etc.; *pp.* gefælsod, 825, etc.
fæmne, *w. f.*, bride, lady, 2034, 2059.
fær, *st. neut.*, craft, vessel, 33.
fær, *st. m.*, FEAR, sudden danger, 1068, 2230.
fær-gripe, *st. m.*, FEAR-GRIP, sudden grip, 738, etc.
fær-gryre, *st. m.*, [FEAR-terror] sudden terror, terror of sudden danger, 174.
færinga, *adv.*, suddenly, 1414, etc.
fær-nið, *st. m.*, [FEAR-malice] sudden mischief, sudden horror, 476.
fæst, *adj.*, FAST, 303, 1742, etc.; *often with dat.* 1290, 1878, etc.
fæstan, *w. v.*, FASTEN.
 be-fæstan, *w. v.*, commit to, 1115.
fæste, *adv.*, FAST, 554, etc.
 fæstor, *compar.*, FASTER, 143.
fæsten, *st. neut.*, FASTNESS, strong-hold, 104, etc.
fæst-ræd, *adj.*, [FAST-REDE] firm-purposed, steadfast, 610.
fæt, *st. m.*, VAT, vessel, flagon, 2761.
fæt, *st. neut.*, plating, gold-plate, 716, 2256.
fæted, **fætt**, *adj. (pp.)*, plated, gold-plated, 333, etc.
fæted-hlōr, *adj.*, with bridle covered with plates of gold, 1036.

fæt-gold, *st. neut.*, plated gold, 1921.
fætt, see **fæted**.
fæðm, *st. m.*, [FATHOM] embrace, bosom, lap, 185, 188, 1393, etc.; power, 1210.
fæðmian, *w. v.*, embrace, 2652, etc.
fæg, **fäh**, *adj.*, stained, coloured, variegated, bright, shining, 305, 1615, 1631, 2217, 2701, 420 (blood-stained), 1038 (bedecked), 2671 (flashing), etc.; *acc. sg. m.* fægne, fähne, 725, 446, etc.
fäh, **fæg**, *adj.*:
 (1) hostile, 554; *nom.* hē fæg wið God, "he a foe to God," 811. *Substantively*, FOE; *acc. sg. m.* fāne, 2655; *gen. pl.* fāra, 578, 1463.
 (2) guilty, outlawed, 978, 1001, 1263.
fähne, see **fæg**, **fäh**.
fæmi(g)-heals, *adj.*, FOAMY-necked, 218, 1909.
fandian, see **fondian**.
fāne, see **fäh**, **fæg**.
-fangen, see **-fōn**.
fāra, see **fäh**, **fæg**.
faran, *st. v.*, FARE, go, 124, 1404, 1895, etc.; *dat. inf.* farenne, 1805.
 ge-faran, *st. v.*, FARE, 738.
farot, *st. m.*, tide, stream, flood, 28, etc.
fēa, *pl. adj.*, FEW; *acc. (with gen.)* fēa worda, 2246, 2662; *gen.* fēara, 1412, 3061; *dat.* fēaum, 1081.
-feah, see **-fæon**.
fealh, see **fēolan**.
feallan, *st. v.*, FALL, 1070, etc.
 pret. sg. fēol(l), 772, 2919, etc.
 be-feallan; *pp.* befeallen, "deprived, bereft," 1126, 2256.
 ge-feallan, *st. v.*
 (1) *intrans.*, FALL, 1755.
 (2) *trans.*, fall to, fall on to, 2100, 2834.
fealo, see **fela**.
fealu, *adj.*, FALLOW, yellow, dun; *acc. sg. m.* fealone, 1950; *f.* fealwe, 916; *acc. pl.* fealwe, 865.
fēa-sceaft, *adj.*, wretched, destitute, 7, etc.

feax, *st. neut.*, hair, hair of the head, 1647; *dat.* **fexe**, 2967.

fēdan, *w. v.*, FEED.

ā-fēdan, *w. v.*, bring up, 693.

-fēgon, see **-fēon**.

-fēh, see **-fēon**.

fēhð, see **fōn**.

fēl, *st. f.*, FILE; *gen. pl.* **fēla lāfe**, "leavings of files, i.e. swords," 1032.

fēla, *st. neut.*, *indecl.*, much, many, 586, 2106.

Usu. with gen. sg. or pl. 164, 809, 876, 929, 992, 1060, 1888; **fealo**, 2757; *see also* worn.

Used as an adj. qualifying worn (q. v.), 530, etc.

fēla, *adv.*, much, greatly, 1385, 2102, 3025, 3029, 694 (*see micel*).

fēla-gēomor, *adj.*, very sad, 2950.

fēla-hrōr, *adj.*, very vigorous, 27.

fēla-mōdig, *adj.*, [very MOODY] very brave, 1637.

fēla-synnig, *adj.*, very sinful, 1379.

fell, *st. neut.*, FELL, skin, 288.

fen(n), *st. neut.*, FEN, moor, 104, 2009, etc.

fen-freoðo, *st. f.*, FEN-refuge, 851.

feng, *st. m.*, clutch, grasp, 578, 1764.

fēng, see **fōn**.

fengel, *st. m.*, prince, 1400, etc.

fen-gelād, *st. neut.*, FEN-path, 1359.

fen-hlið, *st. neut.*, FEN-slope; *pl.* **fen-hleoðu**, 820.

fen-hop, *st. neut.*, FEN-retreat, "sloping hollow with a fenny bottom" (Skeat), 764.

feoh, *st. neut.*, FEE, property, money; *dat. sg.*, **fēo**, 156, etc.

feoh-gift, **-gyft**, *st. f.*, FEE-GIFT, gift of money, valuable gift, 21, 1025, etc.

feoh-lēas, *adj.*, FEE-LESS, not to be atoned for with money, 2441.

feohtan, *st. v.*

ge-feohtan, *st. v.*, FIGHT, 1083.

feohte, *w. f.*, FIGHT, 576, 959.

fēolan, *st. v.*, penetrate; *pret. sg.* **fealh**, 1281, 2225.

æt-fēolan, *st. v.*, cleave, stick; *pret.* **ætfealh**, 903.

-fēon, *st. v.*

ge-fēon, *st. v.*, rejoice; *pret. sg.* **gefēah**, 109, etc., **gefēh**, 827, etc.; *pret. pl.* **gefēgon**, 1014, **gefegon**, 1627.

fēond, *st. m.*, FIEND, foe, 101, 164, etc.

fēond-grāp, *st. f.*, FIEND-grip, foe's grasp, 636.

fēond-scaða, *w. m.*, [FIEND-SCATHER] dire foe, 554.

fēond-scipe, *st. m.*, FIENDSHIP, enmity, 2999.

feor, *adj.*, FAR, 1361, 1921.

feor, *adv.*, FAR, afar, 42, 542, 808, 1221, etc.; *once* **feorr**, 1988; *of time*, "far back," 1701.

fyr, *feor*, *compar.*, farther, 143, 252, 1340.

feor-būend, *st. m.* (*pres. part.*), FAR dweller, dweller afar; *pl.* 254.

feor-cyðð, *st. f.*, FAR country; *pl.* **feor-cyððe**, 1838.

feorh, *st. m. neut.*, life, 73, 439, 1152 (bodies), 1210, 2040, etc.; *gen.* **fēores**, 1433, etc.; *dat.* **fēore**, 1843, etc.; *dat. pl.* **fēorum**, 73, etc. *Special passages*: *acc.* **ferh** (*see wrecan*), 2706; *was* in **feorh** *dropen*, "was mortally wounded," 2981; *widan* **feorh**, "ever," 2014; *dat. tō* *widan* **fēore**, "ever," 933.

feorh-bealu, **-bealo**, *st. neut.*, life-BALE, deadly evil, 156, 2077, etc.

feorh-benn, *st. f.*, life-wound, deadly wound, 2740.

feorh-bona, *w. m.*, [life-BANE] murderer, 2465.

feorh-cynn, *st. neut.*, life-KIN, generation or race of men, 2266.

feorh-geñiða, *w. m.*, life-foe, deadly foe, 969, etc.

feorh-lāst, *st. m.*, life-step, 846.

feorh-legu, *st. f.*, LAYING down of life; *acc.* **nū ic on mādma hord mine bebohte frōde feorh-lege**, "now that in exchange for the hoard of treasures I have sold the laying down of my old life," 2800.

feorh-sæoc, *adj.*, life-sick, mortally wounded, 820.

feorh-sweg, *st. m.*, [life-blow] deadly blow, 2489.

feorh-wund, *st. f.*, life-wound, deadly wound, 2385.

feorm, *st. f.*, food, sustenance, 451.

feormend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, polisher; *pl.* 2256.

feormend-lēas, *adj.*, polisher-less, wanting the furbisher, 2761.

feormian, *w. v.*

(1) polish; *subj. pres.* 2253.

(2) eat, devour; *pp.* gefeormod, 744.

feorran, *w. v.*, banish, 156.

feorran, *adv.*, from afar,

(1) of space, 361, etc.

(2) of time, 91, 2106 (of old times).

feorran-cund, *adj.*, come from afar, 1795.

feor-weg, *st. m.*, far way, distant land, 37.

fēower, *num.*, FOUR, 59, 1637, etc.

fēower-týne, *num.*, FOURTEEN, 1641.

fēran, *w. v.*, fare, go, 27, 839, etc.; *subj. pres. pl.*, fēran, 254.

ge-fēran, *w. v.*

(1) *trans.*, go to, reach, gain, bring about, 1221, 1855, 2844, 3063.

(2) *intrans.*, fare, behave; *pret. pl.*, frēone gefērdon, "they behaved daringly," 1691.

ferh, 2706, see **feorh**.

ferh, *st. m.*, [FARROW] boar, figure of a boar on a helmet, 305.

ferhð, *st. m.*, heart, mind, etc., 754, 1166, 8176, etc.

ferhð-frec, *adj.*, bold-minded, 1146.

ferhð-geñðla, *w. m.*, life-foe, deadly foe, 2881.

ferian, *w. v.*, [FERBY] bear, carry, bring; *pres. pl.* ferigeað, 333; *pret. pl.* feredon, 1154, etc., fyredon, 378; *pp. pl.* geferede, 861.

sæt-ferian, *w. v.*, bear off, 1669.

ge-ferian, *w. v.*, bear, bring, 1638, etc.; *imperat. pl. 1st.* geferian, "let us bear," 3107.

of-ferian, *w. v.*, bear off, 1583.

oð-ferian, *w. v.*, bear away, save, 2141.

fetel-hilt, *st. neut.*, belted HILT, 1563.

fetlan, *w. v.*, FETCH; *pp.* fetod, 1310.

ge-fetlan, *w. v.*, fetch, bring, 2190.

fēða, *w. m.*, troop on foot, troop of warriors, troop, 1327, 1424, 2544, etc.

fēðe, *st. neut.*, movement, pace, 970.

fēðe-cempa, *w. m.*, foot-champion, foot-warrior, 1544, etc.

fēðe-gest, *st. m.*, foot-GUEST, 1976.

fēðe-lāst, *st. m.*, [movement-track] foot-track, 1632.

fēðer-gearwa, *st. f. pl.*, FEATHER-GEAR, 3119.

fēðe-wig, *st. m.*, foot-war, battle on foot, 2364.

fex, see **feax**.

fif, *num.*, FIVE, 545; *inflected*, fife, 420.

fifel-cynn, *st. neut.*, monster-KIN, race of monsters, 104.

fif-tēne, *num.*, FIFTEEN; *acc.* fyf-týne, 1582; *inflected gen.*, fif-tēna sum, "with fourteen others," 207.

fiftig, *num.*, FIFTY; *as adj.* 2209; *with gen.* 2733; *inflected gen. sg.* fiftiges, 3042.

findan, *st. v.*, FIND, 7, 207, etc.; obtain, prevail, 2373; *inf.* swā hyt weorðlicost fore-snotre men findan mihton, "as very wise men could most worthily devise it," 3162.

on-findan, *st. v.*, FIND out, perceive, observe, discover, 750, 1293, 1890, etc.

finger, *st. m.*, FINGER, 760, etc.

firas, *st. m. pl.*, men, 91, etc.; *gen. pl.* fyra, 2250. ["Beiträge" x. 487.]

firen, *fyren*, *st. f.*, crime, violence, 137, 915, etc.; *acc.* fyrene, 153, 2480, etc., firen, 1932.

dat. pl. fyrenum, "by crimes,

- criminally, maliciously," 1744, 2441.
- fyren-dæd**, *st. f.*, crime-DEED, deed of violence, 1001, 1669.
- fyren-ðearf**, *st. f.*, [crime-need] dire distress, 14.
- firgen-**, see **fyr-gen-**.
- fīsc**, *st. neut.*, FLESH, 2424.
- fīsc-homa**, *w. m.*, FLESH-covering, body, 1568.
- fīan**, *st. m.*, arrow, barb, 2438, 3119.
- fīan-boga**, *w. m.*, arrow-bow, 1433, etc.
- fīah**, see **fīon**.
- fīam**, *st. m.*, flight, 1001, etc.
- fīogan**, *st. v.*, FLY, 2273.
- fīon**, *st. v.*, FLEE, 755, etc.; *pret. sg.*, with *acc.*, **fīah**, 1200 (see note), 2225.
- be-fīon**, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, FLEE, escape from; *dat. inf.* **nō þæt yðe byð to be-fīonne**, "that (fate or death) will not be easy to escape from," 1003.
- ofer-fīon**, *st. v.*, FLEE from; *inf. nelle ic beorges weard oferfīon fōtes trem, "I will not flee from the barrow's warden a foot's space," 2525.*
- fīotan**, *st. v.*, float, swim, 542, etc.
- fīet**, *st. neut.*, floor, floor of a hall, hall, 1025, 1086, 1540, etc.
- fīet-ræst**, *st. f.*, floor-REST, bed in a hall, 1241.
- fīet-sittend**, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, floor-sitter, hall-sitter, 1788, 2022.
- fīet-werod**, *st. neut.*, [floor-host] hall-troop, 476.
- fīiht**, *st. m.*, FLIGHT, 1765.
- fīltan**, *st. v.*, [*Sc. FLITE*] contend, strive, 916; *pret. sg. 2nd*, 507.
- ofer-fīltan**, *st. v.*, OVERCOME, 517.
- fīōd**, *st. m.*, FLOOD, 545, etc.
- fīōd-yr**, *st. f.*, FLOOD-wave, 542.
- fīōr**, *st. m.*, FLOOR, 725, etc.
- fīota**, *w. m.*, [FLOATER] bark, ship, 210, etc.
- fīot-here**, *st. m.*, [FLOAT-army] fleet, 2915.
- fīyman**, *w. v.*, put to flight; *pp.* **gefīymed**, 846, etc.
- fōh**, see **-fōn**.
- folc**, *st. neut.*, FOLK, nation, people, warriors, army, 14, 55, 262, 1855, 2393, etc. *The plural is sometimes used with the same meaning as the singular*, 1422, etc.; *cf.* **lēod**, **lēode**.
- folc-āgend**, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, [FOLK-owner] folk-leader, 3113.
- folc-cwēn**, *st. f.*, FOLK-QUEEN, 614.
- folc-cyning**, *st. m.*, FOLK-KING, 2733, etc.
- folc-rēd**, *st. m.*, FOLK-REDE; *acc.* **folc-rēd fremede**, "did what was for the public good," 3006.
- folc-riht**, *st. neut.*, FOLK-RIGHT, public right, 2608.
- folc-scaru**, *st. f.*, FOLK-SHARE, public property?, 73.
- folc-stede**, *st. m.*, FOLK-STEAD, 76 (Heorot); *acc.* **folc-stede fāra**, "the field of battle," 1463.
- folc-toga**, *w. m.*, FOLK-leader, 839.
- fold-bold**, *st. neut.*, earth-building, hall on the earth, 773.
- fold-būend**, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, earth-dweller, 309; *pl.* **fold-būend**, 2274, **fold-būende**, 1355.
- folde**, *w. f.*, earth, ground, world, 96, 1196, 2975.
- fold-weg**, *st. m.*, earth-WAY, 866, etc.
- folgian**, *w. v.*, FOLLOW, pursue, 1102, 2933.
- folm**, *st. f.*, hand, 158, etc.
- fōn**, *st. v.*, seize, take, receive, grapple, clutch, 488; *pres. 3rd.* **fēhð ððer tō**, "another succeeds," 1755; *pret.* **fēng**, 1542, with *dat.* 2989.
- be-fōn**, **bl-fōn**, *st. v.*, seize, seize on, embrace, encircle, encompass; *pp.* **befongen**, 977, 1451, 2274, etc., **bifongen**, 2009, **befangen**, 1295, etc.
- ge-fōn**, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, seize; *pret.* **gefēng**, 740, 1563, 2215, 2609, 3090, etc.
- on-fōn**, *st. v.*, *usu. with dat.*,

receive, take, seize, 911; *imperat. sg.* onföh, 1169; *pret.* onfēng, 52, 1214, etc.; hē onfēng hraðe inwit-þancum ond wið earm gesæt, "he (Grendel) quickly seized [Beowulf] with hostile intent and sat on, fixed, came down on, his arm" (or, as Grein, "Beowulf quickly received the malignant monster, and supported himself on his arm"), 748.

þurh-fōn, st. v., with acc., [seize THROUGH] penetrate, 1504.

wið-fōn, st. v., with dat., grapple WITH; *pret.* wið-fēng, 760.

ymbe-fōn, st. v., with acc., [seize about] encircle, enclose; *pret.* ymbefēng, 2691.

fondian, fandian, w. v., with gen., search out, prove, experience; *pp.* gefandod, 2301, gefondad, 2454.

for, prep.

(1) *with dat.,* before, 358, 1026, 1120, 2020, 1649, 2990; before or because of, 169, 2781; *for*, out of, from, through, because of, on account of, about, 110, 338-9, 385, 508, 832, 951, 965, 1442, 1515, 2501 (in virtue of), 2549, 2926, 2966, etc.; for (purpose), 382, 458.

(2) *with acc.,* *FOR*, instead of, as, 947, 1175, 2348.

foran, adv., before, to the fore, forwards, 984, 1458. *Special passage:* þe him foran ongēan linde bæron, "who bare their linden-shields forwards against him," 2364.

ford, st. m., FORD, 568.

fore, prep., with dat., before, 1215; for, through, because of, 136, 2059; of, about, 1064.

fore-mære, adj., [FORE-great].

fore-mærost, superl., most famous of all, 309.

fore-mihtig, adj., [FORE-MIGHTY] over-powerful, 969.

fore-snotor, adj., [FORE-prudent] very wise, 3162.

fore-þanc, st. m., FOREthought, 1060.

forht, adj., fearful, afraid, 754, 2967.

forma, adj. superl. (of fore), first, 716, etc.

forst, st. m., FROST, 1609.

forð, adv., FORTH, forward(s), away, on, 45, 210, 745, 1718, 1795, 2289 (see *tō, adv.*), 3176, etc.; of time, henceforth, from now, 948, 2069.

for-ðam, for-ðan, for-ðon, adv., FOR THAT, therefore, 418, 1957, 2645, 2741, 3021, etc.

for-þon þe, conj., because, 503.

forð-geceaft, st. f., [FORTH-creation] future world or destiny, 1750.

for-þon, see for-ðam.

forð-weg, st. m., FORTH-WAY, way forth, 2625.

fōt, st. m., FOOT, 500, 7405, etc.

fōt-gemearc, st. neut., FOOT-MARK, foot-length, foot; *gen. sg.* fiftiges fōt-gemeares lang, "fifty feet long," 3042.

fōt-lāst, st. m., FOOT-track, 2289.

fracod, adj., worthless, 1575.

-frāgen, see -frignan.

frægn, see frignan.

frætwa, frætwe, st. f. pl., [FRET-] adornments, jewels, fretted armour, 37, 896, 1207, 2163, etc.; *dat.* frætwum, 2054, etc., fræte-wum, 962.

frætwi(1)an, w. v., [FRET] adorn, 76; *pp.* gefrætwod, 992.

ge-frætwi(1)an, w. v., adorn; *pret. sg.* gefrætwaðe, 96.

fram, see from.

fr̥sa, w. m., lord, 271, etc.; of the Deity, the Lord, 27, 2794.

fr̥sa-drihten, st. m., lord and master, 796.

fr̥sa-wine, st. m., lord-friend, friendly ruler, 2357, etc.; *acc.* 2438.

fr̥sa-wrāsn, st. f., lordly chain, noble chain, 1451.

freca, w. m., wolf, bold man, warrior, 1563.

frēcne, *adj.*, [*Sc. FRACK*] daring, audacious, 889, 1104, 2689; dangerous, dread, fearful, 1359, 1378, 2250, 2537.

frēcne, *adv.*, daringly, fiercely, 959, 1032, 1691.

fremde, *adj.*, foreign, 1691.

frēme, *adj.*, forward, strenuous, 1932.

fremman, *w. v.*, **FRAME**, do, perform, accomplish, bring about, try, 3, 101, 1003, 2514 (see note), etc.; further, support, 1832: *pret.* fremede, 3006, etc.; *pp.* gefremed, 954, etc., *acc. f.* gefremede, 640.

ge-fremman, *w. v.*, **FRAME**, do, work, etc., 174, 636, 1315, 2449, etc.; *pret.* hine mihtig God...forð gefremede, "him mighty God advanced," 1718.

frēo-burh, *st. f.*, **FREE BURGH**, free city, noble city, 693.

frēod, *st. f.*, friendship, 2476, 2556.

frēo-dryhten, *st. m.*, noble lord, 1169, 2627.

frēogan, *w. v.*, love, 948, 3176.

frēo-līc, *adj.*, [*FREE-LIKE*] noble, 615; *fem.* frēolicu, 641.

frēond, *st. m.*, **FRIEND**, 915, etc.

frēond-lār, *st. f.*, **FRIEND-LORE**, friendly counsel, 2377.

frēond-laþu, *st. f.*, **FRIENDLY** invitation, 1192.

frēond-līce, *adv.*

frēondlīcor, *compar.*, in a more **FRIENDLY** way, in friendlier wise, 1027.

frēond-scepe, *st. m.*, **FRIENDSHIP**, 2069.

frēo-wine, *st. m.*, noble friend, 430.

frēoþo, *st. f.*, protection, peace; *acc.* frēoþo, 188, 1174; frēoþe, "compact," 1707.

frēoþo-burh, *st. f.*, protecting **BURGH**, peaceful city, city of refuge, 522.

frēoþo-wong, *st. m.*, peace-plain, field of peace, 2959.

frēoþu-webbe, *w. f.*, peace-**WEAVER**, 1942.

frīoþo-wār, **frīoþu-wār**, *st. f.*, peace-compact, treaty of peace, 1096, 2282.

frīþu-sibb, *st. f.*, peace-kin, peace-bringer, 2017.

frētan, *st. v.*, [*FRET*] devour, consume, 1581, etc.

fricgean, *w. v.*, ask; *inf.* fricgean, 1985; *pres. part.* fricgende, 2106.

ge-fricgean, *w. v.*, learn, 3002; *pres. subj.* 1826, 2889.

friclan, *w. v.*, seek for, 2556.

frignan, **frinan**, *st. v.*, ask, inquire, 351; *imperat. sg.* frin, 1322; *pret. sg.* frægn, 236, etc.

ge-frignan, *st. v.*, learn, hear of; *pret. sg.*, gefrægn, 194, etc., gefrægen, 1011; *pret. pl.* gefrūnon, 2, etc., gefrungon, 666; *pp.* gefrūnen, 694, etc., gefrægen, 1196. *Often followed by acc. and inf.* 74, 1969, etc.

frinan, see **frignan**.

frīoþo-, **frīoþu**-, **frīþu**-, see **frēoþo**-.

frōd, *adj.*, old, wise, 1306, 279, etc.

frōfor, *st. f.*, solace, comfort, 14, etc.; *acc.* frōfre, 7, etc., frōfor, 698.

from, *adj.*, forward, keen, bold, 1641, etc.; rich, 21.

from, **fram**, *prep.*, with *dat.*, **FROM**, away from, 420, 541, 1635, 2565, etc.; of, concerning, 532, 581, etc. *Following its case*, 110, etc.

from, **fram**, *adv.*, away, forth, 754, 2556.

fruma, *w. m.*, beginning, 2309.

frum-cyn, *st. neut.*, [*first KIN*] lineage, origin, 252.

frum-gār, *st. m.*, [*first-spear*, cf. *Lat.* *primipilus*] chieftain, 2856.

frum-sceaft, *st. f.*, first creation, beginning, 45, etc.

-frūnen, **-frungon**, **-frūnon**, see **-frignan**.

fugol, *st. m.*, **FWL**, bird, 218, etc.

ful, *adv.*, **FULL**, very, 480, etc.

ful(1), *st. neut.*, cup, beaker, 615, etc.; *acc.* *ȳða ful*, "the waves" cup, i.e. the sea," 1208.

full, *adj.*, **FULL**, 2412.

fultum, *st. m.*, help, aid, 698, 2662, etc.
fundian, *w. v.*, hasten, intend, strive to go, 1137, 1819.
furðum, *adv.*, first, 323, etc.; at first, formerly, 1707.
furður, *adv.*, FURTHER, 254, etc.
fús, *adj.*, ready, eager, longing, 1241, 1475, etc.; hastening, inclined, 1966; *nom. læofra manna fūs*, "longing for the dear men," 1916.
fūs-lic, *adj.*, ready, prepared, 1424, etc.; *neut. pl. fūslicu*, 232.
fýf-týne, see **fif-tēne**.
fyll, *st. m.*, FALL, 1544, 2912.
fyllan, *w. v.*
 ā-fyllan, *w. v.*, FILL up, fill, 1018.
fyllan, *w. v.*
 ge-fyllan, *w. v.*, FELL, 2655; *pret. pl. gefyldan*, 2706.
fylo, *st. f.*, FILL, 562, 1333, etc.
fyl-wērig, *adj.*, FALL-WEARY, weary to the point of falling, 962.
fyr, see **feor**, *adv.*
fyr, *st. neut.*, FIRE, 185, etc.
fýras, see **firas**.
fyr-bend, *st. m. f.*, FIRE-BAND, 722.
fýrd-gestealla, *w. m.*, army-comrade, 2873.
fýrd-hom, *st. m.*, army-coat, coat of mail, 1504.
fýrd-hrægl, *st. neut.*, [army-BAIL] armour, 1527.
fýrd-hwæt, *adj.*, [army-active] war-like, brave; *pl. fýrd-hwate*, 1641, 2476.
fýrd-lēoð, *st. neut.*, army-lay, war-song, 1424.
fýr-draca, *w. m.*, FIRE-DRAKE, fire-dragon, 2689.
fýrd-searu, *st. neut.*, [army-] armour, 2618; *pl.* 232.
fýrd-wyrðe, *adj.*, [army-worthy] war-worthy, distinguished in war, 1816.
fýren, see **fíren**.
fyr-gen-bēam, *st. m.*, [mountain-BEAM] mountain-tree, 1414.
fyr-gen-holt, *st. m.*, mountain-HOLT, mountain-wood, 1393.

fyr-gen-strēam, **fír-gen-strēam**, *st. m.*, mountain - STREAM, 1359, 2128.
fýr-hard, *adj.*, FIRE-HARD, fire-hardened, 305.
fýrian, see **ferian**.
fýr-lēoht, *st. neut.*, FIRELIGHT, 1516.
fýrmest, *adv. superl. (of fore)*, FOREMOST, first, 2077.
fýrn-dagas, *st. m. pl.*, former DAYS, days of old, 1451.
fýrn-geweorc, *st. neut.*, former WORK, ancient work, 2286.
fýrn-gewinn, *st. neut.*, former strife, ancient strife, 1689.
fýrn-mann, *st. m.*, former MAN, man of old, 2761.
fýrn-wita, *w. m.*, former counsellor, old counsellor, 2123.
fýrst, *st. m.*, time, space of time, 76, 545, etc.
fýrðran, *w. v.*, FURTHER; *pp. fræt-wum gefýrðred*, "furthered by, fraught with, jewels," 2784.
fýr-wet, *-wyt*, *st. neut.*, curiosity, 232, etc.
fýr-wylm, *st. m.*, FIRE-WELLING, surge of fire, 2671.
fýsan, *w. v.*, make ready, prepare; *pp. gefýsed*, 630, etc.; *winde gefýsed*, "impelled by the wind," 317. *From fūs.*

G.

gād, *st. neut.*, lack, 660, etc.
gædeling, *st. m.*, relative, comrade, 2617, 2949.
gæst, see **gist**.
gæst, see **gäst**.
gæð, see **gän**.
galan, *st. v.*, sing, sound, 786, 1432; *pres. sg.*, gæleð, 2460.
 ā-galan, *st. v.*, sing, ring; *pret.* **ägöl**, 1521.
galdor, see **gealdor**.
galga, *w. m.*, GALLOW, 2446.
galg-mōd, *adj.*, [sad-mOOD] sad in mind, gloomy, 1277.
galg-trēow, *st. neut.*, GALLOW-TREE, 2940.

gamen, gamol, see **gomen, gomol**.
gān, *irreg. v.*, go, 395, etc.; *pres. indic. 3rd*, gæð, 455; *pres. subj.* gā, 1394; *pret.* ēode, 358, 493, etc.; *imperat.* gā, 1782; *pp.* syððan hie tōgædre gegān hæfdon, "after they had closed in strife," 2630. (See also **gongan**.)

full-gān, *st. v.*, with *dat.*, follow and aid; *pret.* sceft...flāne full-ēode, "the shaft followed and aided the barb," 3119.

ge-gān, *st. v.*, *pret.* geēode, geiode (2200):

(1) go (*intrans.*), 1967, 2676.

(2) go (*trans.*), make, venture, 1277, 1462.

(3) gain (by going), obtain, 1535; with *dependent clause*, 2917.

(4) happen, 2200.

ofer-gān, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, go over, 1408, 2959.

oð-gān, *st. v.*, go (to), 2934.

ymb-gān, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, go about, go around, 620.

gag, st. m., going, track, 968, 1391, etc.

ganot, st. m., GANNET, diver, 1861.

gār, st. m., spear, javelin, 328, etc.

gār-cēne, adj., spear-KEEN, spear-bold, 1958.

gār-cwealm, st. m., [spear-quelling] death by the spear, 2043.

gār-holt, st. neut., spear-HOLT, spear-shaft, spear, 1834.

gār-secg, st. m., [spear-man, cf. Neptune] ocean, 49, etc.

gār-wiga, w. m., spear-warrior, 2674, etc.

gār-wigend, st. m. (pres. part.), spear-warrior, 2641.

gāst, st. m., GHOST, sprite, devil, 133, 1747, etc.; *gen. pl.* gāsta, 1357, gæsta, 1123.

gāst-bona, w. m., [GHOST-BANE] soul-slayer, the devil, 177.

ge, conj., and, 1248, 1840; with *swyðce*, 2258; *correl.* ge...ge, "both...and," 1248, 1864.

gē, pers. pron. (pl. of þū), YE, you, 237, etc.

geador, adv., TOGETHER, 835; with *ætsomne*, 491.

on **geador**, TOGETHER, 1595.

ge-æhtla, w. m., or **ge-æhtle, w. f.**, high esteem, 369.

geald, see gyldan.

gealdor, st. neut.:

(1) sound, blast, 2943.

(2) incantation; *dat.* galdre, 3052.

gealp, see gilpan.

gēap, adj., spacious, extensive, roomy, 886, 1800.

gēar, st. neut., YEAR, 1134.

gēara, gen. pl. (in adverbial sense), of YORE, formerly, 2664.

geard, st. m., YARD; *always pl. in* "Beowulf," courts, dwelling-place, 13, 265, 1134, etc.

gēar-dagas, st. m. pl., YORE-DAYS, days of yore, 1, 1354.

geare, see gearwe.

gearo, gearu, adj., YARE, ready, prepared, 77, 1109, 1914, etc.; with *gen.* 1825; *acc. sg. f.* gearwe, 1006; *pl.* gearwe, 210, etc.

gearo, adv., well, 2748.

gearo-folm, adj., ready-handed, 2085.

gearwe, geare, well, 265, 2656, etc.; with *ne*, "not at all," 246.

gearwor, compar., more readily, 3074.

gearwost, superl., best, 715.

-geat, see -gitan.

geato-lic, adj., stately, splendid, 215, 1401, etc.

geatwa, st. f. pl., garniture, 3088.

ge-bedde, w. f., BED-fellow, 665.

ge-bræc, st. neut., [BREAK] crash, 2259.

ge-brōðor, ge-brōðru, st. m. pl., BROTHERS, 1191.

ge-byrd, st. neut., fate, 1074.

ge-cynde, adj., [KIND] natural, hereditary, 2197, 2696.

ge-dāl, st. neut., severance, parting, 3068.

ge-dæfe, adj., meet, fitting, 561, etc.; friendly, 1227.

ge-drag, st. neut., [DRAY = squirrel's nest?] band, tumult, 750.

ge-dryht, ge-driht, st. neut., band, troop, 118, 431, etc.

ge-fægra, compar. adj., more FAIR?, more dear; *nom.* hē...wearð... frēondum gefægra; hine fyren onwōð, "he (Beowulf) became more dear to his friends; him (Heremod) crime assailed," 915.

-gēfan, see -gifan.

ge-fēa, w. m., joy, 562, etc.

ge-feoht, st. neut., FIGHT, 2048, etc.

ge-flit, st. neut., "FLITING," contest, match, 865.

ge-fræge, adj., renowned, notorious, 55, 2481.

ge-fræge, st. neut., hearsay; *dat. (instr.) sg.* mine gefræge, "as I have heard or learned," 776, etc.

ge-frægnian, w. v., make famous; *pp.* gefrægnod, 1333.

gegn-cwide, st. m., reply, 367.

gegnum, adv., forwards, straight, direct, 314, 1404.

gehðo, see glohðo.

ge-hwā, pron., with gen., each, each one; *acc.* gehwone, gehwane, 294, 2397, etc.; *dat. m.* gehwām, gehwām, 88, 1420, etc.; *dat. f.* gehwære, 25. *Masc. form with dependent gen. of fem. or neut. n.* 800, 1365, 2838, 2765.

ge-hwær, adv., EVERYWHERE, 526.

ge-hwæðer, pron., EITHER, 584, etc.; *nom. neut.* an wig gearwe ge æt hām ge on herge, ge gehwæðer bāra efne swyloe mæla, "ready for war both at home and in the field, and either (i.e. both) of them even at such times," 1248.

ge-hwylc, ge-hwelo, adj.-pron., with gen. pl., each, 98, 148, 732, 805, 1090, 1705, etc.

ge-hygd, st. neut., thought, 2045.

ge-hyld, st. neut., protection, 3056.

ge-lāc, st. neut., play, 1040, etc.

ge-lād, st. neut., [LODE] path, 1410.

ge-lang, see ge-long.

ge-lenge, adj., belonging to, 2732.

ge-līc, adj., LIKE, 2164.

ge-līcost, superl., LIKEST, most like, 218, 1608, etc.

ge-lōme, adv., frequently, 559.

ge-long, ge-lang, adj.; gelang (gelang) æt þā, "ALONG of, dependent on, thee," 1376, 2150.

ge-mæne, adj., common, in common, 1784, etc.

ge-mæde, st. neut., consent, 247.

ge-met, st. neut., measure, power, ability, 779, etc.

ge-met, adj., MEET, 687, etc.

ge-mēting, st. f., MEETING, 2001.

ge-mong, st. m., troop, 1643.

ge-mynd, st. f., REMINDER, memorial, 2804, etc.

ge-myndig, adj., MINDFUL, 613, etc.

gēn, adv., AGAIN, yet, still, 734, 2070, 3006, etc.; *often with þā, nū,* 83, 2859, etc.

gēna, adv., still, 2800, etc.

ge-neahhe, adv., enough, 783; frequently, 3152.

genehost, superl., very often. *Special passage:* genehost brægd eorl Bēowulfes ealde lāfe, "many an earl of Beowulf's etc.," 794.

gengde, see gongan.

ge-nip, st. neut., mist, 1360, etc.

ge-nōg, adj., ENOUGH, 2489, etc.

gēnunga, adv., wholly, utterly, 2871.

gō, glō, lu, adv., formerly, 1476, 2459, 2521.

gōoc, st. f., help, 177, etc.

gōocor, adj., dire, sad, 765.

geofon, gifen, gyfen. st. neut., ocean, 362, 1394, 1690, etc.

geofu, see gifu.

geogoð, glogoð, st. f., YOUTH, time of youth, 160, 2426, etc.; *gen.* iogoðe, 1674.

geogoð-feorh, st. neut., YOUTH-life, days of youth, 537, etc.

geolo, adj., YELLOW, 2610.

geolo-rand, st. m., YELLOW buckler, yellow shield, 438.

gō-mēowle, w. f., former virgin, bride, spouse, 3150; *acc.* io-mēowlan, 2931.

gēomor, glomor, adj., sad, 49, 3150, etc.; *f.* gēomuru, 1075.

gēomore, adv., sadly, 151.

gēomor-lic, *adj.*, [sad-LIKE] sad, 2444.

gēomor-mōd, gēomor-mōd, *adj.*, [sad-MOOD] sad-minded, sorrowful, 2044, 2267, etc.

gēomrian, *v. v.*, lament, 1118.

gēomuru, see gēomor.

geond, *prep.*, with *acc.*, [YOND] throughout, 75, etc.

geong, giong, *adj.*, YOUNG, 13, 2446, etc.; *dat. sg.*, geongum, 2044, etc., geongan, 2626.

gingæst, *superl.*, YOUNGEST, last; *weak*, 2817.

geong, 2743, see gongan.

gēong, see gongan.

georn, *adj.*, YEARNING, eager, 2783.

georne, *adv.*, eagerly, gladly, 66, etc.; well, 968.

geornor, *compar.*, more surely, 821.

gēo-sceaf, *st. f.*, [former shaping] fate, 1234.

gēosceaf-gāst, *st. m.*, [former-shaping-GHOST] demon sent by fate, 1266.

gēotan, *st. v.*, pour, rush, 1690.

ge-rād, *adj.*, skilful, 873.

ge-rūm-lice, *adv.*, ROOMILY.

ge-rūmlīcor, *compar.*, more roomily, more at large, 139.

ge-ryane, *adj.*, befitting, 2653.

ge-saca, *w. m.*, adversary, 1773.

ge-sacu, *st. f.*, strife, 1737.

ge-scād, *st. neut.*, difference, 288.

gescæp-hwīl, *st. f.*, [SHAPED WHILE] fated hour, 26.

ge-sceaf, *st. f.*, [shaping] existence, 1622.

ge-sceap, *st. neut.*, SHAPE, 650; destiny, 3084.

ge-scipe, *st. neut.*, fate, 2570.

ge-selda, *w. m.*, hall-fellow, comrade, 1984.

ge-sið, *st. m.*, comrade, 29, etc.

ge-alyht, *st. neut.*, slaying, encounter, 2398.

ge-strēon, *st. neut.*, possession, treasure, 1920, 3166, etc.

gest-sele, *st. m.*, GUEST-hall, 994.

ge-sund, *adj.*, SOUND, safe and

sound, 1628, etc.; with *gen. siða* gesunde, "safe and sound on your journeys," 318.

ge-swing, *st. neut.*, SWING, eddy, 848.

ge-sýne, *adj.*, evident, visible, 1255, etc.

ge-synto, *st. f.*, SOUNDNESS, health, 1869.

-get, see -gitan.

ge-tæse, *adj.*, quiet, pleasant, 1320.

gētan, *v. v.*, slay, destroy; *inf.* cwasð, hē on mergenne mæces ec-gum gētan wolde, sune on galg-trēowum fuglum tō gamene, "quothe, he would destroy [them] in the morn with the edges of the sword, [hang] some on gal-lows-trees for a sport for birds," 2940. ["Beiträge" x. 313.]

ge-tenge, *adj.*, touching, lying on, 2758.

ge-trum, *st. neut.*, troop, 922.

ge-trýwe, *adj.*, TRUM, faithful, 1228.

ge-þing, *st. neut.*:

(1) terms, *pl.* 1085.

(2) issue, 398, 709; *gen. pl.* ge-þingea, "fates," 525.

ge-þōht, *st. m.*, THOUGHT, resolution, 256, 610.

ge-þonc, *st. m.*, thought, 2332.

ge-þring, *st. neut.*, eddy, whirlpool, 2132.

ge-þwære, *adj.* gentle, 1230.

ge-þyld, *st. f.*, patience, 1395, etc.

ge-þýwe, *adj.*, [THEWY] wonted, customary, 2332.

ge-wæde, *st. neut.*, [WEEDS] armour, 292.

ge-wealc, *st. neut.*, [WALK] rolling, 464.

ge-weald, *st. neut.*, WIELDING, power, control, 79, 808, 2221 (*see mid*), etc.

ge-wealden, *adj.* (*pp.*), subject, 1732.

ge-wef, *st. neut.*, WEB, woof; *pl.* gewiofu, 697.

ge-weorc, *st. neut.*, WORK, 455, etc.

ge-wider, *st. neut.*, WEATHER, storm, tempest; *pl.* 1375.

- ge-win(n), *st. neut.*, strife, struggle, 133, etc.
- ge-winna, *v. m.*, striver, foe, 1776.
- ge-wiofu, see ge-wef.
- gewis-líce, *adv.*
 gewis-lícost, superl., most certainly, 1350.
- ge-witt, *st. neut.*, wit(s), senses, 2703; head, 2882.
- ge-wittig, *adj.*, [witty] conscious, 8094.
- ge-wrixle, *st. neut.*, exchange, 1304.
- ge-wyrht, *st. neut.*, desert, merit; *pl.* 2657.
- gid(d), gyd(d), *st. neut.*, glee, lay, dirge, 151, 868, 1065, 3150, etc.
- gif, *gyf, conj.*, IF, 442, 944, etc.; if = whether, 272, etc.
- gifan, gíofan, *st. v.*, *pret.* geaf, gēafon, *pp.* gyfen: GIVE, 49, 64, 1719, etc.
 ā-gifan, st. v., GIVE back, 355, 2929.
 sæt-gifan, st. v., give (to), render, 2878.
 for-gifan, st. v., GIVE, 17, etc.
 of-gifan, of-gyfan, st. v., GIVE up, leave, 1600, 2251, 2588, etc.; *pret. pl.* ofgēfan, 2846.
- gífen, see geofon.
- gifeðe, gyfeðe, *adj.*, given, granted, 299, 555, etc.
 gifeðe, neut. used as a noun, thing granted, fate, 3085.
- gif-heall, *st. f.*, GIFT-HALL, 838.
- gífre, *adj.*, greedy, 1277.
 gífst, superl., greediest, 1123.
- gif-sceatt, *st. m.*, GIFT-tribute, treasure, valuable gift, 378.
- gif-stól, *st. m.*, GIFT-stool, throne, 168, etc.
- gifu, *st. f.*, GIFT, 1173, 1271, etc.; *gen. pl.* gifa, 1930, geofena, 1173; *dat. pl.* geofum, 1958.
- gígant, *st. m.*, giant, 113, etc. ["Beiträge" x. 501.]
- gilp, gylp, *st. m.*, [YELP] boast, 829, 1749, etc.
- gilpan, gylpan, *st. v.*, [YELP] boast, 586, 2006, 2583, etc.
- gilp-cwide, *st. m.*, [YELP-speech] boasting speech, 640.
- gilp-hlæden, *adj. (pp.)*, [YELP-LADEN] vaunt-laden, 868.
 gylp-spræc, st. f., [YELP-SPEECH] boasting speech, 981.
 gylp word, st. neut., [YELP-WORD] boastful word, 675.
- gim, *st. m.*, gem, 2072.
- gim-fæst, see gin-fæst.
- gimme-ricc, *adj.*, gem-RICH, rich in jewels, 466.
- gin-fæst, gim-fæst, *adj.*, [wide-FAST] ample and lasting, 1271 (see note), 2182.
- gingæst, see geong.
- ginnan, *st. v.*
 on-ginnan, st. v., BEGIN, undertake, attempt, 244, 409, 2878, etc.; *pret. sg.* ongan, 100, etc.; *ongon*, 2790.
- glo, see gēo.
- gíofan, see gifan.
- gíogoth, see geogoth.
- gíohðo, *st. f.*, sorrow, care; *dat.* gíohðo, 2267, gíohðe, 2793, gehðo, 3095.
- glomor, see gēomor.
- gíong, see geong.
- gíredan, see -gyrwan.
- gíst, *gyst, gæst, st. m.*, GUEST, stranger, 102, 1138, 2228, etc.
- gít, *pers. pron. (dual of þú)*, ye two, 508, etc.
- gít, *gyt, adv.*, YET, still, hitherto, 536, 944, 956, etc.
- gítan, *st. v.*, *pret.* -geat, -gēaton.
 an-gítan, see on-gítan.
 be-gítan, st. v., GET, get at, seize, befall, 1068, 2249, etc.; *pret. sg.* beget, 2872; *pret. subj. (sg. for pl.)* begēate, 2130. *Special passage:* ferhð-frecan Fin eft beget sweord-bealo slíðen, "dire sword-bale afterwards befall the bold-minded Finn," 1146.
 for-gytan, st. v., FORGET, 1751.
 on-gítan, on-gytan, st. v.
 (1) GET hold of, seize; *pret. sg.* angeat, 1291.
 (2) get hold of with the mind,

perceive, 14, 1431, 1723, 2748, etc.; *inf.* ongyton, 308.

gladian, *w. v.*, glisten, 2036.

glæd, *adj.*, [GLAD] gracious, 58, 2025, etc.

glæd-man, *adj.*, benignant, courteous, 367 (see note).

glæd-môð, *adj.*, GLAD of MOOD, 1785.

glêd, *st. f.*, GLEDE, ember, fire, 2312, etc.

glêd-egesa, *w. m.*, GLEDE-terror, terror of fire, 2650.

glêo, *st. neut.*, GLEE, 2105.

glêo-bëam, *st. m.*, [GLEE-BEAM] harp, 2263.

glêo-drëam, *st. m.*, [GLEE-DREAM = joy] mirth, 3021.

glêo-mann, *st. m.*, GLEEMAN, minstrel, 1160.

glidan, *st. v.*, GLIDE, 515, etc.

tô-glidan, *st. v.*, [GLIDE asunder] fall to pieces, 2487.

glitnian, *w. v.*, GLITTER, glisten, gleam, 2758.

glôf, *st. f.*, GLOVE, 2085.

gnëaþ, *adj.*, niggardly, 1930.

gnorn, *st. m.*, sorrow, 2658.

gnornian, *w. v.*, mourn, 1117.

be-gnornian, *w. v.*, with *acc.*, bemoan, 3178.

God, *st. m.*, God, 13, etc.

gôð, *adj.*, good, 11, etc.; *pl.* gôðe, "good men," 2249. *With gen.*, wes þu ùs lārena gôð, "be thou good to us in guidance," 269.

gôð, *st. neut.*, good, goodness, good thing, good gift, 20, 1952, etc.; *dat. pl.* manig ôþerne gôðum ge-grëttan, "many a one [shall] greet another with good things," 1861.

gôð-fremmend, *st. m.* (*pres. part.*), [GOOD-FRAMING] framer of good, one who acts well or bravely, 299.

gold, *st. neut.*, GOLD, 304, etc.

gold-æht, *st. f.*, treasure in GOLD, 2748.

gold-fæg, -fah, *adj.*, GOLDEN-hued, adorned with gold, gold-brocaded, 994, 1800, 2811.

gold-gyfa, *w. m.*, GOLD-GIVER, 2652.

gold-hroden, *adj.* (*pp.*), GOLD-adorned, 614, etc.

gold-hwæt, *adj.*, [GOLD-active] greedy for gold, 3074 (see note).

gold-māþum, *st. m.*, GOLD-treasure, 2414.

gold-sele, *st. m.*, GOLD-hall, 715, etc.

gold-weard, *st. m.*, [GOLD-WARD] guardian of gold, 3081.

gold-wine, *st. m.*, GOLD-friend, prince, 1171, etc.

gold-wlanc, *adj.*, GOLD-proud, 1881.

gombe, *w. f.*, tribute, 11.

gomen, *gamen*, *st. neut.*, GAME, mirth, joy, 1160, 2459, etc.

gomen-wāþ, *st. f.*, [GAME-path] joyous journey, 854.

gomen-wudu, *st. m.*, [GAME-WOOD] harp, 1065, etc.

gomol, **gomel**, **gamol**, *adj.*, old, gray, aged, ancient, 58, 2112, 3095, etc.; *weak* gomela, gamela, 1792, 2105, etc.; *gen. pl.* gomelra lāfe, "the heirlooms of their late [fathers]," 2036.

gamol-feax, *adj.*, gray-haired, 608.

gongan, **gangan**, *st. v.*, [GANG] go, 314, 1974, etc.; *imperat.* geong, 2743; *pret.* gëong, 925, etc., giong, 2214, etc.; gang, 1009, etc.; gengde, 1401, 1412; *pp.* gegongen, 822, 3036; *inf.* gangan cwōmon, "came going, marching," 324; so 711, 1642, 1974. (See also gān.)

ā-gangan, *st. v.*, go forth, befall, 1236.

ge-gangan, **ge-gongan**, *st. v.*: (1) gain (by going), obtain, 2536; *pp.* gegongen, 3085, with *dependent clause*, 893; *dat. inf.* gegannen, 2416.

(2) come to pass, happen, 1846; *pp.* gegongen, 2821.

grædig, *adj.*, GREEDY, 121, etc.

græg, *adj.*, GRAY, 330, etc.

græg-mæl, *adj.*, marked, etched, or coloured with GRAY, 2682.

grass-molde, *w. f.*, GRASS-earth, grass-plain, 1881.

gram, *adj.*, angry, fierce, 424, 765, etc.

grāp, *st. f.*, grasp, claw, 438, 836, etc.

grāplan, *w. v.*, GROPE, gripe, grasp, 1566, 2085.

grēot, *st. m.*, GRIT, earth, 3167.

grēotan, *st. v.*, [Sc. GREET] weep, 1342.

grētan, *w. v.*, *pret.* grētte: GREET:

(1) salute, 347, etc.

(2) approach, seek out, attack, touch, 168, 803, 1995, 2736, 3081, etc.

ge-grētan, *w. v.*, GREET, 1980, etc.; *inf.* gegrēttan, 1861.

grim(m), *adj.*, GRIM, 121, etc.; *dat. pl.* grimman, 1542.

grim-helm, *st. m.*, visored HELMET, 334.

grim-líc, *adj.*, GRIM[-LIKE], 3041.

grimman, *st. v.*, snort, rage, hurry; *pret. pl.* grummon, 306.

grimme, *adv.*, GRIMLY, terribly, 3012, etc.

grindan, *st. v.*

for-grindan, *st. v.*, GRIND down, grind to pieces, ruin, destroy; *with dat.*, 424; *with acc.* 2335, 2677.

grīpan, *st. v.*, GRIPE, grasp, seize, 1501.

for-grīpan, *st. v.*, *with dat.*, GRIP[E] to death, 2353.

wið-grīpan, *st. v.*, GRIPE at, oppose; *inf.* wið ðām āglæcean... gylpe wiðgrīpan, "maintain my boast against the monster (*lit.* with boast oppose)," 2521.

gripe, *st. m.*, GRIP, 1148, etc.

grom-heort, *adj.*, fierce-HEARTED, hostile-hearted, 1682.

grom-hýdig, *adj.*, angry-minded, hostile-minded, 1749.

grōwan, *st. v.*, GROW; *pret. -sg.* grēow, 1718.

grund, *st. m.*, GROUND, earth, bottom, 1367, 1404, etc.

grund-büend, *st. m.* (*pres. part.*),

[GROUND-dweller] inhabitant of earth, 1006.

grund-hyrde, *st. m.*, [GROUND-HERD] guardian of the bottom (of the mere), 2136.

grund-sele, *st. m.*, GROUND-hall, hall or cave at the bottom (of the mere), 2139.

grund-wong, *st. m.*, GROUND-plain, plain, floor (of a cave), bottom (of a mere), 1496, 2588, 2771.

grund-wyrgen, *st. f.*, [GROUND-she-wolf] she-wolf at the bottom (of a mere), 1518.

gryn, *st. neut.*, snare (= O.E. grin), or sorrow (= O.E. gryn, *q. v.*), 930.

gryre, *st. m.*, terror, terrible deed, 384, 591, 3041, etc.

gryre-brōga, *w. m.*, GRISLY terror, horror, 2227.

gryre-fāh, *adj.*, [GRISLY-stained] horribly bright, 2576.

gryre-gēatwa, *st. f. pl.*, GRISLY trappings, warlike trappings, 324.

gryre-glest, *st. m.*, GRISLY GUEST, terrible stranger, 2560.

gryre-lēoð, *st. neut.*, GRISLY lay, terrible song, 786.

gryre-líc, *adj.*, GRISLY, terrible, 1441, etc.

gryre-sið, *st. m.*, GRISLY journey, terrible expedition, 1462.

guma, *w. m.*, man, 73, 652, 2821, etc.

gum-cynn, *st. neut.*, [MAN-KIN] race, tribe, or nation of men, 260, 944.

gum-cyst, *st. f.*, manly virtue, 1723, etc.; *dat. pl.* gum-cystum gōdne, "munificent," 1486.

gum-drēam, *st. m.*, joy of men, 2469.

gum-dryhten, *st. m.*, lord of men, 1642.

gum-fūða, *w. m.*, troop of warriors on foot, 1401.

gum-mann, *st. m.*, [MAN-]MAN, 1028.

gum-stōl, *st. m.*, [GROOM-STOOL] throne, 1952.

gūð, *st. f.*, war, battle, 483, etc.; *dat.*, 603, etc.

- gūð-beorn**, *st. m.*, war-hero, 314.
gūð-bill, *st. neut.*, war-BILL, 803, etc.
gūð-byrne, *w. f.*, war-BYRNY, coat of mail, 321.
gūð-cearn, *st. f.*, war-CARE, war-sorrow, 1258.
gūð-cræft, *st. m.*, war-CRAFT, war-might, 127.
gūð-cyning, -kyning, *st. m.*, war-KING, 199, 1969, etc.
gūð-dæaþ, *st. m.*, war-DEATH, death in battle, 2249.
gūð-floga, *w. m.*, war-FLIER, 2528.
gūð-freca, *w. m.*, war-wolf, 2414.
gūð-fremmend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, war-FRAMER, warrior, 246.
gūð-geatwa, -getāwa, *st. f. pl.*, war-
 raiment, war-gear, war-equip-
 ments; *acc.* gūð-getāwa, 2636;
dat. gūð-geatawum, 395. [Sievers
 § 43, N. 4.]
gūð-gewæde, *st. neut.*, war-WEEDS,
 armour, 2623, etc.; *nom. pl.*
 gūð-gewædu, -gewædo, 227, 2730,
 etc.
gūð-geweorc, *st. neut.*, war-WORK,
 battle-work, warlike deed, 678,
 etc.
gūð-helm, *st. m.*, war-HELMET, 2487.
gūð-horn, *st. neut.*, war-HORN,
 1432.
gūð-hrēo, *st. f.*, war-fame, 819.
gūð-kyning, see **gūð-cyning**.
gūð-lēoþ, *st. neut.*, war-lay, battle-
 song, 1522.
gūð-mōd, *adj.*, [war-MOOD] of war-
 like mind; *pl.* gūð-mōd, 306.
gūð-ræs, *st. m.*, [war-RACE] attack
 in war, storm of battle, 1577,
 etc.
gūð-rēo(u)w, *adj.*, war-fierce, 58.
gūð rinc, *st. m.*, warrior, 838, etc.
gūð-rōf, *adj.*, war-famed, 608.
gūð-scear, *st. m.*, [war-SHARE]
 slaughter in battle, 1213.
gūð-sceaða, *w. m.*, war-SCATHER,
 battle-foe, 2318.
gūð-searo, *st. neut.*, war-armour,
 215, 328.
gūð-sele, *st. m.*, war-hall, 443.
gūð-sweord, *st. neut.*, war-SWORD,
 2154.
gūð-wærig, *adj.*, war-WEARY, dead,
 1586.
gūð-wiga, *w. m.*, warrior, 2111.
gūð-wine, *st. m.*, [war-friend]
 sword, 1810, 2735.
gyd(d), see **gid(d)**.
gyddian, *w. v.*, recite, chant, 630.
gyf, see **gif**.
gyfan, see **gifan**.
gyfen, *n.*, see **geofon**.
gyfen, *pp.*, see **gifan**.
gyfeþe, see **gifeþe**.
gyldan, *st. v.*, *pret.* geald: YIELD,
 pay, repay, 11, 1184, 2636, etc.
ā-gyldan, *st. v.*, offer (oneself,
 itself); *pret.* þā mē sāl āgeald,
 "when the opportunity offered
 itself to me," 1665; *so* 2690.
an-gyldan, *st. v.*, pay for,
 1251.
for-gyldan, *st. v.*, repay, re-
 quite, atone for, 114, 956, 1054.
gylden, *adj.*, golden, 47, etc.
gylp, see **gilp**.
gylpan, see **gilpan**.
gȳman, *w. v.*, *with gen.*, heed,
 care, incline to, 1757, 1760,
 2451.
for-gȳman, *w. v.*, *with acc.*,
 neglect, despise, 1751.
gyn(n), *adj.*, wide, spacious; *acc.*
m. sg. gynne, 1551.
gyrdan, *w. v.*, GIRD, 2078.
gyrede, etc., see **gyrwan**.
gyrn, *st. neut.*, sorrow, 1775.
gyrn-wracu, *st. f.*, revenge for
 harm, 1138, 2118.
gyrwan, *w. v.*, *pret.* gyrede, *pp.*
 gegyr(w)ed: GEAR, prepare, equip,
 adorn, 994, 1472, 2087, etc.; *pp.*
pl. gegyrede, 1028, etc.
ge-gyrwan, *w. v.*, GEAR, pre-
 pare, 38, 199; *pret. pl.* ge-
 giredan, 3137.
gyst, see **gist**.
gystra, *adj.*, YESTER, 1334.
gyt, see **git**.
gȳtsian, *w. v.*, be greedy, covet,
 1749.

H.

habban, *w. v.*, *pret.* hæfde: HAVE, 383, 658, etc.; *often as auxiliary*, 106, etc. *Pres. 1st*, hafu, 2523, hafo, 2150, 3000; *2nd*, hafast, 953, etc.; *3rd*, hafað, 474, etc. *Negative form of subj. pres. pl.* næbben, 1850.

for-habban, *w. v.*, keep back, retain, refrain, 2609; *inf. ne meahte wæfre mōd forhabban in hreþre*, i. e. *he was dying*, 1151.

wið-habban, *w. v.*, WITHSTAND, resist, 772.

hād, *st. m.*, [-HOOD] condition, quality, manner, wise, 1297, 1335, etc.

hador, *st. m.*, retreat?, 414 (see note).

hādor, *adj.*, clear-voiced, sonorous, 497.

hādre, *adv.*, clearly, brightly, 1571.

hæf, *st. neut.*, sea, mere; *pl.* heafo, 2477.

hæfen, see **hebban**.

hæft, *st. m.*, captive, 2408.

hæfta, *w. m.*, captive; *acc.* hæfton, 788.

hæft-mōce, *st. m.*, [HAFT-SWORD] hilted sword, 1457.

hæg-steald, *st. m.*, bachelor, liege-man, young warrior, 1889.

hæl, *st. f.*:

(1) HEALTH, good luck, 653, 1217.

(2) omen, 204.

hæle, *st. m.*, man, hero, warrior, 1646, etc.; *acc. pl.* 719.

hæleð, *st. m.*, man, hero, warrior, 52, etc.

hælo, *st. f.*, HEALTH, HAIL, farewell, 2418.

hærg-træf, *st. neut.*, idol-tent, heathen fane, 175.

hæst, *adj.*, violent, 1335.

hæþen, *adj.*, HEATHEN, 179, 852, etc.

hæþen, *st. m.*, HEATHEN, 986.

hæþ-stapa, *w. m.*, HEATH-STEPPER, stag, 1368.

hafa, *imperat. sg. of habban*.

hafela, **hafala**, **heafola**, *w. m.*, head, 446, 672, 2679, etc.

hafen, see **hebban**.

hafenian, *w. v.*, heave, uplift; *pret.* hafenade, 1574.

hafo, **hafu**, see **habban**.

hafoc, *st. m.*, HAWK, 2263.

haga, *w. m.*, [HAW] hedge, enclosure, entrenchment, 2892, 2960.

hāl, *adj.*, WHOLE, HALE, safe and sound, 300, etc. *Special passages*: wes...hāl, "hail," 407; *with gen.* heaðo-lāces hāl, "safe and sound from the strife," 1974.

hālig, *adj.* HOLY, 381, etc.

hals, see **heals**.

hām, *st. m.*, HOME, 717, 2325, etc.; *locative*, tō hām, "at home," 874.

hamer, see **homer**.

hām-weorðung, *st. f.*, HOME-adorning, that which graces a home, 2998.

hand, see **hond**.

hangian, see **hongian**.

hār, *adj.*, HOAR, hoary, gray, 887, etc.; *gen.* hāres hyrste, "the old man's (Ongentheow's) harness," 2988.

hard, see **heard**.

hāt, *adj.*, HOT, 2781, etc.; *dat. sg.* hāton, 849; *nom.* wyrn hāt gemealt, "the dragon melted in its heat," 897.

hātost, *superl.*, hottest, 1668.

hāt, *st. neut.*, heat, 2605.

hātan, *st. v.*:

(1) order, command, bid, 293, 386, etc.; *pret. sg.* heht, 1035, etc., hēt, 198, etc.; *pp.* ðā wæs hāten hreþe Heort innan-weard folmum gefrætwood, "then it was commanded that the inside of Heorot should quickly be adorned by hands," 991.

(2) name, call, 102, etc.; *subj. pres. pl.* hātan, 2807.

ge-hātan, *st. v.*, *usu. with acc.*, promise, vow, 1392, 2024, etc.; *with gen.* 2989; *pret.* gehēt, 175, 2937, etc.

hatian, *w. v.*, with *acc.*, HATE, pursue with hatred, 2319, 2466; *pres. part.* swā þec hetende hwilum dydon, "as they, hating thee, whilom did," 1828.

hē, *hēo*, *hit*, *pers. pron.*, HE, she, *rr.* 7, 1215, 3167, 2377, 1875, etc. *Less usual forms are:* *f.* hīo, 2019, etc.; *neut.* hyt, 2248, etc.; *acc. m.* hyne, 28, etc.; *dat. f.* hyre, 2175, etc.; *pl. hī*, 28, 3163, etc., *hig*, 1085, etc., *hȳ*, 307, etc.; *gen. pl.* hiora, 2599, etc., *hyra*, 2040; *dat. pl.* hym, 1918. *Used reflexively*, 26, 301, 2948, 2949, 2976, etc. *Alliterating*, hē, 505. *Possessive dat.* 40, etc.

hēa, see **hēah**.

hēa-burh, *st. f.*, HIGH BURGH, city, 1127.

heafu, see **hæf**.

hēafod, *st. neut.*, HEAD, 48, etc.; *dat. pl.* hēafdon, 1242.

hēafod-beorg, *st. f.*, HEAD-protection; *acc. sg.* 1030 (see **wala**).

hēafod-mæg, *st. m.*, HEAD-kinsman, near relative, 588; *gen. pl.* hēafod-māga, 2151.

hēafod-segn, *st. neut.*, HEAD-sign, 2152 (see note).

hēafod-weard, *st. f.*, HEAD-ward, guard over the head, 2909.

heafola, see **hafela**.

hēah, *adj.*, HIGH, 57, etc.; *acc. sg. m.* hēanne, 983; *gen. dat. hēan*, 116, 713; *dat. sg. m.* hēaum, 2212; *pl. hēa*, 1926. *Denoting position*, hēah ofer horde, "high above the hoard," 2768.

hēah-cyning, *st. m.*, HIGH KING, 1039.

hēah-gestrēon, *st. neut.*, HIGH treasure, splendid treasure, 2302.

hēah-lufu, *w. f.*, HIGH LOVE, 1954.

hēah-sele, *st. m.*, HIGH hall, 647.

hēah-setl, *st. neut.*, HIGH SETTLE, high seat, throne, 1087.

hēah-stede, *st. m.*, HIGH STEAD, high place, 285.

heal(l), *st. f.*, HALL, 89, etc.; *pl. healle*, 1926.

heal-earn, *st. neut.*, HALL-house, 78.

nealdan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, *pret.* hēold, 2183, etc., hīold, 1954: HOLD, keep, guard, protect, have, possess, inhabit, 103, 230, 296, 788, 948, 1079, 1227, 1705, 2377 (support), 2389, 2430, 2909, 3043, 3166, etc.; rule, 57, 1852; *subj. sg. for pl.* 2719 (hold up). *Special passages:* 1031 (see **wala**); Gēata lēode hrēa-wic hēoldon, "the corpses of the Geats covered the field," 1214; 3084 (see note); sceft nytte hēold, "the shaft did its duty," 3118.

be-healdan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, HOLD, guard, 1498. *Special passages:* (sundor-)nytte behēold, "minded, attended to, the (special) service," 494, 667; brȳð-swȳð behēold mæg Higelāces, "Hygelac's kinsman BEHELD great distress," or "great distress possessed Hygelac's kinsman (as to)," 736.

for-healdan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, rebel against, 2381.

ge-healdan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, HOLD, have, keep, guard, rule, 317, 658, 911, 2293, 2856, 3003, etc.; *pret.* hē gehēold tela, "he ruled [it] well," 2208.

healf, *st. f.*, HALF, side, 800, etc.

healf, *adj.*, HALF; *gen. sg. f.* healfre [healle], 1087.

heal-gamen, *st. neut.*, HALL-GAME, mirth in hall, 1066.

heal-reced, *st. neut.*, HALL-house, palace, 68, 1981.

heals, *st. m.*, neck, 1872, etc.; *dat. sg.* halse, 1566.

heals-bēag, -bēah, *st. m.*, neck-ring, carcanet, 1195, 2172.

heals-gebedda, *w. m. f.*, beloved BED-fellow, wife, 63.

healsian, *w. v.*, entreat, 2132.

heal-sittend, *st. m.* (*pres. part.*), HALL-SITTER, 2015, etc.

heal-þegn, *st. m.*, HALL-THANE, 142, etc.

heal-wudu, *st. m.*, HALL-WOOD, 1317.

hēan, *adj.*, abject, ignominious, despised, 1274, 2183, etc.

hēan, **hēanne**, see **hēah**.

hēap, *st. m.*, HEAP, band, company, 335, 400, etc.

heard, *adj.*, HARD, hardy, strong, brave, cruel, severe, 166, 322, 342, 432, 540, 1574, 1807, etc.; *dat. pl.* heardan, 963; *gen. pl.* "of the brave," 988. *With gen.* "brave in," 886, 1539, etc. *Special passage*: þæt hire wið halse heard grāpode, "so that the hard [sword] gripped at her neck," 1566.

heardra, *compar.*, HARDER, 576, etc.

hard-fyrde, *adj.*, HARD to carry, heavy, 2245.

hearde, *adv.*, HARD, 1438.

heard-ecg, *adj.*, HARD-EDGED, 1288.

heard-hicgende, *adj. (pres. part.)*, [HARD-thinking] brave-minded, bold of purpose, 394, etc.

hearm, *st. m.*, HARM, insult, 1892.

hearm-scaða, *w. m.*, [HARM-SCATHER] harmful foe, 766.

hearpe, *w. f.*, HARP, 89, etc.

heaðerian, *w. v.*, restrain, confine; *pp.* hergum geheaðerod, "confined in idol-fanes (-groves), i.e. accursed," 3072.

hēaþo, see **hēaþu**.

heaþo-byrne, *w. f.*, battle-BYRNY, coat of mail, 1552.

heaþo-dēor, *adj.*, battle-brave, bold in fight, 688, etc.

heaþo-fȳr, **heaþu-fȳr**, *st. neut.*, battle-FIRE, 2522, 2547.

heaþo-grim, *adj.*, battle-GRIM, 548.

heaþo-lāc, *st. neut.*, battle-play, 584, etc.

hēaþo-mære, *adj.*, battle-great, famous in war, 2802.

heaþo-rēas, *st. m.*, [battle-RACE] rush of battle, 526, etc.

heaþo-rēaf, *st. neut.*, battle-dress, armour, 401.

heaþo-rinc, *st. m.*, warrior, 370, 2466.

heaþo-rōf, *adj.*, battle-strong, war-renowned, 381, 864.

heaþo-sceard, *adj.*, battle-notched, battle-gashed, 2829.

heaþo-sēoc, *adj.*, battle-SICK, wounded in battle, 2754.

heaþo-stēap, *adj.*, [battle-STEEP] towering or bright in battle, 1245, 2153.

heaþo-swāt, *st. m.*, battle-SWEAT, blood shed in battle, 1460, etc.

heaþo-torht, *adj.*, battle-bright, clear in battle, 2553.

heaþo-wēad, *st. f.*, [battle-WEEDS] battle-dress, armour, 39.

heaþo-weorc, *st. neut.*, battle-WORK, 2892.

heaþo-wylm, *st. m.*, [battle-WELLING] flame-surge, surging of fire, 82, 2819.

hēaþu, *st. f.*, sea, ocean, 1862.

hēaþo-lifend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, ocean-farer, sea-farer, 1798, 2955.

heaþu-sweg, *st. m.*, [battle-SWING] battle-stroke, 2581.

hēawan, *st. v.*, HEW, 800.

ge-hēawan, *st. v.*, HEW, cleave, 682.

hebban, *st. v.*, *pp.* hafēn, hæfen: HEAVE, raise, lift, 656, 1290, 3023.

ā-hebban, *st. v.*, UPHEAVE, uplift, 128, etc.

hēdan, *w. v.*, *with gen.*, HEED; *pret.* ne hēdde hē þæs heafolan, "he heeded not the head (of the dragon)," 2697.

ge-hēdan, *w. v.*, *with gen.*, obtain, 505.

hefen, see **heofon**.

-hēgan, *w. v.*

ge-hēgan, *w. v.*, decide, 425.

hēht, see **hātan**.

hel(1), *st. f.*, HELL, 101, 852, etc.

helan, *st. v.*

be-helan, *st. v.*, hide; *pp.* beholen, 414.

hell-bend, *st. m. f.*, HELL-BOND, 3072.

helm, *st. m.*, [HELM]:

(1) helmet, 672, etc.

(2) covert, protection, 1392.

(3) protector, king, 371, etc.: God, 182.

helm-berend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*,
[HELM-BEARING] helmet-wearer,
2517, etc.

helmian, *w. v.*

ofer-helmian, *w. v., with acc.*,
OVERhang, OVERshadow, 1364.

help, *st. f.*, HELP, 551, etc.

helpan, *st. v.*, HELP, 2340, etc.

helpe, *w. f.*, HELP, 2448 (see note).

hel-rûna, *w. m.*, sorcerer, 163.

heofon, *st. m.*, HEAVEN, 52, etc.;
dat. hefene, 1571.

heolfor, *st. neut.*, gore, 849, etc.

heolster, *st. neut.*, darkness, 755.

heonan, heonon, *adv.*, HENCE, 252,
1361.

heora, *gen. pl. of hē (q. v.)*.

-hēoran, *w. v.*

ā-hēoran?, *w. v.*, rescue?,
2930.

heorde, see bunden-heorde.

hēore, *adj.*, canny, pleasant, 1372.

heoro, heoru, *st. m.*, sword, 1285.

heoro-blāc, *adj.*, [sword-BLEAK]
sword-pale, 2488.

heoro-drēor, heoru-drēor, *st. m.*,
sword-blood, 487, 849.

heoro-drēorig, *adj.*, [sword-DREARY]
sword-gory, 935, etc.

heoro-gifre, *adj.*, [sword-greedy]
fiercely greedy, 1498.

heoro-grim, heoru-grim, *adj.*,
[sword-GRIM] fiercely grim, 1564,
1847.

heoro-hōcȳht, *adj.*, [sword-HOOKED]
savagely barbed, 1438.

heoro-sweg, *st. m.*, [sword-SWING]
sword-stroke, 1590.

heorot, *st. m.*, HART, 1369.

heoro-wearh, *st. m.*, [sword-wolf]
fierce wolf, 1267.

hioro-drync, *st. m.*, sword-
DRINK, 2358.

hioro-sērcē, *w. f.*, [sword-SARK]
shirt of mail; *acc. hioro-sērcēan*,
2539. [Sieviers § 159. 1.]

hioro-weallende, *adj. (pres. part.)*, [sword-] fiercely WELLING;
acc. sg. m. -weallende, 2781.

heorr, *st. m.*, hinge, 999.

heorte, *w. f.*, HEART, 2270, etc.

heoru, see heoro.

heorð-genēat, *st. m.*, HEARTH-COM-
rade, 261, etc.

hēoſ, *st. f.*, dais, 404.

hār, *adv.*, HERE, hither, 244, 397, etc.

here, *st. m.*, army; *dat. sg. herge*,
2347, 2638; on herge, "in the
field," 1248.

here-brōga, *w. m.*, army-terror,
fear of war, 462.

here-byrne, *w. f.*, army-BYRNY,
coat of mail, 1443.

here-grima, *w. m.*, army-mask,
visored helmet, 396, etc.

here-net, *st. neut.*, army-NET, coat
of ring-mail, 1553.

here-nlſ, *st. m.*, army-hate, hosti-
lity, 2474.

here-pād, *st. f.*, army-coat, coat of
mail, 2258.

here-rinc, *st. m.*, army-man, war-
rior, 1176.

here-sceaft, *st. m.*, [army-SHAFT]
spear, 335.

here-spēd, *st. f.*, [army-SPEED] suc-
cess in war, 64.

here-strāl, *st. m.*, army-arrow,
war-arrow, 1435.

here-syrce, *w. f.*, army-SARK, shirt
of mail, 1511.

here-wād, *st. f.*, [army-WEEDS]
armour, 1897.

here-wāma, *w. m.*, army-might,
prowess in war; *dat. pl. here-
wāsmun*, 677.

here-wisa, *w. m.*, [army-WISE]
army-leader, 3020.

herg, *st. m.*, idol-grove, idol-fane,
3072 (see heaſerian).

herge, *n.*, see here.

herge, *v.*, see herian.

herian, *w. v., with acc.*, praise,
honour, 182, etc.; *pres. subj.*

herige, herge, 1838, 3175.

hete, *st. m.*, HATE, 142, etc.

hete-lle, *adj.*, full of hatred, HATE-
ful, 1267.

hete-nlſ, *st. m.*, HATE-enmity, bitter
enmity, 152.

hete-sweg, *st. m.*, HATE-blow; *pl.*
hete-swengeas, 2224.

- hete-banc**, *st. m.*, HATE-thought, malice, 475.
- hettend**, *st. m.* (*pres. part.* of *hatian*), HATER, foe, 3004.
- hi**, *pl. of hē* (q. v.).
- hicgan**, see *-hycgan*.
- hider**, *adv.*, HITHER, 240, etc.
- hig**, *pl. of hē* (q. v.).
- hige**, see *hyge*.
- higian**, *w. v.*
- ofer-higian*, *w. v.*, befool?, make over-arrogant?; *inf.* *sinc* *ēaƿe mæg...gum-cynnes gehwone oferhigian*, 2766.
- hild**, *st. f.*, battle, war, 452, etc.; prowess in battle, 901, 2952.
- hilde-bil**(1), *st. neut.*, battle-BILL, sword, 557, etc.
- hilde-bord**, *st. neut.*, [battle-BOARD] shield, 397, etc.
- hilde-cyst**, *st. f.*, [battle-virtue] bravery in battle, 2598.
- hilde-dēor**, -dīor, *adj.*, battle-brave, bold in battle, 312, 834, 3111, etc.
- hilde-freca**, *hild-freca*, *w. m.*, battle-wolf, 2205, 2366.
- hilde-geatwe**, *st. f. pl.*, battle-trappings, equipments for war, armour, 674, 2362.
- hilde-gicel**, *st. m.*, battle-ICICLE; *dat. pl.* *ƿā ƿæt sweord ongan æfter heaƿo-swāte hilde-gicelum... wanian*, "then the sword began to dwindle in icicles of steel in consequence of the blood (of Grendel)," 1606.
- hilde-grāp**, *st. f.*, battle-grasp, war-clutch, 1446, etc.
- hilde-hlemm**, -hlæmm, *st. m.*, battle-crash, crash of battle, 2201, 2351, 2544.
- hilde-lēoma**, *w. m.*, battle-ray:
- (1) battle-flame (of the dragon), 2583.
- (2) flashing sword, 1143.
- hilde-mēce**, *st. m.*, battle-sword; *pl.* *hilde-mēceas*, 2202.
- hilde-mecg**, *st. m.*, battle-man, warrior, 799.
- hilde-ræs**, *st. m.*, [battle-RACE] rush of battle, 300.
- hilde-rand**, *st. m.*, battle-shield, 1242.
- hilde-rinc**, *st. m.*, battle-man, warrior, 986, etc.
- hilde-sæd**, *adj.*, battle-sated, 2723.
- hilde-sceorp**, *st. neut.*, battle-dress, armour, 2155.
- hilde-setl**, [battle-SETTLE] battle-seat, saddle, 1039.
- hilde-strengo**, *st. f.*, battle-STRENGTH, 2113.
- hilde-swāt**, *st. m.*, [battle-SWEAT] war-breath (of the dragon), 2558.
- hilde-tux**, *st. m.*, battle-TUSK, 1511.
- hilde-wāpen**, *st. m.*, battle-WEAPON, 39.
- hilde-wisa**, *w. m.*, [battle-WISE] battle-leader (Hnæf), 1064.
- hild-freca**, see *hilde-freca*.
- hild-fruma**, *st. m.*, battle-chief, 1678, etc.
- hild-lata**, *w. m.*, [battle-LATE] lag-gard in battle, 2846.
- hilt**, *st. m. neut.*, HILT, sword-hilt, 1574, etc.; *pl.* (of a single weapon; cf. "Julius Caesar" v. 3. 43) 1574, 1614.
- hilde-cumbor**, *st. neut.*, [HILT-banner] staff-banner, 1022.
- hilted**, *adj.*, HILTED, 2987.
- hindema**, *superl. adj.*, HINDMOST, last, 2049, etc.
- hin-fūs**, *adj.*, [hence-ready] eager to be gone, 755.
- hio** = *hēo*, *fem. of hē* (q. v.).
- hiofan**, *w. v.*, lament; *pres. part.* 3142.
- hiold**, see *healdan*.
- hiora**, *gen. pl. of hē* (q. v.).
- hioro**, see *heoro*.
- hladan**, *st. v.*, LADE, load, lay, 1897, 2126, etc.; *inf.* *hladon*, 2775.
- ge-hladan*, *st. v.*, LADE, load; *pret.* *gehlæod*, 895.
- hlæst**, *st. neut.*, [LAST] load, freight, 52.
- hlāw**, *hlāw*, *st. m.*, [LOW, in place-names] mound, burial-mound, cavern, 1120, 2411, 3157, etc.
- hlāford**, *st. m.*, LORD, 267, etc.
- hlāford-lās**, *adj.*, LORD-LESS, 2935.

hlāw, see hlāw.

hleahor, *st. m.*, LAUGHTER, 611, etc.

hlēapan, *st. v.*, LEAP, gallop, 864.

ā-hlēapan, *st. v.*, LEAP up, 1397.

hlēo, *st. m.*, [LIFE] refuge, protection, protector (used of a chieftain or king), 429, 791, etc.

hlēo-burh, *st. f.*, protecting BURGH or city, 912, etc.

-hlēod, see -hladan.

hleonian, *w. v.*, lean, slope, 1415.

hlēor-berge, *w. f.*, cheek-guard, 304.

hlēor-bolster, *st. m.*, [cheek-] BOLSTER, 688.

hlēotan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, get by LOT, 2385.

hlēoſor-cwyde, *st. m.*, [sound-speech] courtly speech, ceremonious speech, 1979.

hlīdan, *st. v.*

tō-hlīdan, *st. v.*, spring apart; *pp. pl.* tōhlidene, 999.

hliehhan, *st. v.*

ā-hliehhan, *st. v.*, LAUGH aloud; *pret. sg.* āhlōg, 730.

hlifan, *w. v.*, tower, 2805; *pret.*

hlifade, 81, etc., hliuade, 1799. ["Beiträge" x. 502.]

hlīm-bed, *st. neut.*, leaning BED, (last) resting-place, 3034 (see note).

hlif, *st. neut.*, cliff, slope, 1892, 3157.

hlūd, *adj.*, LOUD, 89.

hlyn, *st. m.*, din, noise, 611.

hlynnan, hlynian, *w. v.*, resound, roar, crackle, 2553; *pret.* hlynode, 1120.

hlynsian, *w. v.*, resound, 770.

hlytm, *st. m.*, lot, 3126.

hnāgan, *w. v.*

ge-hnāgan, *w. v.*, with *acc.*, fell, vanquish, 1274, 2916.

hnāh, *adj.*, mean, base, illiberal, 1929.

hnāgra, hnāhra, *compar.*, lower, inferior, 677, 952.

hnitan, *st. v.*, encounter, clash, 1327; *pret. pl.* hnitan, 2544.

hof, *st. neut.*, court, dwelling, lodge, residence, manor, mansion, 312, 1236, 2313, etc.

hōfian, *w. v.*

be-hōfian, *w. v.*, with *gen.*, [BEHOVE] need, 2647.

hogode, see hycgan.

-hōhsanian, *w. v.*

on-hōhsanian, *w. v.*, check, 1944.

hold, *adj.*, friendly, gracious, 290, 376, etc.; faithful, loyal, 487, 1229, etc.

hōlinga, *adv.*, without reason, 1076.

holm, *st. m.*, ocean, sea, mere, 48, etc.

holm-clif, *st. neut.*, sea-CLIFF, 230, etc.

holm-wylm, *st. m.*, [sea-WELLING] sea-surge, 2411.

holt, *st. neut.*, HOLT, wood, 2598, etc.

holt-wudu, *st. m.*, HOLT-WOOD; wood, forest, 1369; wood (material), 2340.

homer, hamer, *st. m.*, HAMMER, 1285; *gen. pl.* homera lāfe, "leavings of hammers, i.e. swords," 2829.

hōn, *st. v.*

be-hōn, *st. v.*, *trans.*, HANG with; *pp.* behongen, 3139.

hond, hand, *st. f.*, HAND, 558, 656, etc.

hand-bona, -bana, *w. m.*, [HAND-BANE] hand-slayer, 460, 1330.

hand-gemāne, *adj.*, [HAND-common] hand to hand; *nom. neut.* þær unc hwile wæs hand-gemāne, "there we two engaged a while hand to hand," 2137. [Ger. hand-gemein.]

hand-gewriſen, *adj.* (*pp.*), HAND-WREATHED, hand-twisted; *pl.* 1937.

hand-sporu, *st. f.*, HAND-SPUR, claw, 986.

hond-gemōt, *st. neut.*, HAND-MEETING, hand to hand fight, 1526, 2355.

hond-gesella, *w. m.*, HAND-comrade, 1481.

- hond-gestealla, hand-gestealla, w. m.,** HAND-comrade, 2169, 2596.
- hond-geweorc, st. neut.,** HAND-work, 2835.
- hond-lēan, hand-lēan, st. m.,** HAND-requital, hand-reward, 1541, 2094.
- hond-locen, adj. (pp.),** HAND-locked, 322, 551.
- hond-ræss, st. m.,** [HAND-RACE] hand to hand fight, 3072.
- hond-scolu, hand-scolu, st. f.,** [HAND-SHOAL] hand-troop, followers, 1317 (see note), 1963.
- hond-wundor, st. neut.,** [HAND-WONDER] wonderful handiwork, 2768.
- hongen, see -hōn.**
- hongian, hangian, w. v.,** HANG, 1363, 1662, etc.
- hord, st. m. neut.,** HOARD, treasure, 887, 912, etc.
- hord-ærn, st. neut.,** HOARD-hall, treasure-cave, 2279, etc.
- hord-burh, st. f.,** HOARD-BURGH, wealthy city, 467.
- hord-gestrēon, st. neut.,** HOARD-treasure, 1899, etc.
- hord-mādm (= -māðum), st. m.,** HOARD-treasure, hoard-jewel; *dat. pl. nēnigne* ic under swegle sēlran hýrde hord-mādmum hælēþa, "I heard of none better under the sky among the hoard-jewels of heroes," 1198.
- hord-weard, st. m.,** [HOARD-WARD] guardian of a hoard or treasure, 1047 (of the king), 2293 (of the dragon), etc.
- hord-wela, w. m.,** HOARD-WEAL, wealth of treasure, 2344.
- hord-weorðung, st. f.,** [HOARD-honouring] honouring by gifts, valuable reward, 952.
- hord-wynn, st. f.,** HOARD-joy, joy-giving hoard, 2270.
- horn, st. m.,** HORN, 1369, etc.
- horn-boga, w. m.,** HORN-BOW, 2437.
- horn-gēap, adj.,** with wide intervals between (the horns on) the gables, 82.
- horn-reced, st. neut.,** [HORN-house, i.e.] a house with horns on the gables, or a house with gables, 704.
- horn, st. neut.,** HORSE, 1399.
- hōs, st. f.,** bevy, 924.
- hoſma, w. m.,** grave, 2458.
- hrā, st. neut.,** corpse, 1588.
- hrædllice, adv.,** hastily, quickly, 356, etc.
- hrægl, st. neut.,** [RAIL] dress, armour, 1195, etc.
- hrā-fyl, st. m.,** fall of corpses, slaughter, havoc, 277.
- hraðe, hræðe, adv.,** ["BATHER"] quickly, hastily, 224, 740, 1437, etc.; *hreðe*, 991; *raðe*, 724.
- hraðor, compar.,** [RATHER] more quickly, 548.
- hrēam, st. m.,** noise, clamour, 1302.
- hrēa-wic, st. neut.,** [corpse-wick] abode of corpses, 1214 (see *healdan*).
- hrefn, st. m.,** RAVEN, 1801, etc.
- hrēmig, adj.,** exultant, 124, etc.; *pl. hrēmige*, 2363.
- hrēoh, adj.,** rough, fierce, cruel, sad, 1564, 2180; *dat. sg. m. hrēon*, 1307, *hrēoum*, 2581; *pl. hrēo*, 548.
- hrēoh-mōd, adj.,** of fierce mood, of sad mood, 2132, 2296.
- hrēosan, st. v.,** fall, 1074, 1430, etc.
- be-hrēosan, st. v.,** deprive; *pp. pl. behrorene*, 2762.
- hrēoðan, st. v.,** cover, clothe, adorn; *pp. hroden, gehroden*, 304, 495, etc.
- hrēow, st. f.,** distress, grief, 2129, 2328.
- hrēran, w. v.**
on-hrēran, *w. v.*, rouse, arouse, stir up, 549, 2554. See *hrōr*.
- hrēð, st. m. neut.,** glory, renown; *acc.* 2575.
- hreðe, see hraðe.**
- hrēter, st. m.,** breast, heart, 1446, 1745, 2118, 2442, etc.
- hrēter-bealo, st. neut.,** heart-DALE; *nom. þæs be þincean mæg þegne monegum...hreper-bealo hearde*, "as it may seem heavy heart-woe to many a thane," 1343.

- hrēð-sigor, *st. m.*, triumphant victory, 2583.
 hrīmīg, *adj.*, RIMY, covered with hoar-frost; *pl.* hrīmige, 1363 (see note).
 hrīnan, *st. v.*, *usu. w. dat.*, touch, lay hold of, 988, 2270, etc.; *subj. pret. sg.* þeah ðe him wund hrine, "though the wound touched him close," 2976.
 hring, *st. m.*, RING, ring-mail, 1202, 1503, etc.; *nom.* byrnan hring, "ring-mail of the byrny, ringed byrny," 2260.
 hringan, *w. v.*, RING, rattle, 327.
 hring-boga, *w. m.*, [RING-BOW] one that bends himself in the shape of a ring (the dragon), 2561.
 hringed, *adj. (pp.)*, RINGED, 1245; *inflected* 2615.
 hringed-stefna, *w. m.*, RING-STEMMED ship (with rings on its prow), 32, 240, etc.
 hring-īren, *st. neut.*, RING-IRON; *nom.* hring-īren scir song in searwum, "the bright iron rings rang in the armour," 322.
 hring-mæl, *st. neut.*, RING-SWORD, 1521, 1564.
 hring-mæl, *adj.*, RING-ADORNED, 2037.
 hring-naca, *w. m.*, [RING-BARK] ship with a ringed prow, 1862.
 hring-net, *st. neut.*, [RING-NET] shirt of mail made of rings, 1889, etc.
 hring-sele, *st. m.*, RING-HALL, 2010, 3053, etc.
 hring-weorðung, *st. f.*, RING-ADORNMENT, 3017.
 hroden, see hrōðan.
 hrōf, *st. m.*, ROOF, 926, 983, etc.
 hrōf-sele, *st. m.*, ROOFED HALL, 1515.
 hron-fis, *st. m.*, WHALE-FISH, whale, 540.
 hron-rād, *st. f.*, WHALE-ROAD, sea, 10.
 hrōr, *adj.*, stirring, valorous, strong, 1629.
 hrōðor, *st. m.*, benefit, kindness, comfort, joy, 2171, 2448.
 hrāse, *w. f.*, earth, 2247, etc.
 hrycg, *st. m.*, RIDGE, back, 471.
 hryre, *st. m.*, fall, destruction, 1680, etc.
 hryslan, *w. v.*, rattle, 226.
 hū, *adv.*, HOW, 3, etc.
 hund, *st. m.*, HOUND, 1368.
 hund, *num.*, with *gen.*, HUNDRED, 2278, etc.
 hūru, *adv.*, indeed, especially, at least, 182, 369, 862 (however), etc.; now, 8120.
 hūs, *st. neut.*, HOUSE, 116, etc.
 hūð, *st. f.*, booty, plunder, 124.
 hwā, *m. and f.*, hwæt, *neut.*, *interr. and indef. pron.*, WHO, WHAT, ANY (one), somewhat, 52, 3126, etc. With *gen.* hwæt...hȳnðo, "what humiliation," 474; swulceshwæt, "somewhat of such (matter)," 880; ānes hwæt, "somewhat only, a part only," 3010. *Special passages:* nāh hwā sweord wege, "I have no one who may wear sword," 2252; *dat.* hwām, "for whom," 1696; *instr.* tō hwan syððan wearð hond-ræs hæleða, "to what issue the hand-fight of heroes afterwards came," 2071.
 hwæder, see hwyder.
 hwær, *adv.*, WHERE, anywhere, 2029. *Special passages:* wundur hwār þonne, "it is a wonder (mystery) anywhere when," 3062; with swā following, "WHERESOEVER," 762 (see note, and cf. 797); elles hwær, "ELSEWHERE," 138.
 hwæt, *adj.*, active, keen, bold; weak hwata, 3028; *dat.* hwatum, 2161; *pl.* hwate, 1601, etc.
 hwæt, *pron.*, see hwā.
 hwæt, *interj.*, WHAT!, lol, 1, 530, etc.
 hwæðer, *adj.-pron.*, WHETHER, which of two; *nom.* gebide gē...hwæðer sēl mæge...uncer twēga, "await ye whether of us twain may the better," 2530; *acc. f.* on swā hwæðere hond...swā him gemet þince, "on whichever hand it may seem to him meet," 686.
 hwæðer, hwæðre, *conj.*, WHETHER, 1314, 1356, etc.

hwæð(e)re, *adv.*, however, yet, 555, 578, etc.; anyway, however that may be, 574; *with swā þeah*, 2442.

hwan, see **hwā**.

hwanan, **hwanon**, *adv.*, **WHENCE**, 257, 333, etc.

hwār, see **hwār**.

hwata, **hwate**, **hwatum**, see **hwæt**, *adj.*

hwealf, *st. f.*, vault, 576, etc.

hwēne, *adv.*, a little, a trifle, 2699.

hweorfan, *st. v.*, turn, wander, die, 264, 1980, 2832 (whirl), 2888 (roam), etc.; *inf.* **hworfan**, 1728.

set-hweorfan, *st. v.*, return, 2299.

ge-hweorfan, *st. v.*, turn, go, 1210, 1679, 1684, 2208.

geond-hweorfan, *st. v.*, traverse, 2017.

ond-hweorfan, *st. v.*, turn against; *pret.* **norðan wind...ond-hwearf**, "a wind from the north turned against [us]," 548.

ymbe-hweorfan, *st. v.*, *with acc.*, turn about, go round, 2296.

hwergen, *adv.*, in **elles hwergen**, "ELSEWHERE," 2590.

hwettan, *w. v.*, **WHET**, urge, encourage, 204, 490. *From hwæt*.

hwil, *st. f.*, **WHILE**, space of time, 146, 1495, etc.; *dat. pl. used adverbially*, **hwilum**, "at whiles, sometimes, **WHILOM**," 175, 864, 867, etc.; "at one time...at another," 2107-8-9-11.

hwit, *adj.*, **WHITE**, flashing, 1448.

hwōpan, *st. v.*, cry out, mourn; *pret.* **hwēop**, 2268.

hworfan, see **hweorfan**.

hwyder, **hwæder**, *adv.*, **WHITHER**, 163, 1331.

hwylc, *adj.-pron.*, **WHICH**, what, any, 274 (see **witan**), 1986, 2002; *with gen.* 1104, 2433.

swā hwylc swā, see **swā**.

hwyrfan, *w. v.*, move, 98.

hwyrit, *st. m.*, going, turn; *dat. pl.* "in their goings, or to and fro," 163.

hycgan, *w. v.*, think, resolve (upon); *pret.* **hogode**, 632.

for-hicgan, *w. v.*, **FORGO**, reject, despise, 435.

ge-hycgan, *w. v.*, think, 1938.

ofer-hycgan, *w. v.*, scorn, 2345.

hȳdan, *w. v.*, **HIDE**, 1372, 2766; bury, 446.

ge-hȳdan, *w. v.*, **HIDE**, 2235, 3059.

hyge, **hige**, *st. m.*, mind, heart, soul, 267, 755, 8148, etc.

hige-mæð, *st. f.*, mind-honour, heart-reverence, 2909.

hige-mæðe, *adj.*, wearying the soul or mind, 2442.

hige-mihtig, *adj.*, great-hearted, 746.

hige-þrymm, *st. m.*, [mind-strength] magnanimity, 339.

hyge-bend, *st. m. f.*, mind-BOND; *dat. pl.*, **hyge-bendum fæst...dyrne langað**, "a secret longing fast in the bonds of his mind," 1878.

hyge-glomor, *adj.*, sad at heart, 2408.

hyge-rōf, **hige-rōf**, *adj.*, strong of mind or heart, valiant, 204, 403.

hyge-sorg, *st. f.*, SORROW of mind or heart, 2328.

hyht, *st. m.*, hope, 179.

hyldan, *w. v.*, **HEEL** over, incline (oneself), lie down; *pret.* 688.

hyldo, *st. f.*, favour, friendliness, 670, 2293, etc.; *acc.* **hyldo ne telge...Denum unfæcne**, "I reckon not their faithfulness for the Danes sincere," 2067. *Cf.* **hold**.

hym, *dat. pl. of hē* (q. v.).

hȳnan, *w. v.*, humiliate, harm, 2319. *From hēan*.

hyne, *acc. sg. m. of hē* (q. v.).

hȳnō, **hȳnōu**, *st. f.*, humiliation, 166, 277, 475, 593.

hyra, *gen. pl. of hē* (q. v.).

hȳran, *w. v.*, **HEAR**, learn, 38, 62, 273, 1197, etc.; *with dat. pers.*, obey, 10, etc.

ge-hȳran, *w. v.*, **HEAR**, learn, 255, 290, 785, etc.

hyrdan, *w. v.*

ǣ-hyrdan, *w. v.*, HARDEN, 1460.

hyrde, *st. m.*, [HERD] keeper, guardian, etc., 610, 2506, etc.; *nom.* wuldres Hyrde, "the King of glory," 931.

hyre, *gen. and dat. sg. f. of hē* (q. v.).

hyrst, *st. f.*, harness, accoutrement, adornment, 2988, 3164.

hyrstan, *w. v.*, adorn; *pp.* "dight, jewelled," 672, 2255.

hyrtan, *w. v.*, HEARTEN, embolden; *with refl. pron.*, 2593.

hyse, *st. m.*, youth, 1217.

hyt, *st. f. ?*, heat, 2649.

hyt, *neut. of hē* (q. v.)

hȳð, *st. f.*, HYPHE, haven, 32.

hȳðo, see note on l. 3155.

hȳð-weard, *st. m.*, [HYTHE-WARD] guard of the haven, 1915.

I.

c. *pers. pron.*, I, 247, etc.; *acc.* mec, mē; *gen.* mīn; *dat.* mē; *dual nom.* wit; *acc.* uncit, unc; *gen.* uncer; *dat.* unc; *pl. nom.* wē; *acc.* ūsic; *gen.* ūre, ūser; *dat.* ūs, ūrum.

icge, *adj.*, golden?, costly?, massive?, 1107.

idel, *adj.*, IDLE, empty, 145, 413; deprived; *nom.* lond-rihtes...idel, "deprived of land-right," 2888.

idel-hende, *adj.*, IDLE-HANDED, empty-handed, 2081.

ides, *st. f.*, woman, lady, 620, 1259, etc.

iernan, *st. v.*

be-iernan, *st. v.*, RUN, occur; *pret.* him on mōð bearn, "it occurred to him," 67.

on-iernan, *st. v.*, spring open; *pret.* onarn, 721.

in, *prep.*, IN, *with dat.* (of rest) and *acc.* (of motion):

(1) *with dat.*, in, on, 13, 25, 87, 89, 324, 443, 1029, 1952, 2506, 2599, 2635, 2786, 3097, etc.; *after its case*, 19; *of time*, 1.

(2) *with acc.*, into, 60, 185, 1210, 2935.

in innan, see innan.

in, *adv.*, IN, 386, 1037, 1644, etc.; *once inn*, 3090.

in, *st. neut.*, INN, dwelling, 1300.

inc, *pers. pron.* (*dat. dual of þū*), to you two, 510.

incer, *pers. pron.* (*gen. dual of þū*), of you two, 584.

incege, *adj.*, weighty?, 2577 (see note).

in-frōð, *adj.*, very old, 1874, 2449.

in-gang, *st. m.*, entrance, 1549.

in-genga, *w. m.*, IN-goer, invader, 1776.

in-gesteald, *st. m.*, house-property, 1155.

inn, see in, *adv.*

innan, *adv.*, WITHIN, inside, 774, etc. in innan, within; *with preceding dat.* 1968, 2452.

on innan, within, 2715; *with preceding dat.* 1740.

þær on innan, therein, there-within, in there, 71, 2089, etc.

innan-weard, *adj.*, INWARD, inside, interior, 991, 1376.

inne, *adv.*, INSIDE, within, 390, 642, 1866, etc.; therein, 1141.

þær inne, THEREIN, 118, etc.

inne-weard, *adj.*, INWARD, interior, 998.

inwid-sorg, see inwit-sorh.

inwit-feng, *st. m.*, hostile grasp, 1447.

inwit-gæst, *st. m.*, hostile GUEST, foe, 2670.

inwit-hrōf, *st. m.*, hostile ROOF, 3123.

inwit-net, *st. neut.*, hostile NET, cunning snare, 2167.

inwit-nið, *st. neut.*, hostile hate, malicious enmity, 1858, 1947.

inwit-acear, *st. m.*, hostile attack, inroad, 2478.

inwit-searo, *st. neut.*, hostile cunning, 1101.

inwit-sorh, inwid-sorg, *st. f.* [hostile SORROW] sorrow caused by a foe, 831, 1736.

inwit-ðanc, *st. m.*, hostile or malicious thought, 749 (*see onfōn*).

-lode, *see* **-gān**.

logot, *see* **geogot**.

lo-mēowle, *see* **gēo-mēowle**.

Iron, *st. neut.*, IRON, sword, 892, etc.; *gen. pl.*, **irena**, **ireнна**, 673, 802, etc.

Iron, *adj.*, of IRON, 1459, 2778.

iren-bend, *st. m. f.*, IRON-BAND, 774, 998.

iren-byrne, *w. f.*, IRON-BYRNY, coat of iron mail, 2986.

iren-heard, *adj.*, IRON-HARD, 1112.

iren-þræt, *st. m.*, IRON-band, troop of armed men, 330.

Is, *st. neut.*, ICE, 1608.

isern-byrne, *w. f.*, BYRNY of iron, coat of iron mail, 671.

isern-scūr, *st. f.*, iron-SHOWER, 3116.

is-gebind, *st. neut.*, ICE-bond, 1133.

isig, *adj.*, ICY, 33.

Iu, *see* **gēo**.

Iu-monu, *st. m.*, former MAN, man of olden times, 3052.

K.

kyning, 620, 3171, 665, *see* **cýning**.

L.

lā, *interj.*, LO, 1700, etc.

lāc, *st. neut.*, gift, offering, booty, prey, 43, 1584, etc.

lācan, *st. v.*, play, 2832, 2848.

for-lācan, *st. v.*, betray, 903.

lād, *st. f.*, [LODE] way, faring, journey, 569, 1987.

lādan, *w. v.*, LEAD, 239, etc.; *pp.* **gelāded**, 37.

for-lādan, *w. v.*, *w. acc.*, mis-LEAD; *pret. pl.*, **forlāddan**, 2039.

lāfan, *w. v.*, LEAVE, 1178, 2315, etc.

lān, *st. neut.*, LOAN, 1810.

lān-dagas, *st. m.*, LOAN-DAYS, fleeting days, 2341, etc.

lāne, *adj.*, fleeting, transitory, 3177, etc.

lāran, *w. v.*, teach, 1722.

ge-lāran, *w. v.*, teach, persuade, give (advice), 278, 415, etc.

lās, *compar. adv.*, LESS, 1946, 487 (*see* **sē**).

þy lās, *conj.*, lest, 1918.

lāssa, *compar. adj.*, LESS, lesser, fewer, 1282, 2571; *dat. pl.* **lāssan**, 43. *Absolutely*, for **lāssan**, "for less," 951.

lāsest, *superl. adj.*, LEAST, 2354.

lāstan, *w. v.*:

(1) *with dat.*, LAST, hold out, 812.

(2) *with acc.*, do, perform, 2663.

ful-lāstan, *w. v.*, *with dat.*, help; *pres. sg.* 1st **ful-lāstu**, 2668.

ge-lāstan, *w. v.*:

(1) *with acc. or dat.*, serve, 24, 2500.

(2) *usu. with acc.*, do, perform, fulfil, etc., 1706, 2990, etc.

ge-lāsted, *pp. of lāstan or gelāstan*, "performed," 829.

læt, *adj.*, [LATE] slow; *with gen.* 1529.

lātan, *st. v.*, LET, allow, 48, etc.

ā-lātan, *st. v.*, LET, 2665; let go, leave, 2591, etc.

for-lātan, *st. v.*, LET, 970, etc.; let go, 792; leave (behind), 2787.

of-lātan, *st. v.*, leave, 1183, etc.

on-lātan, *st. v.*, loosen, 1609.

lāf, *st. f.*, LEAVING, heirloom, bequest (often a sword), 454, 795, 1032, 2036, 2829, 2986, 3160, etc.

lāfan, *w. v.*

ge-lāfan, *w. v.*, refresh, 2722.

lagu, *st. m.*, lake, 1630.

lagu-cræftig, *adj.*, [sea-CRAFTY] skilful as a sailor, 209.

lagu-stræt, *st. f.*, [sea-STREET] way over the sea, 239.

lagu-strēam, *st. m.*, sea-STREAM, current, tide, 297.

lāh, *see* **lēon**.

land, *see* **lond**.

lang, *see* **long**.

langaſ, *st. f.*, LONGING, 1879.

lange, see longe.

lār, *st. f.*, LORE, instruction, guidance, 1950; *gen. pl.* lāra, 1220, lārena, 269.

lāst, *st. m.*, track, trace, 132, etc.

on lāst, with preceding *dat.*, in the tracks of, behind, 2945.

lāþ, *adj.*, [LOTH] LOATHLY, LOATHSOME, LOATHED, hateful, hated, hostile, 134, 511, 2315, 2467, etc.; *dat. pl.* lāþan, 1505.

Often used absolutely, foe, loathed foe, 550, 841, 1061; *gen. pl.* 242; *weak*, see lāða, 2305; lāþ wið lāþum, "foe with foe," 440; æfter lāþum, "after the loathed foe," 1257; *neut.* fela ic lāþes gebād, "much hostility or evil I endured," 929.

lāþra, *compar.*, more LOATHLY, more hateful, 2432.

lāþ-bite, *st. m.*, foe-BITE, wound, 1122.

lāþ-getðona, *w. m.*, evil-doer, monster, 559, 974.

lāþ-lic, *adj.*, LOATHLY, 1584.

lēaf, *st. neut.*, LEAF, 97.

lēafnes-word, *st. neut.*, LEAVE-WORD, permission, pass-word?, 245.

-lēah, see -lēogan.

lēan, *st. neut.*, reward, 114, 951, 1021, 2145, etc.

lēan, *st. v.*, *w. acc.*, blame; *pres. sg.* 3rd lyhð, 1048; *pret.* lög, 203, etc.

be-lēan, *st. v.*, with *acc. rei* and *dat. pers.*, dissuade from, prohibit, 511.

lēanian, *w. v.*, with *acc. rei* and *dat. pers.*, pay for, repay, reward for, 1380, 2102.

lēas, *adj.*, [-LESS]:

(1) with *gen.*, lacking, deprived of, 850, 1664.

(2) false, 253.

lecgan, *w. v.*

ā-lecgan, *w. v.*, LAY, lay down, lay aside, 84, 3020, etc.

lēg, see līg.

leger, *st. neut.*, [LAIK] lying, 3043.

-lēh, see -lēogan.

lemian, *w. v.*, LAME, trouble; *pret. sg. with pl. nom.*, lemede, 905.

leng, see longe.

leng, *adj.*, long, 83.

lengest, see longe.

lengra, see long.

lēod, *st. m.*, prince, chief, 341, etc.

lēod, *st. f.*, people, nation, 596, 599, etc.; *pl.* lēoda, 3001. See lēode.

lēod-bealo, *st. neut.*, [nation-BALE] national evil, 1722; *gen. pl.* -bealewa, 1946.

lēod-burg, *st. f.*, [nation-BURGH] chief city; *acc. pl.* -byrig, 2471.

lēod-cyning, *st. m.*, nation-KING, king of a people, 54.

lēode, *st. m. pl.*, people, 24, 362, etc. See lēod, *st. f.*

lēod-fruma, *w. m.*, nation-chief, prince of a people, 2130.

lēod-gebyrgea, *w. m.*, protector of a people, 269.

lēod-hryre, *st. m.*, fall of a prince or people, 2030, 2391.

lēod-sceaða, *w. m.*, SCATHER of a people, national foe, 2093.

lēod-scipe, *st. m.*, [people-SHIP] nation, 2197, 2751.

lēof, *adj.*, LIEF, dear, 31, etc.

leofaþ, see libban.

lēof-lic, *adj.*, dear, beloved, precious, 2603, 1809.

lēogan, *st. v.*, LIE, belie, 250, 3029.

ā-lēogan, *st. v.*, with *acc. rei*, belie, falsify; *pret.* ālēh, 80.

ge-lēogan, *st. v.*, with *dat. pers.*, deceive; *pret.* gelēah, 2323.

lēoht, *st. neut.*, LIGHT, brilliance, 569, 727, etc.

lēoht, *adj.*, LIGHT, bright, flashing, 2492.

lēoma, *w. m.*, gleam, ray, 311, 1570, etc.

leomum, see lim.

lēon, *st. v.*, lend; *pret.* lāh, 1456.

on-lēon, *st. v.*, with *gen. rei* and *dat. pers.*, lend; *pret.* onlēh, 1467.

leornian, *w. v.*, LEARN, devise, 2336.

lēosan, st. v., LOSE.

be-lēosan, *st. v.*, deprive; *pp.*
beloren, 1073.

for-lēosan, *st. v.*, with *dat.*,
LOSE, 1470, etc.

lēoð, st. neut., lay, 1159.

leoðo-craeft, st. m., [limb-CRAFT]
hand-craft; *dat. pl.* segn...gelo-
cen leoðo-craeftum, "a banner
woven by skill of hand," 2769.

leoðo-syrce, limb-SARK, shirt of
mail, 1505, etc.

lettan, w. v., with *acc. pers.* and
gen. rei, LET, hinder, 569.

libban, w. v., pres. sg. lifað, lyfað,
leofað; *subj.* lifige; *pret.* lifde,
lyfde; *pres. part.* lifigende: LIVE,
57, etc.

lic, st. n., [LYCH] body, 1503; corpse,
967.

licg(e)an, st. v., LIE, lie down, lie
low, lie dead, 40, 1343, 2051,
2388, etc.; fail, 1041.

ā-licg(e)an, *st. v.*, fail, cease,
1528, 2886.

ge-licg(e)an, *st. v.*, be still, be
lulled, 3146.

lic-homa, lic-hama, w. m., [LYCH-
covering] body, 812, 1007, etc.

lician, w. v., with *dat.*, [LIKE] please,
639, etc.

lic-sār, st. neut., body-SORE, wound
in the body, 815.

lic-syrce, w. f., body-SARK, shirt of
mail, 550.

lid-mann, st. m., sea-MAN, 1623.

lif, st. neut., LIFE, 97, etc.

lifað, etc., see libban.

lif-bysig, adj., [LIFE-BUSY] in the
throes of death, 966.

lif-dagas, st. m. pl., LIFE-DAYS, 793,
etc.

lif-frēa, w. m., LIFE-lord, Lord of
life, 16.

lif-gedāl, st. neut., LIFE-parting,
death, 811.

lif-geſceaft, st. f., [LIFE-shaping]
destiny, 1953, etc.

lif-wraðu, st. f., LIFE-protection,
971, 2877.

lif-wynn, st. f., LIFE-joy, 2097.

lig, lēg, st. m., flame, 83, 2549,
etc.; *dat.* ligge, 727.

lig-draca, lēg-draca, w. m., flame-
DRAKE, flaming dragon, 2333,
3040.

lig-egesa, w. m., flame-terror, 2780.

lige-torn, st. m., [LYing-anger] pre-
tended insult, 1943.

ligge, see lig.

lig-ŷð, st. f., flame-wave, 2672.

lim, st. neut., LIMB, branch; *dat.*
pl. leomum, 97.

limpan, st. v., happen, befall;
pret. lomp, 1987.

ā-limpan, *st. v.*, befall, 622, 733.

be-limpan, *st. v.*, befall, 2468.

ge-limpan, *st. v.*, befall, hap-
pen, 76, 626 (be fulfilled), 929
(be given), etc.

ge-lumpen, *pp. of limpan or*
gelimpan, "fulfilled," 824.

lind, st. f., LINDEN, shield (made of
linden), 2341, etc.

lind-gestealla, w. m., shield-com-
rade, comrade in arms, 1973.

lind-habbend, st. m. (pres. part.),
[LINDEN-HAVING] shield-warrior,
245, etc.

lind-plega, w. m., LINDEN-PLAY,
battle, 1073, etc.

lind-wiga, w. m., LINDEN-warrior,
shield-warrior, 2605.

linnan, st. v., with *gen.* or *dat.*,
cease, depart, be deprived, 1478,
2443.

liſs, st. f., favour, 2150.

liſt, st. f., cunning; *dat. pl. adver-*
bially, 781.

liðan, st. v., go; *pp.* liden, "tra-
versed," 223 (see eolet).

liðe, adj., gentle, mild, 1220.

liðost, *superl.*, gentlest, 3182.

liðend, st. m. (pres. part.), [going]
sailor, 221.

lið-wæge, st. neut., stoup of drink
(ale or cider?), 1982.

lixan, w. v., gleam, glisten; *pret.*
lixte, 311, 485, 1570.

locen, see lūcan.

lōcian, w. v., LOOK, 1654.

lof, st. m., praise, 1536.

- lof-dēd, *st. f.*, praise-DEED, deed worthy of praise, 24.
 lof-georn, *adj.*, YEARNING for praise.
 lof-geornost, *superl.*, mosteager for praise, 3182.
 lōg, see lēan.
 lomp, see limpan.
 lond, land, *st. neut.*, LAND, 221, 2197, etc.
 land-fruma, *w. m.*, LAND-chief, ruler of a land, 31.
 land-gemyrcu, *st. neut. pl.*, LAND-MARKS, boundaries, 209.
 land-geweorc, *st. neut.*, LAND-WORK, stronghold, 938.
 land-waru, *st. f.*, LAND-people; *pl.* land-wara, "people of the land," 2321.
 land-weard, *st. m.*, [LAND-WARD] guardian of a country, 1890.
 lond-buend, land-būend, *st. m.* (*pres. part.*), LAND-dweller, 95, 1345.
 lond-riht, *st. neut.*, LAND-RIGHT, right of a citizen or freeholder, 2886.
 long, lang, *adj.*, LONG, 54, 16, etc.
 lang-twidig, *adj.*, LONG-granted, lasting, 1708.
 lengra, *compar.*, LONGER, 134.
 longe, lange, *adv.*, LONG, 31, 1061, etc.
 leng, *compar.*, LONGER, 451, 974, etc.
 lengest, *superl.*, LONGEST, 2008, 2238.
 long-gestrōn, *st. neut.*, [LONG-possession] treasure of long ago, 2240.
 long-sum, *adj.*, [LONG-SOME] lasting long, 134, etc.
 losian, *w. v.*, escape, 1392, etc.
 lūcan, *st. v.*, LOCK, interlock, weave; *pp.* locen, gelocen, "locked, of interlocked rings," 1505, 1890, 2769, 2995.
 be-lūcan, *st. v.*, LOCK, secure; *pret.* belēac, 1132, 1770.
 on-lūcan, *st. v.*, UNLOCK; *pret.* onlēac, 259.
 tō-lūcan, *st. v.*, destroy, 781.
 lufen, *st. f.*, hope, 2886.
 lufan, *w. v.*, LOVE, 1982.
 luf-lācen, *st. neut.*, LOVE-TOKEN, 1863.
 lufu, *w. f.*, LOVE, 1728.
 lungre, *adv.*:
 (1) quickly, hastily, 929, 1630, etc.
 (2) quite, 2164.
 lust, *st. m.*, [LUST] pleasure, joy; *acc.* on lust, *dat. pl.* lustum, "with joy, with pleasure," 618, 1653.
 lyfan, *w. v.*
 ā-lyfan, *w. v.*, entrust, permit, 655, 3089.
 ge-lyfan, *w. v.*, BELIEVE in, trust for, rely on; *with dat. pers.* 909; *with dat. rei*, 440; *with acc. rei*, 608; þæt hēo on ænigne eorl gelyfde fyrena frōfre (*acc.*), "that she believed in any earl for comfort from crime," 627; him tō Anwaldan āre (*acc.*) gelyfde, "believed in favour from the Almighty for himself," 1272.
 lyfað, lyfde, see libban.
 lyft, *st. m. f. neut.*, [LIFT] air, 1375, etc.
 lyft-flōga, *w. m.*, [LIFT-FLIER] flier in the air, 2315.
 lyft-geswenced, *adj. (pp.)*, wind-urged, driven by the wind, 1913.
 lyft-wynn, *st. f.*, [LIFT-joy] joy in the air, 3043.
 lyht, see lēan.
 lȳsan, *w. v.*
 ā-lȳsan, *w. v.*, loose, loosen, 1630.
 lystan, *w. v.*, *impers.*, *with acc. pers.*, LIST; *pret.* 1793.
 lyt, *neut. adj. or n.*, *indecl.*, few, 2365; *with gen.* 1927, 2150, 2882, 2892 (*dat.*).
 lyt, *adv.*, LITTLE, 2897, 3129.
 lytel, *adj.*, LITTLE, 1748, 2097, etc.; *acc. f.* lytle hwile, "but a little while," 2030.
 lyt-hwōn, *adv.*, LITTLE, 204.

M.

mā, *compar. adv.*, with *gen.*, 504, etc.
mādmās, etc., see **māð(ð)um**.

mæg, see **magan**.

mæg, *st. m.*, kinsman, blood-relative, 408, etc.; *pl.* **māgas**, etc., 1015, etc.; *dat. pl.* **māgum**, 1178, etc., **māgum**, 2353.

mæg-burg, *st. f.*, [kin-BURGH] family; *gen.* **mæg-burge**, 2887.

mæge, **mægen** (2654), see **magan**.

mægen, *st. neut.*, MAIN, strength, force, army, 418, 445, etc.

mægen-āgende, *adj. (pres. part.)*, [MAIN-owning] mighty, 2837.

mægen-byrðen, *st. f.*, MAIN-BURDEN, great burden, 1625, etc.

mægen-cræft, *st. m.*, MAIN-CRAFT, mighty strength, 380.

mægen-ellen, *st. neut.*, MAIN-strength, great courage, 659.

mægen-fultum, *st. m.*, MAIN-aid, strong help, 1455.

mægen-ræs, *st. m.*, [MAIN-RACE] mighty onslaught, 1519.

mægen-strengo, *st. f.*, MAIN-STRENGTH; *dat.* 2678.

mægen-wudu, *st. m.*, [MAIN-wood] spear, 236.

mægð, *st. f.*, MAID, woman, 943, etc.

mægð, *st. f.*, tribe, people, 5, etc.

mæg-wine, *st. m.*, kinsman-friend; *pl.* 2479.

mæl, *st. neut.*, [MEAL]:

(1) time, occasion, 316, etc.

(2) sword, 1616, 1667.

mæl-cearu, *st. f.*, time-CARE, 189.

mæl-geſceaft, *st. f.*, [time-shaping] appointed time, 2737.

mænan, *w. v.*, [MEAN]:

(1) with *acc.*, declare, proclaim, 857, 1067.

(2) *trans. and intrans.*, moan, bemoan, mourn, lament, 1149, 2267, 3149, 3171.

-mænan, *w. v.*

ge-mænan, *w. v.*, violate, 1101.

mænigo, see **menigeo**.

mære, *adj.*, great, famous, notorious, 103, 762, 1301, 1474, 1598, etc.

mærost, *superl.*, greatest, 898.

mæroo, **mæroū**, *st. f.*, greatness, glory, fame, 504, 659, 678, etc.; greatness, great deed, deed of glory, exploit, 408, 2134, 2645; *dat. pl. as adv.*, gloriously, 2514.

mæst, *st. m.*, MAST, 36, etc.

mæst, see **māra**.

mæte, *adj.*, small.

mætost, *superl.*, smallest, 1455.

maga, *w. m.*, son, man, 943, 978, 1474, etc.

māga, *w. m.*, kinsman, 2006 (possibly *gen. pl.* of *māy*, q. v.).

***magan**, *st.-w. v.*, MAY, can, be able; *pres. sg.* 1st and 3rd **mæg**, 277, etc., 2nd **meaht**, 2047; *pres. subj. sg.* **mæge**, 2530, etc., *pl.* **mægen**, 2654; *pret.* **meahte**, 542, 648, etc., **mihte**, 190, 308, etc., **mehte**, 1082, etc. With *gān omitted*, 754. *Special passage*: **ne meahte**, "it was not possible, no one could," 2547.

māge, *w. f.*, kinswoman, 1391.

mago, *st. m.*, kinsman, son, 1465, etc.

mago-driht, *st. f.*, kindred-troop, band of warriors, 67.

mago-rinc, *st. m.*, kinsman-warrior, warrior, 730.

mago-þegn, **magu-þegn**, *st. m.*, kinsman-THANE, 293, 408, 1405, etc.

man(n), see **mon(n)**.

mān, *st. neut.*, [MOAN] wickedness, crime, 110, 1055, etc.

mān-fordædla, *w. m.*, wicked destroyer, 563.

manian, *w. v.*, exhort, 2057.

manig, see **monig**.

man-līce, *adv.*, in a MANLY way, 1046.

mān-sc(e)aða, *w. m.*, wicked scather, deadly foe, 712, 2514, etc.

māra, *compar. adj.* (of *micel*), greater, mightier, 247, 518, 753, etc.; *neut.*, with *gen.*, **māre**, MORE, 136.

mæst, *superl.*, [MOST] greatest, 78, 2181, etc.; *neut.*, with *gen.*, 2645, etc.

maðellan, *w. v.*, harangue, discourse, speak, 286, 2425, etc.

- māsm-mæht**, *st. f.*, owning of treasure, valuable possession, 1613, 2833.
- māsm-gestræon**, *st. neut.*, jewel-treasure, 1931.
- māð(ð)um**, *st. m.*, thing of value, treasure, jewel, 169, 1528, etc.; *pl.* māðmas, māðmas, etc., 36, 385, 1048, 1784, 1867, 2788, etc.
- māððum-fæst**, *st. neut.*, treasure-vat, costly vessel, 2405.
- māððum-gifu**, *st. f.*, treasure-gift, 1801.
- māððum-sigle**, *st. neut.*, treasure-jewel, costly sun-shaped ornament, 2757.
- māððum-sweord**, *st. neut.*, treasure-sword, sword inlaid with jewels, 1023.
- māððum-wela**, *w. m.*, [treasure-weal] wealth of treasure, 2750.
- mē**, *pers. pron. (acc. and dat. of ic)*, ME, to me, 446, 472, 541, etc.; *dat.* for myself, 2738.
- meagol**, *adj.*, forceful, earnest, solemn, 1980.
- meahte**, **meahton**, see **magan**.
- mēaras**, etc., see **mearh**.
- mearc**, *st. f.*, MARCH, limit; *dat.* him þæt tō mearce wearð, "that was his [life's] limit," 2384.
- mearclan**, *w. v.*, MARK, stain, engrave, 450; *pp.* gemearcōd, 1264, 1695.
- mearc-stapa**, *w. m.*, MARCH-STEPPER, march-stalker, 103, 1348.
- mearh**, *st. m.*, [MARE] horse; *pl.* mēaras, etc., 865, etc.
- mearn**, see **murnan**.
- meo**, *pers. pron. (acc. of ic)*, ME, 2089.
- mēce**, *st. m.*, sword, 1938, etc.
- mēd**, *st. f.*, MEED, reward, 1178, etc.
- medo**, **medu**, *st. m.*, MEAD, 2633; *dat.* 604.
- medo-ærn**, *st. neut.*, MEAD-hall, 69.
- medo-benc**, **medu-benc**, **meodu-benc**, *st. f.*, MEAD-BENCH, 776, 1067, 1902, etc.
- medo-ful**, *st. neut.*, MEAD-cup, 624, etc.
- medo-heal**, **meodu-heall**, *st. f.*, MEAD-HALL, 484, 638.
- medo-stig**, *st. f.*, MEAD-path, path to the mead-hall, 924.
- medu-dræam**, *st. m.*, MEAD-joy, 2016.
- medu-seld**, *st. neut.*, MEAD-hall, 3065.
- meodo-setl**, *st. neut.*, MEAD-SETTLE, 5.
- meodo-wong**, *st. m.*, MEAD-plain, plain or field where the mead-hall stood, 1643.
- meodu-scenc**, *st. m.*, MEAD-draught, 1980.
- mehte**, see **magan**.
- melda**, *w. m.*, informer, finder, 2405.
- meltan**, *st. v.*, *intrans.*, MELT, 1120, etc.
- ge-meltan**, *st. v.*, MELT, 897, 2623, etc.
- mene**, *st. m.*, collar, necklace, 1199.
- mengan**, *w. v.*:
- (1) MINGLE; *pp.* gemenged, 848, 1593.
 - (2) mingle with, visit, 1449.
- menigeo**, **mænigo**, *st. f.*, MANY, multitude, 41, 2143.
- meodo-**, **meodu-**, see under **medo**.
- meoto**, see **met**.
- meotod-**, see **metod-**.
- mercela**, *st. m.*, mark, aim, 2439. [Sievers § 159. 1.]
- mere**, *st. m.*, MERE, sea, 1130, etc.
- mere-dēor**, *st. neut.*, MERE-DEER, sea-monster, 558.
- mere-fara**, *w. m.*, MERE-FARER, sea-farer, 502.
- mere-flx**, *st. m.*, MERE-FISH, sea-fish, 549.
- mere-grund**, *st. m.*, [MERE-GROUND] bottom of a mere or sea, 1449, 2100.
- mere-hrægl**, *st. neut.*, [MERE-RAIL] sea-garment, sail, 1905.
- mere-liðend**, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, [MERE-going] sea-farer, sailor, 255.
- mere-stræt**, *st. f.*, [MERE-STREET] way over the sea, 514.
- mere-strengo**, *st. f.*, [MERE-

- STRENGTH]** strength in swimming, 533.
- mere-wif**, *st. neut.*, [**MERE-WIFE**] mer(e)-woman, 1519.
- mergen**, see **morgen**.
- met**, *st. neut.*, thought; *pl. meoto*, 489 (see note).
- metan**, *st. v.*, **METE**, measure, pass over, 514, 917, etc.
- ge-metan**, *st. v.*, **METE**, traverse, 924.
- mētan**, *w. v.*, **MEET**, find, 751, etc.
- ge-mētan**, *w. v.*, **MEET**, find, 757, etc.; *pret. pl. hȳ (acc.) ge-mēton*, "met each other," 2592.
- Metod**, *st. m.*, Creator, God, 110, etc.
- metod-sceaft**, *meoted-sceaft*, *st. f.*, appointed doom, eternity, 1077, 2815, 1180 (Creator's glory?).
- meċel**, *st. neut.*, council, 1876.
- meċel-stede**, *st. m.*, meeting-place, 1082.
- meċel-word**, *st. neut.*, council-word, formal word, 236.
- micel**, *adj.*, **MICKLE**, great, 129, etc.; *gen. micles wyrðne*, "worthy of much," 2185.
- micles**, *gen. used adverbially*; *tō fela micles*, "far too MUCH," 694.
- micle**, *instr. used adverbially*, by MUCH, much, 1579, 2651; *so swā micle*, "by so much," 1283.
- mid**, *prep.*, with *dat. and acc.*:
 (1) *with dat.*, with, **AMID**, among, 77, 195, 274, 902, 1217, 1813, 1868, 2308, etc.; *following its case*, 41, 889, 1625; *of time*, 126; *with, by means of, through*, 317, 438, 475, 574, 779, 1184, 1892, 2028, 2468, etc. *Special passages*: *mid rihte*, "by right," 2056; *mid gewældum*, "of his own accord," 2221; *mid him*, "among themselves," 2948.
 (2) *with acc.*, with, **AMID**, among, 357, 879, 1128, 2652, etc.
- mid**, *adv.*, with them, withal, therewith, 1642, 1649.
- middan-geard**, *st. m.*, [**MIDDLE-YARD**] world, earth, 75, etc.; *gen.* "in the world," 504, etc.
- midde**, *w. f.*, **MIDDLE**, 2705.
- middel-niht**, *st. f.*, **MID-NIGHT**, 2782, etc.
- miht**, *st. f.*, **MIGHT**, 700, etc.
- mihte**, see **magan**.
- mihtig**, *adj.*, **MIGHTY**, 558, etc.
- milde**, *adj.*, **MILD**, kind, 1172, etc.
- mildust**, *superl.*, **MILDEST**, kindest, 3181.
- mīl-gemearc**, *st. neut.*, **MILE-MARK**, measure by miles; *gen. nis þæt feor heonon mīl-gemearces*, "that is not many miles away," 1862.
- mīlts**, *st. f.*, **MILDNESS**, kindness, 2921.
- mīn**, *pers. pron. (gen. sg. of ic)*, of me, 2533, etc.
- mīn**, *poss. adj. (gen. sg. of ic)*, **MINE**, my, 255, etc.
- missan**, *w. v.*, *w. gen.*, **MISS**, 2439.
- missere**, *st. neut.*, half-year, 153.
- mist-hliff**, *st. neut.*, **MIST-slope**, misty hill-side; *dat. pl. mist-hleopum*, 710.
- mistig**, *adj.*, **MISTY**, 162.
- mōd**, *st. neut.*:
 (1) **MOOD**, mind, etc., 50, etc.
 (2) **courage**, 105, etc.; **moody pride**, fierceness, 1931.
- mōd-cearu**, *st. f.*, **MOOD-CARE**, sorrow of mind or heart, 1992, 3149.
- mōdega**, **mōdgan**, etc., see **mōdig**.
- mōd-gehygd**, *st. neut.*, mind-thought, 233.
- mōd-geþonc**, *st. neut.*, mind-thought, 1729.
- mōd-ġlomor**, *adj.*, sad in mind or heart, 2894.
- mōdig**, *adj.*, weak **mōd(i)ga**, **mōdega**; *gen. m. mōd(i)ges*; *pl. mōd(i)ge*: **MOODY**, brave, proud, 312, 502, 670, 1508, 1888, etc.
- mōdig-lic**, *adj.*, [**MOODY-LIKE**].
mōdig-licra, *compar.*, braver, prouder, 337.
- mōd-lufa**, *w. f.*, [**MOOD-LOVE**] heart's love, 1823.
- mōdor**, *st. f.*, **MOTHER**, 1258, etc.

- mōd-sefa, w. m.**, [MOOD-mind, -heart] mind, heart, courage, 180, 349, 1853, etc.
- mōd-þracu, st. f.**, [MOOD-]daring, 385.
- mon(n), man(n), st. m.**, *weak* man-na; *dat. sg.* men(n); *pl.* men: MAN, 25, 1943, etc.; *weak acc. sg.* mannon, 577.
- mon, man, indef. pron.**, one, they, people, 1172, 2355, etc.
- mōna, w. m.**, MOON, 94.
- mon-cynn, man-cynn, st. neut.**, MANKIND, 110, 164, 196, 1955, 2181.
- mon-drēam, man-drēam, st. m.**, [MAN-DREAM] human joy, 1264, 1715.
- mon-dryhten, -drihten, man-dryhten, -drihten, st. m.**, [MAN-]lord, etc., 436, 1229, 1978, 2865, etc.
- monig (moneg-), manig (maneg-), adj.**, MANY, 5, 75, etc.; *nom.* monig oft gesæt rice tō rīne, "many a mighty one oft sat in council," 171. *Often absolutely*, 857, etc.; *and with dependent gen. pl.* 728, etc.
- mon-þwære, adj.**, [MAN-]gentle, kind to men, 3181.
- mōr, st. m.**, MOOR, 103, etc.
- morgen, mergen, st. m.**, *dat.* morgne, mergenne: MORN, morning, morrow, 565, 837, 2484, etc.; *gen. pl.* morna, 2450.
- morgen-ceald, adj.**, MORNING-COLD, 3022.
- morgen-lēcht, st. neut.**, MORNING-LIGHT, 604, etc.
- morgen-long, adj.**, MORNING-LONG, 2894.
- morgen-swēg, st. m.**, [MORN-SWOUGH] morning-clamour, 129.
- morgen-tīd, st. f.**, MORNING-TIDE, 484, etc.
- mōr-hop, st. neut.**, MOOR-haunt, "sloping hollow on a moorside" (Skeat), 450.
- morna, see morgen.**
- morð-bealu, st. neut.**, MURDER-BALE, murder, 136.
- morðor, st. neut.**, MURDER, 892, 1683, etc.
- morðor-bealo, st. neut.**, MURDER-BALE, murder, 1079, 2742.
- morðor-bed, st. neut.**, MURDER-BED, 2436.
- morðor-hete, st. m.**, MURDEROUS HATE, 1105.
- mōste, see mōtan.**
- *mōtan, st.-w. v.**, may, be to, MUST, 186, 2886, etc.; *pret.* mōste, 168, 2574, etc.; *pret. pl.* mōstan, 2247.
- munan, st.-w. v.**
- ge-munan, st.-w. v.**, have in MIND, remember; *pres.* gemon, geman, 265, 1185, etc.; *pret.* ge-munde, 179, 1141, etc.
- on-munan, st.-w. v.**, remind; *pret.* onmunde ūsic mærcða, "reminded us of glory, urged us on to great deeds," 2640.
- mund, st. f.**, hand, 236, etc.
- mund-bora, w. m.**, [hand-BEABER] protector, 1480, etc.
- mund-gripe, st. m.**, hand-GRIP, 380, etc.
- murnan, st. v.**, MOURN, be anxious, reckon, care, 50, 136, 1442, 1537, etc.
- be-murnan, st. v.**, *with acc.*, BEMOURN, mourn over, 907, etc.
- mūða, w. m.**, MOUTH, 724.
- mūð-bona, w. m.**, MOUTH-BANE, one who slays by biting, 2079.
- myndgian, w. v.**, call to MIND:
- (1) *with gen.*, remember, 1105.
 - (2) remind, 2057.
- ge-myndgian, w. v.**, bring to MIND, remember; *pp.* gemyndgad, 2450.
- myne, st. m.**:
- (1) wish, hope, 2572.
 - (2) love; *acc.* ne his myne wisse, "nor did he know his love," 169.
- mynian, w. v.**
- ge-mynian, w. v.**, MIND, be mindful of, 659.
- myntan, w. v.**, be MINDED, intend, 712, 731, 762.

myrce, *adj.*, MURKY, 1405.
myrð, *st. f.*, MIRTH; *dat.* *mōdes*
myrðe, *de gaieté de cœur*, 810.

N.

nā, *neg. adv.*, never, not at all, not,
 445, 567, etc.

naca, *w. m.*, bark, craft, 214, 295,
 1896; *dat.* 1903.

nacod, *adj.*, NAKED, 539, etc.

næbben, 1850, = *ne hæbben*, see
habban.

næfne, see *nefne*.

næfre, *adv.*, NEVER, 247, etc.

nægan, *w. v.*, greet, accost, 1318.

ge-nægan, *w. v.*, assail; *pret.*
pl. genægdan, 2206; *pp. genæged*,
 1439.

nægl, *st. m.*, NAIL, 985.

næglian, *w. v.*, NAIL; *pp. nægled*,
 "nailed, riveted, studded," 2023.

nænig (= *ne ænig*), *adj.-pron.*, not
 ANY, none, no, 859, etc.; *with*
gen. pl. 157, etc.

nære, *næron*, = *ne wære*, *ne wæron*,
 see *wesan*.

næs, = *ne wæs*, see *wesan*.

næs, *neg. adv.*, not, not at all, 562,
 etc.

næs(s), *st. m.*, NESS, headland, 1439,
 etc.

næs-hlið, *st. neut.*, NESS-slope, head-
 land-slope; *dat. pl. næs-hleoðum*,
 1427.

nāh, = *ne āh*, see *āgan*.

nalas, *nalæs*, *nales*, *nallas*, *nalles*,
 see *nealles*.

nam, see *niman*.

nama, *w. m.*, NAME, 78, etc.

nāman, *-nāmon*, see *niman*.

nān (= *ne ān*), *adj.-pron.*, NONE, no,
 989; *with gen. pl.* 803.

nāt, = *ne wāt*, see *witan*.

nāt-hwylc (= *ne wāt hwylc*; cf. l.
 274), *adj.-pron.*, [WOT NOT WHICH]
 some, some one, a certain (one),
 1513; *with gen. pl.* 2215, 2053, etc.

ne, *neg. particle*, not, 88, 1384, etc.;
doubled, *ne...ne*, 182, 245-6,
 etc.; *nōðer...ne*, 2124; *ne...nō*,

1508. *Special passage*: 1604
 (see note). *Often found in com-*
position with verbs, e.g. nāh,
næbben, næs, nolde, nāt, etc.,
for which see āgan, habban, we-
san, willan, witan; in composition
with ā, ænig, etc., it forms the
words nā, nænig, etc. (q. v.).

Correlated with ne or another
negative, not...nor, neither...nor,
etc., 511, 1082-4, etc.; ne...ne
...ne, 1100-1; nō...ne, 168-9,
575-7, etc.; nō...ne...ne...ne,
1392-4, 1735-7; næfre...ne, 583
-4, 718; nalles...ne, 3015-6.

Correlated with a doubled ne-
gative: ne...ne...nænig, 154-7;
ne...nænig...nære, 858-60.

nēah, *adj.*, NIGH, near, 1743, 2728;
with dat. nēh, 2411.

nīehst, *nȳhst*, *superl.*, [NEXT]
 last, 1203, 2511.

nēah, *adv.*, NIGH, near, 1221, 2870;
with dat. 564, 1924, 2242.

nēar, *compar.*, NEARER, 745.

nealles, etc. (= *ne ealles*), *adv.*, not
 at ALL, by no means, 2145, etc.;
nalles, 338, etc.; *nallas*, 1719,
 etc.; *nales*, 1811; *nalas*, 1493,
 etc.; *nalæs*, 43.

nēan, *nēon*, *adv.*, from NIGH, from
 near, near, 528 (at close quarters),
 839, 3104, etc.

nearo, *st. neut.*, [NARROWS] straits,
 distress, 2350, etc.

nearo, *adj.*, NARROW, 1409.

nearo-cræft, *st. m.*, [NARROW-CRAFT]
 inaccessibility, 2243.

nearo-fāh, *st. m.*, [NARROW-FOE] foe
 causing distress; *gen. nearo-*
fāges, 2317.

nearo-bearf, *st. f.*, [NARROW-need]
 dire distress, 422.

nearwe, *adv.*, NARROWLY, 976.

nearwian, *w. v.*, [NARROW] straiten,
 press; *pp. genearwod*, 1438.

nefa, *w. m.*, nephew, 881, etc.;
grandson, 1203, 1962.

nefne, *næfne*, *nemne*, *conj.*:
 (1) unless, 250, 1056, 1552, etc.;
 except that, 1353.

- (2) *In elliptical sentences, with quasi-prepositional force, unless, save, 1934, 2151, 2533.*
- nāh**, see **nāh**, *adj.*
- nelle**, = *ne wille*, see **willan**.
- nemnan**, *w. v.*, NAME, call, 364, etc.
- be-nemnan**, *w. v.*, swear, curse, 1097, 3069.
- nemne**, *prep.*, with *dat.*, except, 1081.
- nemne**, *conj.*, see **nefne**.
- nēod-laðu** (= *nied-laðu*), *st. f.*, pressing (invitation) summons; *dat.* after **nēod-laðu**, "after the pressing summons (Beowulf had received)," 1320.
- nēon**, see **nēan**.
- nēos(1)an**, **nīos(1)an**, *w. v.*, with *gen.*, visit, revisit, attack, 115, 125, 2388, 2671, etc.; *pres. 3rd* **nīosað**, 2486.
- nēotan**, *st. v.*, use, enjoy, 1217.
- be-nēotan**, **bi-nēotan**, *st. v.*, with *acc. pers.* and *dat. rei*, deprive, 680, 2396.
- neofor**, see **niðer**.
- nēowol**, *adj.*, steep; *pl.* **nēowle**, 1411.
- nerian**, *w. v.*, save, preserve, 572; *pp.* generated, 827.
- nesan**, *st. v.*
- ge-nesan**, *st. v.*:
- (1) *intrans.* survive, escape, 999.
 - (2) *trans.* survive, escape (from), 1977, etc.; *pp.* **genesen**, 2397.
- nēðan**, *w. v.*:
- (1) with *acc.*, dare, encounter, 2350.
 - (2) with *dat.*, risk, 510, 538.
- ge-nēðan**, *w. v.*:
- (1) with *acc.* hazard, dare, venture on, brave, 888, 959, 1656, 1933, 2511.
 - (2) with *dat.* risk, 1469.
- nīcor**, *st. m.*, NICKER (sea-monster), 422, etc.
- nīcor-hūs**, *st. neut.*, NICKER-HOUSE, cavern of a sea-monster, 1411.
- nīehst**, see **nāh**, *adj.*
- nīgen**, *num.*, NINE; *inflected*, 575.
- nīht**, *st. f.*, NIGHT, 115, 1334, etc.; *gen. (m.)* **nīhtes**, 3044.
- nīhtes**, *gen. (m.)* used *adverbially*, of a NIGHT, by night, 422, 2269, etc.
- nīht-bealu**, *st. neut.*, NIGHT-BALE, evil at night, 193.
- nīht-helm**, *st. m.*, NIGHT-HELM, night, 1789.
- nīht-long**, *adj.*, NIGHT-LONG, 528.
- nīht-weorc**, *st. neut.*, NIGHT-WORK, 827.
- nīman**, *st. v.*, take, seize; *pres. 3rd*, **nīmeð**, **nīmeð**, 441, 598, etc.; *pret. sg.*, **nam**, **nōm**, 746, 1612, etc.; *pret. pl.* **nāman**, 2116; *pp.* (ge)nūmen, 1153, 3165.
- be-nīman**, *st. v.*, deprive; *pret.* **benam**, 1886.
- for-nīman**, *st. v.*, carry off; *pret.* **fornam**, **-nāmon**, 488, 2828, etc.
- ge-nīman**, *st. v.*, take, seize, take away, clasp; *pret.* **genam**, **genōm**, 1872, 2776, etc.
- nīod**, *st. f.*, pleasure, delight, 2116.
- nīos(1)an**, see **nēos(1)an**.
- nīofor**, see **niðer**.
- nīowe**, see **nīwe**.
- nīpan**, *st. v.*, darken, 547, 649.
- nīa**, = *ne is*, see **wesan**.
- nīð**, *st. m.*, envy, spite, malice, hate, violence, war, contest, conflict, struggle, 184, 827, 882, 2317, 2350, 2397, 2680, etc.; affliction, 423.
- Gen. pl. used instrumentally*, in fight, in war, by force, 845, 1439, 1962, 2170, 2206.
- nīðas**, see **nīðas**.
- nīð-draca**, *w. m.*, [ENVY-DRAKE] malicious dragon, 2273.
- nīðer**, **nyðer**, **nīofor**, *adv.*, [NETHER] down, downwards, 1360, 2699, 3044.
- nīð-gæst**, *st. m.*, [ENVY-GUEST] malicious guest, 2699.
- nīð-geweorc**, *st. neut.*, [ENVY-WORK] work of enmity, deed of violence, 683.
- nīð-grim**, *adj.*, [ENVY-GRIM] maliciously grim or terrible, 193.

nif-heard, *adj.*, war-HARD, hardy in war, 2417.

nif-hēdig, *adj.*, war-minded, 3165.

nif-sele, *st. m.*, hostile hall, 1513.

nifōas, **nifas**, *st. m. pl.*, men, 1005, 2215.

nif-wundor, *st. neut.*, dread WONDER, 1365.

nīwe, *adj.*, NEW, 783 (startling), 949, etc.; *dat. weak* nīwan, nīwan, *stefne*, "anew," 1789, 2594.

nīwian, *w. v.*, RENEW; *pp.* geniwod, geniwad, 1303, 2287, etc.

nīw-tyrwed, *adj. (pp.)*, NEW-TARRED, 295.

nō, *adv.*, NOT at all, not, 136, 168 (*see ne*), 541, 543, 1508 (*see ne*), etc.

nolde, = *ne wolde*, *see willan*.

nōm, *see niman*.

nōn, *st. f.*, [NOON] ninth hour, 3 p.m., 1600.

north, *adv.*, NORTH, 858.

northan, *adv.*, from the NORTH, 547.

nose, *w. f.*, [NOSE] naze, cape, 1892, 2803.

nōðer (= *ne ā hwæðer*), *adv.*, NOR, 2124.

nū, *adv.*, NOW, 251, etc.

nū, *conj.*, NOW, now that, seeing that, 430, etc.; *correlative with* nū, *adv.*, 2743-5.

nŷd, *st. f.*, NEED, compulsion, 1005, 2454 (*pangs*).

nŷdan, *w. v.*, force, compel; *pp.* genŷded, 2680; *inflected*, genŷdde, 1005 (*see gesacan*).

nŷd-bād, *st. f.*, [NEED-pledge] forced pledge, forced toll, 598.

nŷd-gestealla, *w. m.*, NEED-comrade, comrade in or at need, 882.

nŷd-gripe, *st. m.*, [NEED-GRIP] dire grip, 976.

nŷd-wracu, *st. f.*, [NEED-WRACK] dire ruin, 193.

nŷht, *see nōah*, *adj.*

nyman, *see niman*.

nymbe, *conj.*, unless, 781, etc.

nyt, *adj.*, useful, of use, 794.

nytt, *st. f.*, duty, office, service, 494, 3118.

nyttian, *w. v.*, with *gen.*

ge-nyttian, *w. v.*, with *acc.*, use, enjoy; *pp.* genyttod, 3046.

nyðer, *see niðer*.

O.

of, *prep.*, with *dat.*, from, 37, 56, 229, 710, 1108, 1138, 1571, 1892, 2083, 2743, 2769, etc.; or (*after ūt*), 663, 2557; out of, 419; *off*, 672. *Special passage*: ðā hē him of dyde, "then he dorred," 671.

ofer, *prep.*, OVER, with *acc.* (of motion, etc.) and *dat.* (of rest): (1) with *acc.*, over, 10, 46, 200, 217, 231, 239, 240, 311, 649, 859, 983, 1705, 1717, 2259, 2980, etc.; against, 2330, 2409, 2589; of, 2724; above, beyond, 2879; without, 685; of time, after, 736, 1781. *Special passages*: ofer eorðan, "on earth," 248, etc.; ofer wer-þeode, "throughout the nations of men," 899; ofer ealle, "so that all could hear," 2899. (2) with *dat.*, over, 481, 1244, 1907, 2907, 2908, etc.

ōfer, *st. m.*, bank, shore, 1371.

ofer-hygd, -hŷd, *st. f. neut.*, contempt, pride, 1740, 1760.

ofer-mægen, *st. neut.*, OVER-MAIN, superior force, 2917.

ofer-māðum, *st. m.*, [OVER-treasure] very rich treasure, 2993.

ofost, *st. f.*, haste, 256, 3007; *dat.* ofoste, ofeste, ofste, 386, 1292, 2747, etc. ["Beiträge" x. 505.]

ofost-līce, *adv.*, hastily, 3130.

oft, *adv.*, OFT, often, 4, 2029, 3019, etc.

oftor, *compar.*, OFTENER, 1579.

oftost, *superl.*, OFTENESE, 1663.

ō-hwær, **ō-wēr**, *adv.*, ANYWHERE, 1737, 2870.

ombeht, **ombiht**, *st. m.*, servant, officer, marshal, 287, 336.

ombiht-þegn, *st. m.*, attendant-THANE, 673.

ōmig, *adj.*, rusty, 2763, etc.

on, an (677, 1247, 1935), *prep.*, **ON**; *with dat. and acc., usu. dat. of rest and acc. of motion, but instances of the acc. are common, as will be seen, in which there is no suggestion, or the merest suggestion, of motion:*

(1) *with dat., of place and time*, **on**, **in**, 40, 53, 76, 409, 607, 609, 677, 702, 782, 847, 891, 926, 1041, 1292, 1352, 1544, 1581, 1618 (*A-swimming*), 1643, 1662, 1830 (*with respect to*), 1884, 2197, 2248, 2276, 2311 (*upon*), 2705, 3157, etc.; *after its case*, 1935, 2357, 2866; *in, among*, 1557; **at**, 126, 303, 575, 683, 3148; **by**, 1484.

(2) *with acc., onto, into*, 35, 67, etc.; **on**, **in**, 507, 516, 627, 635, 708, 996, 1095, 1109, 1297, 1456, 1675, 2132, 2193, 2690, 2650 (*with regard to*; cf. ll. 1830-1), etc.; *of time*, 484, 837, 1428, etc.; *to*, 1728, 2662, 1739 (*according to*); *towards*, 21.

Special passages: 873 (*see spēd*), 1579 (*see ān*), 1753 (*see ende-staef*), 2799 (*see feorh-legu*), 2903 (*see efn*), 2962 (*see wrecan*); **on** *gebyrd*, "by fate," 1074; **an wīg gearwe**, "ready for war," 1247; **on ryht**, "rightly," 1555; **on unriht**, "falsely," 2739; **on gylp**, "for a boast, out of bravado," 1749; **on minne sylfes dōm**, "at my own disposal, choice," 2147; **be ic hēr on starie**, "on which I am here gazing," 2796.

on innan, *see innan*.

on weg, *AWAY*, 763, etc.

on, adv., **ON**, 3084 (*see note*).

oncer-bend, *st. m. f.*, **ANCHOR-BAND**, *anchor-chain*, 1918.

on-cyð(ð), *st. f.*, *distress, suffering*, 830, 1420.

ond, conj., **AND**, 39, 600, etc.

ond-long, and-long, *adj.*, *livelong*, 2115, 2938; *acc. m.* **ðā ic...ge-frægn...andlongne eorl ellen cý-ðan**, "then I learnt that the earl

displayed unceasing courage," 2695.

on-drygne, *adj.*, *terrible*, 1932.

ond-saca, *v. m.*, *adversary*, 786, etc.

ond-slyht, *st. m.*, *back-stroke, return blow*, 2929, 2972.

ond-swaru, *st. f.*, **ANSWER**, 354, 1493, 1840, 2860.

ōnettan, *v. v.*, *hasten*; *pret. pl.* 306, 1803. ["Beiträge" x. 487.]

on-gāan, *prep.*, *with dat.*, *AGAINST*, *towards*, **at**, 1034; *after its case*, 681, 2364 (*see foran*); *without object*, 747 (*or adv. = forwards*).

onlic-nes, *st. f.*, **LIKENESS**, 1351.

on-mēdla, *v. m.*, *arrogance*, 2926.

on-sāge, *adj.*, *impending, fatal*, 2483; *nom.* **pār wæs Hondscio hild onsāge**, "there was battle impending over Hondscio," 2076.

on-syn, an-syn, *st. f.*, *sight, appearance, form*, 251, 928, 2772, 2834.

on-weald, *st. m.*, [**WIELDING**] *control, possession*, 1043.

open, *adj.*, **OPEN**, 2271.

openian, *v. v.*, **OPEN**, 3056.

ōr, *st. neut.*, *beginning, origin, van*, 1041, 1688, 2407.

orc, *st. m.*, *flagon*, 2760, etc.

orcneð, *st. m.*, *sea-monster*, 112.

ord, *st. neut.*, *point, front, van*, 556, 2498, 2791.

ord-fruma, *v. m.*, *chief, prince*, 263.

ōret-mecg, *st. m.*, *warrior*, 332, 481, etc. [Sievers § 43, N. 4.]

ōretta, *v. m.*, *warrior*, 1532, etc.

oreð-, *see oruð*.

or-feorme, *adj.*, *without food, famishing, destitute*, 2385.

or-leahre, *adj.*, *blameless*, 1886.

or-leg, *st. neut.*, *battle, war*, 1326, etc.

orleg-hwīl, *st. f.*, *battle-while*, *time of battle or war*, 2002, etc.

or-þonc, or-þanc, *st. m.*, [*original thought*] *skill*, 406; *dat. pl. ad-verbially*, *skilfully*, 2087.

oruð, *st. neut.*, *breath*, 2557; *gen.* **oreðes**, 2523; *dat.* **oreðe**, 2839.

or-wearde, *adj.*, WARDLESS, un-
guarded, 3127.

or-wēna, *adj.* (*weak form*), with
gen., [WĒENLESS] hopeless, despair-
ing, 1002, etc.

oð, *prep.*, *w. acc.*, until, 2399, etc.

oð þæt, *conj.*, till, until, 9, etc.;

once, oðð þæt, 66.

oðer, *num. adj.-pron.*, OTHER, (the)
one, (the) other, the second,
another, 219 (see note), 503, 859,
1133, 1300, 1583 (see *swylo*),
1755, 2117, 2451, 2481, 2670,
2985, etc.; *correl.* oðer...oðer,
"one...the other," 1849-51. *Neut.*
pl. oðer, 870. *Special passage:*
ealo-drincende oðer sēdan, "the
ale-drinkers told another tale,"
1945.

oðð, see oð.

oððe, *conj.*:

(1) or, 283, 649 (see note), etc.

(2) and, 2475.

ōwēr, see ohwēr.

ō-wiht, *pron.*, AUGHT; *dat.* a WHIT,
1822, 2432.

R.

rēcan, *w. v.*, *intrans.*, REACH; *pret.*
rēhte, 747.

ge-rēcan, *w. v.*, *trans.*, REACH;
pret. gerēhte, 556, 2965.

rēd, *st. m.*, [REDE] advice, counsel,
help, benefit, gain, 172, 1201,
1376, 2027.

rēdan, *st. and w. v.*:

(1) *intrans.*, decide, decree, 2858.

(2) *trans.*, possess, 2056.

rēd-bora, *w. m.*, [REDE-BEARER]
counsellor, 1325.

Rēdond, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, Ruler
(God), 1555.

rēran, *w. v.*

ā-rēran, *w. v.*, REAR, raise,
exalt, extol, 1703, 2983.

rēs, *st. m.*, RACE, rush, storm, on-
slaught, 2356, 2626.

rēsan, *w. v.*, RACE, rush, 2690.

ge-rēsan, *w. v.*, RACE, rush,
2839.

rēst, *st. f.*, REST, resting-place, bed,
139, 1237, etc.

rēswa, *w. m.*, leader, 60.

rand, see rond.

rāsan, *w. v.*, find, explore; *pp.*

rāsod, 2283.

raße, see hraße.

rēafian, *w. v.*, REAVE, rob, plunder;
pret. rēafode, rēafedon, 1212,
2985, etc.

be-rēafian, *w. v.*, BEREAVE; *pp.*,
with *dat.*, bereft, 2746, etc.

rēc, *st. m.*, REEK, smoke, 3155.

rēcan, *w. v.*, with *gen.*, RECK, care;
pres. 3rd, recceð, 434.

reccan, *w. v.*, relate, tell, 91; *dat.*
inf. reccenne, 2093; *pret.* rehte,
2106, 2110.

reced, *st. neut.*, house, building,
hall, 412, etc.

regn-heard, *adj.*, [mighty-HARD]
wondrous hard, 326.

regnian, rēnian, *w. v.*, prepare,
adorn, 2168; *pp.* geregnad, 777.

rēn-weard (= regn-), *st. m.*, mighty
warden, mighty guard, 770.

rēc, fierce, 122.

rēofan, *st. v.*

be-rēofan, *st. v.*, bereave, de-
prive; *pp.*, *acc. sg. f.*, berofene,
2457, 2931.

rēon, see rōwan.

reord, *st. f.*, speech, 2555.

reordian, *w. v.*, speak, croak, 3025.

ge-reordian, *w. v.*, prepare a
feast; *pp.* gereorded, 1788.

rēot, *st. m.?* f.?, revel, 2457.

rēotan, *st. v.*, weep, 1376.

restan, *w. v.*, REST, cease, 1799,
1857, etc.

rēþe, *adj.*, fierce, furious, 122, etc.

rice, *st. neut.*, realm, 861, etc.

rice, *adj.*, RICH, powerful, mighty,
172, 310, 399, etc.

ricone, *adv.*, quickly, 2983.

rician, rixian, *w. v.*, reign, rule,
domineer, raid, 144, 2211.

ridan, *st. v.*, RIDE, 234, 1883, etc.;
pret. pl. riodan, 3169.

ge-ridan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, RIDE
over, 2898.

riðend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, RIDER;
pl. riðend, 2457.

riht, *st. neut.*, RIGHT, 144, 1700,
etc.; *acc. on riht*, "rightly,"
1555; *dat. after rihte*, "in ac-
cordance with right," 1049, etc.;
acc. pl. ealde riht, "the old
laws, the ten commandments,"
2330.

rihte, *adv.*, RIGHTLY, 1695.

riðan, *w. v.*, [RIME] count, num-
ber; *pp. gerimed*, 59.

riuc, *st. m.*, man, wight, warrior,
399, 720, 741, etc.

riodan, see **riðan**.

riisan, *st. v.*

ā-riisan, *st. v.*, ARISE, 399, 2403,
etc.

riðian, see **riðian**.

roðor, *st. m.*, sky, heaven, 310,
1376, 1555, 1572.

rōf, *adj.*, strong, brave, renowned,
1793, 1925, 2538, 2690; *with*
gen. 682, 2084.

rond, *rand*, *st. m.*, shield, 231, 656,
2673, etc.

rand-wiga, *w. m.*, shield-
warrior, 1298, etc.

rond-hæbbend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*,
[shield-HAVING] shield-warrior,
861.

rōwan, *st. v.*, ROW, swim; *pret. pl.*
rēon=**rēowon**, 512, etc.

rūm, *st. m.*, ROOM, space, 2690.

rūm, *adj.*, ROOMY, spacious, ample,
great, 278, 2461.

rūm-heort, *adj.*, [BOOM-HEART] great-
hearted, bountiful, 1799, 2110.

rūn, *st. f.*, RUNE, council, 172.

rūn-stæf, *st. m.*, RUNE-STAVE, runic
letter, 1695.

rūn-wita, *w. m.*, [RUNE-] wise man,
councillor, 1325.

ryht, see **riht**.

ryman, *w. v.*:

(1) make ROOMY, prepare; *pp.*
gerymed, 492, 1975.

(2) make ROOM, clear a way;
pp. **ðā him gerymed wearð**, **þæt**
hie wæl-stōwe wealdan mōston,
"when the way was made clear

for them so that they were
masters of the field," 2983; *so*
8088.

ge-ryman, *w. v.*, make ROOMY,
prepare, 1086.

S.

sacan, *st. v.*, strive, 439.

ge-sacan, *st. v.*, gain by strife;
inf. ac gesacan sceal...nȳde
genȳdde niþða bearna...gearwe
stōwe, "but he shall gain by
strife the inevitable prepared
place of the children of men,"
1004.

on-sacan, *st. v.*:

(1) *with acc. pers. and gen. rei*,
attempt a person's life: *pres.*
subj. **þætte freoðu-webbe feores**
onsæce...lēofne mannan, "that
a peace-weaver should assail the
life of a dear man," 1942.

(2) *with acc. rei and dat. pers.*,
refuse, dispute, 2954.

sacu, *st. f.*, strife, 1857, 2472; *acc.*
sæce, 154.

sadol, *st. m.*, SADDLE, 1038.

sadol-beorht, *adj.*, SADDLE-BRIGHT,
with a bright or splendid saddle
(*cf.* l. 1038), 2175.

sæ, *st. m. f.*, SEA, 579, 507, 2394,
etc.; *dat. pl.* **sæm**, 858, etc.

sæ-bāt, *st. m.*, SEA-BOAT, 633, 895.

sæcc, *st. f.*, strife, fight, contest,
953, 1977, 2029, etc.; *gen. sg.*
secce, 600. *Cf.* **sacu**.

sæce, see **sacu**.

sæ-cyning, *st. m.*, SEA-KING, 2382.

sædan, see **secgan**.

sæ-dēor, *st. neut.*, SEA-DEER, sea-
monster, 1510.

sæ-draca, *w. m.*, SEA-DRAKE, sea-
dragon, 1426.

sægan, *w. v.*, cause to sink, lay
low; *pp.* **gesæged**, 884.

sæ-gēap, *adj.*, SEA-wide, spacious,
1896.

sæ-genga, *w. m.*, SEA-goer, ship,
1882, 1908.

sægon, see **sēon**.

sæ-grund, *st. m.*, SEA-GROUND, bottom of the sea,
sæl, *st. neut.*, hall, 307, etc.; *acc. sel*, 167.
sæl, *st. m. f.*:
 (1) time, season, occasion, opportunity, 622, 1008, etc.; *acc. sg. sēle*, 1135.
 (2) happiness, joyance, bliss, 643, etc.; *dat. pl. sālum*, 607.
sæ-lāc, *st. neut.*, SEA-booty, 1624; *acc. pl. sǣ-lāc*, "sea-spoils," 1652.
sæ-lād, *st. f.*, SEA-path, sea-voyage, 1139, 1157.
sælan, *w. v.*, bind, tie, secure, 226, 1917; *pp. gesæled*, "bound, twisted, interwoven," 2764.
on-sælan, *w. v.*, unbind; *imperat. sg. onsæl meoto*, "unbind thy thoughts," 489.
sælan, *w. v.*, happen.
ge-sælan, *w. v.*, often *impers.*, befall, chance, happen, 890, 1250; *pret. sg. me gesæelde þæt*, "it chanced that," or "I succeeded in," 574.
sæld, *st. neut.*, hall, 1280.
sæ-liðend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, SEAFarer; *nom. pl. sǣ-liðend*, 411, etc.; *sǣ-liðende*, 377.
sæliðe (?), 3152, see note on 3155.
sæ-mann, *st. m.*, SEA-MAN, 329, 2954.
sæ-mǣðe, *adj.*, SEA-weary, 325.
sæmra, *compar. adj. (without pos.)*, worse, weaker, 953, 2880.
sæ-næss, *st. m.*, SEA-NESS, headland, 223, 571.
sæne, *adj.*.
sæmra, *compar.*, slower, 1436.
sæ-rinc, *st. m.*, SEA-warrior, 690.
sæ-sifð, *st. m.*, SEA-journey, 1149.
sæ-weall, *st. m.*, SEA-WALL, 1924.
sæ-wong, *st. m.*, SEA-plain, shore, 1964.
sæ-wudu, *st. m.*, SEA-WOOD, ship, 226.
sæ-wylm, *st. m.*, [SEA-WELLING] sea-surge, 393.
 -saga, see -secgan.
sāl, *st. m.*, rope, 302, 1906.

sālum, see **sæl**.
samod, see **somod**.
sand, *st. neut.*, SAND, 213, etc.
sang, *st. m.*, SONG, 90, etc.
sār, *st. f. neut.*, SORE, pain, wound, 787, 975; *nom. sio sār*, 2468; *acc. sære*, "harm," 2295.
sār, *adj.*, SORE, 2058.
sære, *adv.*, SORELY, 1251, 2222, 2311, 2746.
sārig, *adj.*, SORRY, sad, 2447.
sārig-ferð, *adj.*, [SORRY-heart] sore at heart, 2863.
sārig-mōd, *adj.*, [SORRY-MOOD] in mournful mood, 2942.
sār-liç, *adj.*, [SORE-LIKE] painful, sad, 842, 2109.
sāwl-berend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, [SOUL-BEARING] being endowed with a soul, 1004.
sāwol, *st. f.*, SOUL, 2820, etc.; *acc. gen. sǣwle*, 184, 2422, etc.; *gen. sǣwele*, 1742.
sāwol-lēas, **sāwol-lēas**, SOULLESS, lifeless, 1406, 3033.
sāwol-drīor, *st. neut.*, [SOUL-gore] heart's blood, life's blood, 2693.
scacan, *st. v.*, *pres. sg. sceaceð*, 2742, *pp. scacen*, *sceacen*, 1124, 2306, etc.: SHAKE, go, depart, hasten, 1136, 2254, etc. *Special passages: inf. ðā cōm beorht scacan sunne ofer grundas*, "then the bright sun came hastening o'er the plains," 1802; *pret. stræla storm strengum gebæded scōc ofer scild-weall*, "the storm of arrows, sent by the strings, flew over the shield-wall," 3118.
scādan, *st. v.*.
ge-scādan, *st. v.*, decide; *pret. gescēd*, 1555.
scadu-helm, *st. m.*, [SHADOW-HELM] shadow-covering, cover of night; *gen. pl. scadu-helma gesceapu*, "shapes of the shadows," 650.
scami(g)an, *w. v.*, be ASHAMED, 1026, 2850.
scaþa, see **sceaþa**.
sceacen, **sceaceð**, see **scacan**.
scead, *st. neut.*, SHADE; *acc. pl.*

- under *sceadu bregdan*, "cast under the shades, i.e. kill," 707.
- scōaden-mæl*, *adj.*, curiously inlaid (sword); *absolutely*, 1939.
- sceadu-genga*, *w. m.*, SHADOW-goer, prowler by night, 703.
- sceal*, etc., see *sculan*.
- scealc*, *st. m.*, MARSHAL, retainer, 918, 939.
- scearp*, *adj.*, SHARP, 288.
- scēat*, *st. m.*, [SHEET] corner, region, quarter, 96; *gen. pl. sceatta*, 752.
- sceatt*, *st. m.*, money, 1686.
- sceaþa*, *scapa*, *w. m.*, SCATHER, foe, warrior: *nom. pl. scapan*, 1803, 1895; *gen. pl. sceapena*, 4, *sceaþona*, 274.
- sceaþan*, *st. v.*, with *dat.*, SCATHE, injure; *pret. scōd*, 1887.
- ge-sceaþan*, *st. v.*, with *dat.*, SCATHE, 1502, 1587. *Special passages*: *pret. sg. sē* ðe him sære gescōd, "who injured himself sorely," 2222; *bill ær gescōd...* eald-hlāfordes þam ðara mǣðma mund-bora wæs longe hwile, "the old lord's (Beowulf's) sword had erewhile injured him that had been the protector of those treasures a long while," 2777.
- scēawere*, *st. m.*, explorer, spy, 253.
- scēawi(g)an*, *w. v.*, with *acc.*, [SHEW] espy, see, view, observe, 840, 843, 1391, etc.; *pres. pl. subj. scēawian*, 8008; *pret. pl. scēawedon*, 132, etc.; *pp. gescēawod*, 3075, 3084.
- scōd*, see -*scādan*.
- sceft*, *st. m.*, SHAFT, 3118.
- sceol*, see *sculan*.
- sceancan*, *w. v.*, SKINK, pour out; *pret. sg. scencte*, 496.
- senne*, *w. f.*, sword-guard, 1694.
- scōd*, see -*sceaþan*.
- sceolde*, see *sculan*.
- scōp*, see -*scyppan*.
- scōtan*, *st. v.*, SHOOT, 1744.
- ge-scōtan*, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, SHOOT or dart into, hurry to; *pret. sg. hord eft gescēat*, 2319.
- of-scōtan*, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, SHOOT OFF, kill; *pret. sg. ofscēt*, 2439.
- scōtend*, *st. m.* (*pres. part.*), SHOOTER, warrior; *pl.* 703, 1154.
- scepen*, see *scyppan*.
- sceran*, *st. v.*, SHEAR, cut, 1287.
- ge-sceran*, *st. v.*, SHEAR, cut in two, 1526; *pret. sg. gesceor*, 2973.
- scēt*, see -*scōtan*.
- sceþþan*, *w. v.*, *usu. with dat.*, scathe, injure, 1514, 1524, etc.; *absolutely*, 243.
- ge-sceþþan*, *w. v.*, with *dat.*, scathe, injure, 1447.
- scild*-, see *scyld*-.
scile, see *sculan*.
- scinan*, *st. v.*, SHINE, 1517, etc.; *pret. pl. scinon*, 994, *scionon*, 303.
- scinna*, *w. m.*, devil, 939.
- scionon*, see *scinan*.
- scip*, *st. neut.*, SHIP, 302, etc.; *dat. pl. scypon*, 1154.
- scip-herc*, *st. m.*, SHIP-army, naval force; *dat. scip-herge*, 243.
- scīr*, *adj.*, SHEER, bright, 322, 496, 979; *weak gen.* 1694.
- scīr-ham*, *adj.*, bright-coated, with shining mail, 1895.
- scōd*, see *sceaþan*.
- scolde*, etc., see *sculan*.
- scop*, *st. m.*, [shaper] maker, bard, etc., 90, etc.
- scōp*, see *scyppan*.
- scota*, *w. m.*, SHOOTER, warrior; *dat. pl. scotenum*, 1026 (see note).
- scrifan*, *st. v.*, [SHRIVE] prescribe, pass sentence, 979.
- for-scrifan*, *st. v.*, with *dat. pers.*, proscribe, 106.
- ge-scrifan*, *st. v.*, prescribe: *pret. sg. swā him wyrd ne gescrāf hrēð sēt hilde*, "as weird did not assign to him triumph in battle," 2574.
- scriþan*, *st. v.*, stride, stalk, glide, wander, move, go, advance, 163, 650, 703, 2569.
- scucca*, *w. m.*, demon; *dat. pl. scuccum ond scinnum*, "from demons and devils," 939.

scūfan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, SHOVE, launch, 215, 918; *pret. pl.* scūfun, 3131.

be-scūfan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, shove, cast, 184.

wid-scūfan, *st. v.*, [WIDE-SHOVE] scatter; *pp.* wēa wid-scofen witenā gehwylcne, "woe [had] scattered each councillor," 936.

sculan, *st.-w. v.*, *pres. sg.* 1st, 3rd sceal, 20 etc., sceol, 455, etc., sceall, 2498, etc.; *pres. subj.* scyle, 2657, scile, 3176; *pret.* soolde, 280, etc., sceolde, 2586, etc.; 2nd *sg.* sceoldest, 2056; *pl.* scoldon, 41, etc., sceoldon, 2257: SHALL, be to, must, have to, be obliged, ought, 24, etc., *pret.* SHOULD, was to, etc., 230, 1067, 1260, etc.; sometimes expressing mere futurity, 384, etc. With *fol.* *inf.* omitted: unc sceal worn fela māþma gemænra [wesān], 1783; ūrum sceal sweord ond helm...bām gemæne, "to us both shall one sword and helmet [be] in common," 2659; sceal se hearda helm...fæstum befeallen, 2255; þonne ðū forð soyle [gon-gan], 1179; so, 2816. *Special passage*: hē gesæcean sceall hord on hrusan, "it is his to seek the hoard in the earth," 2275.

scūrheard, *adj.*, [SHOWER-HARD] hardened by being plunged into cold water, 1033. Cf. "the ice-brook's temper," *Othello*, v. 2. 253.

scyld, *st. m.*, SHIELD, 325, etc.

scild-weall, *st. m.*, SHIELD-WALL, wall of shields, 3118.

scyldan, *w. v.*, SHIELD: *pret. nymðe* meo God scylde, "unless God had shielded me," 1658.

scyld-freca, *w. m.*, SHIELD-WARRIOR, 1033.

scyldig, *adj.*, guilty; with *dat.*, synnum scildig, 3071; with *gen.* 1683; ealdres scyldig, "having forfeited his life," 1338, 2061.

scyld-wiga, *w. m.*, SHIELD-WARRIOR, 288.

scyle, see **sculan**.

scyndan, *w. v.*, hasten, 2570, 918.

scýne, *adj.*, SHEEN, beauteous, 3017.

scyp, see **scip**.

scyppan, *st. v.*, SHAPE, create, make, 78; *pp.* sceapen, 2230; wæs sio wrōht scepen heard wið Hūgas, "the strife was made hard against the Hugs," 2913.

ge-scyppan, *st. v.*, SHAPE, create, 97.

Scyppend, *st. m.* (*pres. part.*), SHAPER, Creator, 106.

scyran, *w. v.*, [make SHEER] bring to light, 1989.

sē, *m.*, sēo, sio, *f.*, þæt, *neut.*, demon. *adj.*, the, THAT: *m. se*, 506, 2237, 2999; *f. sēo*, 1343; *sio*, 2684, 2999, 3150; *neut. þæt*, 661; *instr. neut. þý*, 1664, 2028; *gen. pl. þāra*, 681, þēra, 992. *Following its noun*: *acc. m. þone*, 2007, 2588, 2952, 2969, 3081; *gen. pl. þāra*, 2734. *Alliterating*: *dat. m. þēm*, 197, 790, 806; *acc. f. sg. þā*, 736, 1675; *instr. neut. þý*, 1797; *gen. pl. þāra*, 2033. *Correl. with sē used as a relative pron.*: *se...sē*, 2865, 3071-3; *sēo...sio*, 2258. See also **þe**.

sē, *m.*, sēo, sio, *f.*, þæt, *neut.*, *pron.*

I. *Demon. pron.*, THAT, that one, he, etc.: *m. sē*, 469, 2406, 2804; *f. sio*, 2024, 2087; *neut. þæt*, 716, 734, 765, 1002 (see **be-flēon**); *acc. m. þone*, 8009; *gen. m. and neut. þæs*, 1774; *ic ðæs ealles mæg...gefēan habban*, "I can have joy of all that," 2739; *dat. m. and neut. þēm*, 12, þām, 137; *acc. pl. þā*, 3014; *gen. pl. þāra*, 1015 (see note). *Immediately followed by the rel. particle þe* (*q. v.*): *nom. sē þe*, 90, 603, 1497, 2222, 2292, 2864; *acc. þone þe*, 2295, 3003, 3034, 3116; *dat. þām þe*, 2601, 2861, 3055; *gen. pl. þāra þe*, 98, 878, 1196, 1461, 1578, 1625 ("of those things which"). With **þe** omit-

ted: þām=þām þe, 2199, 2779.
Correl. with sē used as a rel. pron.: sē...sē, 2406-7.

Particular usages:

(1) *gen. neut. þæs*, of that, of this, thereof, for that, for this, therefor, 7, 16, 114, 350, 588, 1145, 1692, 1778, 2082, 2239, 2335; therefore, 900, 1992. *Correl. with þæt, conj.*, 2026-8, etc. See also *þæs, adv.*

(2) *instr. neut. þy, þē*, therefore, 1273, 2067. *Correl. with þē, conj.* (q. v.), 487, 1436, 2638. *Often with comparatives*, *THE*: 821, 974, 1902, 2277, 2687, 2749, 2880; *nō þy ær*, "none the sooner," 754, etc.

(3) *instr. neut. þon; þon mā*, "(the) more," 504; *æfter þon*, "after that," 724; *ær þon*, "ere," 731; *be þon*, "by that," 1722; *tō þon, þæt*, "until," 2591, 2845. See also under *tō*.

II. Rel. pron., THAT, who, which, what; *m. sē*, 143, 370, 1610, 2407, 2865, etc.; *sē for sēo*, 2421 (see also *þe*); *neut. þæt*= "what," 15, 1466, 1748; *m. acc. þone*, 1854, 2048, 2751; *f. acc. þā*, 2022; *gen. neut. Gode þancode...þæs se man gespræc*, "thanked God for what the man spake," 1398; *þæs ic wēne*, "according to what I expect, as I ween," 272; *so*, 883; *dat. sing. m. and neut. þām*, 310, 374, 1363, 1688; *þām*, 2612; *pl. þā*, 704, etc. See also *þæs, adv.*

þæs þe, see under *þæs*.

sealde, etc., see *sellan*.

sealma, *w. m.*, sleeping-place, couch, chamber, 2460.

sealt, *adj.*, *SALT*, 1989.

searo, *st. neut.*, armour, 329, 419 (battle), etc.; *dat. pl. adverbially*, *searwum*, "cunningly, curiously," 1038, 2764.

searo-bend, *st. m. f.*, cunning *BAND*, 2086.

searo-fāh, *adj.*, cunningly or ar-

tistically coloured, variegated, 1444.

searo-geþræc, *st. neut.*, heap of treasures of cunning work, 3102.

searo-gimm, *st. m.*, cunning gem, jewel of artistic workmanship, 1157, 2749.

searo-grim, *adj.*, [cunning-GRIM] cunningly fierce, or fierce in battle, 594.

searo-hæbbend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, [armour-HAVING] armour-bearer, warrior, 237.

searo-net, *st. neut.*, [cunning- or armour-NET] coat of mail, 406.

searo-nið, *st. m.*, armour-strife, hostility, 582, 3067; cunning-hatred, wile, plot, 1200, 2738.

searo-þonc, *st. m.*, cunning thought, 775.

searo-wundor, *st. neut.*, [cunning-WONDER] rare wonder, 920.

seax, *st. neut.*, hip-sword, dagger, 1545.

sēcan, sēcean, *w. v.*, 664, 187; *dat. inf. tō sēcianne*, 2562; *pres. pl. (fut.) sēceað*, 3001; *pret. pl. sōhton*, 339, sōhtan, 2380: *SEEK in its various meanings*; visit, go to, strive after; 756, 1379, 2738, 2380 (of a friendly visit). *Intrans.* 2293, 3001 (of a hostile attack); *þonne his myne sōhte*, "than his wish (hope) sought," 2275. *Special passages*: *sāwle sēcan*, "kill," 801; *so, sēcean sāwle hord*, 2422.

ge-sēc(e)an, *w. v.*, 684, etc.; *dat. inf. tō gesēcanne*, 1922; *pret. pl. gesōhton*, 2926, gesōhtan, 2204: *SEEK in its various meanings as above*, 692, 1889, etc.; *often of hostile attack*, 2515, etc.

ofer-sēc(e)an, *w. v.*, *OVERTAX*, test too severely; *pret. sg. sē ſe mēca gehwane...swenge ofersōhte*, "which with its swing overtaxed every sword," 2686.

secc, see *sæcc*.

secg, *st. m.*, man, etc., 208, 213,

- 219, 402, 980, 2863, etc.; of *Grendel's mother*, 1379.
- secg**, *st. f.*, sword, 684.
- secgan**, *w. v.*, 273, 590, 532, 1809, etc.; *dat. inf. tō secganne*, 473, 1724; *pret. pl. sægdon*, 377, etc., *sēdan*, 1945; *pp. gesægd, gesæd*, 141, 1696: **SAY**, speak. *Imperf. with partitive gen. swā se secg hwata secgende wæs lāðra spella*, 3028.
- s-secgan**, *w. v.*, SAY out, declare, 344.
- ge-secgan**, *w. v.*, SAY, 2157; *imperat. sg. gesaga*, 388.
- sēfa**, *w. m.*, mind, soul, heart, 49, 278, 473, etc.
- sēft**, *compar. adv. (of sōfte)*, sorter, more easily, 2749.
- sēgan**, see **-sēon**.
- segn**, see **segn**.
- segl**, *st. neut.*, SAIL, 1906.
- segl-rād**, *st. f.*, SAIL-ROAD, sea, 1429.
- segn**, *st. m. neut.*, SIGN, banner, 1204; *acc. segn*, 2767, 2776, *segn*, 47, 1021; *nom. sg. þā wæs æht boden Swēona lēodum, segn Higelāces*, "then was pursuit offered to the Swedes' people, Hygelac's standard [raised]," 2958 (see note). *From L. signum*.
- sēgon**, see **-sēon**.
- seh**, see **-sēon**.
- sel**, see **sæl**.
- sēl**, *compar. adv. (no positive, cf. sēlra)*, better, 1012, 2687, etc.
- seldan**, *adv.*, SELDOM, 2029.
- seld-guma**, *w. m.*, hall-man: *nom. sg. nis þæt seld-guma*, "that is no mere retainer," 249.
- sele**, *st. m.*, hall, 81, 713, etc.; of *the dragon's cave*, 3128.
- sēle**, see **sæl**.
- sele-drēam**, *st. m.*, [hall-DREAM] hall-joy (in heaven?), 2252.
- sele-ful**, *st. neut.*, hall-beaker, hall-cup, 619.
- sele-gyst**, *st. m.*, hall-GUEST, 1545.
- sele-ræddend**, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, [hall-counsellor] hall-ruler, 51, 1346.
- sele-rest**, *st. f.*, hall-REST, bed in a hall, 690.
- sēlest**, etc., see under **sēlra**.
- sele-þegn**, *st. m.*, hall-THANE, chamberlain, 1794.
- sele-weard**, *st. m.*, [hall-WARD] guardian of a hall, 667.
- self**, *reflex. adj.*; *nom. sg. self*, 594, 920, etc., *sylf*, 1964; *weak selfa*, 29, 1924, etc., *seolfa*, 3067, *sylfa*, 3054, etc.; *acc. sg. m. selfne*, 2875, etc., *sylfne*, 1977; *gen. sg. m. selves*, 700, etc., *sylfes*, 2013, etc.; *f. selfre*, 1115; *nom. pl. selfe*, 419, *sylfe*, 1996; *gen. pl. sylfra*, 2040: **SELF**, etc. *Often absolutely* 2222, 419, etc.; *on minne sylfes dōm*, 2147. *Sometimes agreeing with the nom. instead of with the oblique case next to which it stands: þū þs (dat.) self*, 953; *þæm þe him selfa dēah*, 1839.
- sēlla**, see **sēlra**.
- sellan**, *syllan*, *w. v.*, [SELL] give, give up, 2160, 1370, 1482, etc.
- ge-sellan**, *w. v.*, [SELL] give, 1029, 1052, etc.
- sel-lic**, **syl-lic** (=seld-lic), *adj.*, rare, strange, 2086, 2109, 1426.
- syl-licra**, *compar.*, stranger, 3038.
- sēlra**, *compar. adj. (no positive)*, better, 860, 1384, 1468, etc.; *nom. sg. m. sēlla*, 2890. *Absolutely* þæt sēlre, 1759.
- sēlest**, *superl.*, best, 146, 256, etc. *Weak form* reced sēlesta, 412; *and often after the def. art. se*, 1406, etc.
- semninga**, *adv.*, forthwith, straightway, suddenly, 644, 1640, 1767.
- sendan**, *w. v.*, SEND, 13, 471, 1842.
- for-sendan**, *w. v.*, SEND away, 904.
- on-sendan**, *w. v.*, SEND away, send off, 382, 452, 1483; *with forð*, 45, 2266.
- sendan**, *w. v.*, feast, 600.
- sēo**, see **se**, **sē**.

sēoc, *adj.*, SICK, "sick unto death," 1603, 2740, 2904.

seofon, SEVEN, 517; *acc.* seofan, 2195; *inflected* syfone, 3122.

seolfa, see **self**.

seomian, **siomian**, *v. v.*:

(1) rest, ride, lie, stand, 302, 2767.

(2) enfeather, fetter; *pret. sg.* seo-made, 161.

sēon, *st. v.*, SEE, look, 387, 336, etc.; *inf.* þær mæg...sēon, "there it is possible to see, there may one see," 1865; *pret. pl.*, sēgon, 1422.

ge-sēon, *st. v.*, SEE, 229, 1485, 2252, 2455, etc.; see one another, 1875; *pret. pl.* gesāwon, 221, etc., gesēgon, 3128, gesēgan, 3038; *subj. pret. pl.* gesāwon, 1605.

geond-sēon, *st. v.*, SEE through-out, see over; *pret. sg.* geondseh, 3087.

ofer-sēon, *st. v.*, OVERSEE, survey, look on, 419.

on-sēon, *st. v.*, look on, look at, 1650.

seonu, *st. f.*, SINEW; *nom. pl.* seon-owe, 817.

sēoðan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, SEETHE, brood over; *pret. sg.* mæl-ceare, mōd-ceare...sēað, 190, 1993.

seoððan, see **siððan**.

sēowian, *w. v.*, SEW, link; *pp.* sēowed (of a byrny), 406.

sess, *st. m.*, seat, 2717, 2756.

sētan, see **sittan**.

setl, *st. neut.*, SETTLE, seat, 1232, 1289, etc.

settan, *w. v.*, SET, set down, 325, 1242; *pp.* geseted, 1696.

ā-settan, *w. v.*, SET, set up, 47; *pp.* āseted, 667.

be-settan, *w. v.*, BENET, set about, 1453.

ge-settan, *w. v.*:

(1) SET, 94.

(2) set at rest, 2029.

sib(b), *st. f.*, peace, relation, kinship, friendship, 949, 1164, 1857, etc.; *uninflected acc.* sibb, 2600;

dat. sibbe ne wolde wið manna hwone, "would not out of compassion to any man," 154.

sib-sēoling, *st. m.*, kindred-ATHRELING, 2708.

sibbe-gedriht, *st. neut.*, kindred-band, band of kindred-warriors, 387 (see note), 729.

sīd, *adj.*, wide, broad, large, ample, great, 149, 1291, 1726, etc.; *weak forms* 1733, 2199, 2347.

sīde, *adv.*, widely, 1223.

sīd-fæðme, *adj.*, [wide-FATHOMED] broad-bosomed, 1917.

sīd-fæðmed, *adj.* (*pp.*), [wide-FATHOMED] broad-bosomed, 302.

sīd-rand, *st. m.*, broad shield, 1289.

sīe, see **wesan**.

sīex-benn, *st. f.*, hipknife-wound, 2904. *From seax.*

sig, see **wesan**.

sigan, *st. v.*, sink, march down, 1251, 307.

ge-sigan, *st. v.*, sink, fall, 2659.

sige-drihten, *st. m.*, victory-lord, victorious lord, 391.

sige-ðadig, *adj.*, victory-happy, rich in victories, victorious, 1557.

sige-folc, *st. neut.*, victory-FOLK, victorious people, 644.

sige-hrēð, *st. m. neut.*, victory-fame, presage of victory, confidence or exultation in victory, 490.

sige-hrēðig, *adj.*, victory-exultant, exulting in victory, 94, 1597, 2756.

sige-hwīl, *st. f.*, victory-WHILE; *gen. sg.* þæt þām þeodne wæs sīðast sige-hwīle, "that was for the king the last hour of victory," 2710.

sigel, *st. m. neut.*, sun, 1966.

sige-lēas, *adj.*, victory-LESS, of defeat, 787.

sige-rōf, *adj.*, victory-famed, victorious, 619.

sige-þeod, *st. f.*, victory-nation, victorious people, 2204.

sige-wæpen, *st. neut.*, victory-WEAPON, 804.

sigle, *st. neut.*, sun-shaped ornament, jewel, brilliant, necklace, 1200, 1157; *acc. pl.* siglu, 3168.
sigor, *st. neut.*, victory, 1021, 2875, 3055.

sigor-ðadlg, *adj.*, victory-blessed, rich in victories, victorious, 1311, 2352.

sin, *poss. adj.*, his, 1507, 1960, etc.; her, 1934.

sinc, *st. neut.*, treasure, jewelry, gold, silver, prize, 81, etc.

sinc-fæt, *st. neut.*, treasure-*var*, costly vessel, casket, 1200, etc.; *acc. pl.* sinc-fato, 622.

sinc-fæg, *adj.*, treasure-variegated, bedecked with treasure; *weak acc. sg. neut.* sinc-fäge, 167.

sinc-gestræon, *st. neut.*, treasure-possession, costly treasure, 1092, 1226.

sinc-gifa, **sinc-gyfa**, *w. m.*, treasure-giver, 1012, 1342, 2311.

sinc-māðūm, *st. m.*, treasure-jewel (sword), 2193.

sinc-bego, *st. f.*, treasure-taking, receiving of treasure, 2884.

sin-gal, *adj.*, continuous, 154.

sin-gala, *adv.*, continually, 190.

sin-gales, **syn-gales**, *adv.*, continually, always, 1135, 1777.

singan, *st. v.*, *pret.* song, sang: SING, sound, 496, 1423; *pret. sg.* hring-iren scir song in searwum, "the bright iron rings jingled in the mail," 323.

ā-singan, *st. v.*, SING, sing out, 1159.

sin-here, *st. m.*, [continuous army] army drawn out, very strong, immense; *dat.* sin-herge, 2936.

sin-niht, *st. f.*: *acc. or dat. sg.* sin-nihte, "night after night," 161.

sint, see **wesan**.

sīo, see **se**, **sē**.

sioloð, *st. m.*?, still water?; *gen. pl.* oferswam ðā sioleða bigong sunu Ecgðeowes, "then E.'s son swam over the expanse of still waters," 2367.

siomian, see **seomian**.

sittan, *st. v.*; *pret. pl.* sæton, 1164, sætan, 1602; *pp.* geseten, 2104: **sir**, 489, 641, 2906, etc.; *inf.* eodon sittan, "went and sat," 493.

be-sittan, *st. v.*, [SIT BY] besiege, 2936.

for-sittan, *st. v.*, fail; *pres. sg.* 3rd, ægena bearhtm forsited onð forsworced, "eyes' brightness will fail and grow dim," 1767.

ge-sittan, *st. v.*:

(1) *intrans.* **sir**, sit together, 171, 749, 1977, etc.

(2) *trans.* sit down in, 633.

ofer-sittan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, abstain from, refrain from, 684, 2528.

of-sittan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, **sir** upon, 1545.

on-sittan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, dread, 597.

ymb-sittan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, **sir** about, sit round, 564.

sīð, *st. m.*:

(1) way, journey, expedition, undertaking, adventure, 3058, 765, 532, 2532, 318, 872 (exploit), 908 (way of life), 1971 (return), 2541 (way), 2586 (course), 3089 (passage), etc.

(2) time, repetition, 716, 1579, 2049, etc.

sīð, *compar. adv.* (*pos.* sīð); **ear** onð sīð, "earlier and later," 2500.

sīðest, **sīðast**, *superl. adj.* (no *pos.*, except the *adv.*), latest, last; with *gen.* 2710; *absolutely*, **sēt** sīðestan, "at latest, at the last," 3013.

sīð-fæt, *st. m.*, expedition, 202; *dat.* sīð-fate, 2639.

sīð-from, *adj.*, [journey-forward] ready for a journey, 1813.

sīðian, *w. v.*, journey, 720, 808, 2119.

for-sīðian, *w. v.*, [journey amiss] perish, 1550.

sīððan, **syððan**, **seoððan**, *adv.*, [SITHENCE] since, after, after-

wards, 142, 470, 1875, etc. *Special passage*: ær ne siððan, "before nor since," 718. *Correl. with syððan, conj.*, 2201-7.

siððan, syððan, seoððan, *conj.*, [SITHENCE] SINCE, after, when, 106, 115, 413, 850, 1148, 1204, 1689, 1775, etc. *With pret.* = *pluperf.* 1978, etc. *With pret. and pluperf.* syððan mergen cōm, ond wē tō symble geseted hæfdon, 2103-4.

slæp, *st. m.*, SLEEP, 1251, 1742.

slæpan, *st. v.*, SLEEP; *pres. part.*, *acc. sg. m.* slæpendne, 741, *uninflected*, 2218; *acc. pl.* 1581.

slēac, *adj.*, SLACK, 2187.

slēan, *st. v.*, *pret. sg.* slōh, slōg.:

I. *intrans.* strike, 681, 1565, 2679.

II. *trans.*:

(1) strike, 2699.

(2) SLAY, 108, 1152, 2050, etc.

ge-slēan, *st. v.*, *with acc.*:

(1) fight out, 459.

(2) gain by fighting; *pret. pl.* hie ðā mæra geslōgon, "they gained glory by fighting," 2996.

of-slēan, *st. v.*, SLAY, 574, 1665, 3060.

slitan, *st. v.*, SLIT, tear to pieces, 741.

slīðe, *adj.*, savage, hurtful, dangerous, 184, 2398.

slīðen, *adj.*, dire, deadly, 1147.

smið, *st. m.*, SMITH, 406; *nom.* wæpna smið, "weapon-smith," 1452.

smiðian, *w. v.*

be-smiðian, *w. v.*, make firm by SMITH's work, 775.

snell, *adj.*, brisk, prompt, keen, bold; *weak nom. sg. m.* snella, 2971.

snell-lic, *adj.*, brisk, prompt, keen, bold, 690.

snotor, snottor, *adj.*, wise, prudent, 190, etc.; *pl.* snotere, 202, snottre, 1591; *weak nom. sg. m.* snottra, 1314, etc., snotra, 2156, etc.; *absolutely*, 1786, etc.

snotor-lice, *adv.*

snotor-licor, *compar.*, more wisely, more prudently, 1842.

snūde, *adv.*, quickly, 904, etc.

anyrian, *w. v.*, hasten, 402.

anyttru, *st. f.*, wisdom, prudence, 1726, 942, 1706.

anytrum, *dat. pl. used adverbially*, wisely, 872.

anyðian, *w. v.*

be-anyðian, *w. v.*, deprive, 2924.

sōcn, *st. f.*, persecution; *dat. pære* sōcne, "from that persecution," 1777.

somod, samod, *adv.*, together, 1211, 2196, etc.; *with ætgædere*, 387, etc.

somod, samod, *prep.*, *with dat.*; somod (samod) ær-dæge, "at dawn," 1311, 2942.

sōna, *adv.*, SOON, 121, etc.

song, see singan.

sorg-, see sorh-.

sorgian, *w. v.*, SORROW, care, 451, 1384.

sorh, *st. f.*, SORROW, 473, 149, etc.; *obl. sg.* sorge, 119, 2004, etc.; *dat.* sorhge, 2468.

sorh-cearig, sorg-cearig, *adj.*, [SORROW-CAREFUL] sorrowful, heart-broken, 2455, 3152.

sorh-ful(l), *adj.*, SORROWFUL, 512, 1278, 1429, 2119.

sorh-lēas, *adj.*, SORROWLESS, free from sorrow, 1672.

sorh-lēoð, *st. neut.*, SORROW-lay, lamentation, 2460.

sorh-wylm, *st. m.*, [SORROW-WELLING] surge of sorrow or care, 904, 1993.

sōð, *st. neut.*, SOOTH, truth, 532, etc.; *dat. tō sōðe*, "for sooth," 51, etc.

sōð, *adj.*, [SOOTH] true, 1611, 2109.

sōð-cyning, *st. m.*, [SOOTH-KING] God, 3055.

sōðe, *adv.*, [SOOTHLY] truly, 524.

sōð-fæst, *adj.*, SOOTHFAST, just, 2820.

sōð-lice, *adv.*, [SOOTHLY] truly, 141, etc.

specan, SPEAK, see **sprecan**.

spēd, *st. f.*, **SPEED**, success; *acc.* on spēd, "with good speed, successfully," 873.

spel(1), *st. neut.*, **SPELL**, story, tale, tidings, 2109, 2898, etc.; *acc. pl.* spel gerāde, "skilful tales," 873.

spiwan, *st. v.*, **SPEW**; *inf.* glēdum spiwan, "to vomit forth gleeds," 2312.

sponnan, *st. v.*

on-sponnan, *st. v.*, **UNSPAN**, loosen; *pret.* his helm onspēon, 2723.

spōwan, *st. v.*, *impers.*, with *dat. pers.*, speed, succeed; *pret. sg.* him wiht ne spēow, "he had no success," 2854; hū him at æte spēow, "how he sped at the eating," 3026.

spræc, *st. f.*, **SPEECH**, 1104.

sprecan, specan, *st. v.*, **SPEAK**, say, 531, 643, 1171, 1476, etc.; with *folcl. clause*, gomele ymb gōdne on geador spræcon, þæt hig, "old men spake together about the hero, [saying] that they," 1595. **ge-sprecan**, *st. v.*, **SPEAK**, 675, 1398, etc.

springan, *st. v.*, *pret.* sprong, sprang: **SPRING**, 18 (spread), 1588 (gape), 2582 (shoot), 2966 (spurt).

æt-springan, *st. v.*, **SPRING** forth; *pret. sg.* ætsprang, 1121.

ge-springan, *st. v.*, *pret.* ge-sprong, gesprang: **SPRING** forth, arise, 884, 1667.

on-springan, *st. v.*, **SPRING** a-part, 817.

stæl, *st. m.*, place, stead, 1479. [Sievers § 202, N. 2.]

stælan, *w. v.*:

(1) institute, carry on; *pp.* ge-stæled, 1340.

(2) avenge, 2485.

stān, *st. m.*, **STONE**, rock, 887, 2288, etc.

stān-beorn, *st. m.*, **STONE-BARROW**, barrow or cave of rock, 2213.

stān-boga, *w. m.*, [**STONE-BOW**]

stone-arch, arch of rock; *acc. sg.* 2545, *nom. pl.* 2718.

stān-clif, *st. neut.*, **STONE-CLIFF**, cliff of rock; *acc. pl.* stān-cleofu, 2540.

standan, see **stondan**.

stān-fāh, *adj.*, [**STONE-variegated**] paved or inlaid with stones of various colours, 320.

stān-hliþ, *st. neut.*, **STONE-slope**, rocky slope; *acc. pl.* stān-hliþo, 1409.

stapol, *st. m.*, [**STAPLE**]:

(1) column; *dat. pl.* ðā stān-bogan stapulum fæste, "the stone-arches firm on columns," 2718.

(2) threshold?, staple?; *dat. sg.* Hrōðgār...stōd on stapole, geseah stēapne hrōf golde fāhne ond Grendles hond, 926. [Heyne translates: "stand an der hölzernen Mittelsäule Heorots." But on stapole will not bear this meaning, which further implies that Grendel's hand was up among the rafters, whereas there can be no doubt that it was set up as a trophy outside the hall. See l. 983; cf. the stoep of houses at the Cape; and see Earle's note, "Deeds of Beowulf," p. 139.]

starian, *w. v.*, *pres. sg.* 1st starige, starie, 3rd starač, *pret.* starede, staredon: **STARE**, gaze, 996, 2796, etc. *Special passage*: þæt hire an dages ēagum starede, "that he should stare on her by day with his eyes," 1935.

stēap, *adj.*, **STEEP**, towering, tall, 222, 2566, etc.

stearc-heort, *adj.*, [**STARK-HEART**] stout-hearted, 2288, 2552.

stede, *st. m.*, **STEAD**, place; *gen. pl.* was steda nægla gehwylc stýle gelicost, "each of the places of the nails was most like to steel," 985.

stefn, *st. m.*, **STEM** (of a ship), 212

stefn, *st. m.*, time, repetition; *dat. sg.* niwan (niowan) stefne, "a-new," 1789, 2594.

stefn, *st. f.*, voice, 2552.

stellan, *w. v.*

on-stellan, *w. v.*, institute, set on foot, 2407.

stēpan, *w. v.*, exalt, 1717.

ge-stēpan, *w. v.*, exalt, support; *pret. sg.* folce gestēpte... sunu Ohteres, "he supported the son of Ohthere with an army," 2393.

steppan, *st. v.*, STEP, march; *pret. stōp*, 761, 1401.

æt-steppan, *st. v.*, STEP up; *pret.* forð nēar ætstōp, 745.

ge-steppan, *st. v.*, STEP; *pret.* = *pluperf.* gestōp, 2289.

stīg, *st. f.*, path, 320, 2213; *acc. pl.* stīge, 1409.

stīgan, *st. v.*, [STY] go, ascend, descend, 212, 225, etc.; *pret.* þā hē tō holme stāg, "when he went down to the sea (to swim)," 2362.

ā-stīgan, *st. v.*, ascend, arise, 1373; *pret.* āstāg, 782, āstāh, 1160, 3144; gūð-rinc āstāh, 1118.

ge stīgan, *st. v.*, [STY] go; *pret.* þā ic on holm gestāh, "when I went onto the sea (into the ship)," 632.

stille, *adj.*, STILL, 301, 2830.

stinca, *st. v.*, [STINK] sniff, snuff; *pret.* stonc, 2288.

stīf, *adj.*, stiff, stout, 1533.

stīf-mōd, *adj.*, [stiff-mood] stout-hearted, 2566.

standan, *standan*, *st. v.*, STAND, 2760, 411, 726 (come), 783 (arise), 2227, 1037 (lie), etc.; *pret. pl.* stōdon, 328, stōdan, 3047. *Special passages*: lixte se lōoma, lēoht inne stōd, "the beam shone forth, light filled the place," 1570; stōd eldum on andan, "came forth for a mischief to men," 2313.

ā-standan, *st. v.*, STAND, stand up. 759, 1556, 2092.

æt-standan, *st. v.*, STAND (in), 891.

for-standan, for-standan, *st. v.*, withSTAND, avert, defend, 1549; *inf.* hēaðo-liðendum hord forstandan, "defend his hoard against the ocean-farers," 2955; *pret. subj.* him...wyrd forstōde, "averted weird from them," 1056.

ge-standan, *st. v.*, STAND, 358, 2596, etc.

stōp, see steppan.

storm, *st. m.*, STORM, 1131, 3117.

stōw, *st. f.*, place, 1006, 1372, 1378.

strāl, *st. m. f.*, arrow, shaft, 1746, 3117.

stræt, *st. f.*, STREET, road, 320, 916, 1634.

strang, see strong.

strēam, *st. m.*, STREAM, flood, 212, etc.

stregdan, *w. v.*, strew; *pp.* strēd, 2436.

streng, *st. m.*, STRING, 3117.

strengel, *st. m.*, STRONG chief, 3115.

strengest, see strong.

strengo, *st. f.*, STRENGTH; *acc. dat.* strenge, 1270, 1533, *dat.* strengo, 2540.

strong, strang, *adj.*, STRONG, 153 2684; *with gen.* mægenes strang, "strong in might," 1844.

strengest, *superl.*, STRONGEST, 1543; *with gen. or dat.* mægenes, mægene, strengest, 196, 789.

strīdan, *st. v.*, spoil, plunder; *subj. pret.* strude, 3073, 3126.

strīnan, *w. v.*

ge-strīnan, *w. v.*, obtain, acquire, 2798.

stund, *st. f.*, time, hour; *dat. pl. adverbially*, stundum, "from time to time," 1423.

stýle, *st. neut.*, STEEL; *dat.* 985.

stýl-ecg, *adj.*, STEEL-EDGE, 1533.

stýman, *w. v.*

be-stýman, *w. v.*, BESTEAM, wet, 486.

styrian, *w. v.*, **STIR**, disturb, 1374, 2840; handle, treat, 872.

styrman, *w. v.*, **STORM**, 2552.

suhter-gefeðeran, *w. m. pl.*, uncle and nephew, 1164.

sum, *adj.*, **SOME**, one, a certain, 2156, 3124. *Although sum always has the inflections of an adj. (see l. 1432), it is more often used substantively, or as an indef. pron., 1251, 1432, 400, etc.; neut. ne sceal þær dyrne sum wesian, "there shall be naught secret," 271. Often with partitive gen. 675, 713, 1499, etc.; esp. with gen. of numerals and adjs. of quantity: fiftēna sum, "one of fifteen, i.e. with fourteen others," 207; so 3123, 1412, 2091; sumne fēara, "one of a few, i.e. some few," 3061. In a few cases sum appears to have a certain demon. force, 248, 314, 1312, 2279.*

sund, *st. m.*, swimming, 507, 517, 1436, 1618; **SOUND**, channel, sea, 213, 1510, etc.

sund-gebland, *st. neut.*, [**SOUND-BLEND**] welter of the sea, tumult of the waves, 1450.

sund-nytt, *st. f.*, [swimming-use]; *acc.* **sund-nytte drēah**, "swam through the sea," 2360.

sundor-nytt, *st. f.*, special service, 667.

sundur, *adv.*, **ASUNDER**, 2422.

sund-wudu, *st. m.*, [**SOUND-WOOD**] ship, 208, 1906.

sunne, *w. f.*, **SUN**, 94, etc.

sunu, *st. m.*, **SON**, 268, etc.; *dat.* **sunā**, 1226, etc., **sunu**, 344.

sūð, *adv.*, **SOUTH**, southwards, 858.

sūðan, *adv.*, from the **SOUTH**, 606, 1966.

swā:

I. *adv. of manner and degree*, so, thus, 347, 1142, 1843, 3069, etc. *Special passage*: **leng swā wel**, "the longer the better," 1854.

II. *conjunctive adv.*, as in its various meanings, 29, 490, 881,

3098, 1667 (when), 2184 (since), etc.; in elliptical sentences, 2622; *eft swā ār*, 642; *correl. with swā l.*, 594, 1092-3, etc. *Special passage*: **swā mē Higelāc sie... mōdes bliðe**, "as may H. be gracious to me, on condition that H. be gracious to me," 435.

III. = *rel. pron.*; **wlīte-beorhtne wang, swā wæter bebūgeð**, "the beauteous-bright plain, which water encompasses," 93.

IV. *conj.*, so that, 1508, 2006.

swā þeah, swā ðeah, however, 972, 2967, etc.; *redundant after hwæðre*, 2442.

swā hwæðere.....swā, which-soever, 686-7.

swā hwylc...swā, with *gen.*, WHICHSOEVER, 943, 3057.

swālan, *w. v.*

be-swālan, *w. v.*, scorch, 3041.

swās, *adj.*, dear, own dear, 29, 520, etc.

swāslīce, *adv.*, gently, 3089.

swancor, *adj.*, [**SWANK**] slender, 2175.

swan-rād, *st. f.*, **SWAN-ROAD**, sea, 200.

swāpan, *st. v.*

for-swāpan, *st. v.*, sweep away, sweep off, 477, 2814.

-swarian, *w. v.*

ond-swarian, and-swarian, *w. v.*, **ANSWER**, 258, 340.

swāt, *st. m.*, [**SWEAT**] blood, 1286, etc.

swāt-flāh, *adj.*, [**SWEAT-stained**] blood-stained, 1111.

swātig, *adj.*, [**SWEATY**] bloody, 1569.

swāt-swaðu, *st. f.*, [**SWEAT-track**] blood-track, 2946.

swaðrian, *w. v.*, subside; *pret. pl.* **swaðredon**, 570.

swaðu, [**SWATH**] *st. f.*, track, 2098; *acc.* **him sio swiðre swaðe weardade hand**, "his right hand showed where he had been," 2098.

swaful, *st. m. neut. f.*, smoke, 782.

sweart, *adj.*, **SWART**, black, dark, 167, 3145.

swebban, *w. v.*, send to sleep, kill, 679; *pres. sg. 3rd*, swefeð, 600.

ǣ-swebban, *w. v.*, put to sleep, appease, kill; *pret. part. pl.* ǣswefede, 567.

swefan, *st. v.*, sleep, sleep the sleep of death, 119, 1008, etc.; *pret. pl.* swæfon, 703, swæfun, 1280.

-swefede, see **-swebban**.

swefeð, 600, see **swebban**.

swæg, *st. m.*, sound, noise, 89, 644, etc.

swegel, *st. neut.*, sky, 860, 1078, etc.

swegle, *adj.*, bright, clear, 2749.

swegl-wered, *adj.*, ether-clad, radiant, 606.

swelan, *st. v.*, [SWEAL] burn, 2713.

swelgan, *st. v.*, swallow; *pret.*, with *dat.*, swealh, 743, swealg, 3155; *pret. subj.*, absolutely, swulge, 782.

for-swelgan, *st. v.*, swallow up, 1122, 2080.

swellan, *st. v.*, SWELL, 2713.

sweltan, *st. v.*, die, 1617, etc.; with *cognate dat.* morðre, -dēaðe, 892, 2782, 3037.

swencan, *w. v.*, molest, oppress, 1510.

ge-swencan, *st. v.*, strike, bring low, 2438.

ge-swenced, *pp.* (of *swencan* or *geswencan*), made to toil, harassed, harried, pressed, 975, 1368.

sweng, *st. m.*, SWING, stroke, 1520, etc.

sweofot, *st. m.*, sleep, 1581, 2295.

sweolof, *st. m.*, flame, 1115.

-swēop, see **-swāpan**.

sweorcan, *st. v.*, grow dark, 1737.

for-sw(e)orcan, *st. v.*, grow dim, 1767.

ge-sweorcan, *st. v.*, lour, 1789.

sweord, **swurd**, **swyrd**, *st. neut.*, sword, 437, 539, 2610, etc.; *pl.*

sweord, 2638, **swyrd**, 3048.

sweord-bealo, *st. neut.*, SWORD-BALE, death by the sword, 1147.

sweord-freca, *w. m.*, SWORD-wolf, sword-warrior, 1468.

swyrd-gifu, *st. f.*, SWORD-GIVING, 2884.

sweetol, *adj.*, clear, 817, 833; *nom.* swutol, 90; *weak dat.* sweetolan, 141.

swerian, *st. v.*, SWEAR, 472, 2738.

for-swerian, *st. v.*, with *dat.*, FORSWEAR, 804.

sweþrian, *w. v.*, wane, lessen, 901, 2702.

swican, *st. v.*, fail, disappear, escape, 966, 1460.

ge-swican, *st. v.*, weaken, fail, 1524, etc.

swifan, *st. v.*

on-swifan, *st. v.*, swing up, raise, 2559.

swift, *adj.*, SWIFT; *weak*, 2264.

swige, *adj.*, silent.

swigra, *compar.*, silenter, 980.

swigian, *w. v.*, be silent; *pret. sg.* swigode, 2897, *pl.* swigedon, 1699.

swilce, see **swylce**.

swimman, **swymman**, *st. v.*, SWIM, 1624.

ofer-swimman, *st. v.*, OVER-SWIM, swim over; *pret.* oferswam, 2367.

swīn, **swȳn**, *st. neut.*, SWINE, image of a boar on a helmet, hence helmet, 1111, 1286.

swincan, *st. v.*, SWINK, toil, 517.

swingan, *st. v.*, SWING, 2264.

swīn-lic, *st. neut.*, SWINE-shape, image of a boar, 1453.

swiðol, *st. m. neut.?*, smoky glow, or the clear vapour just above the flame (?), 3145 (see note).

swið, **swȳð**, *adj.*, strong, severe; *nom.* swȳð, 191.

swiðra, *compar.*, stronger; *nom. fem.* sio swiðre hand, "the right hand," 2098.

swiðan, *st. and w. v.*

ofer-swȳðan, *st. and w. v.*, OVER-power, overcome, 279, 1768.

swiðe, **swȳðe**, *adv.*, strongly, greatly, very, 597, 1926, 2170, 2187, etc.

swiðor, *compar.*, more greatly, more, more especially, rather, 960, 1139, 1874, 2198.

swið-ferhð, **swyð-ferhð**, *adj.*, strong-souled, stout-hearted, 173, 493, 826, 908.

swið-hicgende, *adj.* (*pres. part.*), [strong-thinking] bold-minded, stout-hearted, 919, 1016.

swið-mōd, *adj.*, [strong-mood] stout-hearted, 1624.

swōgan, *st. v.*, sound; *pres. part.* 3145.

swōr, see **swerian**.

-sworcan, see **-sweorcan**.

swulces, see **swylc**.

swurd, see **sweord**.

swutol, see **sweetol**.

swylc, *adj.-pron.*, SUCH, such as, as.

I. (= *L. talis*) such :

(1) *adj.* 582, 1347, etc.

(2) *pron.* 299 (with *gen.*), 996; *gen.* swulces, 880 (see *hwā*); *acc.* ðer swylo ðu offerede, "carried out and off another such [batch]," 1583.

II. (= *L. qualis*) such as, 1156 (with *gen.*), 1797, 2869; *acc.* eall gedælan...swylo him God sealde, "deal out all that God gave him," 72.

III. (= *L. talis...qualis*) swylo...swylo, "such...as," 1249 (with *gen.*), 1328-9, 3164.

swylce :

I. *adv.*, as well as, likewise, 113, 293, 2258, etc.; *once* swilce, 1152.

II. *conjunctive adv.*, as, 757.

swylt, *st. m.*, death, 1255, 1436.

swylt-dæg, *st. m.*, death-day, 2798.

swymman, see **swimman**.

swyñ, see **swin**.

swynsian, *w. v.*, resound, 611.

swyrd, see **sweord**.

swyð, see **swið**.

-swyðan, see **-swiðan**.

swyðe, see **swiðe**.

sy, see **wesan**.

syfan-wintre, *adj.*, SEVEN WINTERS old, 2428.

syfone, see **seofon**.

-syht, see **-sæon**.

sylf(a), see **self**.

syll, *st. f.*, SILL, base, floor, 775.

syllan, see **sellan**.

syllic, see **sellic**.

symbol, *st. neut.*, feast, banquet, 564, 2431, etc.; *dat.* symble, 119, 2104, symle, 81, etc.

symbol-wynn, *st. f.*, feast-joy, joy in feasting, 1782.

sym(b)le, *adv.*, always, 2450, 2497, 2880.

symle, *n.*, see **symbol**.

syn-bysig, *adj.*, [SIN-BUSY] guilt-haunted, troubled by guilt, 2226.

syn-dolh, *st. neut.*, ceaseless wound, incurable wound, 817.

syndon, see **wesan**.

syngales, see **singales**.

syngian, *w. v.*, SIN; *pp.* gesyngad, 2441.

synn, *st. f.*, SIN, crime, injury, hatred, struggle, 975, 1255, 2472, 3071.

syn-scaða, *w. m.*, ceaseless SCATHER, perpetual foe, 707, 801.

syn-snæd, *st. f.*, [ceaseless bit] huge bit, 743.

synt, see **wesan**.

syroe, *w. f.*, SARK, shirt of mail, 226, etc.

syrwan, *w. v.*, ensnare, 161.

be-syrwan, *w. v.*, ensnare, 713; contrive, 942.

syððan, *w. v.*, avenge, 1106.

syððan, see **sitðan**.

T.

tācen, *st. neut.*, TOKEN, 833; *dat.* tācne, 141, 1654.

tācan, *w. v.*

ge-tācan, *w. v.*, TEACH, indicate, assign, 313, 2013.

talian, *w. v.*, tell, 532, 594; count, reckon, 677, 2027; *pres. sg.* 1st wēn ic talige, "I reckon it a thing to be expected," 1845.

tēar, *st. m.*, TEAR, 1872.

tela, *adv.*, well, 948, etc.

telge, see tellan.

tellan, *w. v.*, TELL, reckon, deem, 794, 2184; *pres. sg.* 1st telge, 2067. *Special passage*: ac him wæl-bende weotode tealde, "but [if he did] he might reckon death-bands prepared for himself," 1936.

teoh, *st. f.*, band, troop; *dat. sg.* teohhe, 2938.

teohhian, *w. v.*, assign, 951; *pp.* geteohhod, 1300.

tēon, *st. v.*, TUG, draw, 1036, 553, 1288 (of a sword), etc.; travel: *pret. sg.* brim-lāde tēah, "travelled the ocean-way," 1051; so eft-siðas tēah, 1332.

ā-tēon, *st. v.*, [TUG] take; *pret. sg.* þæt wæs gēocor sið, þæt (for þe) se hearm-scaþa tō Heorute ātēah, 766.

ge-tēon, *st. v.*, TUG, draw, 1545, 2610; deliver, 1044. *Special passages*: *imperat. sg.* nō ðū him wearne getēoh ðinra gegn-cwida, "do not thou give them a refusal of thy replies," 366; *pret. sg.* hē him ēst getēah mēara ond mǣðma, "he honoured him with the horses and treasures," 2165.

of-tēon, *st. v.*, TUG OFF or away, withhold; *with gen. rei and dat. pers.*, 5; *with dat. rei*, 1520; *with acc. rei*, 2489.

þurh-tēon, *st. v.*, [TUG THROUGH] bring about, 1140.

tēon, *w. v.*, *with acc.*, make, adorn, provide, 1452; *pret. pl.* tēodan, 43.

ge-tēon, *w. v.*, do, 2295; appoint, 2526.

tīd, *st. f.*, TIDE (*i. e.* time), time, 147, 1915.

tīdan, *w. v.*

ge-tīdan, *w. v.*, BETIDE, 2226.

till(1), *adj.*, good, 61, 1250, 2721, etc.

tillan, *w. v.*, *with gen.*, [TILL] gain, 1823.

timbran, *w. v.*, TIMBER, build, 307,

be-timbran, *w. v.*, [BETIMBER] build; *pret. pl.*, betimbredon, 3159.

tīr, *st. m.*, glory, 1654.

tīr-ðadig, *adj.*, [glory-blessed] glorious, happy in fame, 2189.

tīr-fæst, *adj.*, [glory-FAST] glorious, 922.

tīr-lēas, *adj.*, gloryLESS; *gen. sg.* absolutely, 843.

tūðian, *w. v.*, *impers.*, *with gen.*, grant; *pp.* wæs...bēne getīðad, "(of) the boon (it) was granted," 2284.

tō, *prep.*, *with dat.*, to, at, for, 28, 1578, 1983, etc.: for, as, *esp. in predicative dats.*, 14, 51, 95, 460, 910, 2998, etc.: for (*with personal object*), 525; at, 374, 2892; at (*time*), 26; in, 188, 647 (*at*); on, 1138-9; by, 641; from, 1272, 2922; with, 601, 1207 (*from*).

Special usages:

(1) for, in adverbial phrases of time: tō aldre, 955, 2005, 2498; tō life, 2432; tō wīdan fēore, 933.

(2) to, *with gerunds*, 1003, etc.; rarely *with inf.*, 316, 2556.

(3) Following its case: him tō, "to it," 313; 1396 (*see wēnan*); þe þū hēr tō lōcast, "on which thou lookest here," 1654; þe us sēceað tō Swēona lōda, "for which the peoples of the Swedes will come against us," 3001.

tō hwan, see hwā, hwæt.

tō þæs, *adv.*, so, 1616.

tō þæs þe, conjunctive phrase, to (the point) where, thither whence, 714, 2410, 1967; to the point (degree) that, until, 1585.

tō þon, *adv.*, to that degree, so, 1876.

tō þon, þæt, until, 2591, 2845;

see sē.

tō, *adv.*:

(1) = preposition without expressed object (*cf. the particles of separable verbs in German*): therero, to him, to it, 1785, 2648, 1755; on, 1422.

(2) *too, before adjs. and advs.*, 133, 137, 191, etc. *Special passages*: *tō fela micles*, "far too much," 694; *hē tō forð gestōp*, "he had stepped too far forth," 2289.

tō-gædre, adv., TOGETHER, 2630.

tō-gēanes, tō-gēnes, prep., with *dat.*, following its case, towards, AGAINST, 666, 1542 (*at*), 1626 (*to meet*). *Special passage*: *gōdum tōgēnes*, "to where the good man lay dead," 3114.

tō-gēanes, adv.: *grāp þā togēanes*, "then she clutched at [him]," 1501.

tō-middes, adv., in the midst, 3141.

torht, adj., bright, clear, 313.

torn, st. neut., anger, rage, 2401; insult, distress, 147, 838, 2189.

torn, adj.

tornost, superl., bitterest, 2129.

torn-gemōt, st. neut., [wrath-meeting] angry meeting, encounter, 1140.

tō-somme, adv., together, 2568.

tredan, st. v., with *acc.*, TREAD, 1964, 1352, etc.

treddian, tryddian, w. v, intrans., TREAD, go, 725, 922.

trem, st. neut.: *acc. sg. adverbially*, *fōtes trem*, "a foot's breadth or space," 2525.

trēow, st. f., TROTH, TRUTH, good faith, 1072, 2922.

trēowan, w. v., with *dat.*, TROW, trust: *pret. sg. gehwyle hiora his ferhþe trēowde*, "each of them trusted Unferth's heart," 1166.

trēow-loga, w. m., TROTH-LIAR, troth-breaker, 2847.

trod, st. f., track, 843.

trum, adj., strong, 1369.

trūwian, w. v., with *gen. or dat.*, TROW, trust, believe, 669, 1993, etc.

ge-trūwian, w. v.:

(1) with *gen. or dat.*, trow, trust;

with *gen.*, 2322, 2540; with *dat.*, 1533.

(2) with *acc.*, confirm; *pret. pl.* *getrūwedon*, 1095.

tryddian, see treddian.

trȳwe, adj., TRUE, 1165.

twā, see twēgen.

twāfan, w. v.

ge-twāfan, w. v., usu. with *acc. pers. and gen. rei*, divide, sever, separate, restrain, 479, etc.; *pp. getwāfed*, "ended," 1658.

twāman, w. v.

ge-twāman, w. v., with *acc. pers. and gen. rei*, sever, cut off, 968.

twēgen, m., twā, f. and neut., num., TWIN, TWO, 1163, 1095, etc.; *gen. twēga*, 2532; *dat. twām*, 1191.

twelf, num., TWELVE; *gen.*, twelfa, 3170.

twēonum, dat. pl. of distrib. numeral: *be (bī) sām twēonum*, "by the twin seas, i.e. BETWEEN the seas," 858, 1297, 1685, 1956.

tydre, adj., unwarlike, 2847.

tyhtan, w. v.

on-tyhtan, w. v., entice, 3086.

tȳn, TEN, 3159; *inflected tȳne*, 2847.

Þ, Ð.

þā:

I. *adv.*, then, 3, 331, 461, 465, 536, 657, etc.

II. *rel. adv. or conj.*, with *indic.*, when, as, since, seeing, 201, 402, 539, 632, 706, 1103, 1291, 1598, 1813, etc.; *correl. with þā above*, 723, 2756, etc.

þā, adj.-pron., see *se, sē*.

þām, THEM, see *se, sē*.

þær:

I. *adv.*, THERE, 32, 331, 493, etc.; *unemphatic (like mod. there with impers. verbs)* 271, 440, etc. For *ðær* on *innan*, 71, 2089, etc., see *innan*.

II. *rel. adv.*, where, 286, 420, 1007, 1079, 1394, etc.; (to) where, 356, 1313, etc.; if, 2730, 1835 (?). *With swā following*: *ðær...swā*, "wheresoever," 797; "if so be that," 2730.

þæra, *þære*, see *se*, *sē*.

þæs, *adj.-pron.*, see *se*, *sē*.

þæs, *adv.*:

(1) therefore, 900, 1992; see *sē*.

(2) so, 773, 968, 1367.

þæs þe, *conj.*:

(1) as, 1341, 1350, 3000.

(2) because, 108, 228, 626, 1628, 1751, 1998, 2797; *correl. with preceding þæs*, 1779.

tō þæs þe, see *tō*.

þæt, *adj.-pron.*, see *se*, *sē*.

þæt, *conj.*, THAT, so that, 62, 1367, 1664, etc.; until, 84, 1318 (?), 1911, 1939 (?); in that, 3036; *often correl. with the demon. neut. pron. þæt or þæs (see sē)*, 778-9, 1591-3, 1598-9, etc.; *repeated* 2864-5-71.

þæt þe, *conj.*, THAT, 1846.

þætte (= þæt þe), *conj.*, THAT, 151, etc.

þaſan, *v. v.*, with *acc.*, consent to, submit to, 2963.

-þah, see *-þigan*.

þām, see *se*, *sē*.

þanan, see *þonan*.

þanc, *st. m.*:

(1) with *gen. rei*, THANKS, 928, 1997, etc.

(2) content?, favour?; *dat. sg. þā ðe gif-sceattas Gēata fyredon byder tō þance*, 379.

þanc-hygcende, *adj. (pres. part.)*, [thought-thinking], thoughtful, 2235.

þancian, *v. v.*, THANK, 625, 1397; *pret. pl.*, *þancodon*, 1626, *þancodon*, 227.

þanon, see *þenan*.

þara, see *se*, *sē*.

þas, see *þæs*.

þe, *rel. particle, indecl.*, who, that, which, etc.

(1) Alone, 192, 500, etc.; *acc. sg.*

355, 2182; *dat. sg.* 2400, 3001; *nom. pl.* 45, etc.; *acc. pl.* 2490, 2796; *gen. pl.* 950; *dat. pl.* *þegō þær on standað*, "in which ye stand there," 2866; so 1654. *Special passages*: *hēo þā fæhðe wræc*, *þe þū gystran niht Grendel owealdest*, "she avenged the feud, in which thou killedst Grendel yesternight," 1334; *mid þære sorhge*, *þe him sio sār belamp*, "with the sorrow, where-with that blow befell (afflicted) him," 2468.

(2) *Immediately preceded by redundant sē, sēo, þæt, etc.*; *sē þe*, 103, 1260, 1342, 1449, 1462 (*antec. ængum*); *sē þe for sēo þe*, 1344, 1887, 2685; *sēo þe*, 1445; *ðone þe*, 1054, 1298, 2056, 2173; *pl. þā þe*, 1592. *Correlatives*: *se...sē þe*, 506 (followed by verb in 2nd pers.); *sēo hand ...sē þe*, 1343-4; *sio hond...sē þe*, 2684-5; *þæt ys sio fæhðo ond se fēond-scipe...þe ūs sēceað tō Swēona lēoda*, "that is the feud and the enmity for which the peoples of the Swedes will come against us," 2999-3001.

N.B. *After þara þe the verb is often in the sg.*: 843, 996, 1051, 1461, 2130, 2251, 2383.

(3) *Followed by redundant hē*: *acc. sg. m. þe hine deað nimeð*, "whom death will take," 441.

þæs þe, see *þæs*, *adv.*

þæt þe, see *þæt*, *conj.*

þeah þe, see *þeah*.

forþon þe, see *forþam*.

tō þæs þe, see *tō*.

þē, *pers. pron. (acc. and dat. of þū)*, THEE, to thee, etc., 417, 523, 525, etc. *With a comparative*, than thou, 1850.

þē, *demon. pron.*, see *sē*.

þē, *conj.*:

(1) because, *correl. with a preceding þy, þē (see sē)*, 488, 1436, 2641.

(2) that, so that, 242 (?possibly

dat. of the rel. particle þe, "because of which," *antecedent æg-wearde*).

-*þeah*, see *þoegan*.

þeah, *conj.*, *usu. with subj.*, rarely *with indic.*: *THOUGH*, although, 203, 2855, 2467, etc.; *once þēh*, 1613; *þeah ic eal mæge*, "although I may," 680.

þeah þe, *conj.*, *usu. with subj.*, *THOUGH*, although, 1167, 1716, 2481, 2838, etc.

þeah, *adv.*, *THOUGH*, yet, however, 1508.

swā þeah, see *swā*.

þearf, *st. f.*, need, 201, 1477, 1797, etc.; *acc. fremmað gāna lēoda þearfe*, "fulfil still the people's need," 2801.

þearf, *v.*, see *þurfan*.

þearfa, *w. m., n. or adj.*: *ærnes þearfa*, "shelterless," 2225.

(*ge*)-*þearfan*, *w. v.*, necessitate, render necessary; *pp. geþearfod*, 1103.

þearle, *adv.*, severely, hard, 560.

þēaw, *st. m.*, [*THEW*] custom, 178, etc.; *dat. pl.* "in good customs," 2144.

þec, *pers. pron. (archaic acc. of þū)*, thee, 947, etc.

þeccan, *w. v.*, [*THATCH*] cover, enfold, 3015; *pret. pl. þehton*, 513.

þegn, *st. m.*, *THANE*, 194, 400, 1230, etc.; used of *Beowulf*, 194, etc., *Hengest*, 1085, *Wiglaf*, 2721, etc.

þegn-sorg, *st. f.*, *THANE-SORROW* sorrow for one's thanes, 131.

þēgon, *þēgun*, see *þoegan*.

þēh, see *þeah*.

þehton, see *þeccan*.

þenc(e)an, *w. v.*, *THINK*, intend: *usu. with following inf.*, 355, 448 (*fut.*), 739, etc.; *with dependent clause*, 691; *absolutely*, 289, 2601 (*see onwendan*).

ā-þenc(e)an, *w. v.*, *THINK out*, intend, 2643.

ge-þenc(e)an, *w. v.*, *with acc.*,

THINK, think of, 1474; *inf. his ...ende geþencan*, "think of the end thereof," 1734.

þenden, *adv.*, yet a while, 1019.

þenden, *conj.*, *with indic. or subj.*, while, whilst, 30, 1224, 2985, etc.

þengel, *st. m.*, prince, king, 1507.

þēnian (= *þegnian*), *w. v.*, *with dat.*, serve, 560.

þēod, *st. f.*, people, nation, 643, 1705, etc.

þēod-cyning, -*kyning*, *þēod-cyning*, *st. m.*, nation-king, king of a people, 2, 2144 (*Hrothgar*), 2579 (*Beowulf*), 2963 (*Ongentheow*), etc.

þēoden, *þēoden*, *st. m.*, prince, king, 34, 797, 2336, 2656, etc.; *dat. þēodne*, 345, etc., *þēoden*, 2032; *pl. þēodnas*, 3070.

þēoden-lēas, *adj.*, prince-LESS, without one's chief, 1103.

þēod-gestrēon, *st. neut.*, nation-treasure, national possession, 44, 1218.

þēod-kyning, see *þēod-cyning*.

þēod-sceafta, *w. m.*, nation-SCATHER, national foe, 2278, 2688.

þēod-þrēa, *st. f.*, national misery, 178.

þēof, *st. m.*, *THIEF*, 2219.

þēon, *st. v.*, thrive, succeed, 8; *pret. sg. hūru þæt...lft manna þāh*, "this indeed has prospered with few men," 2336.

ge-þēon, *st. v.*, thrive, 25, 910; *imperat. sg.*, 1218.

on-þēon, *st. v.*, thrive; *pret. sg. hē þæs ær onþāh*, "he therefore thrived erewhile," 900.

þēon (= *þýwan*), *w. v.*, oppress, 2736.

þēos, see *þes*.

þēostre, *adj.*, dark, 2332.

þēow, *st. m.*, slave, 2223.

þes, *þeos*, *þis*, *demon. adj.*, *THIS*, 411, 484, etc.; *inst. neut. þýs*, 1395; *acc. sg. m.*, *þisne*, 75, *þysne*, 1771; *gen. sg. m. and neut. þisses*, 1216, *þysses*, 790, 806; *dat. sg. neut. þissum*, 1169,

byssum, 2639; *dat. pl.* byssum, 1062, 1219.

Mcg(e)an, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, seize, take, partake of, eat, 736, 1010; *pret. pl. indic.* þēgun, 2633, *subj.* þēgon, 563.

ge-mcgan, *st. v.*, with *acc.*, take, receive, 1014; *pret. sg.* ge-beah, 618, 628; gebah, 1024.

þin, *poss. adj.*, THINE, thy, 267, 2131, etc.

þinc(e)an, see **þyncan**.

þing, *st. neut.*, THING, matter, affair, 409, 426; *gen. pl.* ænige þinga, "by any means, in any way, on any condition, at all," 791, 2374, 2905.

þingan, *w. v.*, determine, appoint, 1938; *pp.* wiste þæm æhlǣcan ...hilde gepinged, "knew that battle was in store for the monster," 647.

ge-þingan, *w. v.*, with *refl. dat.*, take service; *pres.* gif him þonne Hreþric to hofum Gēata gepingeð, "if then Hrethric enters into service at the Geats' court," 1836.

þingian, *w. v.*:

- (1) address, speak, 1843.
- (2) compound, settle, allay, 156, 470.

þod-, see **þeod-**.

þoden, see **þeoden**.

þis, *demon. adj.*, see **þes**.

þis, *demon. pron. neut.*, THIS, 290.

þolian, *w. v.*, [THOLE] endure:

- (1) *trans.* 832, 1525, etc.
 - (2) *intrans.* 2499.
- ge-þolian**, *w. v.*, [THOLE]:
- (1) *trans.*, endure, 87, 147; *dat. inf.* tō geþolianne, 1419.
 - (2) *intrans.*, wait patiently, 3109.

þon, *pron.*, see **sē**.

tō þon, *adv.*, to that degree, so, 1876.

tō þon, þest, until, 2591, 2845; see **sē**.

þon, *adv.*, THEN, 2423.

þonan, **þonon**, **þanan**, **þanon**, *adv.*, THENCE, 819, 520, 1265, 1292,

etc.; sometimes of personal origin, 1960, etc.

þone, see **sē**, **sā**.

þonne, *adv.*, THEN, 377, etc.; repeated, 1104-6. See **þonne**, *conj.*

þonne, *conj.*:

(1) when, while, with *indic. and subj.*, 23, 573, etc.; in *elliptical sentence*, brēc þonne mōste, "enjoyed [him or them] while I might," 1487. *Correl. with þonne*, *adv.*: 484-5, 2032-4; swā bið gēomorlic...þonne hē gyd wrece ...þonne his sunu hangað, "so will it be sad, [that] he should then utter a dirge, when his son is hanging," 2446-7.

(2) THAN, after *compar.*: 44, 248, etc. With *compar. omitted*: medo-ærn micel...þonne yldo bearn æfre gefrūnon, "a great mead-hall, [greater] than the children of the age ever heard of," 70.

þonon, see **þonan**.

þorfte, see **þurfan**.

þræg, *st. f.*, time; *acc. sg. of duration of time*, 54, 87, 114; *nom. sg.* þā hyne sio þræg becwōm, "when the time (of battle) came upon him," 2883.

þrēa-nēdla, *w. m.*, [THROE-compulsion] the compulsion of oppression or misery; *dat. sg.* for þrēa-nēdla, "compelled by oppression or misery," 2223.

þrēa-nȳd, *st. f.*, [THROE-NEED] dire need, oppression, misery, 284; *dat. pl.* þe hie...for þrēa-nȳdum þolian scoldon, "which they through dire compulsion had to endure," 832.

þrēat, *st. m.*, troop, band, 4, 2406.

þrēatian, *w. v.*, THREATEN, press; *pret. pl.* meo...þrēatedon þearle, "pressed me hard," 560.

þrec-wudu, *st. m.*, [onset-wood] spear, 1246.

þreo, **þrio**, *num. neut. (of þrie)*, THREE, 2278, 2174.

þreottōþa, *ord. num.*, THIRTEENTH, 2406.

bridda, *ord. num.*, THIRD, 2688.

bringan, *st. v.*, *intrans.*, THROG, 2960; *pret. sg.* prong, 2883.

for-bringan, *st. v.*, snatch, rescue, 1084.

ge-bringan, *st. v.*, THROG, bound, 1912.

brlo, see **bræo**.

brist-hydg, *adj.*, bold-minded, 2810.

brittig, *brittig*, *st. neut.*, with *gen.*, THIRTY, 123, 2361; *gen. sg.* 379.

prong, see **bringan**.

brōwian, *w. v.*, suffer, 2605, etc.; *pret. sg.* brōwode, 2594, brōwade, 1589, 1721.

brym(m), *st. m.*, might, force, 1918; glory, 2; *dat. pl. adverbially*, brymmum, "powerfully," 235.

brym-líc, *adj.*, mighty, glorious, 1246.

brýð, *st. f.*, strength; *dat. pl.* brýðum dealle, "proud in their strength," 494.

brýð-særn, *st. neut.*, mighty house, noble hall, 657.

brýð-líc, *adj.*, excellent, picked, 400, 1627.

brýð-lícost, *superl.*, most excellent; *acc. pl.* 2869.

brýð-swýð, *st. neut. f.*, great distress, pain, anxiety, 131, 736.

brýð-word, *st. neut.*, choice or mighty word, excellent talk, 643.

þú, *pers. pron.*, THOU, 352, etc.; *acc. sg. þec*, þē (q. v.).

þungen, **ge-þungen**, *adj. (pp.)*, [thriven] mature, distinguished, excellent, 624, 1927. Cf. *þeon*.

þunian, *w. v.*, THUNDER, rattle, groan, hum; *pret.* þunede, 1906.

ge-þuren, *pp.* (isolated; Sievers § 385, N. 1), forged, 1285.

þurfan, *st.-w. v.*, need; *pres.* þearf, þearft, 445, 595, etc.; *subj.* þurfe, 2495; *pret.* þorfte, 157, etc.; *pret. pl.* hrēmege þorfton, "needed [to be] exultant," 2363.

þurh, *prep.*, with *acc.*, THROUGH, local, causal, and instrumental, 2661, 267, 276, 278, 558, etc.

þus, *adv.*, THUS, 238, 337, 430.

þūsend, *st. neut.*, THOUSAND, 3050; *pl.* þūsenda, 1829. Without following noun of measure: *gen. pl.* hund þūsenda landes ond locenra bēaga, 2994. Even without a dependent *gen.*: *acc. pl.* ond him gesealde seofan þūsendo, 2195.

þý, see *se*, *sē*.

þý lās, *conj.*, LEST, 1918.

þyder, *adv.*, THITHER, 379, 2970, 3086.

þyhtig, *adj.*, doughty, strong, 1558.

þyle, *st. m.*, spokesman, 1165, 1456.

þyncan, *þincean*, *w. v.*, with *dat. pers.*, seem, 1341, 368, 687, etc.; sometimes *impers.*, 2653.

of-þyncan, *w. v.*, displease, 2032.

þýrs, *st. m.*, giant, 426.

þýs, see **þes**.

þýs-líc, *adj.*, [THUSLIKE] such; *nom. sg. f.*, þýslicu, 2637.

þýsne, **þýsses**, **þýssum**, see **þes**.

þýstru, *st. f.*, darkness, 87.

þýwan, *w. v.*, oppress; *pres. pl.* egesan þýwað, "oppress with dread," 1827. From *þeow*.

U.

ufan, *adv.*, from above, above, 1500, 330.

ufera, *compar. adj.*, later; *dat. pl.* uferan, 2392, ufaran, 2200.

ufor, *compar. adv.*, higher, upwards, on to higher ground, 2951.

uhte, *w. f.*, dawn, twilight, 126.

uht-floga, *w. m.*, twilight-flur, 2760.

uht-hlem, *st. m.*, twilight-uproar, din or crash in the twilight, 2007.

uht-sceaða, *w. m.*, twilight-scather, twilight-foe, 2271.

umbor-wesende, *adj. (pres. part.)*, being a child, 46, 1187.

un-blifðe, *adj.*, UNBLITH, joyless, 130, 2268, 3031.

un-byrnende, *adj. (pres. part.)*, UNBURNING, without being burnt; *nom. sg. absolutely* 2548.

unc, *pers. pron. (dat. and acc. dual*

- of ic), to us two, us two, 540, 545, 2137, etc.
- uncer**, *pers. pron. (gen. dual of ic)*, of us two, 2532; *coupled with the gen. of a proper name*, uncer Grendles, "of Grendel and me," 2002.
- uncer**, *poss. adj. (see above)*, our (*dual*); *dat. pl.* uncran, 1185.
- un-cūð**, *adj.*, UNCOUTH, unknown, evil, 1410, 2214, 276; *gen. sg. absolutely*, 960 (Grendel), 876 (what is unknown).
- under**, *prep.*, UNDER:
- (1) *with dat. (of rest)*, 1163, 1204, 1209, etc.; *during, with*, 738.
- (2) *with acc. (of motion, expressed or implied)*, 403, 887, 1551, etc. *To denote extent*: under swegles begong, "under the sky's expanse," 860, 1773; under heofones hwealf, 2015.
- under**, *adv.*, UNDER, beneath, 2213.
- undern-mæl**, *st. neut.*, [UNDERN-MEAL] morning-time, 1428.
- un-dyrne**, **un-derne**, *adj.*, UNSECRET, manifest, 127, 2000, 2911.
- un-dyrne**, *adv.*, UNSECRETLY, openly, 150, 410.
- un-fæcne**, *adj.*, UNGUILEFUL, sincere, 2068.
- un-fæge**, *adj.*, [UNFEY] UNDOOMED, not fated to die, 573, 2291.
- un-fæger**, *adj.*, UNFAIR, not beautiful, 727.
- un-flitme**, *adv.*, INCONTESTABLY, 1097; without strife, 1129.
- un-forht**, *adj.*, [UNAFRAID] FEARLESS, 287.
- un-forhte**, *adv.*, FEARLESSLY, 444.
- un-frōd**, *adj.*, not old, young, 2821.
- un-from**, *adj.*, inert, not bold, UNWARLIKE, 2188.
- un-gēara**, *adv.*, not of YORE:
- (1) but now, 932.
- (2) erelong, 602.
- un-gedēfelice**, *adv.*, IMPROPERLY, unnaturally, 2435.
- un-gemete**, *adv.*, [UNMEETLY] IMMEASURABLY, 2420, 2721, 2728.
- un-gemetes**, *adv. (gen. of adj. un-* gemet, UNMEET), immeasurably, 1792.
- un-gyfoðe**, *adj.*, not granted, 2921.
- un-hælo**, *st. f.*, [UNHEALTH] DESTRUCTION; *gen. sg.* wiht unhælo, "the wight of destruction," 120.
- un-hār**, *adj.*, (un- *intensive*) VERY HOAR, very gray, 357.
- un-hære**, **un-hlore**, **un-hyre**, *adj.*, UNCANNY, monstrous, 2120, 2413; *nom. sg. f.* unhæoru, 987.
- un-lēof**, *adj.*, [UNLIEF] not dear, unloved; *acc. pl. absolutely* 2863.
- un-lifgende**, **un-lyfigende**, *adj. (pres. part.)*, UNLIVING, lifeless, dead, 468, 744, 1308; *dat. sg. m.* þæt bið driht-guman unlifgendum æfter sēlest, "that will be best for the noble warrior after death," 1389.
- un-lytel**, *adj.*, [UNLITTLE] no little, 498, 833, 885.
- un-murnlice**, *adv.*, UNMOURNFULLY, without sorrow, 449, 1756.
- unnan**, *st.-w. v.*, grant, will, wish, own, 503, 2874; *pres. sg. 1st, an.* 1225; *subj. pret. 1st, ūþe ic swiþor*, þæt ðū hine selfne gesæon mōste, "I would rather that thou mightst have seen himself," 960; *3rd, þeah he ūþe wel*, "how much soever he wished," 2855.
- ge-unnan**, *st.-w. v.*, grant, 346, 1661.
- un-nyt**, *adj.*, useless, 413, 3168.
- un-riht**, *st. neut.*, UNRIGHT, wrong, 1254, 2739.
- un-rihte**, *adv.*, UNRIGHTLY, wrongly, 3059.
- un-rim**, *st. neut.*, [UNRIME] COUNTLESS number, 1238, 2624, 3135.
- un-rime**, *adj.*, [UNRIMED] COUNTLESS, 3012.
- un-rōt**, *adj.*, [UNGLAD] sad, 3148.
- un-slāw**, *adj.*, [UNSLAW] not slow; *nom. sg. eogum unslāw*, "not slow of edge," 2564 (see note).
- un-snyttro**, *st. f.*, UNWISDOM; *dat. pl. his unsnyttum*, "in his un-wisdom," 1734.

un-sōfte, *adv.*, [UNSORPLY] with difficulty, 1655, 2140.

un-swīte, *adv.*

un-swīðor, *compar.*, less strongly, 2578, 2881.

un-synnig, *adj.*, UNSINNING, guiltless, 2089.

un-synnum, *adv.* (*dat. pl. of *un-synn*), "sinlessly," 1072.

un-tāle, *adj.*, blameless, 1865.

un-tyder, *st. m.*, evil progeny; *nom. pl.* untýdras, 111.

un-wāclīc, *adj.*, [UNWEAKLIKE] firm, strong, 3138.

un-wearnum, *adv.*, UNAWARES, 741.

un-wrecen, *adj.* (*pp.*), UNWREAKED, unavenged, 2443.

ūp, *adv.*, UP, 128, 224, 782.

ūp-lang, *adj.*, [UPLONG] upright, 769.

uppe, *adv.*, UP, 566.

upp-riht, *adj.*, UPRIGHT, 2092.

ūre, *pers. pron.* (*gen. pl. of ic*), of us, 1386.

ūre, *poss. adj.* (see above), OUR, 2647.

ūrum, *pers. pron.* (*anom. form of the dat. pl. of ic*, used here for *uno*), to us, 2659.

ūs, *pers. pron.* (*dat. pl. of ic*), to us, 346, 382, etc.; for us, 2642.

ūsar, *pers. pron.* (= *ūre*, *gen. pl. of ic*); *ūsar* nēosan, "to visit us," 2074.

ūsar, *poss. adj.* (see above), OUR; *acc. sg. m.* ūserne, 3002; *gen. sg. neut.* usses, 2813; *dat. sg. m.* ussum, 2634.

ūsic, *pers. pron.* (*acc. pl. of ic*), us, 458, 2638, etc.

usses, *ussum*, see *ūsar*, *poss. adj.*

ūt, *adv.*, OUT, 215, etc.

ūtan, *adv.*, from without, without, 774, etc.

ūtan-weard, *adj.*, OUTWARD, the outside of, 2297.

ūt-fūs, *adj.*, OUTWARD bound, ready to start, 33.

uton, see *wutun*.

ūt-weard, *adj.*, [OUTWARD] outward bound, moving outwards, 761.

ūte, see *unnan*.

ūð-geŋge, *adj.*, escaping; *nom. sg.* wæs Æschere...feorh ūð-geŋge, "life was ready to depart from Æschere," 2123.

W.

wā, *adv.* (Grein), WOE; wā bið þām ...wel bið þām..., 183, 186.

***wacan**, *st. v.*, WAKE, arise, spring, come, be born, 1265, 1960; *pret. pl.* wōcun, 60.

***on-wacan**, AWAKE, 2287; be born, arise, spring, 56, 111.

wacian, *w. v.*, WATCH; *imperat. sg.* waca, 660; *pres. part.*, *nom. sg. m.* wæccende, 708, *acc. sg. m.* wæccendne, 1268, wæccende, 2841.

wadan, *st. v.*, WADE, go; *pret. sg.* wōd, 714, 2661; *pp.* gewaden, 220.

on-wadan, *s. v.*, assail; *pret. sg.* hine fyren onwōd, "him (Heremod) crime assailed."

þurh-wadan, *st. v.*, WADE THROUGH, pierce, penetrate, 890, 1567.

wado, etc., see *wæd*.

wæcnan, *w. v.*, *intrans.*, WAKEN, arise, 85.

wæd, *st. n.*, flood, sea, wave; *nom. pl.* wado, 546; wadu, 581; *gen. pl.* wada, 508.

wæfre, *adj.*, WAVERING, about to die, expiring, 1150, 2420; wandering, 1331.

wæg-bora, *w. m.*, WAVE-BEARER, wave-traverser, wave-tosser (of a sea-monster), 1440.

wæge, *st. neut.*, stoup, flagon, tankard, 2253, 2282.

wæg-holm, *st. m.*, the billowy sea, 217.

wæg-liðend, *st. m.* (*pres. part.*), wave-farer, sea-farer, 3158.

wægnan, *w. v.*

be-wægnan, *w. v.*, offer, 1193.

wæg-sweord, *st. neut.*, wave-sword, sword with a wavy pattern, 1489.

wæl, *st. neut.*, slaughter, the slain, corpse, 448, etc.; *nom. pl.* **walu**, 1042.

wæl-bedd, *st. neut.*, slaughter-BED.

wæl-bend, *st. m. f.*, slaughter-BOND, death-BAND, 1936.

wæl-blēat, *adj.*, [slaughter-pitiful]; *acc. f.* **wunde wæl-blēate**, "his deathly pitiful wound," 2725.

wæl-dēaþ, *st. m.*, slaughter-DEATH, death by violence, 695.

wæl-drōor, *st. neut.*, slaughter-gore, 1631.

wæl-feahþ, *st. f.*, slaughter-FEUD, deadly feud, 2028.

wæl-flæg, *adj.*, slaughter-stained, 1128.

wæl-feall, *-fyll*, *st. m.*, slaughter-FALL, violent death, 3154; *dat. sg.* **gewēox hē...to wæl-fealle...** Deniga lēodum, "he sent many of the Danes to a violent death," 1711.

wæl-fla, *adj.*, ready for, expecting, (a violent) death, 2420.

wæl-fyll, see **wæl-feall**.

wæl-fyllo, slaughter-FILL, fill of slaughter, 125.

wæl-fyr, *st. neut.*, slaughter-FIRE, death-bringing fire, 2582; corpse-fire, pyre, 1119.

wæl-gæst, *st. m.*, slaughter-GUEST, murderous stranger, 1331, 1995.

wæl-hlem, *st. m.*, slaughter-crash, terrible blow, 2969.

wæll-seax, *st. neut.*, slaughter-knife, deadly short-sword; *dat. sg.* (with uninflected adjs.) **wæll-seaxe** **gebræd biter ond beadu-scearp**, "drew his keen and battle-sharp short-sword," 2703.

wælm, see **wylm**.

wæl-nif, *st. m.*, slaughter-hate, slaughter-strife, deadly enmity, 85, 2065, 3000.

wæl-ræc, *st. m.*, [slaughter-RACE] deadly strife, mortal combat, 2947, 824, 2531.

wæl-rāp, *st. m.*, [whirlpool-ROPE] icicle, 1610 (see note).

wæl-rēaf, *st. neut.*, slaughter-spoil, battle-booty, plunder, 1205.

wæl-rēc, *st. m.*, slaughter-RÆC, deadly exhalation, 2661.

wæl-rōw, *adj.*, slaughter-fierce, fierce in strife, 629.

wæl-rest, *st. f.*, [slaughter-REST] bed of (violent) death, 2902.

wæl-sceaf, *st. m.*, slaughter-SHAFT, deadly spear, 398.

wæl-steng, *st. m.*, slaughter-pole, spear, 1638.

wæl-stōw, *st. f.*, slaughter-place, battle-field, 2051, 2984.

wæn, *st. m.*, WAIN, wagon; *acc. sg.* 3134.

wæpen, *st. neut.*, WEAPON, 1660, 1467, 1664, etc.; *acc. pl.* **wæpen**, 292.

wæpned-mon(n), *st. m.*, WEAPONED MAN, man, 1284.

wær, *st. f.*, compact, treaty, 1100; keeping, protection, 27, 3109. ["Beiträge" x. 511.]

wæran, etc., see **wesan**.

wæstm, *st. m.*, growth, form; *dat. pl.* on **weres wæstimum**, "in man's form," 1352.

wæter, *st. neut.*, WATER, the sea, 93, etc.; *dat.* **wætere**, 1425, 1656, 2722, **wætre**, 2854; *instrumental gen.* **hē hine eft ongon wæteres weorpan**, "he began again to sprinkle him with water," 2791.

wæter-egesa, *w. m.*, WATER-terror, the terrible mere, 1620.

wæter-ſt, *st. f.*, WATER-wave, 2242.

wæg, *st. m.*, wall, 1662, 995.

wala, *w. m.*, WALE, "wreath" (in heraldry), a protecting rim or roll on the outside of the helmet (Skeat); *nom. sg.* **ymb þæs helmes hrōf hēafod-beorge wirum bewunden wala ūtan hēold**, "round the helmet's crown the 'wreath,' wound about with wires, gave protection for the head from the outside," 1031.

Waldend, see **Wealdend**.

wald-swæþ, *st. neut.*, or

wald-swaþu, *st. f.*, [WOLD-SWATH]

- forest-track, forest-path; *dat. pl.* wald-swaðum, 1403.
- walu, see wæl.
- wan, *v.*, see winnan.
- wan, *adj.*, see won.
- wang, see wong.
- wanian, *w. v.*:
- (1) *intrans.*, WANE, diminish, 1607.
 - (2) *trans.*, diminish, curtail, decrease, 1337; *pp.* gewanod, 477.
- wānigean, *w. v.*, bewail, lament; *inf.* gehýrdon gryre-léoð galan Godes ondsacan, sige-léasne sang, sār wānigean helle hæfton, "heard God's adversary singing his terror-lay, his victory-less song, hell's captive bewailing his sore," 787.
- warian, *w. v.*, guard, inhabit, 1253, 1265, 2277 (guards); *pres. pl.* warigeað, 1358.
- waroð, *st. m.*, [WARTH] shore, 234, 1965.
- wāt, etc., wot, see witan.
- wē, *pers. pron. (pl. of ic)*, wē, 1, 260, etc.
- wēa, *w. m.*, woe, 936, 191, etc.; *gen. pl.* wēana, 148, etc.
- weal(l), *st. m., gen.* wealles, *dat.* wealle, *acc.* weal, 326: WALL in its various meanings; rampart, burgh-wall, 785, etc.; wall of a building, 326, 1573; natural wall of rock, sometimes the side of a barrow or den, 2307, 2759, 3060, etc.; wall of cliff, 229, etc.
- wēa-lāf, *st. f.*, [WOE-LEAVING] wretched remnant (of either army after the battle in which Hnæf fell), 1084, 1098.
- wealdan, *st. v., with dat., gen., or absolutely*, WIELD, rule, rule over, govern, possess, control; prevail; 442, 1859, 702, 2051, etc. *Special passages*: benden wordum wēold wine Scyldinga, "while the friend of the Scyldings still had power of speech," or "ruled with his word," 30; ðær hē þý fyrste... wealdan mōste, "if he at that time was to prevail," 2574; wæl-stōwe wealdan, "to be masters of the field," 2984.
- ge-wealdan, *st. v., with gen., dat., or acc.*, WIELD, control, possess, bring about, 1509, 1554, 2703.
- Wealdend, Waldend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, the WIELDER, God, 1693, etc.; often with dependent *gen.*, 17, etc.; *gen.* Wealdendes, 2857, Waldendes, 2292, 3109; *dat.* Wealdende, 2329.
- weall, see weal.
- weallan, *st. v.*, WELL, boil, be agitated, literally and figuratively; *pret.* wēoll, 2138, 2113, etc.; wēol, 518, etc.; *pres. part.* weallende, 847, weallinde, 2464; *nom. pl. neut.* weallende, 546, weallendu, 581. *Special passages*: Ingelde weallað wæl-nīðas, "in Ingeld's breast deadly hatred wells up," 2065; hreðer æðme wēoll, "his breast swelled with breath," 2593.
- weall-clif, *st. neut.*, WALL-CLIFF, sea-cliff, 3132.
- weard, *st. m.*, [WARD] warden, warder, guardian, owner, 229, 1741, 2524, etc.
- weard, *st. f.*, WARD, watch, 305, 319.
- weardian, *w. v.*, WARD, guard, indwell, 105, 1237, 2075. *Especially in the phrase* læst or swaðe weardian: *inf.* hē his folme forlēt...læst weardian, "he left his hand behind to mark his track," 971; so *pret.* weardade, 2098; *pret. sg. for pl. in subordinate clause*, þæt þām frætwum fēower mēaras...læst weardode, "that four horses followed the armour," 2164.
- wearn, *st. f.*, refusal, 366.
- wēa-spell, *st. neut.*, WOE-SPELL, tidings of woe, 1315.
- weaxan, *st. v.*, WAX, grow, 3115, 1741, 8.
- ge-weaxan, *st. v.*, WAX, grow, become, 66, 1711.

web, *st. neut.*, WEB, tapestry; *nom. pl.* 995.

wecc(e)an, *w. v.*, wake, rouse, stir up, 2046, 3024; *pret.* wehte, 2854. *Special passage*: bælf-fyra mæst...weccan, "to kindle the greatest of funeral piles," 3144.

tō-weccan, *w. v.*, wake up, stir up; *pret. pl.* tō-wehton, 2948.

wedd, *st. neut.*, pledge, 2998.

weder, *st. neut.*, WEATHER, 546; *nom. pl.* weder, 1136.

weg, *st. m.*, WAY; *only in* on weg, "away," 264, 1382, etc.

wæg, *st. m.*, wave, 3132. *Cf.* wæg-.

wegan, *st. v.*, bear, wear, wage, 3015, 2252, 2464, etc. *Special passage*: mōd Drȳðo wæg,... fīren ondrysne, "Thrytho bore moodiness or fierceness, [committed] terrible crime," 1931.

æt-wegan, *st. v.*, bear away, carry off, 1198.

ge-wegan, *st. v.*, engage, fight, 2400.

wæg-flota, *w. m.*, wave-FLOATER, ship, 1907.

wehte, see weccan.

wel(1), *adv.*, WELL, rightly, much, 186, 289, 1792, 2570, 2855; *usual form* wel, but well, 2162, 2812.

wel-hwylc, *indef. adj. and pron.*

I. *Pron.*:

(1) *with gen.* wel-hwylc witenas, "WELL nigh every councillor," 266.

(2) *neut. absolutely*, everything, 874.

II. *Adj.* almost every, 1344.

welig, *adj.*, WEALTHY, rich, 2607.

wēn, *st. f.*, WEENING, expectation, hope, 734, 883, etc. *Special passages*: wēn ic talige, "I reckon it a thing to be expected," 1845; *dat. pl.* bēga on wēnum, ende-dōgores ond eft-cymes lēofes monnes, "in expectation of both, the day of death and the return of the dear man" (*i.e.* expecting one or the other), 2895.

wēnan, *w. v.*, with *gen.*, *infin.*,

clause, or absolutely: WEEN, expect, hope, 157, 1184, etc.; *pres. sg.* 1st wēn, 338, 442. *Special passages*: þæs ic wēne, "as I hope," 272; swā ic þā wēne tō, "as I expect from thee," 1396; *with inf.* ic ænigra mē wēana ne wēnde...bōtegebidan, "I expected not to abide the remedy of any of my woes," 933; *with gen. and clause*, hig þæs æðelinges eft ne wēndon, þæt hē...cōme, "they expected not the atheling again, that he would come," 1596.

wendan, *w. v.*, *intrans.*, WEND, turn, 1739.

ed-wendan, *w. v.*, *intrans.*, turn back, desist, cease, 280.

ge-wendan, *w. v.*, *trans. and intrans.*, turn, change, 315, 186.

on-wendan, *w. v.*, *trans.*, turn aside, set aside, avert, 191.

Special passage: sibb æfre ne mæg wiht onwenden, þām ðe wel þenceð, "naught can ever set aside kinship, to a right-minded man," 2601.

wenian, *w. v.*, honour, 1091.

be-wenian, **bi-wenian**, *w. v.*, entertain, attend on; *pret. subj. sg. for pl.*, dryht-bearn Dena duguða biwenede, 2035 (see note); *pp. pl.* bewenede, 1821.

weorc, *st. neut.*, WORK, deed, trouble, 74, 1656, etc.; *gen. pl.* worda ond worca, 289; *dat. pl.* wordum ne worcum, 1100. *Special passages*: he þæs gewinnes weorc þrōwade, "he suffered trouble for that strife," 1721; *dat. pl. adverbially*, weorcum, "with difficulty," 1638.

weorce, *adj.*, grievous, painful, 1418.

weorod, see werod.

weorpan, *st. v.*, [WARP]:

(1) *with acc. rei.*, throw, 1531.

(2) *with acc. pers. and gen. rei.*, sprinkle, 2791.

(3) *with dat.*, spew, cast forth, 2582.

for-weorpan, *st. v.*, throw away; *pret. subj.* forwurpe, 2872.

ofer-weorpan, *st. v.*, stumble, 1543.

weorð, *st. neut.*, WORTH, price, pay, 2496.

weorð, *adj.*, WORTHY, honoured, dear; *nom. sg. m.* weorð Denum sǣling, "the atheling dear to the Danes," 1814.

weorþra, *compar.*, worthier, 1902.

weorðan, *st. v.*, become, be, befall, happen, come, 2526, 414, 2731, etc.; *inf.* wurðan, 807; *pres. pl.* wurðað, 282; *pret. sg.* hæ on fylle wearð, "he fell," 1544; *pp.* geworden, "happened, arisen," 1304, 3078. Often with *predicative dat. governed by tō*, and *dat. pers.*: ðū scealt tō frōfre weorðan...lēodum þinum, hæleðum tō helpe, "thou shalt be for a comfort to thy people, a help to the heroes," 1707; so also 460, 587, etc.

ge-weorðan, *st. v.*:

(1) *intrans.*, become, be, happen, 3061.

(2) *trans.*, agree about, settle; *inf.* þæt ðū...lēte Sūð-Dene sylfe geweorðan gūðe wið Grendel, "that thou wouldst let the South Danes themselves settle their war with Grendel," 1996.

(3) *impers.*, with *gen.*, and following clause in apposition, appear, seem, seem good; *pret.* þā ðæs monige gewearð, þæt, "then it appeared to many that," 1598; *pp.* hafað þæs geworden wine Scyldinga...þæt, "this had seemed good to the friend of the Scyldings, that," 2026.

weorð-full, *adj.*

weorð-fullost, *superl.*, [WORTH-FULLEST], WORTHiest, 3099.

weorðlan, *w. v.*, WORTHY ("Lear" ii. 2. 128), honour, adorn, 2096, 1090, etc.; *pp.* geweorðod, 2175; geweorðad, 250, 1450, 1959; ge-

wurðad, 331, 1038, 1645; weorðad, 1703.

weorð-lice, *adv.*

weorð-licost, *superl.*, most worthily, 3161.

weorð-mynd, *st. f.*, worship, honour, glory, 8, 65, 1559, etc.; *dat. pl.* tō worð-myndum, "for honour, for honour's sake," 1186.

weotena, see wita.

weotian, *w. v.*, prepare, etc.: *pp. acc. pl.* wælbendeweotode, "death-bands prepared, appointed, destined," 1936.

be-weotian, be-witian, *w. v.*, observe, etc.: *pres. pl.* þā ðe syngales sǣle bewitiað, "those [weathers, days] which continually observe the season," 1135; bewitigað sorhfulne sið, "make a journey full of woe," 1428; *pret. sg.* ealle beweotode þegnes þearfe, "attended to all the thane's needs," 1796; hord beweotode, "watched over a hoard," 2212.

wer, *st. m.*, man, 105, 1352, 216, 1256, etc.; *gen. pl.* wera, 120, etc.; weora, 2947.

wered, *st. neut.*, beer, mead, 496.

werede, etc., see werod.

were-fyhte, *w. f.*, defensive fight, fight in defence, 457.

werga (*weak form of werig*), *adj.*, cursed; *gen. sg.* wergan gāstes, 133 (Grendel), 1747 (the devil).

wērga, etc., see wērig.

wergend, *st. m.* (*pres. part. of werian*), defender, 2882.

wērgian, *w. v.*, WEARY; *pp.* gewergad, 2852.

werhðo, *st. f.*, curse, damnation; *acc. sg.* werhðo, 589.

werian, *w. v.*, guard, defend, protect, 453, 1327, etc.; *reflex.*, 541; *pp. nom. pl.* 238, 2529.

be-werian, *w. v.*, defend; *pret. subj.* beweredon, 938.

wērig, *adj.*, with *gen. or dat.*, WEARY, 579; *dat. sg.* wērgum, 1794; *acc. f. sg. or pl.* wērga, 2937.

wārig-mōd, *adj.*, WEARY OF MOOD, 844, 1543.

werod, **weorod**, *st. neut.*, troop, band, 651, 819, 290, etc.; *dat.* werede, 1215; weorode, 1011, 2346; *gen. pl.* wereda, 2186; weoroda, 60.

wer-þeod, *st. f.*, [man-nation] people; *acc. pl.* ofer wer-þeode, "throughout the nations of men," 899.

wesan, *irreg. v.*, be, 272, etc.; *pres. sg.* 3rd is, 256, 1761, etc.; *ys*, 2910, 2999, 3084; *pres. pl.* sint, 888; *synt*, 260, 842, 864; *syndon*, 237, 257, etc.; *pres. subj. sg.* sie, 435, etc.; *sý*, 1831, etc.; *sig*, 1778, etc.; *pret. pl.* wæron, 233, etc.; wæran, 2475; *imperat. sg.* wes, 269, etc., wæs, 407. *Negative forms: pres. sg.* 3rd nis, 249, etc.; *pret. sg.* 1st and 3rd næs, 2141, 134, etc.; *pret. pl.* næron, 2657; *pret. subj. sg.* nære, 860, etc.

Special passages:

(1) *Omission of infin.* 617, 1857, 2363, 2497, 2659; also 992, 2256.

(2) *Forming, with a pres. part., an imperf. tense: segende wæs*, "was saying," 8028.

wēste, *adj.*, WASTE; *acc. sg. m.* wēstne, 2456.

wēsten, *st. neut.*, WASTE, 1266; *dat.* wēstenne, 2298.

wic, *st. neut.*, [WICK] dwelling, 821, etc.; often in *pl.*, 125, etc.; *dat. pl.* wicun, 1304.

wican, *st. v.*

ge-wican, *st. v., intrans.*, WEAKEN, give way, 2577, 2629.

wicg, *st. neut.*, horse, steed, 1400, 286, etc.; *pl.* wicg, 2174.

wic-stede, *st. m.*, [WICK-STEAD] dwelling-place, 2462, 2607.

wid, *adj.*, WIDE, extended, long, of space and time, 935, 877, 1859, 2014, etc.

wid-cūð, *adj.*, [WIDE-COUTH] widely known, 1256, etc.; *gen. abso-*

lutely, wid-cūðes (i.e. Hrothgar), 1042.

wide, *adv.*, WIDELY, 18, 2135, 2913, 3099, etc.; *qualifying a superlative*, wide mærost, "the greatest far and wide, greatest of all," 898.

widre, *compar.*; widre gewindan, "to flee away more widely, escape further," 763.

wide-ferhð, *st. m.*, [WIDE-life] ever, only used as *acc. of time*, 702, 937; ealne wide-ferhð, "for all time to come," 1222.

wid-floga, *w. m.*, WIDE-FLIER (the dragon), 2830, 2346.

widre, see **wide**.

wid-scofen, see under **scufan**.

wid-weg, *st. m.*, WIDE-WAY, highway; *acc. pl.* geond wid-wegas, "along the highways," 840, "far and wide," 1704.

wif, *st. neut.*, WIFE, woman, 2120, 1284, 2028, 993, etc.

wif-lufa, *w. f.*, WIFE-LOVE, love for one's wife, 2065.

wig, *st. m.*:

(1) war, battle, 23, 65, 1084, etc.; *dat.* wigge, 1656, 1770, 1783.

(2) war-prowess; valour, might, 350, 1042, 2323, etc.

wiga, *w. m.*, warrior, 629, 1543, 2395. ["Beiträge" x. 511.]

wigan, *st. v.*, war, fight, 2509, 599.

wig-bealu, *st. neut.*, WAR-BALE, the evils of war, 2046.

wig-bil, *st. neut.*, WAR-BILL, war-sword, 1607.

wig-bord, *st. neut.*, [WAR-BOARD] war-shield, 2339.

wig-cræft, *st. m.*, WAR-CRAFT, war-might, 2953.

wig-cræftig, *adj.*, WAR-CRAFTY, mighty in battle, 1811.

wigend, *st. m. (pres. part.)*, warrior, 3099, 1125, 429, etc.

wig-freca, *w. m.*, war-wolf, warrior, 1212, 2496.

wig-fruma, *w. m.*, war-chief, 664, 2261.

wigge, see wig.

wig-geatwa, *st. f. pl.*, war-equipments, 368. See gūð-geatwa.

wig-gryre, *st. m.*, war-terror, 1284.

wig-heafola, *v. m.*, [war-head] war-helmet, 2661.

wig-hēap, *st. m.*, war-heap, band of warriors, 477.

wig-hete, *st. m.*, war-hate, 2120.

wig-hryre, *st. m.*, [war-falling] slaughter, onset, 1619.

wig-sigor, *st. m.*, war-victory, 1554.

wig-spēd, *st. f.*, war-speed, success in war, 697.

wig-weorðung, *st. f.*, idol-worship, sacrifice, 176. ["Beiträge" x. 511.]

wiht, *n.*:

I. *st. f.*, WIGHT, being, creature, 120, 3038.

II. *st. f. neut.*, WHIT, AUGHT, 2601 (see onwenden), 1660; *acc.* for wiht, "for aught," 2348; *with gen.*, 581.

III. *Adverbial use*, AUGHT, at all; almost always negative (*with ne*), naught, not at all, no WHIT. (1) *Acc.*, *with ne* or *nō*: 862, 1083, 2854, 2857, 541; *nō hine wiht dweleð ađl ne ylđo*, "sickness or age misleads him not a whit," 1735.

(2) *Dat.*; *with ne*, 186, 1514, etc.; *affirmatively*, 1991.

wil-cuma, *v. m.*, [WILL-COMER] welcome guest, 388, 394, 1894.

wil-dēor (= wild dēor), *st. neut.*, [WILD DEER] wild beast, 1430.

wile, see willan.

wil-geofa, *v. m.*, WILL-GIVER, joy-giver, 2909.

wil-geafl, *st. m.*, [WILL-companion] willing or loved companion, 23.

willā, *v. m.*, WILL, wish, desire, desirable thing; joy, pleasure; sake: 626, 1711, etc.; *dat. sg. tō willan*, "out of good will," 1186; ānes willan, "for the sake of one," 3077; *gen. pl. wilna*, 660, 950, 1344; *dat. pl. willum*, "according to our wishes," 1821; *so sylfes willum*, 2222, 2639.

willan, *irreg. v.*, WILL: *pres. sg.* 1st wille, 318, 344, etc.; wylle, 947, etc.; 2nd wylt, 1852; 3rd wile, 346; wyle, 2864; wille, 442, 1371, etc.; wylle, 2766; *pl. wyl-lað*, 1818. *Negative forms*: nelle = ne + wille, 679, 2524; nolde = ne + wolde, 706, 791, 2518, etc. *With omission of inf. nō* is fram him wolde, 548.

wilnian, *v. v.*, desire, 188.

wil-stū, *st. m.*, [WILL-journey] willing journey, 216.

win, *st. neut.*, WINE, 1162, 1233, 1467.

win-earn, *st. neut.*, WINE-hall, 654.

wind, *st. m.*, WIND, 217, etc.

win-dæg, *st. m.*, strife-DAY, day of strife, 1062.

windan, *st. v.*, *intrans. and trans.*, WIND, rise, twist, 1119, 1193, etc.; *pret. pl. strēamas wundon sund wið sande*, "the currents rolled the sea against the sand," 212; *pp. dat. sg. wundnum golde*, "with twisted gold," 1382.

set-windan, *st. v.*, *with dat. pers.*, WIND away, escape, 143.

be-windan, *st. v.*, WIND about, brandish, enclose, grasp, mingle, 1461, 1031, etc.; *pp. galdre bewunden*, "wound about with incantation, encompassed with a spell," 3052.

ge-windan, *st. v.*, *intrans.*, WIND, turn, flee away, 763, 1001.

on-windan, *st. v.*, UNWIND, 1610.

wind-blond, *st. neut.*, [WIND-BLEND] tumult of winds, 3146.

wind-gerest, *st. f.*, [WIND-BEST] resting-place of winds, 2456.

windig, *adj.*, WINDY; *pl. windige*, 572, 1358; windge, 1224.

wine, *st. m.*, friend, *esp.* friend and lord, friendly ruler, 30, 170, 457; *acc. pl. wine*, 21; *gen. pl. winigea*, 1664; winia, 2567.

wine-dryhten, wine-drihten, *st. m.*, friend-lord, friend and lord, friendly ruler, 360, 862, 2722.

wine-gŕomor, *adj.*, friend-sad, mourning for the loss of friends, 2239.

wine-l̥as, *adj.*, friendless, 2613.

wine-mæg, *st. m.*, friend-kinsman, relative and friend, loyal subject; *pl.* wine-māgas, 65.

winla, **winigea**, see **wine**.

winnan, *st. v.*, [WIN] strive, fight, 113, 506; *pret. sg.* 3rd **wan**, 144, 151, won, 1132.

wīn-reced, *st. neut.*, WINE-house, wine-hall, 714, 993.

wīn-sele, *st. m.*, WINE-hall, 695, 771.

winter, *st. m.*, WINTER, year, 1128, 1724, 2209, etc.; *gen. sg.* **wintrys**, 516.

wīr, *st. m.*, WIRE, wire-work, filagree, 1031, 2413.

wis, *adj.*, WISE, 1845, 3094, 1413, etc. *Weak forms: nom. m.* **wisa**, 1400, 1698, 2329; *acc. sg.* **wisan**, 1318.

wisa, *w. m.*, WISE one, guide, 259.

wis-dōm, *st. m.*, WISDOM, 350, 1959.

wise, *w. f.*, WISE, fashion; *instrumental acc.* (Grein), **ealde wisan**, "in the old fashion," 1865.

wis-fæst, *adj.*, [WISE-FAST] wise, 626.

wis-hygende, *adj. (pres. part.)*, WISE-thinking, 2716.

wislan, *w. v.*, with *acc. rei*, *dat. pers.*, or absolutely, [make WISE] point out, show; direct, guide, lead; 2409, etc.; *pres. sg.* 1st **wisige**, 292, etc.; *pret. sg.* **wisode**, 402, etc.; **wisade**, 208, etc.

wisse, see **witan**.

wist, *st. f.* (from **wesan**):

(1) weal, 1735.

(2) meal; *dat. sg.* **sæfter wiste**, "after Grendel's meal of thirty thanes," 128.

wiste, **wist**, see **witan**.

wist-fyllo, *st. f.*, food-FILL, abundant meal; *gen. sg.* **wist-fylle**, 734.

wit, *st. neut.*, WIT, 589.

wit, *pers. pron. (dual of io)*, we two, 535, etc.

wita, *w. m.*, wise man, councillor,

pl. the **WITAN**, 778; *gen. pl.* **witena**, 157, etc., **weotena**, 1098.

witan, *st.-w. v.*, [WIT] know, 1863, 764, 2519, etc.; *pres. sg.* 1st and 3rd **wāt**, 1331, etc.; *negative nāt*, 681, etc.; 2nd **wāst**, 272; *pret. sg.* 1st and 3rd **wiste**, 646, etc.; **wisse**, 169, etc.; *pret. pl.*, **wiston**, 181, etc.; **wisson**, 246. *Special passages: tō ðæs ðe hē eorð-sele āne wisse*, "to where he knew an earth-hall to be, knew of an earth-hall," 2410; *so*, 715; *pres. sg.* 1st, *io* on **Higelāce wāt... þæt hē**, "I know concerning Hygelac, that he," 1830; *negative sceaðona ic nāt hwile*, "I know not which of scathers, some foe," 274; 3rd, **God wāt on meo (acc.)**, **þæt mē is micle lēofre**, 2650.

ge-witan, *st.-w. v.*, know, 1850.

witan, *st. v.*, with *acc. rei* and *dat. pers.*, [WITE] reproach, blame, 2741.

æt-witan, *st. v.*, with *acc. rei*, **rwit**, blame, charge; *pret. pl.* **æt-witon wēana dæl**, "charged [him] with his share of their woes," 1150.

ge-witan, *st. v.*, depart, go, 42, 123, 2471, etc.; often with *reflex. dat.* 26, 662, 1125, etc.; often followed by *inf.* (in many cases best rendered by a *pres. part.*) 291, 853, 234, 2387, etc. *Special passages: fyrst forð gewāt*, "time went on," 210; *pp.*, *dat. sg. m.*, **þæt ðū mē ā wære forð gewitenum on fæder stæle**, "that thou wouldst aye be to me when dead in a father's place," 1479.

oð-witan, *st. v.*, with *acc. rei* and *dat. pers.*, reproach; *inf. ne ðorfe him ðā lēan oðwitan mon on middan-gearde, "no man on earth needed to reproach him with those rewards," 2995.*

-witian, see **-weotian**.

witig, *adj.*, **witry**, wise (applied to the Deity), 685, etc.; **wittig**, 1841, ["Beiträge" x. 511.]

- witnian, w. v.**, punish, torment; *pp.* wommun gewitnad, "tormented with plagues," 3073.
- wið, prep.** *with dat. and acc.*, *WITH* (*with acc.* 1088, 3027, *with dat.* 2600), *a rare meaning except with words denoting strife, such as winnan, 152; usual meaning against, 144, 326, 1549, 2528, etc.; sometimes towards (acc.) 155, 1864; by (acc.), 2013, 2566; from (dat.), 827, 2423. With acc. and dat. in the same sentence: "with," 424-6 (see gehēgan); gesæt þā wið sylfne...mæg wið mæge, "he sat then by [the king] himself, kinsman with kinsman," 1977-8. Special passages: wið duru healle, "to the door of the hall," 389; wið earm gesæt (see gesittan), 749; forborn bord wið rond, "the shield was burnt up to the rim," 2673; wið Hrefnawudu, "by (over against) Ravenswood," 2925.*
- wiðer-ræhtes, adv.**, opposite, 3039.
- wiðre, st. neut.**, resistance, 2958.
- wlanc, see wlonc.**
- wlātian, w. v.**, look, 1916.
- wlenco, st. f.**, pride, bravado, daring; *dat.* wlenco, 338, 1206, wlence, 508.
- wlitan, st. v.**, gaze, look, 1572, 1592; *pret. pl.* wlitan, 2852.
- giond-wlitan, st. v.**, look through, view thoroughly, 2771.
- wlite, st. m.**, countenance, 250.
- wlite-beorht, adj.**, of BRIGHT aspect, beauteous-bright, 93.
- wlite-sƿon, st. f. neut.?**, sight, 1650.
- wlitig, adj.**, beauteous, 1662.
- wlonc, wlanc, adj.**, proud, 331, 341, 2833, 2953; *with dat.* ƿese wlanc, "carriage-proud," 1332.
- wōh, adj.**, crooked, wrong; *dat. pl.* him bebeorgan ne oon wōm wundor-bebodum werƿan gastes, "he knows not how to protect himself against the crooked wondrous commands of the cursed spirit," 1747 (see note).
- wōh-bogen, adj. (pp.)**, crooked-bowed, coiled, 2827.
- wolcan, st. neut.**, WELKIN, cloud; *dat. pl.* wolcnum, 8, 1119, etc.
- wolde, pret.** of willan.
- wollen-tēare, adj.**, with WELLING TEARS, 3032.
- wōm, see wōh.**
- womm, st. m.**, spot, plague, 3073.
- won, v.**, see winnan.
- won, wan, adj.**, WAN, dark, 1374, 702; *nom. pl. neut.*, wan, 651; *weak form wonna, 3024, 3115.*
- wong, wang, st. m.**, plain, meadow, 93, 2242, etc.
- wong-stede, st. m.**, [PLAIN-STEAD] campaign spot, 2786.
- won-hȳd, st. f.**, [WAN, i.e. un-, thought] carelessness, rashness, 434.
- wonn (?)**, 3154, see note on l. 3155.
- won-sǣll(g), adj.**, unhappy, 105.
- won-sceaft, st. f.**, [WAN-shaping] misery, 120.
- wōp, st. m.**, WEeping, 128, 785, 3146.
- worc, see weorc.**
- word, st. neut.**, WORD, 79, etc.; *acc. pl.* word oðer fand, 870. *The dat. pl. is common with verbs of saying: 176, 388, 1193, 2795, 3175.*
- word-cwilde, -cwyde, st. m.**, WORD-saying, speech, 1841, 1845, 2753.
- word-gyd, st. neut.**, WORD-lay, dirge, 3172.
- word-hord, st. neut.**, WORD-HOARD, 259.
- word-riht, st. neut.**, [WORD-RIGHT] right or befitting word, 2631.
- worhte, see wyrƿan.**
- worn, st. neut.**, multitude, number, 264; *acc. sg.* þonne hƿ wintrum frōd worn gemunde, "when he, old in years, remembered the number [of them]," 2114. *Qualified by fela or eall: nom. sg.* worn fela, "a great number," 1783; *acc. sg.* þū worn fela... ymb Brecaƿ spræce, "thou hast said a great deal about Breca,"

- 530; eal-fela eald-gesegena worn, "a very great number of old sagas," 870; worn eall gespræc gomol, "the aged one spake very many things," 3094. *Similarly in gen. pl. governed by fela: with gen. sg. worna fela...sorge, "very much sorrow," 2003; with gen. pl. worna fela...gūða, "very many wars," 2542.*
- worold, st. f.,** WORLD, 1183, 1681, 1062, etc.; *gen. sg.* worulde, 2343, worlde, 2711; his worulde gedāl, "his severance from the world," 3068.
- worold-ār, st. f.,** WORLD-honour, 17.
- worold-cyning, wyruld-cyning, st. m.,** WORLD-KING, mighty king, 1684, 3180.
- worold-ræden, st. f.,** the way of the world; *acc. sg.* swā hē ne for-wyrnde worold-rædenne, "so he escaped not the lot of mortals, i.e. death" (?), 1142 (see note).
- worūg, st. m.,** street, court, precincts, palace, 1972.
- worū-mynd, see weorū-mynd.**
- woruld-candel, st. f.,** WORLD-CANDLE, the sun, 1965.
- woruld-ende, st. m.,** WORLD-END, the end of the world, 3083.
- wracu, st. f.,** revenge; *acc. sg.* wræce, 2336.
- wræc, st. neut.,** WRACK, misery, exile, 170, 3078.
- wræcca, see wrecca.**
- wræce, see wracu.**
- wræc-lāst, st. m.,** exile-track, path of exiles, 1352.
- wræc-mæg, st. m.,** banished man, exile, 2379.
- wræc-sif, st. m.,** WRACK-journey, exile, 2292; *dat. pl.* nalles for wræc-sifum ac for hige-brymmum, "by no means because of banishment but out of magnanimity," 338.
- wræt, st. f.,** ornament, jewel; *acc. pl.* wræte, 2771, 3060; *gen. pl.* wrætta, 2413; *dat. pl.* wrætum, 1531.
- wræt-líc, adj.,** ornamental, adorned, ornate, curiously wrought, splendid, wondrous, 891, 1489, etc.
- wrāð, adj.,** WROTH, hostile; *absolutely*, foe; 319, 660, etc.
- wrāðe, adv.,** amiss, 2872.
- wrāð-líc, adv.,** WROTHLY, wrathfully, 3062.
- wrecan, st. v., with acc.,** WREAK, drive, drive out, utter, avenge, 1278, 423, etc.; *often* wrecan gid, spel, etc., "utter, rehearse, a lay, legend, or tale," 878, 1065, etc. *Special passages: subj. pres.* þonne hē gyd wrece, "[that] then he should utter a dirge," 2446; *pret. sg.* ferh ellen wræc, "strength drove out life," 2706; *pp.* wearð...on bīd wrecen, "was driven to bay," 2962.
- ā-wrecan, st. v.,** tell; *with acc.* gid, 1724, 2108.
- for-wrecan, st. v., with acc.,** drive away, banish, 1919, 109.
- ge-wrecan, st. v., usu. with acc.,** WREAK, avenge, 107, 3062, etc.; *pret. pl.* gewræcan, 2479; *with reflex. acc.* 2875; *absolutely*, hē gewræc syððan, "he took vengeance afterwards," 2395.
- wrecca, w. m.,** WRETCH, exile, wanderer, adventurer, 1137, 898; *dat.* wræccan, 2613.
- wrecend, st. m. (pres. part.),** WREAKER, avenger, 1256.
- wreoðen-hilt, adj.,** with WREATHED or twisted HILT, 1698.
- wridian, w. v.,** grow, 1741. ["Beiträge" x. 511.]
- writan, st. v.,** WRITE, engrave, 1688.
- for-writan, st. v.,** out asunder, 2705.
- wriðan, st. v., with acc.,** [WRITHE] bind, 964; bind up, 2982.
- wrixl, st. neut.,** exchange, 2969.
- wrixlan, w. v., with dat.** wordum, "exchange, interchange, words," 366, 874.
- wrōht, st. f.,** strife, contest, 2287, 2473, 2913.

wudu, st. m., WOOD :

(1) a wood, 1364, 1416.

(2) a spear; *acc. pl.* wudu, 398.

(3) a ship, 1919; *nom. sg.* wudu wunden-hals, "the ship with twisted or curved prow," 298; *acc. sg.* wudu bundenne, "the bound wood, i.e. the wooden ship," 216.

wudu-rēc, st. m., WOOD-BREEK, smoke, 3144.

wuldor, st. neut., glory; *nom. sg.* kyninga wuldor (Hrothgar), 665; *gen. sg.* wuldres, 17, etc.

wuldor-torht, adj., glory-bright; *pl.* 1136.

Wuldur-cyning, st. m., Glory-KING, the King of glory, 2795.

wulf, st. m., WOLF, 3027.

wulf-hlūt, st. neut., WOLF-slope; *acc. pl.* wulf-hleoðu, 1358.

wund, st. f., WOUND, 2711, etc.; *acc. sg.* wunde, 2725, etc.

wund, adj., wounded, 565, etc.

wunden-feax, adj., with wound, i.e. twisted, hair, 1400.

wunden-hals, adj., [WOUND-neck] with twisted or curved prow, 298.

wunden-mæl, st. neut., [WOUND-sword] sword with winding, curving, ornaments, 1531.

wunden-stefna, w. m., [WOUND-STEM] ship with twisted or curved stem, 220.

wunder-fæt, st. neut., WONDER-VAT, wondrous vessel; *dat. pl.* 1162.

wundor, st. neut., WONDER, 771, etc.; monster, 1509; *nom. acc.* wundur, 3062, 3032, etc.; *acc.* wunder, 931; *dat.* wundre, 931; *gen. pl.* wundra, 1607; *dat. pl. adverbially,* wundrum, "wondrous-ly," 1452, 2687.

wundor-bebod, st. neut., WONDER-command, wondrous command, 1747.

wundor-dēaþ, st. m., WONDER-DEATH, wondrous death, 3037.

wundor-līc, adj., [WONDERLIKE] wondrous, 1440.

wundor-sion, st. f., WONDER-sight, wondrous sight, 995.

wundor-smiþ, st. m., WONDER-SMITH, 1681.

wundur-māðum, st. m., WONDER-jewel, wondrous jewel, 2173.

wunian, w. v., [WON] :

(1) *intrans.* dwell, remain, 284, 1128; *with dat.* wicum wunian, 3083.

(2) *trans.* indwell, inhabit, 1260, 2902.

ge-wunian, w. v., with acc., dwell with, remain with; *subj. pres. pl.* gewunigen, 22.

-wurðad, see weorðan.

wurðan, see weorðan.

wutun, uton, = let us, *with foll. inf.*, 2648, 1390, 3101.

wyle, wyllaþ, wylle, wylt, see willan.

wylm, wælm, st. m., WELLING, surge, flood, 516, 2546, etc. [Sievers, § 159, 2.]

wyn-lēas, adj., JOYLESS, 821, 1416.

wynn, st. f., joy, 1080, etc.; *gen. sg.* wynne, 2727.

wyn-sum, adj., WINSOME, joyous, 1919; *neut. pl.* wynsume, 612.

wyrcan, w. v., WORK; *pret.* worhte, WROUGHT :

(1) *with acc.* work, make, 930, 92, 1452; *pret. part. pl. (as adj.)* fæste geworhte, "steadfast," 1864.

(2) *with gen.* achieve; *subj. pres.* wyrce sē þe mōte dōmes, "achieve glory he who may," 1387.

be-wyrcan, w. v., surround, 3161.

ge-wyrce(an), w. v., WORK, 20, 69, 1660, etc.:

(1) *intrans. act.* 20.

(2) *trans.* work, make, accomplish, achieve, 635, 1660, 1491; *subj. pret. pl.* geworhton, 3096.

wyrd, st. f., WEIRD, fate, probably personified in some passages (see note on 1205), 455, 477, 1056, 3030, etc.

wyrdan, w. v., destroy; *pret. sg.* wyrde, 1337.

ā-wyrdan, w. v., destroy, 1113.
wyrm, st. m., WORM, dragon, 886, 1430, etc.
wyrm-cynn, st. neut., WORM-KIN, serpent kind, 1425.
wyrm-fāh, adj., WORM-adorned, snake-adorned, 1698.
wyrm-hord, st. neut., WORM-HOARD, dragon's hoard, 2221.
wyrnan, w. v. (from wearn).
 for-wyrnan, w. v., refuse, escape, 429, 1142.
wyrpan, w. v. (from weorpan).
 ge-wyrpan, w. v., recover, raise (oneself); *with refl. acc.* 2976.
wyrpe, st. m., change, 1315.
wyrsa, adj. compar. (of yfel), WORSE, 1212, etc.; *gen. pl.* wyrsan, 525; *neut. acc. sg. absolutely*, þæt wyrse, 1739.
wyrt, st. f., [WORT] root, 1364.
wyrðe, adj., WORTHY, 368, 2185.
 wyrðra, compar., worthier, 861.
wyruð-, see worold-.

Y.

yfel, st. neut., EVIL; *gen. pl.* yfla, 2094.
yldan, w. v., delay, put off, tarry; *inf.* 739; *wēnde þæs yldan, þæt...*, "hoped for this reason to delay (tarry?), that..." 2239.
ylde, elde, st. m. pl., men, 77, 150, etc.; *dat. eldum*, 2214, 2611, 3168.
yldesta, see eald.
yldo, st. f., [ELD] age, old age, the age, 1736, etc.; *gen.* yldo bearn, "the children of the age," 70; *dat.* ylde, 22, eldo, 2111.
yldra, see eald.
ylf, st. f., ELF, 112.
ymb, ymbe, prep., with acc., about, around, concerning, local, temporal, denoting object, etc., 399, 568, 838, 2883, 219, 353, 507, 2070, etc.; *following its case*, 689; **ymb āne niht**, "after one night," 135.

ymbe, adv., about, around, 2597.
ymbe-sittend, ymb-sittend, st. m. (pres. part.), [about-sitting] neighbour; *nom. pl.* ymbe-sittend, 1827; *gen. pl.* ymb-sittendra, 9.
yppe, w. f., high seat, throne, dais, 1815. *From ūp.*
yrf, st. neut., heritage, 3051.
yrfelāf, st. f., heirloom, 1053, 1903.
yrfelweard, st. m., heir, 2731; *gen. sg.* yrfelweardas, 2453 (see note).
yrmoð, st. f., misery; *acc.* yrmðe, 1259, 2005. *From earm.*
yrre, st. neut., anger, 711, 2092.
yrre, eorre, adj., angry, 769, 1532, etc.; *gen. sg. used substantively*, eorres, "of the angry one," 1447.
yrre-mōð, adj., angry in mood, angry-minded, 726.
yrtinga, adv., angrily, 1565, 2964.
ys, see wezan.
ȳð, st. f., wave, 548, 848, 1437, 2693, etc.; *acc. sg. or pl.* ȳðe, 46, 1132, 1909.
ȳðan, w. v., destroy, 421.
ȳðe, 1002, 2415, see ȳðe.
ȳðe-līce, adv., easily, 1556.
ȳð-geblond, -gebland, st. neut., BLENDING of waves, surge, 1373, 1593; *pl.* 1620.
ȳð-gesēne, see ȳð-gesȳne.
ȳð-gewinn, st. neut., wave-strife, 1434, 2412.
ȳð-lād, st. f., [wave-LODE] wave-path, way over the sea; *pl.* 228.
ȳð-lāf, st. f., [wave-LEAVING] what is left or thrown up by the waves, the foreshore, 566.
ȳð-līda, w. m., wave-sailer, ship, 198.
ȳwan, ēawan, ēowan, w. v.:
 (1) *trans.* show; *pres. sg.* ēaweð, 276; *pret.* ȳwde, 2834.
 (2) *intrans.* appear; *pres. sg.* ēoweð, 1738. *Cf.* ēage.
 ge-ȳwan, ge-ēawan, w. v., present, proffer, 2149; *pp.* ge-ēawed, 1194.

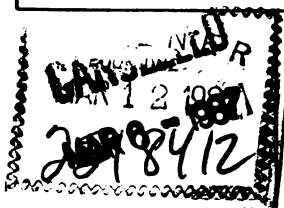


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